

U.S. Department of Justice
Immigration and Naturalization Service

COMPLETED

1992 Statistical Yearbook of the Immigration and Naturalization Service



***1992
Statistical Yearbook
of the
Immigration and
Naturalization
Service***





IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION SERVICE

October 1993

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1



United States Coast Guard assists Haitians seeking asylum.

Haitians filed more than 5,000 applications for asylum in the United States during fiscal year 1992.



U.S Department of Justice

Immigration and Naturalization Service

Office of the Commissioner

425 Eye Street N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20536

The Attorney General
United States Department of Justice

I am pleased to submit the 1992 edition of the Immigration and Naturalization Service's *Statistical Yearbook*.

This year the provisions of the Immigration Act of 1990 became fully effective for all sections of the law, as reflected in the *Yearbook* data. Fiscal year 1992 is the first year during which immigrants were admitted under the new two-category preference system and flexible numerical ceiling of the 1990 Amendments. Of the 329,000 numerically-limited immigrants admitted during the year, 213,000 were in the family-sponsored preferences and 116,000 were in the employment-based preferences. The total number of immigrants admitted in fiscal year 1992 was 974,000.

The 1992 *Yearbook* data also reflect the great changes that have taken place in our world recently. The United States traditionally has welcomed relatives of U.S. residents, workers, and those fleeing persecution. Claims for asylum and refugee status are of particular interest this year. The number of asylum applications increased from 56,000 in 1991 to 104,000 in 1992, while the number of applications for refugee status increased from 123,000 to 134,000.

The Service has improved actions to control illegal immigration. Apprehensions of illegal aliens have increased for the past three years, reaching 1.26 million in 1992. The total number of deportations and required departures of such aliens increased from 1.09 million to 1.14 million.

The Immigration and Naturalization Service will continue to serve the public and administer the immigration laws of the United States, while providing informational updates, such as the annual *Statistical Yearbook*.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads 'Chris Sale'. The signature is fluid and cursive, with the first letters of 'Chris' and 'Sale' being capitalized and prominent.

Chris Sale
Acting Commissioner

1992 Statistical Yearbook of the Immigration and Naturalization Service

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NOTICE

Recent changes in the political and geographical definitions of the Soviet Union and Yugoslavia have led to inconsistencies in the reporting of data for these countries. Information for these countries and the independent republics emerging from them are presented in this edition of the *INS Statistical Yearbook* as follows:

1. **Soviet Union** — On January 1, 1992, the United States formally recognized 12 independent republics within the former Soviet Union: Armenia; Azerbaijan; Belarus; Georgia; Kazakhstan; Kyrgyzstan; Moldova; Russia; Tajikistan; Turkmenistan; Ukraine; and Uzbekistan. Though nationality codes have been established for these republics (a code remains for the Soviet Union) in the various INS data bases, complete data for fiscal year 1992 are available separately only for country of birth for immigrants. Where the independent republics are not shown separately, data are aggregated and presented for the former Soviet Union.

2. **Yugoslavia** — On April 7, 1992, the United States formally recognized 3 independent republics within the republic of Yugoslavia: Bosnia-Herzegovina, Croatia, and Slovenia. Yugoslavia is still recognized as an independent country and includes the republics of Macedonia, Montenegro, and Serbia. Although nationality codes have been established for Bosnia-Herzegovina, Croatia, and Slovenia (a code remains for Yugoslavia) in the various INS data bases, complete data for fiscal year 1992 are not available separately. Therefore, data are aggregated and presented only for Yugoslavia.

INTRODUCTION

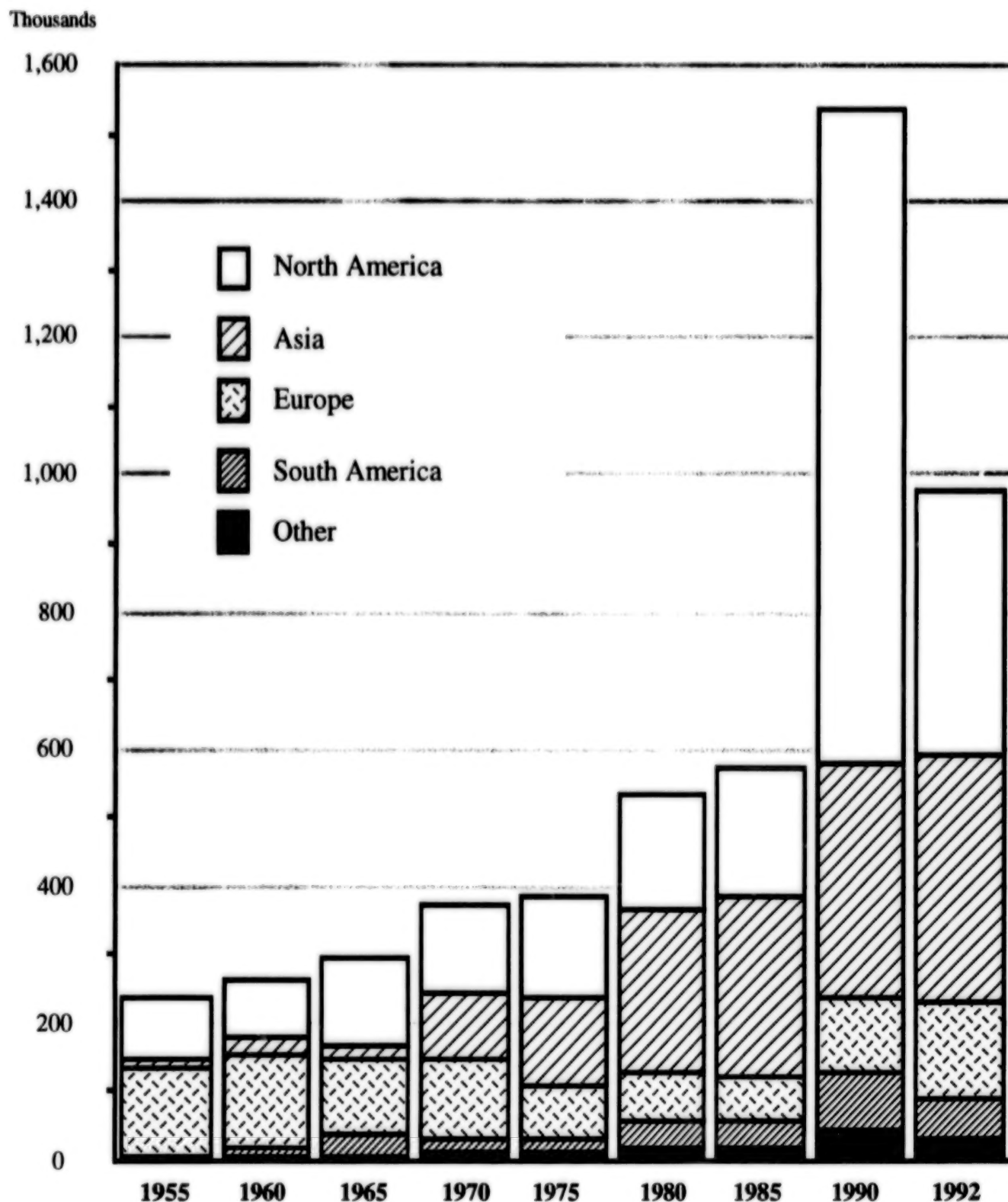


This *Yearbook* provides immigration data for 1992 along with related historical information. The major areas covered include: immigrants admitted for legal permanent residence; refugees approved and admitted; nonimmigrant arrivals (*e.g.*, tourists, students, etc.); aliens naturalized; aliens apprehended and expelled; and aliens inspected at ports of entry.

The statistics for 1992 reflect a decrease of immigration to the United States, due to a large reduction in the number of aliens adjusting under the legalization provisions; an all-time high in the number of tourists to the United States and in the volume of alien border crossings; and a small increase in the number of deportable aliens apprehended. Highlights for 1992 include:

- ★ 973,977 persons were granted legal permanent resident status in fiscal year 1992, the first year that all the provisions of the Immigration Act of 1990 were in effect. Although there were increases in some categories, the total number of immigrants admitted in 1992 declined by almost 50 percent compared to 1991 because of a decrease in the number of IRCA legalization immigrants.
- ★ Mexico was the leading country of immigration with 213,802; more than half (122,470) were admitted under the legalization provisions of IRCA. The leading source countries for immigrants in 1992 (excluding legalization) were Mexico (91,332), Vietnam (77,728), the Philippines (59,179), and the republics of the former Soviet Union (43,590).
- ★ Approximately 73 percent of all immigrants intended to reside in six states: California, New York, Texas, Florida, New Jersey, and Illinois.
- ★ The republics of the former Soviet Union surpassed all other countries for refugee arrivals with 61,631.
- ★ Nearly 21 million nonimmigrants were admitted — 79 percent were tourists.
- ★ 55 percent of all nonimmigrants arrived at four ports: Miami, New York, Los Angeles, and Honolulu. Miami surpassed New York as the leading port of entry in 1992.
- ★ More than 241,000 foreign students entered the United States.
- ★ The naturalization rates as of 1991 for immigrants admitted in 1977 range from Canada (12.1 percent) to the Soviet Union (62.4 percent). Naturalization rates tend to be the highest for Asian, Eastern European, and African countries.
- ★ The Philippines was the leading country of birth for naturalized citizens with 28,587.
- ★ Nearly 50 percent of the naturalized citizens during the 1981-92 period were born in Asia.
- ★ Apprehensions of deportable aliens increased to 1.26 million — slightly more than in 1991.

**Chart A. Immigrants Admitted by Region of Birth:
Selected Fiscal Years 1955-92**



Source: 1980-92, Table 3; 1955-75, previous *Yearbooks*. See Glossary for fiscal year definitions.

I. IMMIGRANTS

Immigrants, as defined by U.S. immigration law, are persons granted legal permanent residence in the United States. They either arrive in the United States with immigrant visas issued abroad, or may adjust their status in the United States from temporary to permanent residence. Certain groups of immigrants are subject to annual numerical ceilings, while others are exempt from these limitations.

Almost one million immigrants were granted legal permanent resident status during 1992.

A total of 973,977 aliens were granted legal permanent resident status in fiscal year 1992, the first year that all the provisions of the Immigration Act of 1990 (Public Law 101-649) were in effect. The 1990 Act, the most comprehensive change in immigration law in more than 25 years, authorized increases in immigration for certain types of aliens, such as highly skilled workers and family members of recently legalized aliens.

Despite increases in some categories, the total number of immigrants admitted in fiscal year 1992 declined by almost 50 percent compared to 1991, when a record 1,827,167 aliens were granted permanent resident status. The reason for the decline is that more than 1.1 million of the immigrants admitted in 1991 were aliens adjusting under the legalization provisions of the Immigration Reform and Control Act (IRCA) of 1986, while only 163 thousand were admitted under the same provisions in 1992. At the end of fiscal year 1992 almost all of the aliens eligible for permanent residence under IRCA had attained that status—2.65 million of a potential 2.76 million.

Excluding those adjusting under the legalization provisions, immigration increased by 15.1 percent between 1991 and 1992—from 704,005 to 810,635. Most of the increases were in the categories added or expanded under the 1990 Act—employment-based immigrants (an increase of 56,673), legalization dependents (52,272), and immigrants admitted under the diversity transition program (33,911).

Changes in Immigration Law

The Immigration Act of 1990 established major revisions in the numerical limits and preference system regulating legal immigration. The limit on employment-based immigration, for example, was increased from approximately 59,000 in 1991 to 140,000 in 1992. The immigrant preference system and the numerical limits of the 1990 Act are described in detail in Appendix 2. Besides the changes in the preference system, the following changes became effective in 1992:

- ◆ Spouses and minor children of aliens legalized under the provisions of the Immigration Reform and Control Act (IRCA) of 1986 (Public Law 99-603) were allowed to immigrate to the United States. This provision will continue in fiscal years 1993 and 1994, with the number of visas issued each year limited to 55,000 minus the amount that immediate relative immigrants exceeded 239,000 in the previous year. The limit on visa issuance in this category was 54,255 in 1992 and will be 55,000 in 1993.

- ◆ Up to 40,000 aliens from countries "adversely affected" by the Immigration and Nationality Act Amendments of 1965 were allowed to immigrate to the United States. This provision, also known as the diversity transition program, will continue until 1995 when it is replaced by the permanent diversity program. Natives of 34 countries were identified as eligible for the program in 1992 because immigration from those countries decreased after the 1965 amendments went into effect. A minimum of 40 percent of the 120,000 visas issued over the 3-year period from 1992-94 are reserved for natives of Ireland.

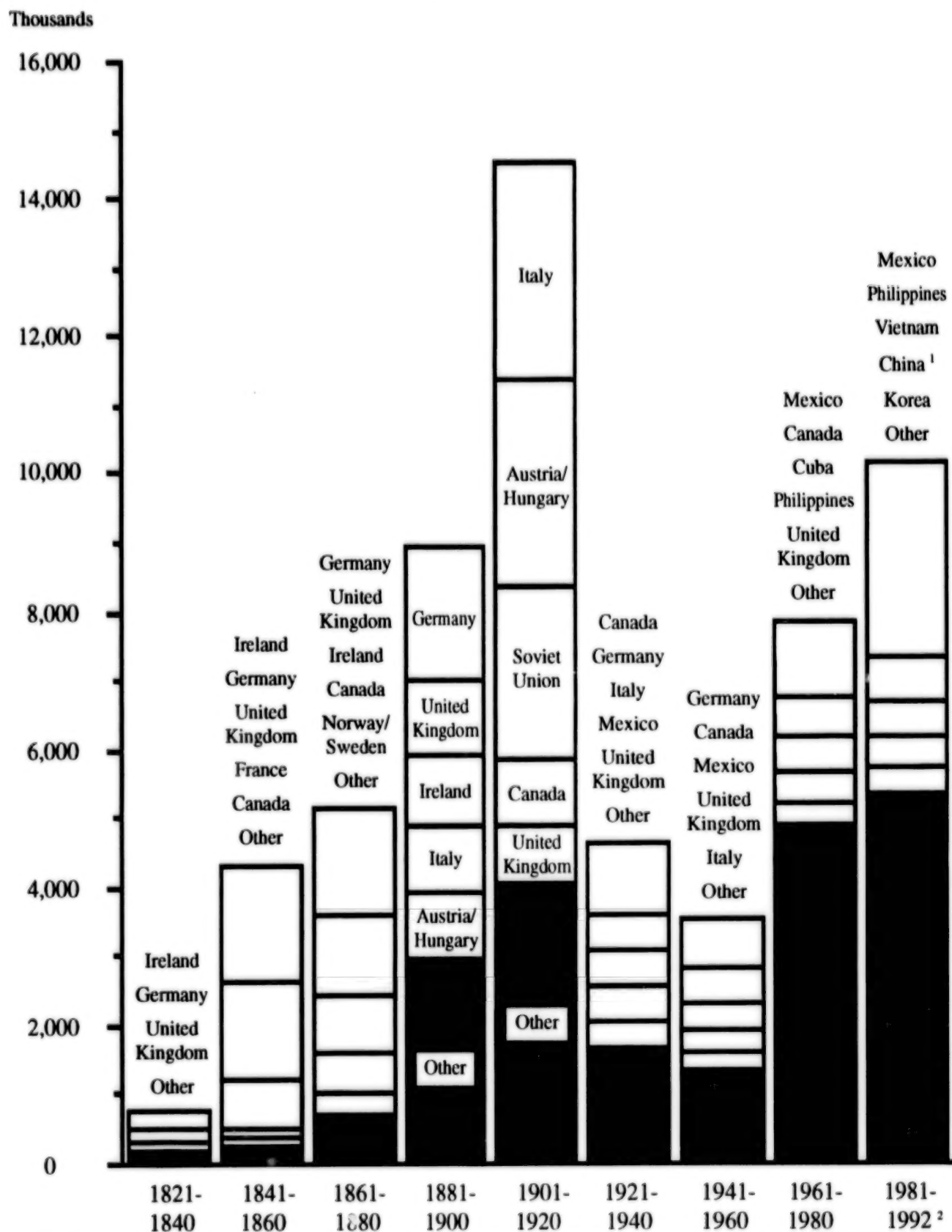
- ◆ The types of special immigrants admitted under the employment-based fourth preference was expanded to include certain aliens who were declared dependent on a juvenile court, and certain religious workers and their families. Aliens who have served, or are enlisted to serve, in the U.S. Armed Forces for 12 years and were recruited outside the United States were also allowed to immigrate as special immigrants. This provision was added by the Armed Forces Immigration Adjustment Act of 1991 (Public Law 102-110).

- ◆ Widows or widowers of U.S. citizens were allowed to immigrate as immediate relatives beginning in 1992 if they remained unmarried, and if they applied to enter no more than 2 years after the death of their citizen spouses.

U.S. Immigration Policy

U.S. law gives preferential immigration status to aliens with a close family relationship with a U.S. citizen or legal

Chart B. Immigrants Admitted to the United States from the Top Five Countries of Last Residence: 1821 to 1992



¹ China includes Mainland China and Taiwan. ² Twelve-year period. Source: Table 2. See Glossary for fiscal year definitions.

permanent resident, aliens with needed job skills, or aliens who qualify as refugees. Aliens in other categories usually account for relatively few admissions. Since 1989, however, nearly 2.65 million former illegal aliens have gained permanent resident status through the legalization provisions of IRCA. Immigration to the United States in fiscal year 1992 can be divided into two general categories: (1) those subject to direct limitations and (2) those exempt from direct limitations.¹

Immigration Subject to Direct Limitation (Preference Immigrants)

There are two categories of immigrants subject to direct numerical limitation under the 1990 Act—family-sponsored and employment-based preference immigrants. Preferential status to immigrate to the United States under the numerical limits is based either on a family relationship with a legal permanent resident or U.S. citizen (family-sponsored) or on job skills (employment-based). Descriptions of the preference categories are displayed in Table A. The maximum number of visas allowed to be issued under the preference categories in 1992 was 366 thousand—226 thousand for family-sponsored immigrants, and 140 thousand for employment-based immigrants. Within the overall limitation, no more than 25,620 preference visas were allowed for any independent country and no more than 7,320 for a dependency.

¹ Aliens who were legalized under the provisions of IRCA are not subject to numerical limitation when they adjust to permanent resident status.

Immigration Exempt from Direct Limitation

Immigration exceeds the limit of 366,000, and for some countries is more than the per-country limit of 25,620, because certain immigrants are exempt from direct limitation. A number of these categories have limits of their own, but they are not subject to the worldwide and country-specific limits on preference immigrants. The major categories of immigrants exempt from direct limitation are listed below.

- ◆ Immediate relatives of U.S. citizens
 - Spouses
 - Children (including orphans)
 - Parents (of U.S. citizens at least 21 years of age)
- ◆ Refugee adjustments; asylee adjustments (limited to 10,000)
- ◆ Aliens from countries "adversely affected" by the Immigration and Nationality Act Amendments of 1965 (diversity transition) (limited to 40,000)
- ◆ Spouses and children of aliens legalized under the Immigration Reform and Control Act of 1986 (limited to 54,255)
- ◆ Amerasians born in Vietnam
- ◆ Certain parolees from the Soviet Union and Indochina
- ◆ Aliens who applied for adjustment of status after having unlawfully resided in the United States since January 1, 1982 (IRCA legalization) and special agricultural workers. (The application period ended on November 30, 1988.)

Table A.
Major Categories of Immigrants (Preference Immigrants): Fiscal Year 1992

Preference	Provision
Family-sponsored preferences (226,000)	
First	Unmarried sons and daughters of U.S. citizens
Second	Spouses and unmarried sons and daughters of permanent resident aliens
Third	Married sons and daughters of U.S. citizens
Fourth	Brothers and sisters of U.S. citizens (at least 21 years of age)
Employment-based preferences (140,000)	
First	Priority Workers
Second	Professionals with advanced degrees or aliens of exceptional ability
Third	Skilled workers, professionals, needed unskilled workers
Fourth	Special immigrants
Fifth	Employment creation ("Investors")

Data Overview

Total Immigration

A total of approximately 8.9 million immigrants were granted permanent residence during the past 10 years (1983-92). During the decade beginning in 1905, when immigration to the United States was at its highest level, admissions totaled 10.1 million. The differences between past and present immigration levels are more pronounced when the arrivals are expressed as rates of immigration relative to the total U.S. population. The average annual number of immigrants admitted during the 1983-92 period was 3.7 immigrants per thousand U.S. residents; the annual rate during 1905-14 was 3 times as great (11.1).

U.S. immigration reached its lowest point during the Great Depression; in some years during the 1930s more persons left the United States than entered. Immigration has generally increased since the end of World War II (Chart C). During fiscal year 1991 it reached the highest total ever recorded because of the large number of adjustments under the IRCA legalization provisions. The total number of persons granted permanent resident status in 1992 decreased to 974 thousand.

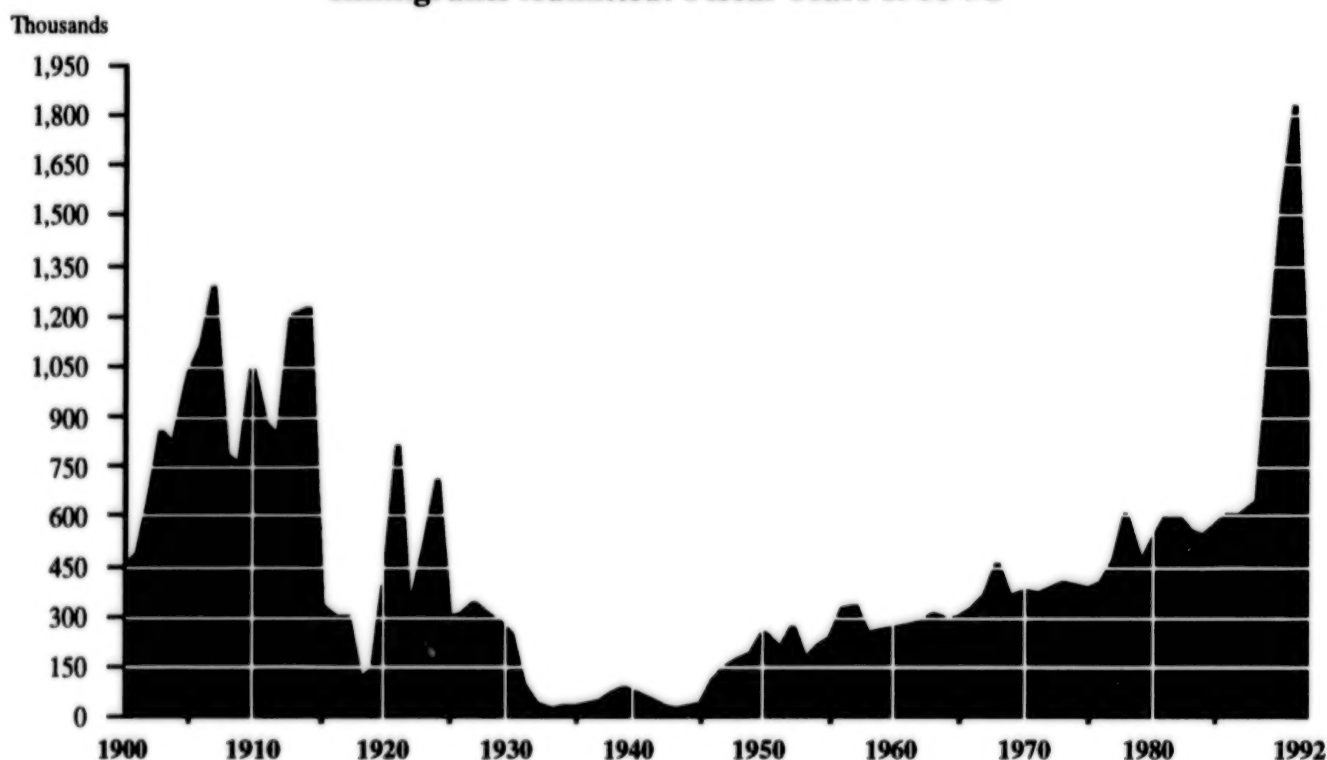
Categories of Admission

Immigration Subject to Direct Limitation

The number of persons admitted in 1992 who were subject to direct limitation totaled 329 thousand—or 37 thousand below the limit (Table B). There are several reasons for the difference. First, the numerical limits are imposed on visas issued and not admissions. Since visas are valid for 4 months, aliens who were issued visas toward the end of the year may have opted to enter in fiscal year 1993. Second, other aliens who were issued visas may have elected not to enter at all. Finally, some of the visas allocated in 1992 were not used because some persons did not appear for their interviews and others were found to be ineligible to immigrate. Those unused visas will be carried over to 1993 and reissued.

The number of family-sponsored immigrants admitted in 1992 declined by 1.4 percent compared to 1991 despite an increase in the limit from 216 to 226 thousand. Demand for visas under the family-sponsored preferences far exceeds the annual limit; therefore, the maximum of 226 thousand visas were allocated in 1992.² Admissions in 1992 were 213 thousand, or 13 thousand below the limit, for the reasons described above.

Chart C
Immigrants Admitted: Fiscal Years 1900-92



Source: Table 1. See Glossary for fiscal year definitions.

Table B
Immigrants Admitted by Major Category of Admission: Fiscal Year 1992

Category of admission	1992	1991	Change	
			Number	Percent
All immigrants	973,977	1,827,167	-853,190	-46.7
Total, IRCA legalization	163,342	1,123,162	-959,820	-85.5
Resident since 1982	46,962	214,003	-167,041	-78.1
Special Agricultural Workers	116,380	909,159	-792,779	-87.2
Total, excluding IRCA legalization	810,635	704,005	106,630	15.1
Subject to direct limitation	329,321	275,613	53,708	19.5
Family-sponsored immigrants	213,123	216,088	-2,965	-1.4
First preference	12,486	15,385	-2,899	-18.8
Second preference	118,247	110,126	8,121	7.4
Third preference	22,195	27,115	-4,920	-18.1
Fourth preference	60,195	63,462	-3,267	-5.1
Employment-based immigrants	116,198	59,525	56,673	95.2
First preference	5,456	X	5,456	X
Second preference	58,401	X	58,401	X
Third preference	47,568	X	47,568	X
Fourth preference	4,063	4,576	-513	-11.2
Fifth preference	59	X	59	X
Pre-1992 employment preferences	651	54,949	-54,298	-98.8
Exempt from direct limitation ¹	481,314	428,392	52,922	12.4
Immediate relatives of U.S. citizens	235,484	237,103	-1,619	-.7
Spouses ²	128,396	125,397	2,999	2.4
Parents	64,764	63,576	1,188	1.9
Children ³	42,324	48,130	-5,806	-12.1
Amerasians	17,253	16,010	1,243	7.8
Diversity transition	33,911	X	33,911	X
Legalization dependents	52,272	X	52,272	X
Parolees (Soviet Union & Indochina) ...	13,661	4,998	8,663	173.3
Refugee and asylee adjustments	117,037	139,079	-22,042	-15.8
Other	11,696	31,202	-19,506	-62.5

¹ Excludes IRCA legalizations which are exempt from limitation. ² Includes fiances(ees) of U.S. citizens. ³ Includes children of fiances(ees) of U.S. citizens. Source: Table 4. X Not applicable.

The 1990 Act did not alter the definitions of aliens admitted as family-sponsored immigrants; however, it made slight changes to the limits by category and exempted certain immigrants from the country-specific limits. As many as 75 percent of the spouses and

children of permanent resident aliens admitted under the second preference were not charged to the country limits. The purpose of this change was to decrease the backlog and waiting time for visas issued under the family second preference. As a result of the exemption, the countries with the longest waiting periods experienced large increases in admissions in 1992. Admissions under the family second preference from Mexico and the Dominican Republic, for example, increased by 16,459 and 13,441, respectively. The number of second preference immigrants admitted from other countries declined substantially—Jamaica (-3,390), Mainland

² As of January 1992 there were 2.8 million active registrants awaiting family-sponsored immigrant visas at consular offices abroad. A total of 226,000 visas were made available for family-sponsored immigrants; however, more than 5,000 visas were returned unused at the end of the fiscal year and will be reissued in 1993. (1992 Report of the Visa Office, U.S. Department of State, Bureau of Consular Affairs.)

China (-2,326), India (-2,313), and Guyana (-1,955). The overall increase in second-preference immigration between 1991 and 1992 was 8,121, an increase of 7.4 percent.

Another goal of the 1990 Act was to increase the number of highly skilled workers entering the United States. The overall limit on employment-based immigration was increased from approximately 59 thousand in 1991 to 140 thousand in 1992, and the limit on needed unskilled workers was reduced from 27 thousand to 10 thousand.³ The types of immigrants admitted under the preferences was also extensively revised. As a result of these changes, the number of immigrants admitted under the employment-based preferences increased by 95 percent between 1991 and 1992, from 59,525 to 116,198. Even though employment-based immigration nearly doubled, the number of visas allocated was about 21 thousand below the limit, primarily because of the lack of demand. The unused employment-based visas in 1992 will be reissued in 1993. About half of the employment-based immigrants were admitted under the second preference—professionals with advanced degrees or aliens of exceptional ability—and more than 40 percent were admitted under the third preference—skilled workers, professionals, and needed unskilled workers. The number of persons entering under the fifth preference, the employment-creation or "Investor" category, was only 59 despite a limit of 10,000.

The countries with the largest increases in employment-based immigration between 1991 and 1992 were Mainland China (an increase of 9,002), Taiwan (5,178), the United Kingdom (4,968), the Philippines (4,559), India (4,354), Canada (4,180), and Japan (2,085). The number of employment-based immigrants from El Salvador decreased by 2,274.

Immigrants Exempt from Direct Limitation

In fiscal year 1992, 644,656 aliens exempt from direct numerical limitation were granted immigrant status, including 163,342 aliens adjusting under legalization provisions of IRCA. Also included in this category are immediate relatives (spouses, minor children, and parents) of U.S. citizens, adjustments of refugees and asylees who had entered in earlier years, and others exempt from limitation, including such groups as Amerasians and children born abroad to legal permanent residents.

The Immigration Reform and Control Act of 1986 established two legalization provisions. A two-step legalization process applied to 1) unauthorized aliens who had resided in the United States continuously since 1982, and 2) unauthorized agricultural workers who worked on perishable crops in 1986. Approximately 1.76 million persons applied for temporary resident status (first step) under the 1982 requirement and 1.28 million persons applied as agricultural workers. Over 1.56 million aliens who had resided in the United States since 1982 and 1.08 million Special Agricultural Workers were granted permanent resident status (second step) during the 1989-92 period. Since most of the persons eligible for adjustment had attained that status in 1991 or earlier, the number of adjustments in 1992 was only 163 thousand.

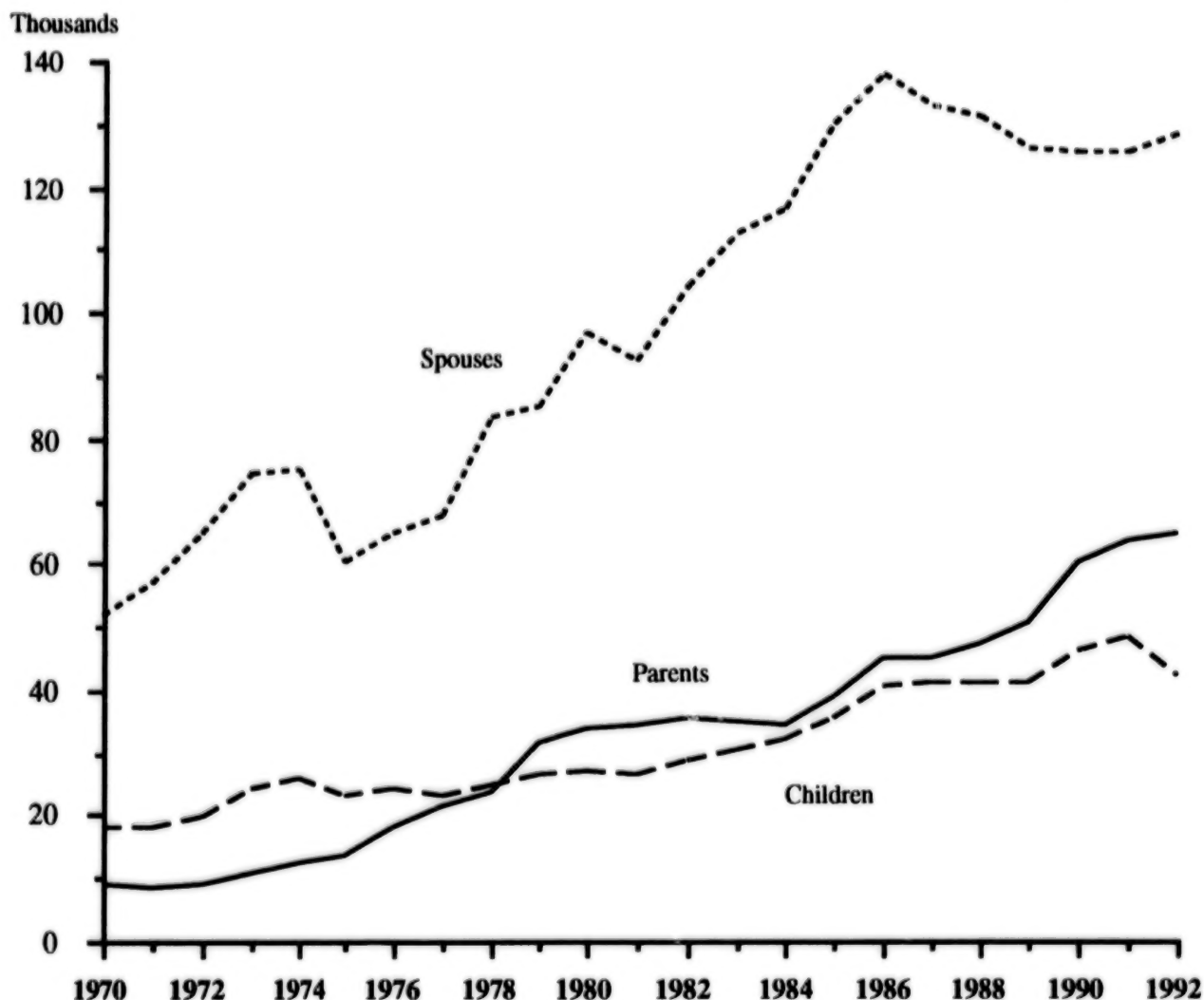
The number of immediate relatives of U.S. citizens decreased by less than 1 percent to 235,484 in 1992 (Table B). Spouses, by far the largest of the three immediate relative groups, with 55 percent of the total, increased for the first time in 4 years, from 125,397 in 1991 to 128,396 in 1992 (Chart D). The number of parents of U.S. citizens increased 1.9 percent between 1991 and 1992, from 63,576 to 64,764. The number of children of U.S. citizens declined 12.1 percent in 1992, with orphans declining 27.4 percent.

In 1992 the leading source countries for spouses of U.S. citizens were Mexico (15,350), the Philippines (14,238), the Dominican Republic (7,315), the United Kingdom (6,213), Germany (6,154), and Canada (5,025). Parents of U.S. citizens were primarily from Asian countries (68.1 percent); the leading source countries were the Philippines (8,840), Vietnam (8,834), Mainland China (7,681), India (5,745), and Mexico (3,470). The number of parents admitted from Vietnam almost doubled in 1992 compared to 1991. Nearly 46 percent of the children of U.S. citizens (other than orphans) were born in Mexico, the Philippines, or the Dominican Republic.

The leading source countries for orphans in 1992 were Korea (1,787), the republics of the former Soviet Union (432), Guatemala (428), Colombia (403), the Philippines (353), and India (348). Most of the 27.4 percent decline in total orphan admissions was due to the smaller number of Romanian orphans; only 145 were admitted in 1992, compared to 2,552 in 1991. Orphan admissions from Peru also declined from 722 in 1991 to 324 in 1992. The number of Korean orphans reached a high of 6,188 in 1986 and has declined every year since. Countries with significant increases in the number of orphans admitted in 1992 were the republics of the former Soviet Union (12 in 1991, 432 in 1992) and Mainland China (62 in 1991, 201 in 1992).

³ The limit on employment-based immigration in 1991 was 27,000 for each of two groups of workers and their families: (third preference) members of the professions of exceptional ability; and (sixth preference) workers in skilled or unskilled occupations in which laborers are in short supply. Special immigrants were exempt from limitation in 1991 but were included in the employment-based preferences in 1992. Since more than 5,000 special immigrants were admitted in 1991, the 1991 employment-based limit comparable to the 1992 limit is approximately 59,000.

Chart D
Immigrants Admitted as Immediate Relatives of U.S. Citizens: Fiscal Years 1970-92



Source: Table 4.

A total of 117,037 refugees and asylees adjusted to permanent resident status in 1992, a decrease of 15.8 percent compared with 1991 (Table B). Refugees are eligible to become immigrants 1 year after they enter the United States; therefore, there is a lag between their arrival and adjustment to permanent residency. Most of the refugees who adjusted in 1992 entered the United States in 1990. The leading countries of birth of refugees were the republics of the former Soviet Union (33,249), Vietnam (32,145), Cuba (9,677), Laos (7,978), and Romania (4,248).

Asylees must wait 1 year after they gain asylee status to apply for permanent resident status. Until 1991, the number of asylees who could adjust to permanent residence was limited to 5,000 per year. The 1990 Act increased the limit to 10,000 and exempted asylees who

had applied for adjustment before June 1, 1990 from any limitation. As a result of these changes, the number of asylee adjustments increased from 4,937 in 1990 to 22,664 in 1991. The number of asylee adjustments decreased to 10,658 in 1992 because the backlog of those waiting for adjustment decreased. The leading countries of birth for asylees in 1992 were Nicaragua (4,320), Mainland China (790), El Salvador (735), Romania (723), and Iran (638). The median length of time they resided in the country before adjustment was 4 years.

A total of 52,272 persons admitted in 1992 were spouses or children of persons who had gained temporary or permanent resident status under the provisions of IRCA. Their leading countries of origin were Mexico (28,449), El Salvador (8,135), Mainland China (2,764), and Colombia (1,784).

The diversity transition immigrants are natives of countries who were determined to be adversely impacted by the Immigration and Nationality Act Amendments of 1965. A total of 33,911 persons were admitted in 1992; the leading countries of origin were Ireland (10,066), Poland (9,383), Japan (4,839), and the United Kingdom (3,261).

Region and Country

The highest proportion of immigrant admissions in 1992 was from North America (39.4 percent). Nearly 40 percent of the North American immigrants were granted permanent residence as a result of the IRCA legalization programs. North America accounted for 89.1 percent of the legalization immigrants compared to 29.4 percent of the non-legalization immigrants. Asia was the leading continent of origin for non-legalization immigrants with 43.0 percent of the total. This continues a trend that began with the elimination of country-specific immigration quotas by the Immigration Act of 1965. Immigration from Asia increased after the 1965 Act, while the number of immigrants entering from Europe decreased (Table C). Asia had the highest immigrant total for each year during the 1978-88 period. This occurred partly because Indochinese refugees who were paroled into the United States were allowed to adjust to permanent resident status beginning in 1978.

In 1992 Mexico was the leading source country of birth with an overall total of 213,802 (Table D). Mexicans accounted for 75.0 percent of the legalization immigrants and 11.3 percent of the other immigrants admitted in 1992. The next highest countries were Vietnam (77,735), the Philippines (61,022), the republics of the former Soviet Union (43,614), the Dominican Republic (41,969), and Mainland China (38,907). The leading source countries for the legalized immigrants following Mexico were Haiti (8,591), El Salvador (5,081), Guatemala (3,081), India (2,126), and Jamaica (2,095).

Table E shows the changes in the levels of non-legalization immigration for the top 15 countries of birth in 1992. The largest increase was for aliens born in Mexico. The increase was partly the result of the addition of the legalization dependent category (28,449) and the increase in the family second preference (16,459). The increase in Vietnamese immigration (22,450) occurred primarily in three categories: refugee adjustments (10,612), parents of U.S. citizens (4,341), and parolee adjustments (3,698). Most of the decrease from the republics of the former Soviet Union was due to a decrease in the number of refugee adjustments (-18,047). The countries with the highest percent increase in immigration between 1991 and 1992 were Albania (382 percent), Iraq (191 percent), and Ireland (177 percent).

Table C
Percent of Immigrants Admitted by Region and Period: Fiscal Years 1955-92

Region	1955-92	1955-64	1965-74	1975-84	1985-90	1991	1992
All regions	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Europe	20.1	50.2	29.8	13.4	8.9	7.4	14.9
North and West	9.0	28.6	11.0	5.2	4.0	1.8	5.3
South and East	11.1	21.6	18.7	8.1	4.9	5.6	9.6
Asia	29.2	7.7	22.4	43.3	33.8	19.6	36.6
Africa	2.0	.7	1.5	2.4	2.6	2.0	2.8
Oceania6	.4	.7	.8	.5	.3	.5
North America	42.1	35.9	39.6	33.6	48.0	66.3	39.4
Caribbean	12.7	7.0	18.0	15.1	12.0	7.7	10.0
Central America	4.5	2.4	2.5	3.7	7.2	6.1	5.9
Other N. America	24.8	26.4	19.0	14.8	28.8	52.5	23.5
South America	5.9	5.1	6.0	6.6	6.2	4.4	5.7

Source: 1981-92, Table 3; 1955-80, previous *Yearbooks*.

Table D
Immigrants Admitted from Top Fifteen Countries of Birth: Fiscal Year 1992

Country of birth	Total		Non-legalization		IRCA legalization	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
All countries	973,977	100.0	810,635	100.0	163,342	100.0
1) Mexico	213,802	22.0	91,332	11.3	122,470	75.0
2) Vietnam	77,735	8.0	77,728	9.6	7	Z
3) Philippines	61,022	6.3	59,179	7.3	1,843	1.1
4) Soviet Union	43,614	4.5	43,590	5.4	24	Z
5) Dominican Republic	41,969	4.3	40,840	5.0	1,129	.7
6) China, Mainland	38,907	4.0	38,735	4.8	172	.1
7) India	36,755	3.8	34,629	4.3	2,126	1.3
8) El Salvador	26,191	2.7	21,110	2.6	5,081	3.1
9) Poland	25,504	2.6	24,837	3.1	667	.4
10) United Kingdom	19,973	2.1	19,757	2.4	216	.1
11) Korea	19,359	2.0	18,983	2.3	376	.2
12) Jamaica	18,915	1.9	16,820	2.1	2,095	1.3
13) Taiwan	16,344	1.7	16,232	2.0	112	.1
14) Canada	15,205	1.6	14,958	1.8	247	.2
15) Iran	13,233	1.4	12,808	1.6	425	.3
Other	305,449	31.4	279,097	34.4	26,352	16.1

Source: Table 8. Z Rounds to less than 0.05 percent.

Geographic Distribution

The top 6 states of intended residence for immigrants in 1992 were California, New York, Texas, Florida, New Jersey, and Illinois. These states accounted for 73 percent of immigrants admitted in 1992; they have been the leading states of intended residence for new immigrants each year since 1971. California has been the leading state of intended residence every year since 1976, and in 1992 had the largest numbers of both legalization immigrants (60 percent) and other immigrants (29 percent).

The leading metropolitan area of intended residence was Los Angeles-Long Beach, CA with 129,669 immigrants. New York, NY (127,881), Chicago, IL (37,436), Anaheim-Santa Ana, CA (34,523), Miami-Hialeah, FL (31,630), and Washington, DC-MD-VA (27,718) followed as the next most frequent destinations. Approximately 22 percent of the legalization immigrants reside in Los Angeles. New York, NY remains the leading destination of non-legalization immigrants with 120,600, or 15 percent of the total.

Sex and Age

The sex ratio of the immigrants admitted in 1992 was 104 males for every 100 females; however, the ratio was much higher for legalization immigrants than non-legalization immigrants. The sex ratio for legalization immigrants in 1992 was 285, but only 86 for other immigrants. A comparison of age distributions shows that immigrants are relatively more concentrated in the age groups from 20 to 34 years than the total U.S. population (Chart E). In 1991 the median ages for the total U.S. population were 31.6 years for males and 34.0 years for females. Immigrants in 1992 were younger, with median ages of 28.3 years and 28.8 years, respectively. Legalization immigrants in 1992 were almost 3 years older than other immigrants, primarily because they established residence in the United States prior to 1987.

Occupation

Approximately 45 percent of all immigrants admitted in 1992 reported having an occupation at the time of entry or adjustment. Immigrants qualifying for immigrant status based on their job skills under the employment-

Table E
Immigrants Admitted (Non-Legalization) from Top Fifteen Countries of Birth: Fiscal Year 1992

Country of birth	1992	1991	Change	
			Number	Percent
All countries	810,635	704,005	106,630	13.2
1. Mexico	91,332	52,866	38,466	42.1
2. Vietnam	77,728	55,278	22,450	28.9
3. Philippines	59,179	55,376	3,803	6.4
4. Soviet Union	43,590	56,839	-13,249	-30.4
5. Dominican Republic	40,840	30,177	10,663	26.1
6. China, Mainland	38,735	31,699	7,036	18.2
7. India	34,629	31,165	3,464	10.0
8. Poland	24,837	16,611	8,226	33.1
9. El Salvador	21,110	14,872	6,238	29.5
10. United Kingdom	19,757	12,807	6,950	35.2
11. Korea	18,983	21,628	-2,645	-13.9
12. Jamaica	16,820	18,025	-1,205	-7.2
13. Taiwan	16,232	12,548	3,684	22.7
14. Canada	14,958	12,200	2,758	18.4
15. Iran	12,808	18,019	-5,211	-40.7
Other	279,097	263,895	15,202	5.4

based preferences (which totaled 51,787 admissions in 1992) enter the U.S. workforce in their reported occupations, as shown in Table 20. The remaining immigrants reported either the occupation in their last job before immigration or the occupation in which they have been trained or are qualified to perform. All Special Agricultural Workers admitted under the legalization program are reported as having a farming, forestry, or fishing occupation.

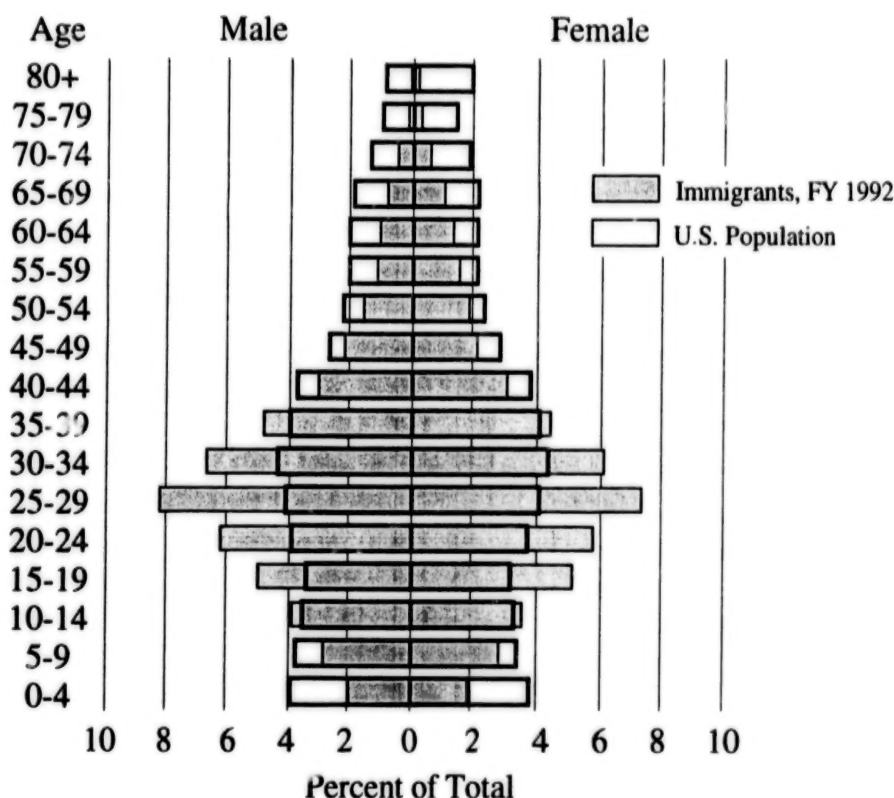
For most employment-based immigrants, labor certifications from the Department of Labor are generally required so that the entry of such persons will not adversely affect U.S. workers' wages or working conditions. Over half of the employment-based immigrants have a professional specialty or technical occupation (54.8 percent). Following professionals, the leading occupational groups are executive, administrative, and managerial occupations (21.6 percent); service occupations (10.0); precision production, craft, and repair occupations (5.4); and operator, fabricator, or laborer occupations (3.3). The leading occupations among the 28,387 immigrants reporting a professional or technical occupation were engineers (8,914); nurses (4,127); secondary school teachers (3,090); and mathematical and

computer scientists (2,239). Nearly 80 percent of the priority workers (first preference) have an executive, administrative, or managerial occupation. As expected, the second and third preference professionals and skilled workers are concentrated in the professional specialty and technical occupations. Two of three immigrants admitted as needed unskilled workers (third preference) are in service occupations. Of the workers reporting an occupation in the fourth preference, the leading occupational group was social, recreation, and religious workers (69 percent).

Data Collection

Aliens arriving from outside the United States (new arrivals) generally must have a valid immigrant visa issued by the U.S. Department of State to be admitted for legal permanent residence. Aliens already in the United States in a temporary status who are eligible to become legal permanent residents (adjustments) are granted immigrant status by the U.S. Immigration and Naturalization Service. The source of information on new arrivals is the immigrant visa (OF-155, Immigrant Visa and Alien Registration, U.S. Department of State) and the source of information on adjustments is the form granting legal permanent residence

Chart E
Percent Age and Sex Distribution of U.S. Population and Immigrants Admitted in Fiscal Year 1992



Source: U.S. population data are provisional estimates for July 1, 1991 published by the U.S. Bureau of the Census, *Current Population Reports*, Series P-25, No. 1095; immigrants, Table 12.

(I-181, Memorandum of Creation of Record of Lawful Permanent Residence, U.S. Immigration and Naturalization Service). After the immigrant is admitted, the immigrant visa and adjustment forms are forwarded to INS' Immigrant Data Capture (IMDAC) facility for processing. The IMDAC facility generates records that are the source of the statistics on immigrants presented in this report. Variables collected include: port of admission; type (or class) of admission; country of birth, last residence, and nationality; age, sex, and marital status; occupation; original year of entry and class of entry for those adjusting from temporary to permanent residence; and the state and zip code of the immigrant's intended residence.

Limitations of Data

The number of immigrants admitted for legal permanent residence in a year is not the same as the number of net migrants who entered the United States in the year. The reasons for the differences are:

- 1) Immigrant adjustments are reported in the year the aliens adjust their status to legal permanent residence and not in the year they migrate to the United States.
- 2) Some migrants (such as parolees, refugees, and asylees) may never be counted as legal permanent residents even though they are permanently residing in the United States (i.e., they are not required to adjust to permanent resident status).
- 3) Information on emigration (aliens permanently departing the United States) and information on net illegal immigration is not available (see Data Gaps section).

Most immigrants adjusting to legal permanent residence entered the United States on a permanent basis prior to their year of adjustment. All of the 163,342 immigrants who adjusted under the legalization provision of IRCA must have been residents of the United States since 1987. Some of the others adjusting are refugees who legally must wait 1 year before applying for permanent residence status, and, therefore, do not appear as immigrants until they

adjust their status. Some refugees may never appear as immigrants because they do not apply for permanent residence, although most do adjust soon after their arrival.

Conditional Entrants

The Immigration Marriage Fraud Amendments of 1986 (Public Law 99-639), enacted on November 10, 1986, were designed to deter immigration-related marriage fraud. The act stipulates that aliens deriving their immigrant status based on a marriage of less than two years are conditional immigrants. To remove their conditional status, the immigrants must apply to the INS during the 90 day period before their second-year anniversary of receiving that status. If the aliens cannot prove that their marriage was and is a valid one, their conditional status is revoked and they become deportable. The immigrant classes of admission subject to this law are the family-sponsored second (spouses and unmarried sons and daughters of permanent residents) and third (married sons and daughters of U.S. citizens) preferences; and fiance(e)s, spouses, and children of U.S. citizens.

During fiscal year 1992, the INS reviewed and made a decision on 92,483 conditional immigrant cases, granting 94 percent. Granting a case refers to the removal of the alien's conditional immigrant status. Of the 5,770 cases which were not granted, 4,360 were terminated, and the remaining 1,410 were administratively closed. Administratively closed cases include conditional immigrants who naturalized, died, or withdrew their applications, and aliens who were erroneously classified as conditional immigrants. Aliens' conditional entrant status can be terminated for cause, but most are terminated because the aliens fail to apply for removal of their

conditional status, or fail to appear for interviews. Of the 4,360 cases that were terminated in 1992, only 479 were for cause, 3,196 were due to aliens' failure to file, and 685 were for failure to appear for scheduled interviews. An alien whose conditional status is terminated for any reason is subject to deportation.

The countries with the most terminations in fiscal year 1992 were Mexico (631), the Philippines (334), Germany (332), the United Kingdom (261), and Korea (181). Of the countries with at least 50 terminations in 1992, the countries with the highest percentage of terminations were Sweden (10.4 percent), Australia (10.2), Germany (10.1 percent), France (8.3), and El Salvador (7.4). About 97 percent of the terminated cases of conditional immigrants from Sweden, Australia, and Germany were terminated because of a failure to file or appear at an interview—and only 3 percent for cause. By comparison, the percentage of such cases terminated for cause was 34 percent for Nigerians, 27 percent for Iranians, 25 percent for Lebanese, and 23 percent for Jamaicans.

Aliens were first admitted as conditional immigrants in fiscal year 1987 and, therefore, were eligible for review of their status in 1989. The total number of conditional immigrants admitted through fiscal year 1992 was 639,032. As of October 1992, 406,755 cases have been reviewed, with 367,458 cases granted, and 39,297 cases terminated or administratively closed.

Data on conditional immigrant cases processed by the INS are derived from the Marriage Fraud Amendments System. The cases processed were matched against immigrant admission data to provide complete data on individuals processed under the Marriage Fraud Amendments.

TABLE 1. IMMIGRATION TO THE UNITED STATES: FISCAL YEARS 1820 - 1992

Year	Number	Year	Number	Year	Number	Year	Number
1820 - 1922	59,795,158	1871 - 80	2,812,191	1921 - 30	4,107,209	1971 - 80	4,493,314
1820	8,385	1871	321,350	1921	805,228	1971	370,478
1821 - 30	143,439	1872	404,806	1922	309,556	1972	384,685
1821	9,127	1873	459,803	1923	522,919	1973	400,063
1822	6,911	1874	313,339	1924	706,896	1974	394,861
1823	6,354	1875	227,498	1925	294,314	1975	386,194
1824	7,912	1876	169,986	1926	304,488	1976	398,613
1825	10,199	1877	141,857	1927	335,175	1976, TQ	103,676
1826	10,837	1878	138,469	1928	307,255	1977	462,315
1827	18,875	1879	177,826	1929	279,678	1978	601,442
1828	27,382	1880	457,257	1930	241,700	1979	460,348
1829	22,520	1881 - 90	5,246,613	1931 - 40	528,431	1980	530,639
1830	23,322	1881	669,431	1931	97,139	1881 - 90	7,338,062
1831 - 40	599,125	1882	788,992	1932	35,576	1881	596,600
1831	22,633	1883	603,322	1933	23,068	1882	594,131
1832	60,482	1884	518,592	1934	29,470	1883	559,763
1833	58,640	1885	395,346	1935	34,956	1884	543,903
1834	65,365	1886	334,203	1936	36,329	1885	570,009
1835	45,374	1887	490,109	1937	50,244	1886	601,708
1836	76,242	1888	546,889	1938	67,895	1887	601,516
1837	79,340	1889	444,427	1939	82,998	1888	643,025
1838	38,914	1890	455,302	1940	70,756	1889	1,090,924
1839	68,069	1891 - 1900	3,687,564	1941 - 50	1,035,039	1890	1,536,483
1840	84,066	1891	560,319	1941	51,776	1991 - 92	2,765,144
1841 - 50	1,713,251	1892	579,663	1942	28,781	1991	1,827,167
1841	80,289	1893	439,730	1943	23,725	1992	973,977
1842	104,565	1894	285,631	1944	28,551		
1843	52,496	1895	258,536	1945	38,119		
1844	78,615	1896	343,267	1946	108,721		
1845	114,371	1897	230,832	1947	147,292		
1846	154,416	1898	229,299	1948	170,570		
1847	234,968	1899	311,715	1949	188,317		
1848	226,527	1900	448,572	1950	249,187		
1849	297,024	1901 - 10	8,795,386	1951 - 60	2,515,479		
1850	369,980	1901	487,918	1951	205,717		
1851 - 60	2,598,214	1902	648,743	1952	265,520		
1851	379,466	1903	857,046	1953	170,434		
1852	371,603	1904	812,870	1954	208,177		
1853	368,645	1905	1,026,499	1955	237,790		
1854	427,833	1906	1,100,735	1956	321,625		
1855	200,877	1907	1,285,349	1957	326,867		
1856	200,436	1908	782,870	1958	253,265		
1857	251,306	1909	751,786	1959	260,686		
1858	123,126	1910	1,041,570	1960	265,398		
1859	121,282	1911 - 20	5,735,811	1961 - 70	3,321,677		
1860	153,640	1911	878,587	1961	271,344		
1861 - 70	2,314,824	1912	838,172	1962	283,763		
1861	91,918	1913	1,197,892	1963	306,260		
1862	91,985	1914	1,218,480	1964	292,248		
1863	176,282	1915	326,700	1965	296,697		
1864	193,418	1916	298,826	1966	323,040		
1865	248,120	1917	295,403	1967	361,972		
1866	318,568	1918	110,618	1968	454,448		
1867	315,722	1919	141,132	1969	358,579		
1868	138,840	1920	430,001	1970	373,326		
1869	352,768						
1870	387,203						

NOTE: The numbers shown are as follows: from 1820-67, figures represent alien passengers arrived at seaports; from 1868-92 and 1895-97, immigrant aliens arrived; from 1892-94 and 1898-1992, immigrant aliens admitted for permanent residence. From 1892-1903, aliens entering by cabin class were not counted as immigrants. Land arrivals were not completely enumerated until 1908. See Glossary for fiscal year definitions.

TABLE 2. IMMIGRATION BY REGION AND SELECTED COUNTRY OF LAST RESIDENCE
FISCAL YEARS 1820 - 1992

Region and country of last residence ¹	1820	1821 - 30	1831 - 40	1841 - 50	1851 - 60	1861 - 70	1871 - 80	1881 - 90
All countries	8,385	143,439	599,125	1,713,251	2,598,214	2,314,824	2,812,191	5,246,613
Europe	7,690	98,797	495,681	1,597,442	2,452,577	2,065,141	2,271,925	4,735,484
Austria-Hungary	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	7,800	72,969	353,719
Austria	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	³ 7,124	63,009	226,038
Hungary	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	³ 484	9,960	127,681
Belgium	1	27	22	5,074	4,738	6,734	7,221	20,177
Czechoslovakia	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
Denmark	20	169	1,063	539	3,749	17,094	31,771	88,132
France	371	8,497	45,575	77,262	76,358	35,986	72,206	50,464
Germany	968	6,761	152,454	434,626	951,667	787,468	718,182	1,452,970
Greece	-	20	49	16	31	72	210	2,308
Ireland ²	3,614	50,724	207,381	780,719	914,119	435,778	436,871	655,482
Italy	30	409	2,253	1,870	9,231	11,725	55,759	307,309
Netherlands	49	1,078	1,412	8,251	10,789	9,102	16,541	53,701
Norway-Sweden	3	91	1,201	13,903	20,931	109,298	211,245	568,362
Norway	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	95,323	176,586
Sweden	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	115,922	391,776
Poland	5	16	369	105	1,164	2,027	12,970	51,806
Portugal	35	145	829	550	1,055	2,658	14,082	16,978
Romania	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	⁷ 11	6,348
Soviet Union	14	75	277	551	457	2,512	39,284	213,282
Spain	139	2,477	2,125	2,209	9,298	6,697	5,266	4,419
Switzerland	31	3,226	4,821	4,644	25,011	23,286	28,293	81,988
United Kingdom ³	2,410	25,079	75,810	267,044	423,974	606,896	548,043	807,357
Yugoslavia	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
Other Europe	-	3	40	79	5	8	1,001	682
Asia	6	30	55	141	41,538	64,759	124,160	69,942
China ¹⁰	1	2	8	35	41,397	64,301	123,201	61,711
Hong Kong	(¹¹)	(¹¹)	(¹¹)	(¹¹)	(¹¹)	(¹¹)	(¹¹)	(¹¹)
India	1	8	39	36	43	69	163	269
Iran	(¹²)	(¹²)	(¹²)	(¹²)	(¹²)	(¹²)	(¹²)	(¹²)
Israel	(¹³)	(¹³)	(¹³)	(¹³)	(¹³)	(¹³)	(¹³)	(¹³)
Japan	(¹⁴)	(¹⁴)	(¹⁴)	(¹⁴)	(¹⁴)	186	149	2,270
Korea	(¹⁵)	(¹⁵)	(¹⁵)	(¹⁵)	(¹⁵)	(¹⁵)	(¹⁵)	(¹⁵)
Philippines	(¹⁶)	(¹⁶)	(¹⁶)	(¹⁶)	(¹⁶)	(¹⁶)	(¹⁶)	(¹⁶)
Turkey	1	20	7	59	83	131	404	3,782
Vietnam	(¹¹)	(¹¹)	(¹¹)	(¹¹)	(¹¹)	(¹¹)	(¹¹)	(¹¹)
Other Asia	3	-	1	11	15	72	243	1,910
America	387	11,564	33,424	62,469	74,720	166,607	404,044	426,967
Canada & Newfoundland ¹⁷	209	2,277	13,624	41,723	59,309	153,878	383,640	393,304
Mexico ¹⁸	1	4,817	6,599	3,271	3,078	2,191	5,162	¹⁹ 1,913
Caribbean	164	3,834	12,301	13,528	10,660	9,046	13,957	29,042
Cuba	(¹²)	(¹²)	(¹²)	(¹²)	(¹²)	(¹²)	(¹²)	(¹²)
Dominican Republic	(²⁰)	(²⁰)	(²⁰)	(²⁰)	(²⁰)	(²⁰)	(²⁰)	(²⁰)
Haiti	(²⁰)	(²⁰)	(²⁰)	(²⁰)	(²⁰)	(²⁰)	(²⁰)	(²⁰)
Jamaica	(²¹)	(²¹)	(²¹)	(²¹)	(²¹)	(²¹)	(²¹)	(²¹)
Other Caribbean	164	3,834	12,301	13,528	10,660	9,046	13,957	29,042
Central America	2	105	44	368	449	95	157	404
El Salvador	(²⁰)	(²⁰)	(²⁰)	(²⁰)	(²⁰)	(²⁰)	(²⁰)	(²⁰)
Other Central America	2	105	44	368	449	95	157	404
South America	11	531	856	3,579	1,224	1,397	1,128	2,304
Argentina	(²²)	(²²)	(²²)	(²²)	(²²)	(²²)	(²²)	(²²)
Colombia	(²⁰)	(²⁰)	(²⁰)	(²⁰)	(²⁰)	(²⁰)	(²⁰)	(²⁰)
Ecuador	(²⁰)	(²⁰)	(²⁰)	(²⁰)	(²⁰)	(²⁰)	(²⁰)	(²⁰)
Other South America	11	531	856	3,579	1,224	1,397	1,128	2,304
Other America	(²²)	(²²)	(²²)	(²²)	(²²)	(²²)	(²²)	(²²)
Africa	1	16	54	55	210	312	358	857
Oceania	1	2	9	29	158	214	10,914	12,574
Not specified ²²	300	33,030	69,902	53,115	29,011	17,791	790	789

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 2. IMMIGRATION BY REGION AND SELECTED COUNTRY OF LAST RESIDENCE
FISCAL YEARS 1820 - 1992—Continued

Region and country of last residence ¹	1891 - 1900	1901 - 10	1911 - 20	1921 - 30	1931 - 40	1941 - 50	1951 - 60	1961 - 70
All countries	3,687,564	8,795,386	5,735,811	4,107,209	528,431	1,035,039	2,515,479	3,321,677
Europe	3,555,352	8,056,040	4,321,887	2,463,194	347,566	621,147	1,325,727	1,123,492
Austria-Hungary	²³ 592,707	²³ 2,145,266	²³ 896,342	63,548	11,424	28,329	103,743	26,022
Austria	³ 234,081	³ 668,209	453,649	32,868	²⁴ 3,563	²⁴ 24,860	67,106	20,621
Hungary	³ 181,288	³ 808,511	442,693	30,680	7,861	3,469	36,637	5,401
Belgium	18,167	41,635	30,746	15,846	4,817	12,189	18,575	9,192
Czechoslovakia	(¹)	(¹)	⁴ 3,426	102,194	14,393	8,347	918	3,273
Denmark	50,231	65,285	41,983	32,430	2,559	5,393	10,984	9,201
France	30,770	73,379	61,897	49,610	12,623	38,809	51,121	45,237
Germany	²³ 505,152	²³ 341,498	²³ 143,945	412,202	²⁴ 114,058	²⁴ 226,578	477,765	190,796
Greece	15,979	167,519	184,201	51,084	9,119	8,973	47,608	85,969
Ireland ⁵	388,416	339,065	146,181	211,234	10,973	19,789	48,362	32,966
Italy	651,893	2,045,877	1,109,524	455,315	68,028	57,661	185,491	214,111
Netherlands	26,758	48,262	43,718	26,948	7,150	14,860	52,277	30,606
Norway-Sweden	321,281	440,039	161,469	165,780	8,700	20,765	44,632	32,600
Norway	95,015	190,505	66,395	68,531	4,740	10,100	22,935	15,484
Sweden	226,266	249,534	95,074	97,249	3,960	10,665	21,697	17,116
Poland	²³ 96,720	(¹)	²³ 4,813	227,734	17,026	7,571	9,985	53,539
Portugal	27,508	69,149	89,732	29,994	3,329	7,423	19,588	76,065
Romania	12,750	53,008	13,311	67,646	3,871	1,076	1,039	2,531
Soviet Union	²³ 505,290	²³ 1,597,306	²³ 921,201	61,742	1,370	571	671	2,465
Spain	8,731	27,935	68,611	28,958	3,258	2,898	7,894	44,659
Switzerland	31,179	34,922	23,091	29,676	5,512	10,547	17,675	18,453
United Kingdom ⁶	271,538	525,950	341,408	339,570	31,572	139,306	202,824	213,822
Yugoslavia	(¹)	(¹)	⁹ 1,888	49,064	5,835	1,576	8,225	20,381
Other Europe	282	39,945	31,400	42,619	11,949	8,486	16,350	11,604
Asia	74,862	323,543	247,236	112,059	16,595	37,028	153,249	427,642
China ¹⁰	14,799	20,605	21,278	29,907	4,928	16,709	9,657	34,764
Hong Kong	(¹¹)	(¹¹)	(¹¹)	(¹¹)	(¹¹)	(¹¹)	¹¹ 15,541	75,007
India	68	4,713	2,082	1,886	496	1,761	1,973	27,189
Iran	(¹²)	(¹²)	(¹²)	¹² 241	195	1,380	3,388	10,339
Israel	(¹³)	(¹³)	(¹³)	(¹³)	(¹³)	¹³ 476	25,476	29,602
Japan	25,942	129,797	83,837	33,462	1,948	1,555	46,250	39,988
Korea	(¹⁵)	(¹⁵)	(¹⁵)	(¹⁵)	(¹⁵)	¹⁵ 107	6,231	34,526
Philippines	(¹⁶)	(¹⁶)	(¹⁶)	(¹⁶)	¹⁶ 528	4,691	19,307	98,376
Turkey	30,425	157,369	134,066	33,824	1,065	798	3,519	10,142
Vietnam	(¹¹)	(¹¹)	(¹¹)	(¹¹)	(¹¹)	(¹¹)	¹¹ 335	4,340
Other Asia	3,628	11,059	5,973	12,739	7,435	9,551	21,572	63,369
America	38,972	361,888	1,143,671	1,516,716	160,037	354,604	996,944	1,716,374
Canada & Newfoundland ^{17 18}	3,311	179,226	742,185	924,515	108,527	171,718	377,952	413,310
Mexico ¹⁹	971	49,642	219,004	459,287	22,319	60,589	299,811	453,937
Caribbean	33,066	107,548	123,424	74,899	15,502	49,725	123,091	470,213
Cuba	(¹²)	(¹²)	(¹²)	¹² 15,901	9,571	26,313	78,948	208,536
Dominican Republic	(²⁰)	(²⁰)	(²⁰)	(²⁰)	²⁰ 1,150	5,627	9,897	93,292
Haiti	(²⁰)	(²⁰)	(²⁰)	(²⁰)	²⁰ 191	911	4,442	34,499
Jamaica	(²¹)	(²¹)	(²¹)	(²¹)	(²¹)	(²¹)	²¹ 8,869	74,906
Other Caribbean	33,066	107,548	123,424	58,998	4,590	16,874	²¹ 20,935	58,980
Central America	549	8,192	17,159	15,769	5,861	21,665	44,751	101,330
El Salvador	(²⁰)	(²⁰)	(²⁰)	(²⁰)	²⁰ 673	5,132	5,895	14,992
Other Central America	549	8,192	17,159	15,769	5,188	16,533	38,856	86,338
South America	1,075	17,280	41,899	42,215	7,803	21,831	91,628	257,940
Argentina	(²⁰)	(²⁰)	(²⁰)	(²⁰)	²⁰ 1,349	3,338	19,486	49,721
Colombia	(²⁰)	(²⁰)	(²⁰)	(²⁰)	²⁰ 1,223	3,858	18,048	72,028
Ecuador	(²⁰)	(²⁰)	(²⁰)	(²⁰)	²⁰ 337	2,417	9,841	36,780
Other South America	1,075	17,280	41,899	42,215	4,894	12,218	44,253	99,425
Other America	(²²)	(²²)	(²²)	²² 31	25	29,276	59,711	19,630
Africa	350	7,368	8,443	6,286	1,750	7,367	14,092	28,954
Oceania	3,965	13,024	13,427	8,726	2,483	14,551	12,976	25,122
Not specified ²	14,063	²⁵ 33,523	1,147	228	-	142	12,491	93

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 2. IMMIGRATION BY REGION AND SELECTED COUNTRY OF LAST RESIDENCE
FISCAL YEARS 1820 - 1992—Continued

Region and country of last residence ¹	1971 - 80	1981 - 90	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	Total 173 years 1820 - 1992
All countries	4,493,314	7,338,062	601,516	643,025	1,090,924	1,536,483	1,827,167	973,977	59,795,158
Europe	800,368	761,550	67,967	71,854	94,338	124,026	146,671	153,260	37,400,991
Austria-Hungary	16,028	24,885	2,401	3,200	3,586	4,733	4,455	3,934	4,351,171
Austria	9,478	18,340	1,769	2,493	2,845	3,774	3,511	2,895	³ 1,835,352
Hungary	6,550	6,545	632	707	741	959	944	1,039	³ 1,669,743
Belgium	5,329	7,066	859	706	705	827	701	957	212,214
Czechoslovakia	6,023	7,227	715	744	526	578	625	874	147,300
Denmark	4,439	5,370	515	561	617	674	629	769	371,810
France	25,069	32,353	3,809	3,637	4,101	4,265	3,978	4,492	796,057
Germany	74,414	91,961	9,923	9,748	10,419	12,152	10,887	12,875	7,107,227
Greece	92,369	38,377	4,087	4,690	4,588	3,887	2,929	2,168	709,001
Ireland ⁴	11,490	31,969	3,032	5,121	6,983	9,740	4,608	12,035	4,741,776
Italy	129,368	67,254	4,666	5,332	11,089	16,246	30,316	11,962	5,415,386
Netherlands	10,492	12,238	1,303	1,152	1,253	1,515	1,303	1,687	377,222
Norway-Sweden	10,472	15,182	1,540	1,669	1,809	1,930	1,796	2,296	2,150,046
Norway	3,941	4,164	372	446	556	552	554	790	⁶ 802,568
Sweden	6,531	11,018	1,168	1,223	1,253	1,378	1,242	1,506	⁶ 1,287,223
Poland	37,234	83,252	5,818	7,298	13,279	18,364	17,106	24,491	647,933
Portugal	101,710	40,431	4,009	3,290	3,861	4,066	4,576	2,774	508,611
Romania	12,393	30,857	2,741	2,915	3,535	3,496	6,786	4,907	216,534
Soviet Union	38,961	57,677	1,139	1,408	4,570	14,779	31,557	37,069	3,512,332
Spain	39,141	20,433	2,056	1,972	2,179	2,744	2,663	2,041	289,852
Switzerland	8,235	8,849	964	920	1,072	1,288	1,003	1,303	361,745
United Kingdom ⁵	137,374	159,173	15,889	14,667	16,961	19,054	16,768	21,924	5,157,842
Yugoslavia	30,540	18,762	1,793	2,039	2,464	2,778	2,802	2,741	141,814
Other Europe	9,287	8,234	708	785	741	910	1,183	1,961	185,118
Asia	1,588,178	2,738,157	248,293	254,745	296,420	321,879	342,157	344,802	6,706,139
China ¹⁰	124,326	346,747	32,669	34,300	39,284	40,639	23,995	29,554	967,925
Hong Kong	113,467	98,215	8,785	11,817	15,257	14,367	15,895	16,802	¹¹ 334,927
India	164,134	250,786	26,394	25,312	28,599	28,809	42,707	34,841	533,264
Iran	45,136	116,172	10,323	9,846	13,027	14,905	9,927	6,995	¹² 193,773
Israel	37,713	44,273	4,753	4,444	5,494	5,906	5,116	5,938	¹³ 148,594
Japan	49,775	47,085	4,711	5,085	5,454	6,431	5,600	11,735	¹⁴ 479,579
Korea	267,638	333,746	35,397	34,151	33,016	30,964	25,430	18,734	¹⁵ 686,412
Philippines	354,987	548,764	58,315	61,017	66,119	71,279	68,750	63,478	¹⁶ 1,158,881
Turkey	13,399	23,233	2,080	2,200	2,538	3,205	3,466	3,203	418,996
Vietnam	172,820	280,782	13,073	12,856	13,174	14,755	14,847	31,172	¹⁷ 504,296
Other Asia	244,783	648,354	51,793	53,717	74,458	90,619	126,424	122,350	1,279,492
America	1,982,735	3,615,225	265,026	294,906	672,639	1,050,527	1,297,580	445,194	14,810,322
Canada & Newfoundland ^{17 18}	169,939	156,938	16,741	15,821	18,294	24,642	19,931	21,541	4,337,057
Mexico ¹⁹	640,294	1,655,843	72,511	95,170	405,660	680,186	947,923	214,128	5,050,780
Caribbean	741,126	872,051	100,615	110,949	87,597	112,635	138,591	95,945	2,937,713
Cuba	264,863	144,578	27,363	16,610	9,523	9,436	9,474	10,890	¹² 769,074
Dominican Republic	148,135	252,035	24,947	27,195	26,744	42,136	41,422	41,948	²⁰ 593,506
Haiti	56,335	138,379	14,643	34,858	13,341	19,869	47,046	10,756	²⁰ 292,559
Jamaica	137,577	208,148	22,430	20,474	23,572	23,667	22,977	18,280	²¹ 470,757
Other Caribbean	134,216	128,911	11,232	11,812	14,417	17,527	17,672	14,071	811,817
Central America	134,640	468,088	30,366	31,311	101,273	146,243	110,820	57,849	988,297
El Salvador	34,436	213,539	10,627	12,043	57,628	79,601	46,923	26,077	²⁰ 347,667
Other Central America	100,204	254,549	19,739	19,268	43,645	66,642	63,897	31,772	640,630
South America	295,741	461,847	44,782	41,646	59,812	86,821	80,308	55,725	1,386,336
Argentina	29,897	27,327	2,192	2,556	3,766	5,953	4,231	4,083	²⁰ 139,432
Colombia	77,347	122,849	11,482	10,153	14,918	23,783	19,272	12,885	²⁰ 327,510
Ecuador	50,077	56,315	4,656	4,736	7,587	12,474	9,962	7,322	²⁰ 173,051
Other South America	138,420	255,356	26,452	24,201	33,541	44,611	46,843	31,435	746,343
Other America	995	458	11	9	3	-	7	6	110,139
Africa	80,779	176,893	15,730	17,124	22,485	32,797	33,542	24,707	392,394
Oceania	41,242	45,205	4,437	4,324	4,956	6,804	7,061	5,994	217,677
Not specified²²	12	1,032	63	72	86	450	156	20	267,635

¹ Data for years prior to 1906 relate to country whence alien came; data from 1906-79 and 1984-92 are for country of last permanent residence; and data for 1980-83 refer to country of birth. Because of changes in boundaries, changes in lists of countries, and lack of data for specified countries for various periods, data for certain countries, especially for the total period 1820-1992, are not comparable throughout. Data for specified countries are included with countries to which they belonged prior to World War I.

² Data for Austria and Hungary not reported until 1861.

³ Data for Austria and Hungary not reported separately for all years during the period.

⁴ No data available for Czechoslovakia until 1920.

TABLE 2. IMMIGRATION BY REGION AND SELECTED COUNTRY OF LAST RESIDENCE
FISCAL YEARS 1820 - 1992—Continued

- ⁵ Prior to 1926, data for Northern Ireland included in Ireland.
⁶ Data for Norway and Sweden not reported separately until 1871.
⁷ No data available for Romania until 1880.
⁸ Since 1925, data for United Kingdom refer to England, Scotland, Wales, and Northern Ireland.
⁹ In 1920, a separate enumeration was made for the Kingdom of Serbs, Croats, and Slovenes. Since 1922, the Serb, Croat, and Slovene Kingdom recorded as Yugoslavia.
¹⁰ Beginning in 1957, China includes Taiwan.
¹¹ Data not reported separately until 1952.
¹² Data not reported separately until 1925.
¹³ Data not reported separately until 1949.
¹⁴ No data available for Japan until 1861.
¹⁵ Data not reported separately until 1948.
¹⁶ Prior to 1934, Philippines recorded as insular travel.
¹⁷ Prior to 1920, Canada and Newfoundland recorded as British North America. From 1820-98, figures include all British North America possessions.
¹⁸ Land arrivals not completely enumerated until 1908.
¹⁹ No data available for Mexico from 1886-93.
²⁰ Data not reported separately until 1932.
²¹ Data for Jamaica not collected until 1953. In prior years, consolidated under British West Indies, which is included in "Other Caribbean."
²² Included in countries "Not specified" until 1925.
²³ From 1899-1919, data for Poland included in Austria-Hungary, Germany, and the Soviet Union.
²⁴ From 1938-45, data for Austria included in Germany.
²⁵ Includes 32,897 persons returning in 1906 to their homes in the United States.
⁻ Represents zero.

NOTE: From 1820-67, figures represent alien passengers arrived at seaports; from 1868-91 and 1895-97, immigrant aliens arrived; from 1892-94 and 1898-1992, immigrant aliens admitted for permanent residence. From 1892-1903, aliens entering by cabin class were not counted as immigrants. Land arrivals were not completely enumerated until 1908.

See Glossary for fiscal year definitions. For this table, fiscal year 1843 covers 9 months ending September 1843; fiscal years 1832 and 1850 cover 15 months ending December 31 of the respective years; and fiscal year 1868 covers 6 months ending June 30, 1868.

**TABLE 3. IMMIGRANTS ADMITTED BY REGION AND SELECTED COUNTRY OF BIRTH
FISCAL YEARS 1982-92**

Region and country of birth	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992
All countries	594,131	559,763	543,903	570,009	601,708	601,516	643,025	1,090,924	1,536,483	1,827,167	973,977
Europe	69,174	58,867	64,076	63,043	62,512	61,174	64,797	82,891	112,401	135,234	145,392
Albania	23	22	32	45	53	62	82	71	78	142	682
Austria	339	433	442	419	463	483	514	501	675	589	701
Belgium	559	538	537	538	620	636	581	548	682	525	780
Bulgaria	207	201	225	249	221	205	217	265	428	623	1,049
Czechoslovakia	960	946	1,218	1,222	1,118	1,357	1,482	992	1,412	1,156	1,181
Denmark	463	513	512	478	554	537	558	593	666	601	764
Finland	346	311	264	290	322	331	390	325	369	333	525
France	1,994	2,061	2,135	2,187	2,518	2,513	2,524	2,598	2,849	2,450	3,288
Germany	6,467	6,725	6,747	7,109	6,991	7,210	6,645	6,708	7,388	6,509	9,888
Greece	3,472	2,997	2,865	2,579	2,512	2,653	2,458	2,491	2,742	2,079	1,858
Hungary	642	632	825	1,009	1,006	994	1,227	1,193	1,655	1,534	1,304
Ireland	949	1,101	1,223	1,397	1,839	3,060	5,058	6,961	10,333	4,767	12,226
Italy	3,644	3,225	3,130	3,214	3,089	2,784	2,949	2,910	3,287	2,619	2,592
Latvia	45	31	37	25	26	23	31	57	45	86	419
Lithuania	50	41	45	39	49	37	47	63	67	157	353
Netherlands	1,053	1,152	1,242	1,217	1,261	1,230	1,187	1,193	1,424	1,283	1,586
Norway	342	409	375	361	354	326	397	482	524	486	665
Poland	5,874	6,427	9,466	9,464	8,481	7,519	9,507	15,101	20,537	19,199	25,504
Portugal	3,510	3,231	3,779	3,781	3,766	3,912	3,199	3,758	4,035	4,524	2,748
Romania	3,124	2,543	4,004	5,188	5,198	3,837	3,875	4,573	4,647	8,096	6,500
Soviet Union	15,462	5,214	6,088	3,521	2,588	2,384	2,949	11,128	25,524	56,980	43,614
Spain	1,586	1,507	1,393	1,413	1,591	1,578	1,483	1,550	1,886	1,849	1,631
Sweden	874	870	974	1,076	1,098	1,057	1,156	1,078	1,196	1,080	1,463
Switzerland	626	680	620	729	677	759	751	788	845	696	1,023
United Kingdom	14,539	14,830	13,949	13,408	13,657	13,497	13,228	14,090	15,928	13,903	19,973
Yugoslavia	1,418	1,382	1,569	1,662	2,011	1,827	1,941	2,496	2,828	2,713	2,604
Other Europe	606	845	380	423	449	363	361	378	351	255	471
Asia	313,272	277,697	256,272	264,691	268,248	257,684	264,465	312,149	338,581	358,533	356,955
Afghanistan	1,569	2,566	3,222	2,794	2,831	2,424	2,873	3,232	3,187	2,879	2,685
Bangladesh	639	787	823	1,146	1,634	1,649	1,325	2,180	4,252	10,676	3,740
Burma	820	723	719	990	863	941	803	1,170	1,120	946	816
Cambodia	13,438	18,120	11,856	13,563	13,501	12,460	9,629	6,076	5,179	3,251	2,573
China, Mainland	27,100	25,777	23,363	24,787	25,106	25,841	28,717	32,272	31,815	33,025	38,907
Hong Kong	4,971	5,948	5,465	5,171	5,021	4,706	8,546	9,740	9,393	10,427	10,452
India	21,738	25,451	24,964	26,026	26,227	27,803	26,268	31,175	30,667	45,064	36,755
Indonesia	1,194	952	1,113	1,269	1,183	1,254	1,342	1,513	3,498	2,223	2,916
Iran	10,314	11,163	13,807	16,071	16,505	14,426	15,246	21,243	24,977	19,569	13,233
Iraq	3,105	2,343	2,930	1,951	1,323	1,072	1,022	1,516	1,756	1,494	4,111
Israel	3,356	3,239	3,066	3,113	3,790	3,699	3,640	4,244	4,664	4,181	5,104
Japan	3,903	4,092	4,043	4,086	3,959	4,174	4,512	4,849	5,734	5,049	11,028
Jordan	2,923	2,718	2,438	2,998	3,081	3,125	3,232	3,921	4,449	4,259	4,036
Korea	31,724	33,339	33,042	35,253	35,776	35,849	34,703	34,222	32,301	26,518	19,359
Kuwait	286	344	437	503	496	507	599	710	691	861	989
Laos	36,528	23,662	12,279	9,133	7,842	6,828	10,667	12,524	10,446	9,950	8,696
Lebanon	3,529	2,941	3,203	3,385	3,994	4,367	4,910	5,716	5,634	6,009	5,838
Malaysia	1,046	852	879	939	886	1,016	1,250	1,506	1,867	1,860	2,235
Pakistan	4,536	4,807	5,509	5,744	5,994	6,319	5,438	8,000	9,729	20,355	10,214
Philippines	45,102	41,546	42,768	47,978	52,558	50,060	50,697	57,034	63,756	63,596	61,022
Saudi Arabia	134	170	208	228	275	294	338	381	518	552	584
Singapore	390	362	377	460	480	469	492	566	620	535	774
Sri Lanka	505	472	554	553	596	630	634	757	976	1,377	1,081
Syria	2,354	1,683	1,724	1,581	1,604	1,669	2,183	2,675	2,972	2,837	2,940
Taiwan	9,884	16,698	12,478	14,895	13,424	11,931	9,670	13,974	15,151	13,274	16,344
Thailand	5,568	5,875	4,885	5,239	6,204	6,733	6,888	9,332	8,914	7,397	7,090
Turkey	2,864	2,263	1,793	1,691	1,753	1,596	1,642	2,007	2,468	2,528	2,488
Vietnam	72,553	37,560	37,236	31,895	29,993	24,231	25,789	37,739	48,792	55,307	77,735
Yemen	484	507	331	435	480	727	619	966	1,945	1,547	2,056
Other Asia	715	737	760	814	869	884	791	909	1,110	987	1,154
Africa	14,314	15,084	15,540	17,117	17,463	17,724	18,882	25,166	35,893	36,179	27,086
Algeria	190	201	197	202	183	172	199	230	302	269	407
Cape Verde	852	594	591	627	760	657	921	1,118	907	973	757
Egypt	2,800	2,600	2,642	2,802	2,989	3,377	3,016	3,717	4,117	5,602	3,576
Ethiopia	1,810	2,643	2,461	3,362	2,737	2,156	2,571	3,389	4,336	5,127	4,602
Ghana	824	976	1,050	1,041	1,164	1,120	1,239	2,045	4,466	3,330	1,867
Kenya	601	710	753	735	719	698	773	910	1,297	1,185	953

See footnotes at end of table.

**TABLE 3. IMMIGRANTS ADMITTED BY REGION AND SELECTED COUNTRY OF BIRTH
FISCAL YEARS 1982-92—Continued**

Region and country of birth	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992
Liberia	593	518	585	618	618	622	769	1,175	2,004	1,292	999
Libya	196	221	206	242	195	183	198	210	268	314	286
Morocco	445	479	506	570	646	635	715	984	1,200	1,601	1,316
Nigeria	2,257	2,354	2,337	2,846	2,976	3,278	3,343	5,213	8,843	7,912	4,551
Senegal	74	71	59	91	91	92	130	141	537	869	337
Sierra Leone	283	319	368	371	323	453	571	939	1,290	951	693
Somalia	89	83	90	139	139	197	183	228	277	458	500
South Africa	1,434	1,261	1,246	1,210	1,566	1,741	1,832	1,899	1,990	1,854	2,516
Sudan	78	128	199	271	230	198	217	272	306	679	675
Tanzania	304	364	418	395	370	385	388	507	635	500	352
Uganda	304	332	369	301	401	357	343	393	674	538	437
Zimbabwe	162	193	200	222	221	252	216	230	272	261	296
Other Africa	1,018	1,037	1,263	1,072	1,135	1,151	1,258	1,566	2,172	2,464	1,966
Oceania	3,852	3,515	3,818	4,054	3,894	3,993	3,839	4,360	6,182	6,236	5,169
Australia	1,367	1,273	1,308	1,362	1,354	1,253	1,356	1,546	1,754	1,678	2,238
Fiji	659	712	901	980	972	1,205	1,028	968	1,353	1,349	807
New Zealand	642	606	595	679	610	591	668	789	829	793	967
Tonga	561	481	555	669	510	545	434	646	1,375	1,685	703
Western Samoa	379	253	229	189	253	202	221	295	690	561	314
Other Oceania	244	190	230	175	195	197	132	116	181	170	140
North America	158,057	168,487	166,706	182,045	207,714	216,550	250,009	607,398	957,558	1,210,981	384,047
Canada	10,786	11,390	10,791	11,385	11,039	11,876	11,783	12,151	16,812	13,504	15,205
Mexico	56,106	59,079	57,557	61,077	66,533	72,351	95,039	405,172	679,068	946,167	213,802
Caribbean	67,379	73,306	74,265	83,281	101,632	102,899	112,357	88,932	115,351	140,139	97,413
Antigua-Barbuda	3,234	2,008	953	957	812	874	837	979	1,319	944	619
Bahamas, The	577	505	499	533	570	556	1,283	861	1,378	1,062	641
Barbados	1,961	1,849	1,577	1,625	1,595	1,665	1,455	1,616	1,745	1,460	1,091
Cuba	8,209	8,978	10,599	20,334	33,114	28,916	17,558	10,046	10,645	10,349	11,791
Dominica	569	546	442	540	564	740	611	748	963	982	809
Dominican Republic	17,451	22,058	23,147	23,787	26,175	24,858	27,189	26,723	42,195	41,405	41,969
Grenada	1,066	1,154	980	934	1,045	1,098	842	1,046	1,294	979	848
Haiti	8,779	8,424	9,839	10,165	12,666	14,819	34,806	13,658	20,324	47,527	11,002
Jamaica	18,711	19,535	19,822	18,923	19,595	23,148	20,966	24,523	25,013	23,828	18,915
St. Kitts & Nevis	1,039	2,773	1,648	769	573	589	660	795	896	830	626
St. Lucia	586	662	484	499	502	496	606	709	833	766	654
St. Vincent & Grenadines	719	767	695	693	635	746	634	892	973	808	687
Trinidad & Tobago	3,532	3,156	2,900	2,831	2,891	3,543	3,947	3,394	6,740	8,407	7,008
Other Caribbean	946	891	680	691	895	851	963	942	1,033	792	753
Central America	23,626	24,601	24,088	26,302	28,380	29,296	30,715	101,034	146,202	111,093	57,558
Belize	2,031	1,585	1,492	1,353	1,385	1,354	1,497	2,217	3,867	2,377	1,020
Costa Rica	1,272	1,182	1,473	1,281	1,356	1,391	1,351	1,985	2,840	2,341	1,480
El Salvador	7,107	8,596	8,787	10,156	10,929	10,693	12,045	57,878	80,173	47,351	26,191
Guatemala	3,633	4,090	3,937	4,389	5,158	5,729	5,723	19,049	32,303	25,527	10,521
Honduras	3,186	3,619	3,405	3,726	4,532	4,751	4,302	7,593	12,024	11,451	6,552
Nicaragua	3,077	2,983	2,718	2,786	2,826	3,294	3,311	8,830	11,562	17,842	8,949
Panama	3,320	2,546	2,276	2,611	2,194	2,084	2,486	3,482	3,433	4,204	2,845
Other North America	160	111	5	-	130	128	115	109	125	78	69
South America	35,448	36,087	37,460	39,058	41,874	44,385	41,007	58,926	85,819	79,934	55,308
Argentina	2,065	2,029	2,141	1,844	2,187	2,106	2,371	3,301	5,437	3,889	3,877
Bolivia	750	823	918	1,006	1,079	1,170	1,038	1,805	2,843	3,006	1,510
Brazil	1,475	1,503	1,847	2,272	2,332	2,505	2,699	3,332	4,191	8,133	4,755
Chile	1,911	1,970	1,912	1,992	2,243	2,140	2,137	3,037	4,049	2,842	1,937
Colombia	8,608	9,658	11,020	11,982	11,408	11,700	10,322	15,214	24,189	19,702	13,201
Ecuador	4,127	4,243	4,164	4,482	4,516	4,641	4,716	7,532	12,476	9,958	7,286
Guyana	10,059	8,980	8,412	8,531	10,367	11,384	8,747	10,789	11,362	11,666	9,064
Paraguay	161	187	167	170	190	291	483	529	704	538	514
Peru	4,151	4,384	4,368	4,181	4,895	5,901	5,936	10,175	15,726	16,237	9,868
Uruguay	707	681	712	790	699	709	612	948	1,457	1,161	716
Venezuela	1,336	1,508	1,721	1,714	1,854	1,694	1,791	2,099	3,142	2,622	2,340
Other South America	98	121	78	94	104	144	155	165	243	180	240
Born on board ship	4	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	2
Unknown or not reported	10	26	31	1	3	6	23	34	49	70	18

- Represents zero.

**TABLE 4. IMMIGRANTS ADMITTED BY TYPE AND SELECTED CLASS OF ADMISSION
FISCAL YEARS 1985-92**

Type and class of admission	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992
Total, all immigrants	570,009	601,708	601,516	643,025	1,090,924	1,536,483	1,827,167	973,977
New arrivals	356,365	376,110	386,995	377,885	402,431	435,729	443,107	511,769
Adjustments	213,644	225,598	214,521	265,140	688,493	1,100,754	1,384,060	462,208
Total, IRCA legalization	X	X	X	X	478,814	880,372	1,123,162	163,342
Residents since 1982	X	X	X	X	478,814	823,704	214,003	46,962
Special Agricultural Workers	X	X	X	X	X	56,668	909,159	116,380
Total, non-legalization	570,009	601,708	601,516	643,025	612,110	656,111	704,005	810,635
Preference immigrants	266,703	269,556	269,328	259,499	274,833	272,742	275,613	329,321
Family-sponsored immigrants	213,257	212,939	211,809	200,772	217,092	214,550	216,088	213,123
Unmarried sons/daughters of U.S. citizens ¹	9,319	10,910	11,382	12,107	13,259	15,861	15,385	12,486
Spouses of alien residents ¹	114,997	110,926	110,758	102,777	112,771	107,686	110,126	118,247
Married sons/daughters of U.S. citizens ²	18,460	20,702	20,703	21,940	26,975	26,751	27,115	22,195
Siblings of U.S. citizens ²	70,481	70,401	68,966	63,948	64,087	64,252	63,462	60,195
Employment-based immigrants^{2,3}	53,446	56,617	57,519	58,727	57,741	58,192	59,525	116,198
Immediate relatives of U.S. citizens	204,368	223,468	218,575	219,340	217,514	231,680	237,103	235,484
Spouses	129,790	137,597	132,452	130,977	125,744	125,426	125,397	128,396
Children ⁴	35,592	40,639	40,940	40,863	41,276	46,065	48,130	42,324
Orphans	9,286	9,945	10,097	9,120	7,948	7,088	9,008	6,536
Parents	38,986	45,232	45,183	47,500	50,494	60,189	63,576	64,764
Refugees and asylees	95,040	104,383	91,840	81,719	84,288	97,364	139,079	117,037
Refugee adjustments	90,040	99,383	86,840	76,274	79,143	92,427	116,415	106,379
Asylee adjustments	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,445	5,145	4,937	22,664	10,658
Other immigrants	3,898	4,301	21,773	82,467	35,475	54,325	52,210	128,793
Amerasians (P.L. 100-202)	X	X	X	319	8,589	13,059	16,010	17,253
Children born abroad to alien residents	3,429	3,450	3,174	2,997	2,740	2,410	2,224	2,116
Cuban/Haitian entrants (P.L. 99-603)	X	X	4,634	29,002	2,816	710	213	99
Diversity transition	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	33,911
Legalization dependents	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	52,272
Nationals of adversely affected countries (P.L. 99-603)	X	X	3,037	6,029	7,068	20,371	12,268	1,557
Natives of underrepresented countries (P.L. 100-658)	X	X	X	X	X	8,790	9,802	880
Parolees, Soviet Union or Indochina (P.L. 101-267)	X	X	X	X	X	X	4,998	13,661
Registered nurses and their families (P.L. 101-238)	X	X	X	X	X	2,954	3,069	3,572
Registry, entered prior to 1/1/72	32	25	8,060	39,999	10,570	4,633	2,282	1,293
Suspension of deportation	17	413	2,441	3,772	3,384	889	782	1,013
Other	420	413	427	349	308	509	562	1,166

¹ Includes children.

² Includes spouses and children.

³ Includes immigrants issued third preference, sixth preference, and special immigrant visas prior to fiscal year 1992, and immigrants issued employment-based preference visas during fiscal year 1992.

⁴ Includes orphans.

NOTE: X Not applicable.

**TABLE 5. IMMIGRANTS ADMITTED BY REGION OF BIRTH AND TYPE AND CLASS OF ADMISSION
FISCAL YEAR 1992**

Type and class of admission	Total ¹	Europe	Asia	Africa	Oceania	North America	South America
Total, all immigrants	973,977	145,392	356,955	27,086	5,169	384,047	55,308
Total, subject to direct numerical limitations	329,321	31,560	150,682	8,716	2,096	112,176	24,090
New arrivals	261,451	19,834	108,449	5,644	1,143	105,264	21,117
Adjustments	67,870	11,726	42,233	3,072	953	6,912	2,973
Total, exempt from direct numerical limitations	644,656	113,832	206,273	18,370	3,073	271,871	31,218
New arrivals	250,318	43,078	99,373	4,493	1,014	85,076	17,284
Adjustments	230,996	69,091	98,498	11,617	1,375	41,300	9,114
Adjustments, IRCA legalization	163,342	1,663	8,402	2,260	684	145,495	4,820
Total, subject to direct numerical limitations	329,321	31,560	150,682	8,716	2,096	112,176	24,090
Total, family-sponsored preferences	213,123	11,769	87,575	3,749	750	93,147	16,133
Total, employment-based preferences	116,198	19,791	63,107	4,967	1,346	19,029	7,957
Total, family-sponsored preferences	213,123	11,769	87,575	3,749	750	93,147	16,133
Total, family 1st preference	12,486	1,174	3,887	243	43	6,166	973
1st preference, unmarried sons/daughters of U.S. citizens	9,305	945	3,103	223	43	4,311	680
New arrivals (F11, A11)	8,586	798	2,939	197	32	4,025	595
Adjustments (F16, A16)	719	147	164	26	11	286	85
1st preference, children of F11, F16, A11, A16	2,922	173	716	11	-	1,750	272
New arrivals (F12, A12)	2,846	156	699	10	-	1,718	263
Adjustments (F17, A17)	76	17	17	1	-	32	9
Pre-1992 1st preference	259	56	68	9	-	105	21
Unmarried sons/daughters of U.S. citizens	196	47	57	8	-	66	18
Children of unmarried sons/daughters	63	9	11	1	-	39	3
Total, family 2nd preference	118,247	3,602	35,370	2,278	281	67,181	9,535
Total, subject to country limitations	52,535	2,243	21,394	1,617	259	20,701	6,321
Total, exempt from country limitations	65,712	1,359	13,976	661	22	46,480	3,214
2nd preference, spouses of alien residents	39,346	1,711	13,077	944	131	20,078	3,405
Subject to country limitations	12,932	908	6,400	532	122	3,121	1,849
New arrivals (F21)	12,508	861	6,085	499	122	3,101	1,840
New arrivals, conditional (C21)	31	3	14	11	-	1	2
Adjustments (F26)	387	44	295	22	-	19	7
Adjustments, conditional (C26)	6	-	6	-	-	-	-
Exempt from country limitations	26,414	803	6,677	412	9	16,957	1,556
New arrivals (FX1)	26,151	792	6,472	399	7	16,937	1,544
New arrivals, conditional (CX1)	6	-	-	1	-	3	2
Adjustments (FX6)	257	11	205	12	2	17	10
2nd preference, children of alien residents	35,619	931	8,322	664	68	23,729	1,905
Subject to country limitations	7,456	439	2,588	438	58	3,047	886
New arrivals (F22)	7,338	427	2,517	431	57	3,030	876
New arrivals, conditional (C22)	5	1	-	1	-	-	3
Adjustments (F27)	113	11	71	6	1	17	7
Exempt from country limitations	28,163	492	5,734	226	10	20,682	1,019
New arrivals (FX2)	28,082	482	5,693	221	8	20,666	1,012
Adjustments (FX7)	81	10	41	5	2	16	7
2nd preference, children of F22, F27, C22, C27, FX2, CX2, FX7, CX7	15,271	166	2,768	108	11	10,831	1,387
Subject to country limitations	4,136	102	1,203	85	8	1,930	748
New arrivals (F23)	4,114	99	1,188	85	8	1,988	746
Adjustments (F28)	22	3	15	-	-	2	2
Exempt from country limitations	11,135	64	1,565	23	3	8,841	639
New arrivals (FX3)	11,123	63	1,560	23	3	8,835	639
Adjustments (FX8)	12	1	5	-	-	6	-
2nd preference, unmarried sons and daughters of alien residents	21,600	632	9,449	446	61	9,163	1,849
New arrivals (F24)	21,106	605	9,074	420	60	9,120	1,827
New arrivals, conditional (C24)	1	-	-	-	-	1	-
Adjustments (F29)	493	27	375	26	1	42	22

See footnotes at end of table.

**TABLE 5. IMMIGRANTS ADMITTED BY REGION OF BIRTH AND TYPE AND CLASS OF ADMISSION
FISCAL YEAR 1992—Continued**

Type and class of admission	Total ¹	Europe	Asia	Africa	Oceania	North America	South America
2nd preference, children of F24, F29, C24, C29	5,140	74	1,162	74	10	2,972	848
New arrivals (F25)	5,117	73	1,152	73	10	2,965	844
Adjustments (F20)	23	1	10	1	-	7	4
Pre-1992 2nd preference	1,271	88	592	42	-	408	141
Spouses of alien residents	250	32	127	13	-	50	28
Unmarried sons/daughters of alien residents	755	45	398	22	-	216	74
Children of unmarried sons/daughters	266	11	67	7	-	142	39
Total, family 3rd preference	22,195	4,707	9,278	223	111	6,237	1,639
3rd preference, married sons/daughters of U.S. citizens	6,087	1,409	2,571	67	26	1,593	421
New arrivals (F31, A31)	5,948	1,377	2,503	66	26	1,565	411
New arrivals, conditional (C31)	7	2	3	-	-	1	1
Adjustments (F36, A36)	132	30	65	1	-	27	9
3rd preference, spouses of F31, F36, A31, A36, C31, C36	5,198	1,200	2,189	62	28	1,330	389
New arrivals (F32, A32)	5,095	1,177	2,140	60	26	1,315	377
New arrivals, conditional (C32)	9	2	5	-	1	-	1
Adjustments (F37, A37)	94	21	44	2	1	15	11
3rd preference, children of F31, F36, A31, A36, C31, C36	10,288	1,938	4,269	82	51	3,181	767
New arrivals (F33, A33)	10,141	1,910	4,187	81	45	3,156	762
New arrivals, conditional (C33)	1	-	1	-	-	-	-
Adjustments (F38, A38)	146	28	81	1	6	25	5
Pre-1992 4th preference	622	160	249	12	6	133	62
Married sons/daughters of U.S. citizens	194	65	77	6	1	29	16
Spouses of married sons/daughters	147	32	65	3	1	32	14
Children of married sons/daughters	281	63	107	3	4	72	32
Total, family 4th preference	60,195	2,286	39,040	1,005	315	13,563	3,986
4th preference, brothers or sisters of U.S. citizens	19,702	660	12,545	359	76	4,707	1,355
New arrivals (F41)	19,516	646	12,415	351	74	4,686	1,344
Adjustments, (F46)	186	14	130	8	2	21	11
4th preference, spouses of F41 and F46	13,002	478	8,939	232	57	2,477	819
New arrivals (F42)	12,919	473	8,877	229	56	2,471	813
Adjustments, (F47)	83	5	62	3	1	6	6
4th preference, children of F41 and F46	26,045	1,092	16,450	350	145	6,247	1,761
New arrivals (F43)	25,895	1,085	16,332	344	144	6,240	1,750
Adjustments (F48)	150	7	118	6	1	7	11
Pre-1992 5th preference	1,446	56	1,106	64	37	132	51
Brothers or sisters of U.S. citizens	499	17	389	21	8	46	18
Spouses of brothers or sisters	367	10	294	20	8	23	12
Children of brothers or sisters	580	29	423	23	21	63	21
Total, employment-based preferences	116,198	19,791	63,107	4,967	1,346	19,029	7,957
Total, employment 1st preference	5,456	1,760	2,188	173	152	946	237
1st preference, aliens with extraordinary ability	261	95	100	11	8	26	21
New arrivals (E11)	84	33	17	5	4	17	8
Adjustments (E16)	177	62	83	6	4	9	13
1st preference, outstanding professors or researchers	319	112	161	13	4	21	8
New arrivals (E12)	24	18	1	-	-	5	-
Adjustments (E17)	295	94	160	13	4	16	8
1st preference, multinational executives or managers	1,446	527	539	36	44	256	44
New arrivals (E13)	215	92	44	7	5	65	2
Adjustments (E18)	1,231	435	495	29	39	191	42
1st preference, spouses of E11, E16, E12, E17, E13, E18	1,505	493	621	45	31	246	69
New arrivals (E14)	249	93	67	4	5	72	8
Adjustments (E19)	1,256	400	554	41	26	174	61
1st preference, children of E11, E16, E12, E17, E13, E18	1,925	533	767	68	65	397	95
New arrivals (E15)	356	104	84	16	8	132	12
Adjustments (E10)	1,569	429	683	52	57	265	83
Total, employment 2nd preference	58,401	9,765	36,775	2,574	745	6,053	2,488
2nd preference, professionals holding advanced degrees	27,503	4,430	18,237	1,179	325	2,297	1,034
New arrivals (E21)	5,918	1,203	3,105	314	80	938	278

See footnotes at end of table.

**TABLE 5. IMMIGRANTS ADMITTED BY REGION OF BIRTH AND TYPE AND CLASS OF ADMISSION
FISCAL YEAR 1992—Continued**

Type and class of admission	Total ¹	Europe	Asia	Africa	Oceania	North America	South America
Adjustments (E26)	21,585	3,227	15,132	865	245	1,359	756
2nd preference, spouses of E21, E26	16,910	2,569	11,429	694	168	1,363	687
New arrivals (E22)	4,082	697	2,401	179	42	561	202
Adjustments (E27)	12,828	1,872	9,028	515	126	802	485
2nd preference, children of E21, E26	13,988	2,766	7,109	701	252	2,393	767
New arrivals (E23)	4,778	733	2,503	210	61	1,036	235
Adjustments (E28)	9,210	2,033	4,606	491	191	1,357	532
Total, employment 3rd preference	47,568	7,905	21,407	1,910	405	10,983	4,958
Total, skilled workers, professionals, and their families	38,636	7,347	18,283	1,744	383	7,372	3,507
3rd preference, skilled workers	12,257	2,895	5,013	554	140	2,490	1,165
New arrivals (E31)	8,906	2,099	3,226	367	75	2,105	1,034
Adjustments (E36)	3,351	796	1,787	187	65	385	131
3rd preference, professionals with a baccalaureate degree	4,192	573	2,873	203	39	325	179
New arrivals (E32)	840	125	519	49	7	96	44
Adjustments (E37)	3,352	448	2,354	154	32	229	135
3rd preference, spouses of E31, E36, E32, E37	9,911	1,878	5,000	425	90	1,662	856
New arrivals (E34)	6,171	1,255	2,614	233	35	1,326	708
Adjustments (E39)	3,740	623	2,386	192	55	336	148
3rd preference, children of E31, E36, E32, E37	12,276	2,001	5,397	562	114	2,895	1,307
New arrivals (E35)	8,587	1,344	3,423	317	52	2,347	1,104
Adjustments (E30)	3,689	657	1,974	245	62	548	203
Total, unskilled workers and their families	8,932	558	3,124	166	22	3,611	1,451
3rd preference, needed unskilled workers	4,017	283	1,364	76	9	1,620	665
New arrivals (EW3)	3,883	268	1,259	72	9	1,614	661
Adjustments (EW8)	134	15	105	4	-	6	4
3rd preference, spouses of EW3, EW8	1,735	116	694	32	2	590	301
New arrivals (EW4)	1,649	109	625	27	1	588	299
Adjustments (EW9)	86	7	69	5	1	2	2
3rd preference, children of EW3, EW8	3,180	159	1,066	58	11	1,401	485
New arrivals (EW5)	3,085	144	997	54	11	1,398	481
Adjustments (EW0)	95	15	69	4	-	3	4
Total, employment 4th preference, special immigrants	4,063	282	2,271	278	39	955	238
Total, ministers, spouses and children	1,073	90	550	80	15	256	82
Ministers	379	54	186	23	6	79	31
New arrivals (SD1)	85	21	44	4	3	12	1
Adjustments (SD6)	294	33	142	19	3	67	30
Spouses of ministers	233	18	119	19	4	61	12
New arrivals (SD2)	112	10	59	10	3	26	4
Adjustments (SD7)	121	8	60	9	1	35	8
Children of ministers	461	18	245	38	5	116	39
New arrivals (SD3)	285	15	149	30	1	69	21
Adjustments (SD8)	176	3	96	8	4	47	18
Total, employees of U.S. government abroad, spouses & children	1,264	18	1,059	64	3	102	18
Employees of U.S. government abroad	406	11	328	23	2	36	6
New arrivals (SE1)	401	11	326	22	2	34	6
Adjustments (SE6)	5	-	2	1	-	2	-
Spouses of employees of U.S. government abroad	319	6	276	8	1	22	6
New arrivals (SE2)	317	6	275	7	1	22	6
Adjustments (SE7)	2	-	1	1	-	-	-
Children of employees of U.S. government abroad	539	1	455	33	-	44	6
New arrivals (SE3)	534	-	454	32	-	42	6
Adjustments (SE8)	5	1	1	1	-	2	-
Total, Panama Canal Act (P.L. 96-70)	31	-	-	-	-	31	-
Certain former emp. of the PC Co. and CZ government	1	-	-	-	-	1	-
Adjustments (SF6)	1	-	-	-	-	1	-
Accompanying spouses or children of SF1 and SF6	3	-	-	-	-	3	-
New arrivals (SF2)	1	-	-	-	-	1	-
Adjustments (SF7)	2	-	-	-	-	2	-
Certain former emp. of U.S. government in Panama CZ	9	-	-	-	-	9	-
New arrivals (SG1)	9	-	-	-	-	9	-
Accompanying spouses or children of SG1 and SG6	13	-	-	-	-	18	-
New arrivals (SG2)	18	-	-	-	-	18	-
Total, retired employees of international organizations and their families	240	28	86	52	1	31	42
Retired employees of international organizations	25	8	6	1	-	2	8

See footnotes at end of table.

**TABLE 5. IMMIGRANTS ADMITTED BY REGION OF BIRTH AND TYPE AND CLASS OF ADMISSION
FISCAL YEAR 1992—Continued**

Type and class of admission	Total ¹	Europe	Asia	Africa	Oceania	North America	South America
Adjustments (SK6)	25	8	6	1	-	2	8
Accompanying spouses of SK1 or SK6	7	2	3	-	-	1	1
Adjustments (SK7)	7	2	3	-	-	1	1
Unmarried children of SK1 or SK6	207	18	77	50	1	28	33
New arrivals (SK3)	1	1	-	-	-	-	-
Adjustments (SK8)	206	17	77	50	1	28	33
Surviving spouses of employees of international organizations	1	-	-	1	-	-	-
Adjustments (SK9)	1	-	-	1	-	-	-
Total, juvenile court dependents	361	7	9	8	-	332	5
New arrivals (SL1)	2	-	2	-	-	-	-
Adjustments (SL6)	359	7	7	8	-	332	5
Total, aliens serving in U.S. Armed Forces, spouses, & children	207	2	204	-	-	1	-
Served in U.S. Armed Forces for 12 years (elig. after 10/1/91)	48	-	48	-	-	-	-
Adjustments (SM6)	48	-	48	-	-	-	-
Spouses of SM1 or SM6	40	-	40	-	-	-	-
Adjustments (SM7)	40	-	40	-	-	-	-
Children of SM1 or SM6	21	-	20	-	-	1	-
Adjustments (SM8)	21	-	20	-	-	1	-
Served in U.S. Armed Forces for 12 years (elig. before 10/1/91)	51	-	51	-	-	-	-
Adjustments (SM9)	51	-	51	-	-	-	-
Spouses or children of SM4 or SM9	47	2	45	-	-	-	-
Adjustments (SM0)	47	2	45	-	-	-	-
Total, religious workers and their families	887	137	363	74	20	202	91
Religious workers	488	97	195	32	6	111	47
New arrivals (SR1)	131	22	42	8	2	38	19
Adjustments (SR6)	357	75	153	24	4	73	28
Spouses of SR1 or SR6	158	21	65	15	5	34	18
New arrivals (SR2)	64	5	22	7	3	17	10
Adjustments (SR7)	94	16	43	8	2	17	8
Children of SR1 or SR6	241	19	103	27	9	57	26
New arrivals (SR3)	114	8	43	18	7	22	16
Adjustments (SR8)	127	11	60	9	2	35	10
Total, employment 5th preference	59	7	43	3	1	4	1
5th preference, employment creation, not in targeted area	21	1	17	-	1	2	-
New arrivals, conditional (C51)	8	-	5	-	1	2	-
Adjustments, conditional (C56)	13	1	12	-	-	-	-
5th preference, spouses of C51, C56	12	-	11	-	-	1	-
New arrivals, conditional (C52)	4	-	3	-	-	1	-
Adjustments, conditional (C57)	8	-	8	-	-	-	-
5th preference, children of C51, C56	20	2	15	1	-	1	1
New arrivals, conditional (C53)	6	-	5	-	-	1	-
Adjustments, conditional (C58)	14	2	10	1	-	-	1
5th preference, employment creation, targeted area	3	2	-	1	-	-	-
New arrivals, conditional (T51)	1	-	-	1	-	-	-
Adjustments, conditional (T56)	2	2	-	-	-	-	-
5th preference, children of T51, T56	3	2	-	1	-	-	-
New arrivals, conditional (T53)	1	-	-	1	-	-	-
Adjustments, conditional (T58)	2	2	-	-	-	-	-
Total, pre-1992 3rd preference	340	44	241	18	3	29	5
Professional or highly skilled immigrants	121	14	89	7	2	8	1
Spouses	114	16	87	4	-	6	1
Children	105	14	65	7	1	15	3
Total, pre-1992 6th preference	311	28	182	11	1	59	30
Needed skilled or unskilled workers	106	14	64	4	1	12	11
Spouses	80	8	50	2	-	13	7
Children	125	6	68	5	-	34	12

See footnotes at end of table.

**TABLE 5. IMMIGRANTS ADMITTED BY REGION OF BIRTH AND TYPE AND CLASS OF ADMISSION
FISCAL YEAR 1992—Continued**

Type and class of admission	Total ¹	Europe	Asia	Africa	Oceania	North America	South America
Total, exempt from direct numerical limitations	644,656	113,832	206,273	18,370	3,073	271,871	31,218
Total, immediate relatives of U.S. citizens	235,484	33,808	102,414	10,630	2,262	66,819	19,551
Total, spouses of U.S. citizens	128,396	25,593	42,590	7,602	1,828	40,380	10,403
New arrivals (IR1)	21,996	4,021	6,287	575	282	9,421	1,410
New arrivals, conditional (CR1)	39,635	6,647	14,597	1,307	401	13,674	3,009
New arrivals, widow or widower (IW1)	11	4	2	-	-	5	-
Adjustments (IR6)	11,000	1,802	3,785	902	179	3,427	905
Adjustments, conditional (CR6)	49,337	11,898	14,607	4,565	863	12,677	4,727
Adjustments, entered as a fiancé(e) (IF1)	97	13	71	3	-	7	3
Adjustments, entered as a fiancé(e), conditional (CF1)	6,303	1,204	3,236	249	103	1,163	348
Adjustments, widow or widower (IW6)	17	4	5	1	-	6	1
Total, children of U.S. citizens	42,324	4,473	15,692	1,350	248	16,334	4,227
New arrivals (IR2, AR1)	23,413	1,489	9,270	926	97	10,229	1,402
New arrivals, conditional (CR2)	4,962	1,037	1,337	71	42	1,875	600
Adjustments (IR7, AR6)	4,131	482	1,242	218	54	1,735	400
Adjustments, conditional (CR7)	2,694	503	552	56	39	1,168	376
Adjustments, entered as child of a fiancé(e) (IF2)	30	1	22	4	-	3	-
Adjustments, entered as child of a fiancé(e), conditional (CF2)	558	87	237	12	3	188	31
Total, orphans	6,536	874	3,032	63	13	1,136	1,418
Orphans adopted abroad	3,078	615	399	47	3	872	1,142
New arrivals (IR3)	3,037	613	383	44	3	853	1,141
Adjustments (IR8)	41	2	16	3	-	19	1
Orphans to be adopted	3,458	259	2,633	16	10	264	276
New arrivals (IR4)	3,423	259	2,630	16	10	232	276
Adjustments (IR9)	35	-	3	-	-	32	-
Total, parents of adult U.S. citizens	64,764	3,742	44,132	1,678	186	10,105	4,921
New arrivals (IR5)	47,407	1,771	34,274	802	97	7,101	3,362
Adjustments (IR0)	17,357	1,971	9,858	876	89	3,004	1,559
Total, refugee and asylee adjustments	117,037	42,721	53,422	4,480	9	15,962	442
Refugee escapees (P.L. 86-648) (M83)	1	-	1	-	-	-	-
Total, Cuban refugees (P.L. 89-732)	5,365	35	5	-	-	5,168	157
Cuban refugees (CU6)	5,033	10	2	-	-	5,011	10
Non-Cuban spouses or children of Cuban refugees (CU7)	332	25	3	-	-	157	147
Total, Indochinese refugees (P.L. 95-145)	29	-	29	-	-	-	-
Indochinese refugees (IC6)	28	-	28	-	-	-	-
Spouse or child of Indochinese refugees (IC7)	1	-	1	-	-	-	-
Refugee parolees (P.L. 95-412) (R86)	82	15	62	-	-	5	-
Total, refugees (P.L. 96-212)	100,902	41,222	50,964	3,581	1	4,989	144
Refugees (RE6)	54,465	20,955	26,390	2,346	-	4,651	123
Spouses of refugees (RE7)	15,382	7,991	6,926	339	1	120	5
Children of refugees (RE8)	31,055	12,276	17,648	896	-	218	16
Total, asylees (P.L. 96-212)	10,658	1,449	2,361	899	8	5,800	141
Asylees (AS6)	6,044	730	1,445	718	3	3,095	53
Spouses of asylees (AS7)	1,377	228	381	62	2	675	29
Children of asylees (AS8)	3,237	491	535	119	3	2,030	59
Total, Amerasians (P.L. 100-202)	17,253	-	17,253	-	-	-	-
Amerasians, born in Vietnam from 1/1/62-1/1/76	4,261	-	4,261	-	-	-	-
New arrivals (AM1)	4,261	-	4,261	-	-	-	-
Spouses or children of AM1 or AM6	2,590	-	2,590	-	-	-	-
New arrivals (AM2)	2,589	-	2,589	-	-	-	-
Adjustments (AM7)	1	-	1	-	-	-	-
Mothers, guardians, or next-of-kin of AM1 or AM6	10,402	-	10,402	-	-	-	-
New arrivals (AM3)	10,401	-	10,401	-	-	-	-
Adjustments (AM8)	1	-	1	-	-	-	-

See footnotes at end of table.

**TABLE 5. IMMIGRANTS ADMITTED BY REGION OF BIRTH AND TYPE AND CLASS OF ADMISSION
FISCAL YEAR 1992—Continued**

Type and class of admission	Total ¹	Europe	Asia	Africa	Oceania	North America	South America
Total, IRCA legalization adjustments	163,342	1,663	8,402	2,260	684	145,495	4,820
Entered without inspection before 1/1/82 (W16)	39,051	152	290	215	18	37,086	1,287
Entered as nonimmigrant and overstayed before 1/1/82 (W26)	7,193	588	883	581	164	4,243	732
Blanket EVD group (W36)	718	495	59	164	-	-	-
Special agricultural workers (SAW), working in 1984-86 (S16)	1,214	9	68	11	2	1,068	55
Special agricultural workers (SAW), working in 1986 (S26)	115,166	419	7,102	1,289	500	103,098	2,746
Total, legalization dependents	52,272	1,925	5,271	332	22	39,870	4,852
Spouses of aliens granted legalization	14,722	831	1,958	140	5	10,107	1,681
New arrivals (LB1)	14,670	829	1,922	133	5	10,102	1,679
Adjustments (LB6)	52	2	36	7	-	5	2
Children of aliens granted legalization	37,550	1,094	3,313	192	17	29,763	3,171
New arrivals (LB2)	37,513	1,088	3,296	189	16	29,757	3,167
Adjustments (LB7)	37	6	17	3	1	6	4
Total, employees of U.S. businesses in Hong Kong and their families	252	1	247	-	1	3	-
Employees of U.S. businesses in Hong Kong	90	1	88	-	1	-	-
New arrivals (HK1)	84	1	82	-	1	-	-
Adjustments (HK6)	6	-	6	-	-	-	-
Spouses of HK1, HK6	70	-	70	-	-	-	-
New arrivals (HK2)	65	-	65	-	-	-	-
Adjustments (HK7)	5	-	5	-	-	-	-
Children of HK1, HK6	92	-	89	-	-	3	-
New arrivals (HK3)	85	-	85	-	-	-	-
Adjustments (HK8)	7	-	4	-	-	3	-
Total, diversity transition	33,911	25,401	6,724	322	40	253	1,171
Natives of certain foreign states	22,452	17,228	4,411	191	10	27	585
New arrivals (AA1)	20,918	16,372	3,866	152	7	21	500
Adjustments (AA6)	1,534	856	545	39	3	6	85
Spouses of AA1, AA6	5,564	3,807	1,315	85	13	72	272
New arrivals (AA2)	5,033	3,572	1,102	64	11	64	220
Adjustments (AA7)	531	235	213	21	2	8	52
Children of AA1, AA6	5,895	4,366	998	46	17	154	314
New arrivals (AA3)	5,378	4,137	790	38	13	135	265
Adjustments (AA8)	517	229	208	8	4	19	49
Total, displaced Tibetans	302	-	302	-	-	-	-
Displaced Tibetans	302	-	302	-	-	-	-
New arrivals (DT1)	302	-	302	-	-	-	-
Total, nonpreference (P.L. 99-603)	1,557	855	352	50	6	250	44
New arrivals (NP5)	1,548	852	350	48	6	249	43
Adjustments (NP0)	9	3	2	2	-	1	1
Total, natives of underrepresented countries (P.L. 100-658)	880	61	621	95	4	52	47
New arrivals (OP1)	878	60	620	95	4	52	47
Adjustments (OP6)	2	1	1	-	-	-	-
Total, other adjustments	19,657	7,071	10,403	168	26	1,861	128
Suspension of deportation - other than crewman, Section 244 (Z13)	1,013	46	254	62	9	585	57
Section 249, entered before 7/1/24 (Z33)	7	4	-	-	-	3	-
Section 249, entered 7/1/24-6/28/40 (Z03)	4	1	-	-	-	3	-
Section 249, entered 6/29/40-1/1/72 (Z66)	1,293	63	98	28	5	1,040	59
Private bill (Z43)	3	-	1	2	-	-	-
Section 13 (P.L. 85-316) (Z83)	1	-	-	1	-	-	-
Cuban/Haitian entrants (P.L. 99-603) (CH6)	99	-	-	-	-	99	-
Individuals born under diplomatic status in U.S. (DS1)	4	-	-	-	-	4	-
Parolees, Soviet Union or Indochina (LA6)	13,661	6,827	6,786	45	-	2	1
Total, former H-1 nurses (P.L. 101-238)	3,572	130	3,264	30	12	125	11
Nurses (RN6)	2,075	89	1,890	14	8	69	5
Accompanying spouse or child of RN6 (RN7)	1,497	41	1,374	16	4	56	6

See footnotes at end of table.

**TABLE 5. IMMIGRANTS ADMITTED BY REGION OF BIRTH AND TYPE AND CLASS OF ADMISSION
FISCAL YEAR 1992—Continued**

Type and class of admission	Total ¹	Europe	Asia	Africa	Oceania	North America	South America
Total, other classes	2,709	326	862	33	19	1,306	163
Children born abroad to alien residents (NA3)	2,116	301	597	31	17	1,011	159
American Indians born in Canada (S13)	220	-	-	-	-	220	-
Total, children born subsequent to issuance of visa	373	25	265	2	2	75	4
Parent's visa type is unknown (XA3)	15	-	14	-	1	-	-
Parent's visa type is family-sponsored preference (XF3)	83	10	43	-	-	28	2
Parent's visa type is employment-based preference (XE3)	15	1	6	1	-	7	-
Parent's visa type is immediate relative (XR3)	62	2	22	1	-	36	1
Parent's visa type is not family-sponsored, employment-based or immediate relative (XN3)	198	12	180	-	1	4	1

¹ Includes 20 persons with an unknown continent of birth.

- Represents zero. NOTE: Symbol enclosed in parentheses is the visa or adjustment symbol.

**TABLE 6. IMMIGRANTS ADMITTED BY CLASS OF ADMISSION AND REGION AND SELECTED FOREIGN STATE
OF CHARGEABILITY UNDER DIRECT NUMERICAL LIMITATION
FISCAL YEAR 1992**

Region and foreign state of chargeability	Total	Family-sponsored preferences					Employment-based preferences						
		Total	1st pref. ¹	2nd pref. ²	3rd pref. ³	4th pref. ⁴	Total	1st pref.	2nd pref.	3rd pref.	4th pref.	5th pref.	Pre-1992 3rd and 6th pref. ⁵
All countries	329,321	213,123	12,486	118,247	22,195	60,195	116,198	5,456	58,401	47,568	4,063	59	651
Europe	37,670	15,013	1,256	3,172	5,149	5,436	22,657	1,906	11,427	9,065	161	10	88
Austria	240	18	2	13	1	2	222	16	95	109	2	-	-
Belgium	408	20	2	11	6	1	388	39	246	99	4	-	-
Czechoslovakia	214	87	25	13	45	4	127	20	64	42	1	-	-
Denmark	237	28	10	13	2	3	209	16	103	90	-	-	-
Finland	184	10	1	4	4	1	174	20	108	46	-	-	-
France	1,314	160	39	64	26	31	1,154	107	627	406	10	-	4
Germany	1,778	235	38	89	54	54	1,543	207	786	534	4	-	12
Greece	491	183	18	51	22	92	308	10	174	121	2	-	1
Hungary	410	87	17	24	43	3	323	31	208	81	1	-	2
Ireland	839	148	43	59	27	19	691	40	412	230	9	-	-
Italy	764	193	17	86	36	54	571	53	257	252	6	-	3
Netherlands	762	106	9	45	22	30	656	66	349	233	3	4	1
Norway	181	19	5	9	4	1	162	26	85	50	-	-	1
Poland	7,885	6,344	573	948	3,804	1,019	1,541	18	585	896	32	-	10
Portugal	1,861	736	1	239	70	426	1,125	14	69	1,032	4	-	6
Portugal	1,611	580	-	201	48	331	1,031	10	40	971	4	-	6
Macau	250	156	1	38	22	95	94	4	29	61	-	-	-
Romania	451	205	44	92	65	4	246	12	143	87	3	-	1
Soviet Union	744	180	60	34	69	17	564	135	265	160	3	-	1
Spain	503	81	8	39	18	16	422	16	156	234	15	-	1
Sweden	576	39	8	21	5	5	537	57	257	219	1	-	3
Switzerland	417	20	2	9	8	1	397	48	208	135	4	-	2
United Kingdom	16,027	5,556	245	1,195	642	3,474	10,471	892	5,817	3,676	42	6	38
United Kingdom	8,815	1,127	168	330	225	404	7,688	758	4,264	2,611	31	3	21
Hong Kong	7,040	4,334	61	839	393	3,041	2,706	134	1,522	1,023	7	3	17
Other United Kingdom	172	95	16	26	24	29	77	-	31	42	4	-	-
Yugoslavia	1,030	421	50	94	107	170	609	45	319	236	7	-	2
Other Europe	354	137	39	20	69	9	217	18	94	97	8	-	-
Asia	127,553	69,002	3,821	20,508	8,863	35,810	58,551	2,037	35,166	20,294	610	36	408
Bangladesh	1,490	1,003	17	316	76	594	487	5	385	95	1	-	1
Burma	533	421	8	143	82	188	112	2	69	39	2	-	-
China, Mainland	22,965	11,511	114	3,754	2,270	5,373	11,454	409	7,714	3,293	13	1	24
India	22,297	12,710	74	3,476	681	8,479	9,587	274	6,571	2,594	68	5	75
Indonesia	629	197	8	57	20	112	432	35	262	130	5	-	-
Iran	3,672	1,302	34	793	155	320	2,370	24	1,125	1,206	6	1	8
Iraq	2,309	2,142	26	97	259	1,760	167	4	101	57	3	2	-
Israel	2,925	364	53	105	83	123	2,561	69	1,299	1,155	25	3	10
Japan	3,416	205	9	123	27	46	3,211	349	1,512	1,334	5	-	11
Jordan	1,290	1,031	29	458	180	364	259	11	150	97	1	-	-
Korea	9,597	5,053	90	2,131	512	2,320	4,544	239	1,886	2,196	128	1	94
Kuwait	374	242	8	122	30	82	132	10	72	50	-	-	-
Lebanon	2,541	1,384	41	894	210	239	1,157	23	424	698	8	-	4
Malaysia	1,319	188	4	93	18	73	1,131	21	750	349	3	-	8
Pakistan	5,337	4,158	53	1,121	237	2,747	1,179	90	665	401	7	6	10
Philippines	19,191	10,428	1,699	3,022	1,522	4,185	8,763	249	5,345	2,788	286	-	95
Singapore	471	56	2	23	6	25	415	25	275	108	4	-	3
Sri Lanka	712	171	11	61	30	69	541	5	322	203	4	-	7
Syria	956	540	13	255	92	180	416	4	200	208	2	-	2
Taiwan	11,723	3,807	85	1,366	276	2,080	7,916	167	5,309	2,348	27	16	49
Thailand	1,098	673	55	307	45	266	425	-	140	273	8	-	4
Turkey	932	192	12	67	12	101	740	5	294	440	1	-	-
Vietnam	9,972	9,846	874	1,432	1,652	5,888	126	4	58	62	-	-	2
Yemen	812	800	419	129	240	12	12	-	7	4	-	-	1
Other Asia	992	578	83	163	148	184	414	13	231	166	3	1	-
Africa	7,876	3,222	245	1,613	226	1,138	4,654	165	2,502	1,870	83	5	29
Cape Verde	381	381	4	317	12	48	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Egypt	1,407	748	20	272	82	374	659	20	379	250	9	-	1
Ethiopia	245	158	10	143	2	3	87	1	44	40	2	-	-
Ghana	489	306	103	161	16	26	183	7	135	33	5	-	3

See footnotes at end of table.

**TABLE 6. IMMIGRANTS ADMITTED BY CLASS OF ADMISSION AND REGION AND SELECTED FOREIGN STATE
OF CHARGEABILITY UNDER DIRECT NUMERICAL LIMITATION
FISCAL YEAR 1992—Continued**

Region and foreign state of chargeability	Total	Family-sponsored preferences					Employment-based preferences						
		Total	1st pref. ¹	2nd pref. ²	3rd pref. ³	4th pref. ⁴	Total	1st pref.	2nd pref.	3rd pref.	4th pref.	5th pref.	Pre-1992 3rd and 6th pref. ⁵
Kenya	534	338	2	64	15	257	196	11	89	89	7	-	-
Nigeria	1,034	227	21	182	5	19	807	34	599	137	31	-	6
Sierra Leone	236	151	12	126	2	11	85	-	24	58	-	-	3
South Africa	1,754	140	17	32	39	52	1,614	59	716	815	18	2	4
Tanzania	240	134	2	19	2	111	106	3	41	58	2	-	2
Uganda	215	135	2	16	4	113	80	4	60	15	1	-	-
Other Africa	1,341	504	52	281	47	124	837	26	415	375	8	3	10
Oceania	2,017	725	43	257	107	318	1,292	144	729	393	20	1	5
Australia	894	50	13	6	23	8	844	119	499	214	8	-	4
Fiji	477	436	1	150	44	241	41	-	15	21	5	-	-
New Zealand	449	70	11	18	23	18	379	25	209	139	5	1	-
Other Oceania	197	169	18	83	17	51	28	-	6	19	2	-	1
North America	65,198	46,494	6,141	20,642	6,211	13,500	18,704	968	6,099	10,996	549	6	86
Canada	7,813	1,367	329	219	448	371	6,446	863	3,467	2,045	49	1	21
Mexico	16,603	13,385	2,314	2,667	2,154	6,250	3,218	40	671	2,241	258	5	3
Caribbean	26,651	23,067	2,938	11,619	2,830	5,680	3,584	34	1,615	1,829	87	-	19
Antigua-Barbuda	289	267	37	138	23	69	22	-	5	16	-	-	1
Barbados	527	425	66	204	45	110	102	-	31	71	-	-	-
Cuba	1,214	1,200	208	214	478	300	14	-	4	3	7	-	-
Dominica	399	343	38	173	29	103	56	-	32	23	1	-	-
Dominican Republic	9,504	9,262	1,168	4,608	806	2,680	242	6	70	134	32	-	-
Grenada	377	272	31	120	34	87	105	-	33	71	-	-	1
Haiti	611	551	59	381	12	99	60	-	26	20	14	-	-
Jamaica	9,168	7,779	828	4,491	673	1,787	1,389	11	633	722	13	-	10
St. Kitts-Nevis	371	337	64	165	47	61	34	-	3	30	1	-	-
St. Lucia	276	233	25	123	23	62	43	-	12	30	1	-	-
St. Vincent & Grenadines	330	217	37	119	12	49	113	-	39	74	-	-	-
Trinidad & Tobago	3,460	2,088	351	824	640	273	1,372	16	711	625	13	-	7
Other Caribbean	125	93	26	59	8	-	32	1	16	10	5	-	-
Central America	14,131	8,675	560	6,137	779	1,199	5,456	31	346	4,881	155	-	43
Belize	331	267	26	158	60	23	64	-	3	57	4	-	-
Costa Rica	431	264	32	159	25	48	167	6	49	111	1	-	-
El Salvador	6,097	3,106	92	2,682	95	237	2,991	4	50	2,837	71	-	29
Guatemala	3,161	1,886	82	1,346	125	333	1,275	4	35	1,185	42	-	9
Honduras	2,015	1,639	145	1,006	206	282	376	-	24	338	14	-	-
Nicaragua	1,388	1,034	85	602	164	183	354	-	64	269	18	-	3
Panama	708	479	98	184	104	93	229	17	121	84	5	-	2
South America	20,760	12,955	980	6,343	1,639	3,993	7,805	236	2,478	4,950	105	1	35
Argentina	1,413	304	34	124	90	56	1,109	56	546	494	11	1	1
Bolivia	595	193	19	96	24	54	402	2	33	367	-	-	-
Brazil	1,405	291	27	178	35	51	1,114	92	478	502	38	-	4
Chile	712	336	26	168	53	89	376	9	175	185	6	-	1
Colombia	4,260	3,003	224	1,730	289	760	1,257	24	263	942	22	-	6
Ecuador	2,497	1,718	103	1,098	197	320	779	7	70	690	1	-	11
Guyana	5,371	4,714	333	1,908	578	1,895	657	4	250	392	9	-	2
Paraguay	100	40	3	20	1	16	60	-	11	46	-	-	3
Peru	3,210	1,961	167	869	277	648	1,249	13	347	867	15	-	7
Uruguay	277	100	9	23	21	47	177	3	46	128	-	-	-
Venezuela	830	255	34	103	68	50	575	21	253	298	3	-	-
Other South America	90	40	1	26	6	7	50	5	6	39	-	-	-
No country limitation	68,247	65,712	-	65,712	-	-	2,535	-	-	-	2,535	-	-

¹ Includes 259 immigrants issued visas before fiscal year 1992 as first preference.

² Includes 1,271 immigrants issued visas before fiscal year 1992 as second preference.

³ Includes 622 immigrants issued visas before fiscal year 1992 as fourth preference.

⁴ Includes 1,446 immigrants issued visas before fiscal year 1992 as fifth preference.

⁵ Immigrants issued visas before fiscal year 1992 as third and sixth preferences.

- Represents zero.

**TABLE 7. IMMIGRANTS ADMITTED BY TYPE OF ADMISSION AND REGION AND SELECTED COUNTRY OF BIRTH
FISCAL YEAR 1992**

Region and country of birth	Immigrants admitted			New arrivals			Adjustments		
	Total	Subject to direct nu- merical lim- itations	Exempt from direct nu- merical lim- itations	Total	Subject to direct nu- merical lim- itations	Exempt from direct nu- merical lim- itations	Total	Subject to direct nu- merical lim- itations	Exempt from direct nu- merical lim- itations
All countries	973,977	329,321	644,656	511,769	261,451	250,318	462,208	67,870	394,338
Europe	145,392	31,560	113,832	62,912	19,834	43,078	82,480	11,726	70,754
Albania	682	28	654	133	28	105	549	-	549
Austria	701	235	466	308	147	161	393	88	305
Belgium	780	419	361	331	167	164	449	252	197
Bulgaria	1,049	163	886	264	83	181	785	80	705
Czechoslovakia	1,181	230	951	487	145	342	694	85	609
Denmark	764	241	523	390	103	287	374	138	236
France	3,288	1,286	2,002	1,433	593	840	1,855	693	1,162
Germany	9,888	1,854	8,034	6,400	816	5,584	3,488	1,038	2,450
Greece	1,858	520	1,338	774	337	437	1,084	183	901
Hungary	1,304	436	868	492	196	296	812	240	572
Ireland	12,226	892	11,334	10,650	468	10,182	1,576	424	1,152
Italy	2,592	790	1,802	1,165	459	706	1,427	331	1,096
Netherlands	1,586	763	823	660	312	348	926	451	475
Norway	665	184	481	349	91	258	316	93	223
Poland	25,504	8,629	16,875	20,731	8,020	12,711	4,773	609	4,164
Portugal	2,748	1,698	1,050	2,072	1,616	456	676	82	594
Romania	6,500	489	6,011	787	306	481	5,713	183	5,530
Soviet Union, former	43,614	792	42,822	1,924	365	1,559	41,690	427	41,263
Armenia	6,145	22	6,123	52	19	33	6,093	3	6,090
Azerbaijan	1,640	19	1,621	26	14	12	1,614	5	1,609
Belarus	3,233	20	3,213	150	13	137	3,083	7	3,076
Moldova	1,705	42	1,663	69	23	46	1,636	19	1,617
Russia	8,857	358	8,499	693	89	604	8,164	269	7,895
Ukraine	14,383	146	14,237	527	75	452	13,856	71	13,785
Uzbekistan	1,712	57	1,655	69	43	26	1,643	14	1,629
Other republics	1,286	45	1,241	57	27	30	1,229	18	1,211
Unknown republic	4,653	83	4,570	281	62	219	4,372	21	4,351
Spain	1,631	534	1,097	855	343	512	776	191	585
Sweden	1,463	581	882	717	311	406	746	270	476
Switzerland	1,023	422	601	436	144	292	587	278	309
United Kingdom	19,973	8,894	11,079	9,616	3,888	5,728	10,357	5,006	5,351
Yugoslavia	2,604	1,101	1,503	1,379	698	681	1,225	403	822
Other Europe	1,768	379	1,389	559	198	361	1,209	181	1,028
Asia	356,955	150,682	206,273	207,822	108,449	99,373	149,133	42,233	106,900
Afghanistan	2,685	218	2,467	422	199	223	2,263	19	2,244
Bangladesh	3,740	1,766	1,974	2,538	1,397	1,141	1,202	369	833
Burma	816	549	267	570	434	136	246	115	131
Cambodia	2,573	154	2,419	566	140	426	2,007	14	1,993
China, Mainland	38,907	23,256	15,651	24,818	13,551	11,267	14,089	9,705	4,384
Hong Kong	10,452	8,505	1,947	7,542	6,611	931	2,910	1,894	1,016
India	36,755	24,154	12,601	23,536	16,493	7,043	13,219	7,661	5,558
Indonesia	2,916	662	2,254	2,158	360	1,798	758	302	456
Iran	13,233	4,116	9,117	5,089	2,956	2,133	8,144	1,160	6,984
Iraq	4,111	2,337	1,774	3,329	2,210	1,119	782	127	655
Israel	5,104	3,040	2,064	2,076	1,517	559	3,028	1,523	1,505
Japan	11,028	3,491	7,537	6,756	1,517	5,239	4,272	1,974	2,298
Jordan	4,036	1,430	2,606	2,498	1,237	1,261	1,538	193	1,345
Korea	19,359	10,982	8,377	14,062	8,281	5,781	5,297	2,701	2,596
Kuwait	989	486	503	458	343	115	531	143	388
Laos	8,696	143	8,553	259	118	141	8,437	25	8,412
Lebanon	5,838	2,684	3,154	3,309	2,120	1,189	2,529	564	1,965
Malaysia	2,235	1,425	810	824	608	216	1,411	817	594
Pakistan	10,214	5,574	4,640	7,160	4,781	2,379	3,054	793	2,261
Philippines	61,022	24,143	36,879	43,606	20,718	22,888	17,416	3,425	13,991
Singapore	774	482	292	252	155	97	522	327	195
Sri Lanka	1,081	723	358	507	337	170	574	386	188
Syria	2,940	950	1,990	1,359	748	611	1,581	202	1,379
Taiwan	16,344	12,978	3,366	7,668	6,113	1,555	8,676	6,865	1,811
Thailand	7,090	1,306	5,784	2,012	1,150	862	5,078	156	4,922
Turkey	2,488	980	1,508	1,275	624	651	1,213	356	857
Vietnam	77,735	12,275	65,460	40,213	12,171	28,042	37,522	104	37,418
Yemen	2,056	811	1,245	1,933	782	1,151	123	29	94
Other Asia	1,738	1,062	676	1,027	778	249	711	284	427

**TABLE 7. IMMIGRANTS ADMITTED BY TYPE OF ADMISSION AND REGION AND SELECTED COUNTRY OF BIRTH
FISCAL YEAR 1992—Continued**

Region and country of birth	Immigrants admitted			New arrivals			Adjustments		
	Total	Subject to direct numerical limitations	Exempt from direct numerical limitations	Total	Subject to direct numerical limitations	Exempt from direct numerical limitations	Total	Subject to direct numerical limitations	Exempt from direct numerical limitations
Africa	27,086	8,716	18,370	10,137	5,644	4,493	16,949	3,072	13,877
Cape Verde	757	373	384	517	371	146	240	2	238
Egypt	3,576	1,541	2,035	2,066	1,143	923	1,510	398	1,112
Ethiopia	4,602	320	4,282	604	250	354	3,998	70	3,928
Ghana	1,867	557	1,310	976	434	542	891	123	768
Kenya	953	527	426	482	382	100	471	145	326
Liberia	999	280	719	457	226	231	542	54	488
Morocco	1,316	219	1,097	334	150	184	982	69	913
Nigeria	4,551	1,356	3,195	1,716	839	877	2,835	517	2,318
Sierra Leone	693	242	451	298	215	83	395	27	368
South Africa	2,516	1,808	708	998	740	258	1,518	1,068	450
Sudan	675	86	589	86	38	48	589	48	541
Other Africa	4,581	1,407	3,174	1,603	856	747	2,978	551	2,427
Oceania	5,169	2,096	3,073	2,157	1,143	1,014	3,012	953	2,059
Australia	2,238	955	1,283	839	269	570	1,399	686	713
Fiji	807	471	336	631	464	167	176	7	169
New Zealand	967	456	511	375	215	160	592	241	351
Tonga	703	136	567	178	134	44	525	2	523
Other Oceania	454	78	376	134	61	73	320	17	303
North America	384,047	112,176	271,871	190,340	105,264	85,076	193,707	6,912	186,795
Canada	15,205	7,849	7,356	7,742	4,073	3,669	7,463	3,776	3,687
Mexico	213,802	36,587	177,215	82,599	35,648	46,951	131,203	939	130,264
Caribbean	97,413	46,581	50,832	61,953	45,005	16,948	35,460	1,576	33,884
Bahamas, The	641	148	493	222	127	95	419	21	398
Barbados	1,091	610	481	707	572	135	384	38	346
Cuba	11,791	1,283	10,508	1,616	1,253	363	10,175	30	10,145
Dominica	809	455	354	619	445	174	190	10	180
Dominican Republic	41,969	26,761	15,208	37,123	26,581	10,542	4,846	180	4,666
Grenada	848	476	372	616	465	151	232	11	221
Haiti	11,002	758	10,244	1,200	668	532	9,802	90	9,712
Jamaica	18,915	10,478	8,437	13,553	9,975	3,578	5,362	503	4,859
St. Lucia	654	337	317	427	327	100	227	10	217
St. Vincent & Gren.	687	412	275	495	392	103	192	20	172
Trinidad & Tobago	7,008	3,791	3,217	4,108	3,216	892	2,900	575	2,325
Other Caribbean	1,998	1,072	926	1,267	984	283	731	88	643
Central America	57,558	21,138	36,420	38,004	20,526	17,478	19,554	612	18,942
Belize	1,020	420	600	660	412	248	360	8	352
Costa Rica	1,480	506	974	984	457	527	496	49	447
El Salvador	26,191	9,713	16,478	19,848	9,558	10,290	6,343	155	6,188
Guatemala	10,521	5,112	5,409	6,744	5,009	1,735	3,777	103	3,674
Honduras	6,552	2,735	3,817	5,007	2,678	2,329	1,545	57	1,488
Nicaragua	8,949	1,810	7,139	3,122	1,740	1,382	5,827	70	5,757
Panama	2,845	842	2,003	1,639	672	967	1,206	170	1,036
Other North America	69	21	48	42	12	30	27	9	18
South America	55,308	24,090	31,218	38,401	21,117	17,284	16,907	2,973	13,934
Argentina	3,877	1,523	2,354	2,252	870	1,382	1,625	653	972
Bolivia	1,510	697	813	1,060	658	402	450	39	411
Brazil	4,755	1,548	3,207	1,710	956	754	3,045	592	2,453
Chile	1,937	789	1,148	1,135	612	523	802	177	625
Colombia	13,201	4,940	8,261	9,410	4,541	4,869	3,791	399	3,392
Ecuador	7,286	3,337	3,949	6,013	3,254	2,759	1,273	83	1,190
Guyana	9,064	6,000	3,064	7,833	5,799	2,034	1,231	201	1,030
Peru	9,868	3,788	6,080	7,048	3,393	3,655	2,820	395	2,425
Uruguay	716	302	414	437	249	188	279	53	226
Venezuela	2,340	922	1,418	945	573	372	1,395	349	1,046
Other South America	754	244	510	558	212	346	196	32	164
Born on board ship	2	1	1	-	-	-	2	1	1
Unknown or not reported	18	-	18	-	-	-	18	-	18

- Represents zero.

**TABLE 8. IMMIGRANTS ADMITTED BY SELECTED CLASS OF ADMISSION
AND REGION AND SELECTED COUNTRY OF BIRTH
FISCAL YEAR 1992**

Region and country of birth	Total	Family-sponsored preferences	Employment-based preferences	Immediate relatives of U.S. citizens				Refugee and asylee adjustments	Diversity transition	IRCA legalization	Legalization dependents	Other ¹
				Total	Spouses	Children	Parents					
All countries	973,977	213,123	116,198	235,484	128,396	42,324	64,764	117,037	33,911	163,342	52,272	42,610
Europe	145,392	11,769	19,791	33,808	25,593	4,473	3,742	42,721	25,401	1,663	1,925	8,314
Albania	682	28	-	98	51	38	9	539	14	2	-	1
Austria	701	21	214	294	268	15	11	90	70	4	-	8
Belgium	780	27	392	273	231	25	17	1	68	9	3	7
Bulgaria	1,049	66	97	284	106	108	70	562	2	3	-	35
Czechoslovakia	1,181	97	133	441	326	59	56	319	176	3	2	10
Denmark	764	28	213	393	359	21	13	-	121	4	1	4
France	3,288	158	1,128	1,400	1,244	89	67	13	488	44	6	51
Germany	9,888	302	1,552	7,315	6,154	1,012	149	94	460	62	11	92
Greece	1,858	215	305	932	681	83	168	28	7	68	11	292
Hungary	1,304	101	335	433	315	63	55	229	171	15	-	20
Ireland	12,226	180	712	908	809	75	24	2	10,066	59	6	293
Italy	2,592	207	583	1,286	1,042	74	170	105	314	42	24	31
Netherlands	1,586	101	662	650	597	26	27	2	119	24	7	21
Norway	665	21	163	325	297	23	5	-	148	1	1	6
Poland	25,504	7,054	1,575	3,174	1,758	747	669	1,512	9,383	667	1,552	587
Portugal	2,748	700	998	660	464	59	137	-	-	225	140	25
Romania	6,500	216	273	991	452	221	318	4,971	7	6	1	33
Soviet Union, former	43,614	220	572	2,796	1,247	628	921	33,504	35	24	10	6,453
Armenia	6,145	5	17	101	82	14	5	479	-	-	-	5,543
Azerbaijan	1,640	5	14	30	16	-	14	1,551	-	-	-	40
Belarus	3,233	11	9	185	44	28	113	3,008	1	-	2	17
Moldova	1,705	11	31	66	21	25	20	1,588	-	-	-	9
Russia	8,857	78	280	1,175	606	436	133	7,122	12	-	1	189
Ukraine	14,383	45	101	670	200	86	384	13,347	11	-	1	208
Uzbekistan	1,712	13	44	64	33	5	26	1,550	-	-	-	41
Other republics	1,286	8	37	99	62	8	29	1,035	1	-	-	106
Unknown republic	4,653	44	39	406	183	26	197	3,824	10	24	6	300
Spain	1,631	100	434	876	699	99	78	50	17	71	68	15
Sweden	1,463	41	540	628	586	30	12	2	204	-	-	48
Switzerland	1,023	24	398	457	404	43	10	4	122	8	-	10
United Kingdom	19,973	1,322	7,572	7,358	6,213	740	405	7	3,261	216	14	223
Yugoslavia	2,604	482	619	1,267	847	124	296	58	5	94	65	14
Other Europe	1,768	58	321	569	443	71	55	629	143	10	3	35
Asia	356,955	87,575	63,107	102,414	42,590	15,692	44,132	53,422	6,724	8,402	5,271	30,040
Afghanistan	2,685	183	35	292	162	17	113	2,082	3	75	2	13
Bangladesh	3,740	1,258	508	923	381	95	447	10	5	588	71	377
Burma	816	415	134	225	109	7	109	19	1	5	-	17
Cambodia	2,573	134	20	430	87	77	266	1,695	1	4	-	289
China, Mainland	38,907	12,198	11,058	11,443	3,271	491	7,681	884	75	172	2,764	313
Hong Kong	10,452	5,705	2,800	1,249	825	171	253	193	58	43	140	264
India	36,755	14,468	9,686	9,796	3,425	626	5,745	34	34	2,126	352	259
Indonesia	2,916	224	438	387	274	30	83	13	1,497	24	27	306
Iran	13,233	1,682	2,434	4,582	1,513	93	2,976	3,093	10	425	76	931
Iraq	4,111	2,149	188	1,332	371	47	914	365	6	41	1	29
Israel	5,104	441	2,599	1,856	1,326	176	354	10	44	97	11	46
Japan	11,028	288	3,203	2,550	2,237	196	117	5	4,839	53	26	64
Jordan	4,036	1,168	262	2,491	1,420	178	893	15	2	57	-	41
Korea	19,359	6,270	4,712	7,559	3,301	2,308	1,950	-	26	376	264	152
Kuwait	989	321	165	463	441	20	2	13	1	19	2	5
Laos	8,696	136	7	508	220	58	230	8,026	-	6	-	13
Lebanon	5,838	1,522	1,162	2,289	1,239	114	936	140	10	490	8	217
Malaysia	2,235	282	1,143	650	534	30	86	88	12	22	16	22
Pakistan	10,214	4,331	1,243	2,714	1,405	303	1,006	129	6	1,229	328	234
Philippines	61,022	14,435	9,708	30,572	14,238	7,494	8,840	221	15	1,843	677	3,551
Singapore	774	67	415	266	225	16	25	2	6	11	-	7
Sri Lanka	1,081	171	552	247	124	13	110	22	2	46	1	40
Syria	2,940	541	409	1,230	678	40	512	96	4	250	4	406
Taiwan	16,344	4,610	8,368	2,812	1,348	343	1,121	10	32	112	345	55
Thailand	7,090	856	450	1,355	893	310	152	4,048	5	177	130	69
Turkey	2,488	230	750	1,144	754	86	304	16	6	71	20	251
Vietnam	77,735	12,133	142	11,306	1,151	1,321	8,834	32,155	6	7	1	21,985
Yemen	2,056	796	15	1,218	254	944	20	5	2	16	-	4
Other Asia	1,738	561	501	525	384	88	53	33	16	17	5	80

See footnotes at end of table.

**TABLE 8. IMMIGRANTS ADMITTED BY SELECTED CLASS OF ADMISSION
AND REGION AND SELECTED COUNTRY OF BIRTH
FISCAL YEAR 1992—Continued**

Region and country of birth	Total	Family-sponsored preferences	Employment-based preferences	Immediate relatives of U.S. citizens				Refugee and asylee adjustments	Diversity transition	IRCA legalization	Legalization dependents	Other ¹
				Total	Spouses	Children	Parents					
Africa	27,086	3,749	4,967	10,630	7,602	1,350	1,678	4,480	322	2,260	332	346
Cape Verde	757	373	-	384	219	96	69	-	-	-	-	-
Egypt	3,576	879	662	1,694	1,063	100	531	18	11	179	18	115
Ethiopia	4,602	210	110	806	429	125	252	3,268	3	191	4	10
Ghana	1,867	356	201	719	418	207	94	16	3	420	144	8
Kenya	953	309	218	313	247	32	34	42	6	45	9	11
Liberia	999	136	144	565	195	257	113	25	-	120	5	4
Morocco	1,316	56	163	1,001	896	22	83	1	17	73	-	5
Nigeria	4,551	513	843	2,322	1,878	264	180	9	6	668	120	70
Sierra Leone	693	155	87	392	281	77	34	3	1	48	1	6
South Africa	2,516	151	1,657	570	433	42	95	33	45	31	5	24
Sudan	675	29	57	197	164	5	28	369	-	23	-	-
Other Africa	4,581	582	825	1,667	1,379	123	165	696	230	462	26	93
Oceania	5,169	750	1,346	2,262	1,828	248	186	9	40	684	22	56
Australia	2,238	72	883	1,205	1,050	141	14	-	27	19	1	31
Fiji	807	431	40	260	117	18	125	8	-	60	1	7
New Zealand	967	66	390	470	430	30	10	-	10	19	2	10
Tonga	703	123	13	88	57	13	18	-	-	458	16	5
Other Oceania	454	58	20	239	174	46	19	1	3	128	2	3
North America	384,047	93,147	19,029	66,819	40,380	16,334	10,105	15,962	253	145,495	39,870	3,472
Canada	15,205	1,545	6,304	6,172	5,025	979	168	5	186	247	58	688
Mexico	213,802	33,361	3,226	24,440	15,350	5,620	3,470	29	23	122,470	28,449	1,804
Caribbean	97,413	42,636	3,945	25,422	14,316	6,514	4,592	9,969	25	12,873	2,013	530
Bahamas, The	641	114	34	286	207	65	14	2	4	172	10	19
Barbados	1,091	507	103	400	272	69	59	-	1	53	14	13
Cuba	11,791	1,261	22	471	165	118	188	9,919	1	37	3	77
Dominica	809	400	55	223	108	54	61	-	-	73	48	10
Dominican Republic	41,969	26,463	298	13,077	7,315	3,812	1,950	27	4	1,129	826	145
Grenada	848	371	105	289	163	45	81	-	-	45	37	1
Haiti	11,002	680	78	1,422	601	284	537	16	1	8,591	141	73
Jamaica	18,915	8,996	1,482	5,446	3,080	1,297	1,069	1	3	2,095	792	100
St. Lucia	654	288	49	222	131	47	44	-	-	72	20	3
St. Vincent & Grenadines	687	289	123	217	128	44	45	-	-	33	23	2
Trinidad & Tobago	7,008	2,364	1,427	2,690	1,757	545	388	-	1	409	54	63
Other Caribbean	1,998	903	169	679	389	134	156	4	10	164	45	24
Central America	57,558	15,593	5,545	10,749	5,665	3,221	1,863	5,959	12	9,904	9,350	446
Belize	1,020	354	66	290	161	77	52	-	1	197	87	25
Costa Rica	1,480	335	171	733	462	207	64	31	3	118	77	12
El Salvador	26,191	6,735	2,978	2,449	1,121	594	734	743	1	5,081	8,135	69
Guatemala	10,521	3,827	1,285	1,928	923	722	283	169	1	3,081	181	49
Honduras	6,552	2,346	389	2,342	1,164	893	285	105	4	852	492	22
Nicaragua	8,949	1,441	369	1,407	830	307	270	4,668	-	472	345	247
Panama	2,845	555	287	1,600	1,004	421	175	243	2	103	33	22
Other North America	69	12	9	36	24	-	12	-	7	1	-	4
South America	55,308	16,133	7,957	19,551	10,403	4,227	4,921	442	1,171	4,820	4,852	382
Argentina	3,877	375	1,148	932	620	111	201	15	1,062	203	88	54
Bolivia	1,510	300	397	543	246	157	140	3	4	154	82	27
Brazil	4,755	394	1,154	2,190	1,637	446	107	7	28	927	15	40
Chile	1,937	407	382	873	478	262	133	16	9	144	87	19
Colombia	13,201	3,667	1,273	4,956	2,806	1,121	1,029	74	8	1,357	1,784	82
Ecuador	7,286	2,543	794	1,940	1,076	342	522	6	1	500	1,443	59
Guyana	9,064	5,319	681	2,512	810	340	1,362	-	7	317	216	12
Peru	9,868	2,544	1,244	3,914	1,735	928	1,251	74	21	984	1,039	48
Uruguay	716	120	182	224	155	17	52	-	9	96	76	9
Venezuela	2,340	338	584	1,032	704	229	99	220	14	114	13	25
Other South America	754	126	118	435	136	274	25	27	8	24	9	7
Born on board ship	2	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-
Unknown or not reported	18	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	18	-	-

¹ Includes persons entering under the Amerasian, former H-1 registered nurse, Cuban/Haitian entrant, Soviet and Indochinese parolee, and 1972 Registry provisions.

- Represents zero.

**TABLE 9. IMMIGRANTS ADMITTED BY SELECTED CLASS OF ADMISSION AND REGION
AND SELECTED COUNTRY OF LAST PERMANENT RESIDENCE
FISCAL YEAR 1992**

Region and country of last permanent residence	Total	Family- spon- sored prefer- ences	Employ- ment- based prefer- ences	Immediate relatives of U.S. citizens				Refugee and asylee adjust- ments	Diversity transi- tion	IRCA legaliza- tion	Legali- zation depend- ents	Other ¹
				Total	Spouses	Children	Parents					
All countries	973,977	213,123	116,198	235,484	128,396	42,324	64,764	117,037	33,911	163,342	52,272	42,610
Europe	153,260	13,501	20,309	35,350	26,576	4,625	4,149	45,166	25,177	1,819	1,948	9,990
Austria	2,895	56	214	371	301	14	56	2,152	81	8	-	13
Belgium	957	53	426	341	281	36	24	51	65	12	4	5
Bulgaria	634	61	87	255	96	109	50	229	1	-	-	1
Czechoslovakia	874	95	82	387	285	59	43	143	161	2	-	4
Denmark	769	42	216	391	348	21	22	1	111	3	-	5
Finland	454	13	133	219	206	7	6	3	77	-	1	8
France	4,492	410	1,460	1,800	1,512	107	181	154	538	88	5	37
Germany	12,875	602	1,950	8,621	7,078	1,205	338	1,009	483	97	12	101
Greece	2,168	278	303	1,008	723	92	193	466	7	69	11	26
Hungary	1,039	94	282	397	294	68	35	84	159	9	-	14
Ireland	12,035	174	662	852	759	67	26	2	9,996	55	6	288
Italy	11,962	226	527	1,328	1,067	96	165	9,497	285	45	22	32
Netherlands	1,687	140	638	685	618	26	41	53	117	26	10	18
Norway	790	55	213	350	313	23	14	-	162	1	2	7
Poland	24,491	7,004	1,415	3,022	1,643	735	644	933	9,331	665	1,563	558
Portugal	2,774	715	990	675	474	63	138	5	1	215	151	22
Romania	4,907	190	124	843	381	166	296	3,745	-	3	1	1
Soviet Union	37,069	136	342	2,545	1,156	613	776	25,498	13	6	2	8,527
Spain	2,041	144	427	977	793	96	88	328	14	69	68	14
Sweden	1,506	64	547	654	596	30	28	6	177	5	-	53
Switzerland	1,303	54	504	541	479	39	23	53	123	13	4	11
United Kingdom	21,924	2,375	8,103	7,637	6,235	766	636	19	3,211	333	21	225
Yugoslavia	2,741	463	555	1,154	745	123	286	401	4	87	65	12
Other Europe	873	57	109	297	193	64	40	334	60	8	-	8
Asia	344,802	85,230	60,288	99,774	41,014	15,586	43,174	51,241	6,679	8,044	5,256	28,290
Afghanistan	992	29	9	67	40	4	23	834	-	49	-	4
Bangladesh	3,606	1,234	441	903	364	94	445	9	-	571	71	377
Burma	588	318	77	165	79	7	79	14	-	1	-	13
Cambodia	778	9	2	60	33	8	19	562	-	2	-	143
China, Mainland	29,554	9,128	10,207	7,215	2,944	497	3,774	807	45	93	2,034	25
Cyprus	828	278	223	314	167	33	114	-	1	7	2	3
Hong Kong	16,802	8,286	3,186	3,090	1,221	192	1,677	968	115	61	790	306
India	34,841	13,950	8,832	9,048	3,284	630	5,134	229	9	2,002	354	417
Indonesia	2,832	213	391	365	256	38	71	100	1,412	20	24	307
Iran	6,995	836	1,438	3,108	1,017	62	2,029	1,073	3	369	56	112
Iraq	3,435	1,990	120	1,157	281	35	841	116	-	38	1	13
Israel	5,938	455	3,150	2,076	1,509	167	400	18	58	123	15	43
Japan	11,735	289	3,303	3,030	2,600	291	139	36	4,928	59	25	65
Jordan	4,160	1,329	275	2,450	1,504	190	756	22	-	54	-	30
Korea	18,734	6,157	4,365	7,432	3,200	2,315	1,917	-	7	360	262	151
Kuwait	973	173	191	546	369	14	163	13	2	30	2	16
Laos	3,493	59	4	412	172	55	185	3,013	-	1	-	4
Lebanon	4,770	1,119	865	2,054	1,039	93	922	132	4	564	6	26
Malaysia	2,710	269	1,029	607	479	29	99	725	7	20	18	35
Pakistan	11,567	4,247	1,132	3,192	1,427	310	1,455	1,238	2	1,215	323	218
Philippines	63,478	14,358	9,433	29,435	13,312	7,352	8,771	4,229	12	1,786	684	3,541
Saudi Arabia	1,272	356	354	443	329	43	71	31	5	20	-	63
Singapore	993	85	515	313	250	25	38	47	17	10	-	6
Sri Lanka	926	144	476	201	97	11	93	22	1	46	1	35
Syria	2,180	479	276	1,165	636	37	492	78	-	158	4	20
Taiwan	18,035	5,102	8,265	4,038	1,362	332	2,344	21	22	130	405	52
Thailand	54,580	11,414	474	12,327	1,381	1,480	9,466	13,770	4	175	130	16,286
Turkey	3,203	483	835	1,724	864	107	753	65	2	50	23	21
United Arab Emirates	633	206	143	231	130	20	81	19	14	7	3	10
Vietnam	31,172	1,095	38	1,120	256	154	710	23,029	1	2	2	9,850
Yemen	2,046	789	10	1,216	256	942	18	9	-	17	-	8
Other Asia	953	351	229	270	156	19	95	12	8	4	21	58
Africa	24,707	3,277	4,293	9,900	6,925	1,322	1,653	4,238	251	2,133	314	301
Cape Verde	736	361	-	375	213	98	64	-	-	-	-	-
Egypt	3,355	864	555	1,645	1,027	104	514	40	3	164	17	67
Ethiopia	2,635	146	73	661	310	113	238	1,596	-	149	3	7
Ghana	1,675	339	137	641	343	205	93	13	-	391	147	7
Ivory Coast	341	31	33	254	203	40	11	-	1	22	-	-
Kenya	1,356	206	131	300	221	38	41	654	-	48	3	14

See footnotes at end of table.

**TABLE 9. IMMIGRANTS ADMITTED BY SELECTED CLASS OF ADMISSION AND REGION
AND SELECTED COUNTRY OF LAST PERMANENT RESIDENCE
FISCAL YEAR 1992—Continued**

Region and country of last permanent residence	Total	Family- spon- sored prefer- ences	Employ- ment- based prefer- ences	Immediate relatives of U.S. citizens				Refugee and asylee adjust- ments	Diversity transi- tion	IRCA legaliza- tion	Legali- zation depend- ents	Other ¹
				Total	Spouses	Children	Parents					
Liberia	885	110	124	499	193	194	112	25	-	123	-	4
Morocco	1,066	48	65	880	794	18	68	1	5	64	-	3
Nigeria	4,591	522	905	2,291	1,837	267	187	10	6	665	121	71
Sierra Leone	703	158	80	410	278	95	37	3	-	45	1	6
Somolia	398	13	11	61	37	5	19	293	-	12	-	8
South Africa	2,549	150	1,660	592	432	39	121	33	50	25	2	37
Sudan	1,657	41	62	214	182	7	25	1,311	-	29	-	-
Other Africa	2,760	288	457	1,077	855	99	123	259	186	396	20	77
Oceania	5,994	902	1,578	2,635	2,090	272	273	29	79	685	20	66
Australia	3,017	242	1,091	1,523	1,281	151	91	21	69	25	-	46
Fiji	740	394	25	249	101	20	128	7	1	58	1	5
New Zealand	1,036	101	397	501	443	38	20	1	4	23	1	8
Tonga	689	119	13	83	56	11	16	-	-	453	16	5
Other Oceania	512	46	52	279	209	52	18	-	5	126	2	2
North America	389,469	94,111	21,455	68,391	41,575	16,330	10,486	15,607	549	145,892	39,875	3,589
Canada	21,541	2,938	8,660	8,019	6,419	1,007	593	19	463	541	80	821
Mexico	214,128	33,372	3,221	24,459	15,361	5,620	3,478	48	25	122,774	28,423	1,806
Caribbean	95,945	42,155	3,963	25,091	14,086	6,480	4,525	9,365	55	12,781	2,016	519
Antigua-Barbuda	632	329	23	197	104	37	56	-	-	64	18	1
Bahamas, The	989	152	92	345	254	65	26	3	25	343	5	24
Barbados	1,164	537	120	430	291	75	64	-	-	50	17	10
Cuba	10,890	1,111	15	360	111	106	143	9,299	-	29	1	75
Dominica	758	370	57	207	97	58	52	-	-	76	40	8
Dominican Republic	41,948	26,488	307	13,004	7,236	3,800	1,968	41	2	1,120	840	146
Grenada	776	357	89	251	155	46	50	-	-	41	37	1
Haiti	10,756	606	68	1,357	553	272	532	16	-	8,500	137	72
Jamaica	18,280	8,721	1,403	5,312	2,984	1,304	1,024	2	3	1,945	798	96
St. Kitts-Nevis	569	321	32	178	77	41	60	-	-	22	16	-
St. Lucia	635	281	53	211	124	46	41	-	-	68	20	2
St. Vincent & Grenadines	623	271	116	182	111	39	32	-	-	29	24	1
Trinidad & Tobago	7,051	2,366	1,445	2,719	1,735	544	440	2	3	399	52	65
Other Caribbean	874	245	143	338	254	47	37	2	22	95	11	18
Central America	57,849	15,646	5,610	10,818	5,705	3,223	1,890	6,175	6	9,795	9,356	443
Belize	1,042	356	70	298	166	78	54	2	-	202	91	23
Costa Rica	1,701	399	208	791	495	220	76	83	2	125	81	12
El Salvador	26,077	6,709	2,978	2,415	1,102	590	723	741	1	5,014	8,150	69
Guatemala	10,607	3,846	1,317	1,942	932	722	288	219	-	3,059	175	49
Honduras	6,621	2,346	384	2,346	1,162	886	298	199	1	832	491	22
Nicaragua	8,577	1,385	328	1,364	801	306	257	4,462	1	454	337	246
Panama	3,224	605	325	1,662	1,047	421	194	469	1	109	31	22
Other North America	6	-	1	4	4	-	-	-	-	1	-	-
South America	55,725	16,102	8,275	19,433	10,215	4,189	5,029	756	1,176	4,750	4,859	374
Argentina	4,083	421	1,234	953	591	113	249	16	1,095	216	94	54
Bolivia	1,515	312	401	543	242	164	137	3	1	149	82	24
Brazil	5,000	485	1,307	2,190	1,610	436	144	9	26	932	13	38
Chile	1,823	397	360	815	436	254	125	11	1	130	90	19
Colombia	12,885	3,619	1,218	4,800	2,693	1,099	1,008	68	2	1,305	1,790	83
Ecuador	7,322	2,542	830	1,937	1,078	339	520	12	1	503	1,439	58
Guyana	8,464	5,045	575	2,342	715	333	1,294	-	1	280	214	7
Paraguay	582	57	111	390	98	264	28	-	1	16	5	2
Peru	9,716	2,517	1,202	3,856	1,676	921	1,259	77	19	951	1,045	49
Uruguay	685	115	177	212	140	18	54	-	1	93	78	9
Venezuela	3,357	479	800	1,326	892	236	198	533	28	156	9	26
Other South America	293	113	60	69	44	12	13	27	-	19	-	5
Unknown or not reported	20	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	19	-	-

¹ Includes persons entering under the Amerasian, former H-1 registered nurse, Cuban/Haitian entrant, Soviet and Indochinese parolee, and 1972 Registry provisions.

- Represents zero.

**TABLE 10. IMMIGRANTS ADMITTED WHO WERE ADJUSTED TO PERMANENT RESIDENT STATUS
BY SELECTED STATUS AT ENTRY AND REGION AND SELECTED COUNTRY OF BIRTH
FISCAL YEAR 1992**

Region and country of birth	Total	Visitors for business	Visitors for pleasure	Students ¹	Temporary workers ¹	Ex-change visitors ¹	Fiances (ees) ²	Intracompany transfer-ees ¹	Refugees and parolees	Entered without inspection	Other and unknown
All countries	462,208	4,312	79,144	23,629	34,691	6,225	7,074	10,884	119,941	154,206	22,102
Europe	82,480	542	13,516	1,741	6,365	1,226	1,318	3,671	48,292	932	4,877
Albania	549	-	8	-	-	-	1	-	534	1	5
Austria	393	8	139	21	46	12	10	29	94	2	32
Belgium	449	4	97	32	107	31	18	95	3	4	58
Bulgaria	785	4	130	5	37	16	6	2	575	1	9
Czechoslovakia	694	3	262	13	54	5	21	21	282	3	30
Denmark	374	8	139	26	69	16	14	52	2	1	47
France	1,855	30	580	138	343	65	57	282	48	21	291
Germany	3,488	51	1,265	207	413	97	185	266	199	28	777
Greece	1,084	12	351	147	106	26	30	18	313	33	48
Hungary	812	4	274	28	165	59	22	12	214	3	31
Ireland	1,576	28	578	89	421	108	48	196	17	15	76
Italy	1,427	25	633	68	154	30	40	98	126	24	229
Netherlands	926	16	207	71	238	34	34	190	26	9	101
Norway	316	5	102	64	41	21	9	29	6	-	39
Poland	4,773	30	1,968	82	413	150	127	23	1,284	365	331
Portugal	676	11	334	26	28	6	39	14	2	182	34
Romania	5,713	12	652	16	112	19	39	4	4,372	14	473
Soviet Union, former	41,690	69	1,334	43	237	94	63	12	39,306	14	518
Armenia	6,093	2	66	1	1	-	2	-	6,017	-	4
Azerbaijan	1,614	1	20	-	1	1	-	1	1,568	-	22
Belarus	3,083	-	58	-	5	-	3	-	2,953	-	64
Moldova	1,636	2	24	-	11	1	-	-	1,584	-	14
Russia	8,164	39	583	27	161	64	36	9	7,134	1	110
Ukraine	13,856	9	268	6	32	20	11	-	13,333	-	177
Uzbekistan	1,643	3	45	1	5	-	-	2	1,543	-	44
Other republics	1,229	6	72	-	9	2	1	-	1,121	-	18
Unknown republic	4,372	7	198	8	12	6	10	-	4,053	13	65
Spain	776	19	339	80	94	24	26	31	33	47	83
Sweden	746	13	228	83	129	26	29	152	11	1	74
Switzerland	587	8	157	51	111	23	17	101	13	2	104
United Kingdom	10,357	158	2,845	332	2,757	279	432	1,977	154	84	1,339
Yugoslavia	1,225	17	605	75	203	66	35	10	44	69	101
Other Europe	1,209	7	289	44	87	19	16	57	634	9	47
Asia	149,133	1,973	25,105	16,823	21,344	4,221	3,613	3,468	59,659	6,472	6,455
Afghanistan	2,263	7	102	8	-	1	9	10	1,766	121	239
Bangladesh	1,202	13	169	225	157	32	2	8	5	541	50
Burma	246	7	108	40	43	3	8	4	8	4	21
Cambodia	2,007	1	56	3	4	2	11	-	1,909	1	20
China, Mainland	14,089	238	2,438	3,720	3,231	2,843	399	319	268	119	514
Hong Kong	2,910	62	545	719	810	51	50	390	218	20	45
India	13,219	318	3,189	2,008	4,319	562	155	348	78	1,979	263
Indonesia	758	8	204	245	150	14	24	51	19	16	27
Iran	8,144	59	2,375	1,087	390	47	87	99	3,371	135	494
Iraq	782	7	201	86	49	4	20	9	356	14	36
Israel	3,028	37	1,360	243	851	159	27	90	32	45	184
Japan	4,272	38	540	709	722	62	201	389	58	29	1,524
Jordan	1,538	25	869	435	72	10	13	31	24	37	22
Korea	5,297	160	1,690	1,142	790	31	226	234	49	216	759
Kuwait	531	6	140	255	54	4	6	12	36	9	9
Laos	8,437	3	382	9	5	-	13	-	7,969	2	54
Lebanon	2,529	81	961	429	221	84	50	99	234	295	75
Malaysia	1,411	17	247	458	448	12	29	63	96	13	28
Pakistan	3,054	50	712	437	299	13	39	70	118	1,077	239
Philippines	17,416	540	5,163	411	5,302	70	1,885	400	1,395	1,403	847
Singapore	522	11	100	123	171	8	17	71	4	8	9
Sri Lanka	574	11	117	138	164	29	4	26	9	31	45
Syria	1,581	29	532	248	79	25	34	19	425	147	43
Taiwan	8,676	168	1,526	3,030	2,542	80	17	659	25	50	579
Thailand	5,078	31	399	166	76	10	151	15	4,061	99	70
Turkey	1,213	23	381	164	224	38	17	9	257	43	57
Vietnam	37,522	9	328	35	29	5	106	12	36,845	1	152
Yemen	123	4	72	18	5	2	2	2	1	11	6
Other Asia	711	10	199	232	137	20	11	29	23	6	44

See footnotes at end of table.

**TABLE 10. IMMIGRANTS ADMITTED WHO WERE ADJUSTED TO PERMANENT RESIDENT STATUS
BY SELECTED STATUS AT ENTRY AND REGION AND SELECTED COUNTRY OF BIRTH
FISCAL YEAR 1992—Continued**

Region and country of birth	Total	Visitors for business	Visitors for pleasure	Students ¹	Temporary workers ¹	Ex-change visitors ¹	Fiances- (ees) ²	Intracom- pany transfer- ees ¹	Refugees and parolees	Entered without inspection	Other and unknown
Africa	16,949	426	5,119	2,421	1,577	316	280	617	3,739	1,376	1,078
Cape Verde	240	1	218	2	1	-	16	1	1	-	-
Egypt	1,510	50	800	118	196	27	27	37	64	125	66
Ethiopia	3,998	10	564	287	19	12	18	3	2,714	95	276
Ghana	891	26	235	123	56	9	28	5	15	334	60
Kenya	471	10	85	151	69	9	12	38	44	15	38
Liberia	542	15	309	79	6	5	6	4	7	27	84
Morocco	982	19	504	232	56	55	17	15	13	48	23
Nigeria	2,835	117	1,081	645	283	60	62	13	26	377	171
Sierra Leone	395	15	257	55	14	4	9	-	2	13	26
South Africa	1,518	27	268	105	551	54	22	391	35	17	48
Sudan	589	4	97	62	28	5	2	1	358	15	17
Other Africa	2,978	132	701	562	298	76	61	109	460	310	269
Oceania	3,012	45	1,144	133	498	64	106	388	44	394	196
Australia	1,399	26	496	40	365	37	70	292	16	6	51
Fiji	176	-	93	14	1	1	2	4	3	50	8
New Zealand	592	13	244	22	131	24	28	88	9	4	29
Tonga	525	3	159	22	-	-	1	-	4	278	58
Other Oceania	320	3	152	35	1	2	5	4	12	56	50
North America	193,707	950	26,590	1,450	3,354	178	1,364	2,136	7,908	141,244	8,533
Canada	7,463	48	2,081	385	1,416	104	494	1,740	219	169	807
Mexico	131,203	175	6,544	224	422	30	472	164	205	117,908	5,059
Caribbean	35,460	609	13,877	595	1,325	24	245	93	6,384	11,165	1,143
Bahamas, The	419	2	241	33	14	-	4	1	3	50	71
Barbados	384	8	270	21	31	-	8	1	-	22	23
Cuba	10,175	12	3,579	7	4	-	6	3	6,212	182	170
Dominica	190	6	102	13	6	-	1	-	1	56	5
Dominican Republic	4,846	245	3,100	57	161	6	74	28	25	1,044	106
Grenada	232	7	167	10	5	1	2	1	1	22	16
Haiti	9,802	94	1,569	33	25	1	15	3	72	7,767	223
Jamaica	5,362	159	2,314	157	639	13	93	19	45	1,587	336
St. Lucia	227	8	121	11	16	-	1	-	2	55	13
St. Vincent & Grenadines	192	3	127	7	16	-	8	-	2	17	12
Trinidad & Tobago	2,900	47	1,867	185	368	3	23	23	13	285	86
Other Caribbean	731	18	420	61	40	-	10	14	8	78	82
Central America	19,554	118	4,080	243	186	20	153	137	1,099	12,001	1,517
Belize	360	5	141	12	6	-	2	-	-	128	66
Costa Rica	496	15	277	15	23	3	15	17	7	80	44
El Salvador	6,343	12	390	24	41	1	25	14	105	5,338	393
Guatemala	3,777	17	449	20	28	3	19	18	22	3,038	163
Honduras	1,545	24	511	45	22	3	26	-	31	802	81
Nicaragua	5,827	36	1,625	52	8	6	19	24	829	2,562	666
Panama	1,206	9	687	75	58	4	47	64	105	53	104
Other North America	27	-	8	3	5	-	-	2	1	1	7
South America	16,907	376	7,670	1,059	1,552	220	393	604	298	3,773	962
Argentina	1,625	33	601	100	388	76	29	128	12	110	148
Bolivia	450	12	213	42	23	4	2	4	2	116	32
Brazil	3,045	59	1,326	194	270	41	124	180	26	726	99
Chile	802	18	394	53	112	14	26	19	10	80	76
Colombia	3,791	87	1,748	170	175	21	95	87	49	1,171	188
Ecuador	1,273	40	618	57	33	14	18	15	5	365	108
Guyana	1,231	21	706	60	106	6	15	14	6	232	65
Peru	2,820	66	1,241	168	196	21	53	60	21	839	155
Uruguay	279	7	101	13	26	9	12	10	3	73	25
Venezuela	1,395	29	613	177	212	11	12	76	162	43	60
Other South America	196	4	109	25	11	3	7	11	2	18	6
Born on board ship	2	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	-
Unknown or not reported	18	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	15	1

¹ Includes spouses and children.

² Includes children.

- Represents zero.

TABLE 11. IMMIGRANTS ADMITTED IN FISCAL YEAR 1992, BY CALENDAR YEAR OF ENTRY, TYPE OF ADMISSION, AND REGION AND SELECTED COUNTRY OF BIRTH

Region and country of birth	Total	New arrivals 1991-92	Adjustments											Before 1982	Un- known
			1991- 92	1990	1989	1988	1987	1986	1985	1984	1983	1982			
All countries	973,977	511,769	97,445	96,986	41,015	45,149	25,136	18,549	57,944	18,683	7,553	4,693	44,405	4,650	
Europe	145,392	62,912	29,258	33,558	11,779	2,278	1,134	841	681	510	246	159	1,038	998	
Albania	682	133	412	110	6	9	1	5	1	1	-	-	4	-	
Austria	701	308	190	116	51	8	6	8	6	2	-	1	3	2	
Belgium	780	331	284	73	33	18	6	9	7	4	3	-	7	5	
Bulgaria	1,049	264	212	479	65	8	5	3	2	1	-	-	7	3	
Czechoslovakia	1,181	487	250	250	91	29	12	7	1	8	3	8	16	19	
Denmark	764	390	233	89	24	7	4	5	2	1	1	-	3	5	
France	3,288	1,433	1,146	374	122	55	28	28	22	13	6	2	30	29	
Germany	9,888	6,400	2,177	669	250	116	65	42	16	17	16	11	66	43	
Greece	1,858	774	363	316	174	53	37	26	22	11	5	4	68	5	
Hungary	1,304	492	247	167	195	87	40	23	3	4	6	4	27	9	
Ireland	12,226	10,650	799	272	171	116	60	57	26	19	7	11	32	6	
Italy	2,592	1,165	812	285	128	55	30	30	14	9	7	4	38	15	
Netherlands	1,586	660	608	158	58	31	12	16	6	3	3	4	15	12	
Norway	665	349	209	63	26	5	7	2	-	2	1	-	-	1	
Poland	25,504	20,731	823	1,001	872	456	329	258	164	254	91	49	302	174	
Portugal	2,748	2,072	176	100	64	61	20	16	158	34	12	5	23	7	
Romania	6,500	787	1,628	2,772	543	145	83	46	19	5	12	6	17	437	
Soviet Union, former	43,614	1,924	10,328	23,223	7,436	388	81	30	28	20	15	5	67	69	
Armenia	6,145	52	810	3,325	1,854	82	15	-	-	1	-	1	2	3	
Azerbaijan	1,640	26	790	705	98	15	1	-	2	-	1	-	-	2	
Belarus	3,233	150	620	1,835	597	14	5	2	1	1	-	-	4	4	
Moldova	1,705	69	657	769	195	4	2	2	-	-	1	-	1	5	
Russia	8,857	693	2,588	4,348	1,069	86	10	8	5	1	1	2	19	27	
Ukraine	14,383	527	2,959	8,205	2,487	111	27	8	5	7	3	1	25	18	
Uzbekistan	1,712	69	626	790	193	16	5	2	3	1	1	-	4	2	
Other republics	1,286	57	285	735	183	8	5	2	1	2	4	-	1	3	
Unknown republic	4,653	281	993	2,511	760	52	11	6	11	7	4	1	11	5	
Spain	1,631	855	440	117	65	21	19	19	37	14	9	2	26	7	
Sweden	1,463	717	482	148	65	17	8	8	2	1	-	1	4	10	
Switzerland	1,023	436	378	96	56	16	10	6	2	3	2	-	10	8	
United Kingdom	19,973	9,616	6,099	1,988	917	456	213	148	103	61	38	39	197	98	
Yugoslavia	2,604	1,379	532	216	146	90	45	44	30	19	8	2	71	22	
Other Europe	1,768	559	430	476	221	31	13	5	10	4	1	1	5	12	
Asia	356,955	207,822	42,584	44,512	18,418	11,263	7,003	5,749	8,381	3,787	1,840	1,255	2,834	1,507	
Afghanistan	2,685	422	435	1,049	234	151	39	16	9	18	28	34	28	222	
Bangladesh	3,740	2,538	148	82	104	70	63	45	423	100	61	49	45	12	
Burma	816	570	69	46	72	17	10	6	7	3	4	3	1	8	
Cambodia	2,573	566	104	580	472	241	42	106	195	146	57	14	50	-	
China, Mainland	38,907	24,818	3,081	1,929	1,845	1,710	1,610	1,601	1,095	356	219	110	216	317	
Hong Kong	10,452	7,542	875	648	413	307	191	152	98	70	61	36	52	7	
India	36,755	23,536	3,980	2,006	1,810	1,510	785	549	1,800	349	128	102	122	78	
Indonesia	2,916	2,158	278	132	96	59	47	42	29	32	17	5	19	2	
Iran	13,233	5,089	1,865	2,094	1,196	475	347	352	403	286	147	89	665	225	
Iraq	4,111	3,329	310	216	52	26	14	25	22	16	7	31	51	12	
Israel	5,104	2,076	1,221	607	528	261	127	93	71	42	13	7	43	15	
Japan	11,028	6,756	2,672	796	333	154	85	49	42	29	20	8	48	36	
Jordan	4,036	2,498	439	329	313	172	84	59	49	19	20	13	33	8	
Korea	19,359	14,062	1,786	925	581	437	284	303	385	180	116	135	133	32	
Kuwait	989	458	95	142	73	67	55	24	25	18	3	8	14	7	
Laos	8,696	259	1,439	3,118	2,104	870	435	174	54	55	25	14	131	18	
Lebanon	5,838	3,309	588	362	310	281	176	126	318	172	67	23	54	52	
Malaysia	2,235	824	335	273	217	182	128	100	63	42	30	14	20	7	
Pakistan	10,214	7,160	645	383	256	188	111	102	935	214	57	27	107	29	
Philippines	61,022	43,606	6,771	2,293	1,447	1,391	913	766	1,366	1,005	415	305	466	278	
Singapore	774	252	217	105	59	57	36	14	12	15	2	2	2	1	
Sri Lanka	1,081	507	125	86	79	59	49	42	60	29	12	11	10	12	
Syria	2,940	1,359	306	385	274	202	47	54	145	74	20	15	35	24	
Taiwan	16,344	7,668	1,988	1,429	1,500	1,164	799	574	449	293	195	111	122	52	
Thailand	7,090	2,012	1,021	1,828	878	567	231	144	135	105	43	31	87	8	
Turkey	2,488	1,275	393	322	202	72	56	37	52	35	11	7	19	7	
Vietnam	77,735	40,213	11,120	22,176	2,839	509	190	149	101	78	51	48	243	18	
Yemen	2,056	1,933	42	19	16	10	7	7	12	1	1	-	7	1	
Other Asia	1,738	1,027	236	152	115	54	42	38	26	5	10	3	11	19	

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 11. IMMIGRANTS ADMITTED IN FISCAL YEAR 1992, BY CALENDAR YEAR OF ENTRY, TYPE OF ADMISSION, AND REGION AND SELECTED COUNTRY OF BIRTH—Continued

Region and country of birth	Total	New arrivals 1991-92	Adjustments											Before 1982	Un- known
			1991- 92	1990	1989	1988	1987	1986	1985	1984	1983	1982			
Africa	27,086	10,137	4,019	3,953	2,244	1,411	932	682	1,069	611	342	277	1,047	362	
Cape Verde	757	517	13	7	105	77	17	10	7	2	-	1	1	-	
Egypt	3,576	2,066	449	302	209	121	87	66	146	43	13	12	51	11	
Ethiopia	4,602	604	1,019	1,650	485	156	121	73	56	61	41	25	137	174	
Ghana	1,867	976	126	72	56	55	44	28	221	101	26	20	129	13	
Kenya	953	482	144	76	73	51	30	28	10	10	8	7	32	2	
Liberia	999	457	122	53	30	29	37	45	43	34	11	14	116	8	
Morocco	1,316	334	212	155	213	219	80	34	39	13	1	4	9	3	
Nigeria	4,551	1,716	383	381	347	270	213	176	259	201	146	131	309	19	
Sierra Leone	693	298	62	69	71	41	24	30	25	11	8	5	47	2	
South Africa	2,516	998	577	336	213	142	92	70	33	11	6	6	22	10	
Sudan	675	86	90	308	84	44	15	10	18	5	5	-	6	4	
Other Africa	4,581	1,603	822	544	358	206	172	112	212	119	77	52	188	116	
Oceania	5,169	2,157	1,376	420	217	122	61	63	187	102	71	134	232	27	
Australia	2,238	839	896	252	115	39	19	17	9	7	1	4	22	18	
Fiji	807	631	49	20	21	14	8	5	28	14	4	3	9	1	
New Zealand	967	375	348	110	52	32	9	6	6	3	3	3	15	5	
Tonga	703	178	16	7	7	20	8	27	122	65	53	92	107	1	
Other Oceania	454	134	67	31	22	17	17	8	22	13	10	32	79	2	
North America	384,047	190,340	15,760	11,976	6,644	28,860	15,238	10,532	45,529	12,929	4,718	2,665	37,234	1,622	
Canada	15,205	7,742	4,642	1,163	470	284	165	108	36	37	27	25	248	258	
Mexico	213,802	82,599	4,313	1,449	860	24,739	13,364	8,736	35,264	8,876	3,092	1,560	28,772	178	
Caribbean	97,413	61,953	5,309	8,070	3,678	2,040	978	860	7,207	2,682	903	670	2,936	127	
Bahamas, The	641	222	116	51	29	17	8	4	23	16	13	8	129	5	
Barbados	1,091	707	104	50	51	31	21	13	33	17	10	7	46	1	
Cuba	11,791	1,616	1,340	5,377	1,678	665	190	143	95	56	78	69	450	34	
Dominica	809	619	48	19	19	10	10	8	28	6	4	5	32	1	
Dominican Republic	41,969	37,123	1,498	1,022	565	322	100	77	336	110	39	17	747	13	
Grenada	848	616	50	30	32	31	12	10	17	9	8	7	26	-	
Haiti	11,002	1,200	362	124	147	92	120	176	5,165	1,960	567	434	637	18	
Jamaica	18,915	13,553	944	735	506	375	216	257	1,121	408	120	83	560	37	
St. Lucia	654	427	39	32	19	22	11	12	45	15	8	5	19	-	
St. Vincent & Gren.	687	495	44	23	25	15	22	6	13	9	9	6	18	2	
Trinidad & Tobago	7,008	4,108	516	531	543	421	223	116	290	61	30	17	142	10	
Other Caribbean	1,998	1,267	248	76	64	39	45	38	41	15	17	12	130	6	
Central America	57,558	38,004	1,480	1,290	1,634	1,795	730	827	3,022	1,333	696	410	5,278	1,059	
Belize	1,020	660	38	16	20	10	15	14	14	15	7	10	198	3	
Costa Rica	1,480	984	153	98	46	23	21	10	25	18	7	7	82	6	
El Salvador	26,191	19,848	178	139	191	271	154	210	1,216	558	283	119	2,771	253	
Guatemala	10,521	6,744	206	112	80	228	128	147	1,058	355	122	89	1,198	54	
Honduras	6,552	5,007	241	159	93	93	37	65	234	106	58	23	418	18	
Nicaragua	8,949	3,122	354	550	969	1,031	331	340	445	257	202	147	527	674	
Panama	2,845	1,639	310	216	235	139	44	41	30	24	17	15	84	51	
Other North America	69	42	16	4	2	2	1	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	
South America	55,308	38,401	4,448	2,565	1,713	1,213	768	681	2,089	742	335	203	2,017	133	
Argentina	3,877	2,252	630	304	215	111	63	50	69	22	16	15	122	8	
Bolivia	1,510	1,060	92	54	54	35	21	23	66	14	14	7	66	4	
Brazil	4,755	1,710	943	448	311	205	158	108	586	151	31	11	65	28	
Chile	1,937	1,135	258	113	81	67	38	31	52	20	15	18	99	10	
Colombia	13,201	9,410	823	552	332	247	152	155	508	172	67	38	724	21	
Ecuador	7,286	6,013	249	138	102	95	48	52	138	55	25	19	346	6	
Guyana	9,064	7,833	285	133	84	91	103	81	139	125	47	27	109	7	
Peru	9,868	7,048	560	354	327	249	109	122	455	138	87	45	338	36	
Uruguay	716	437	75	29	19	17	10	19	19	9	5	2	73	2	
Venezuela	2,340	945	481	414	145	87	49	29	42	29	23	18	69	9	
Other South America	754	558	52	26	43	9	17	11	15	7	5	3	6	2	
Born on board ship	2	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Unknown or not reported	18	-	-	-	-	2	-	1	8	2	1	-	3	1	

- Represents zero.

NOTE: The year of entry for new arrivals is the year entering as an immigrant. The year of entry for adjustments is the latest year of entry as a nonimmigrant or the latest year of entry in another temporary status.

**TABLE 12. IMMIGRANTS ADMITTED BY AGE AND SEX
FISCAL YEARS 1982-92**

Age and sex	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992
Total	594,131	559,763	543,903	570,009	601,708	601,516	643,025	1,090,924	1,536,483	1,827,167	973,977
Under 5 years	35,326	33,855	32,396	32,867	33,767	32,733	31,063	31,577	33,520	36,669	37,487
5-9 years	47,461	40,632	37,540	37,717	39,720	37,501	38,186	46,775	51,922	49,609	58,445
10-14 years	52,776	46,794	44,957	44,890	47,152	43,939	44,531	85,332	95,453	66,237	73,619
15-19 years	61,391	55,405	53,655	53,769	56,283	57,439	57,859	98,911	125,516	109,261	94,374
20-24 years	84,430	81,434	76,546	80,677	79,640	77,620	77,938	112,002	181,258	354,747	116,280
25-29 years	91,590	91,438	87,463	94,284	95,318	94,481	96,188	167,117	274,035	380,682	150,783
30-34 years	65,641	64,361	63,224	67,177	72,449	72,734	79,439	169,195	251,589	276,464	124,603
35-39 years	40,275	40,145	40,501	43,339	47,574	49,541	58,525	122,958	173,723	182,200	88,564
40-44 years	27,789	26,355	25,990	27,397	30,039	33,175	41,720	79,955	112,988	120,980	61,663
45-49 years	20,390	19,167	19,893	20,647	22,469	24,383	29,708	51,918	71,425	78,393	43,275
50-54 years	16,937	15,844	16,364	17,116	19,161	20,195	23,888	38,937	51,949	57,023	34,230
55-59 years	15,296	14,383	14,787	15,826	18,028	18,515	20,887	30,042	39,776	41,330	28,368
60-64 years	12,719	12,070	12,456	13,801	15,905	15,931	17,549	22,700	30,329	30,856	24,537
65-69 years	10,388	8,404	8,624	9,503	11,226	11,348	12,359	16,786	21,338	21,616	18,604
70-74 years	6,459	5,249	5,406	6,069	7,012	6,542	6,827	8,824	11,021	11,109	10,202
75-79 years	3,226	2,595	2,650	3,083	3,689	3,363	3,836	4,904	6,369	5,938	5,222
80 years and over	2,037	1,632	1,451	1,847	2,276	2,006	2,497	2,841	4,082	3,680	3,586
Unknown	-	-	-	-	-	70	25	150	190	373	135
Male	287,874	271,966	274,896	286,141	300,777	300,238	324,521	550,176	818,443	1,213,767	496,724
Under 5 years	17,034	15,874	15,752	16,005	16,629	16,058	15,334	16,027	17,082	18,580	19,020
5-9 years	24,133	20,482	19,336	19,387	20,460	19,184	19,553	23,968	26,651	25,228	29,817
10-14 years	27,206	23,761	23,423	23,445	24,248	22,727	22,993	43,667	48,697	34,112	38,195
15-19 years	30,905	27,530	27,582	27,286	28,782	29,219	29,760	50,379	63,426	64,888	48,493
20-24 years	40,450	39,433	39,018	39,843	38,563	36,963	37,514	53,691	95,684	263,149	60,715
25-29 years	45,958	46,772	46,918	49,941	49,998	49,125	49,749	86,229	155,719	268,701	79,622
30-34 years	32,827	32,470	33,600	35,779	38,411	38,344	42,000	87,875	139,578	188,466	65,641
35-39 years	19,637	19,845	20,695	22,320	24,810	25,699	31,070	63,936	95,153	122,263	46,142
40-44 years	13,497	12,652	12,920	13,973	15,369	16,969	22,049	41,265	61,368	80,507	31,392
45-49 years	9,425	8,816	9,571	9,957	10,851	12,045	15,194	26,432	38,598	52,509	21,845
50-54 years	7,192	6,604	7,181	7,323	8,399	9,091	11,310	18,746	26,394	35,955	16,121
55-59 years	5,906	5,494	5,903	6,442	7,329	7,738	9,245	13,583	18,904	23,893	12,496
60-64 years	4,974	4,835	5,257	5,696	6,627	6,691	7,482	9,917	13,275	15,741	10,767
65-69 years	4,187	3,523	3,692	4,159	4,800	5,148	5,665	7,445	9,180	10,331	8,150
70-74 years	2,610	2,214	2,316	2,607	3,003	2,888	2,956	3,826	4,639	5,047	4,559
75-79 years	1,209	1,038	1,126	1,290	1,549	1,434	1,608	2,019	2,518	2,611	2,206
80 years and over	724	623	606	688	949	873	1,027	1,095	1,467	1,507	1,451
Unknown	-	-	-	-	-	42	12	76	110	279	92
Female	284,576	264,975	269,007	283,868	300,931	301,278	318,504	540,661	717,764	613,166	477,062
Under 5 years	17,156	16,807	16,644	16,862	17,138	16,675	15,729	15,542	16,423	18,086	18,460
5-9 years	22,208	18,911	18,204	18,330	19,260	18,317	18,633	22,803	25,260	24,370	28,614
10-14 years	24,173	21,697	21,534	21,445	22,904	21,212	21,538	41,657	46,736	32,112	35,416
15-19 years	28,762	25,939	26,073	26,483	27,501	28,220	28,099	48,523	62,077	44,357	45,868
20-24 years	40,732	38,046	37,528	40,834	41,077	40,657	40,424	58,307	85,552	91,576	55,548
25-29 years	41,683	40,264	40,545	44,343	45,320	45,356	46,439	80,880	118,271	111,944	71,129
30-34 years	29,966	28,938	29,624	31,398	34,038	34,390	37,439	81,305	111,959	87,968	58,925
35-39 years	18,934	18,655	19,806	21,019	22,764	23,842	27,455	59,012	78,546	59,910	42,406
40-44 years	13,157	12,628	13,070	13,424	14,670	16,206	19,671	38,684	51,606	40,452	30,258
45-49 years	10,194	9,593	10,322	10,690	11,618	12,338	14,514	25,481	32,816	25,870	21,423
50-54 years	9,128	8,626	9,183	9,793	10,762	11,104	12,578	20,189	25,545	21,058	18,105
55-59 years	8,792	8,299	8,884	9,384	10,699	10,777	11,642	16,455	20,867	17,432	15,867
60-64 years	7,290	6,745	7,199	8,105	9,278	9,240	10,067	12,783	17,042	15,109	13,764
65-69 years	5,794	4,599	4,932	5,344	6,426	6,200	6,694	9,340	12,149	11,278	10,449
70-74 years	3,603	2,825	3,090	3,462	4,009	3,654	3,871	4,997	6,375	6,053	5,639
75-79 years	1,866	1,457	1,524	1,793	2,140	1,929	2,228	2,883	3,846	3,325	3,016
80 years and over	1,138	946	845	1,159	1,327	1,133	1,470	1,746	2,614	2,172	2,132
Unknown	-	-	-	-	-	28	13	74	80	94	43
Unknown sex	21,681	22,822	-	-	-	-	-	87	276	234	191
Percent distribution	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Male	48.5	48.6	50.5	50.2	50.0	49.9	50.5	50.4	53.3	66.4	51.0
Female	47.9	47.3	49.5	49.8	50.0	50.1	49.5	49.6	46.7	33.6	49.0
Unknown	3.6	4.1	-	-	-	-	-	Z	Z	Z	Z
Median age	25.8	26.1	26.5	26.8	27.3	27.7	28.7	30.1	30.1	28.8	28.5
Male	25.4	25.9	26.3	26.7	27.2	27.6	28.7	30.1	30.1	28.6	28.3
Female	26.0	26.3	26.7	26.9	27.4	27.7	28.7	30.2	30.2	29.3	28.8

- Represents zero. Z rounds to less than 0.05 percent.

**TABLE 13. IMMIGRANTS ADMITTED BY SELECTED COUNTRY OF BIRTH, AGE, AND SEX
FISCAL YEAR 1992**

Age and sex	All countries	Canada	China, Mainland	Colombia	Cuba	Domi- can Re- public	El Sal- vador	Germany	Guatemala	Guyana
Total	973,977	15,205	38,907	13,201	11,791	41,969	26,191	9,888	10,521	9,064
Under 5 years	37,487	938	695	667	148	3,210	317	505	558	330
5-9 years	58,445	1,367	1,225	811	282	4,139	929	551	474	504
10-14 years	73,619	1,342	2,353	1,330	498	5,066	4,392	426	1,153	906
15-19 years	94,374	1,173	2,836	1,251	861	5,572	5,969	521	1,303	1,088
20-24 years	116,280	1,336	2,222	993	843	4,299	2,949	2,178	1,191	772
25-29 years	150,783	1,998	4,073	1,976	1,078	5,845	3,681	2,309	1,836	815
30-34 years	124,603	2,077	4,463	1,963	901	4,447	2,946	1,345	1,488	879
35-39 years	88,564	1,711	4,201	1,338	885	2,975	1,959	688	973	803
40-44 years	61,663	1,324	3,158	835	1,020	1,964	1,097	484	624	686
45-49 years	43,275	839	2,743	508	1,010	1,237	606	350	322	528
50-54 years	34,230	494	1,966	426	937	956	394	235	202	482
55-59 years	28,368	272	2,233	354	886	804	285	81	138	472
60-64 years	24,537	164	2,282	317	817	615	255	63	118	358
65-69 years	18,604	79	2,148	209	640	425	184	51	64	247
70-74 years	10,202	44	1,337	111	429	232	123	32	42	111
75-79 years	5,222	30	597	81	291	117	58	25	23	57
80 years and over	3,586	17	354	28	263	66	46	44	12	26
Unknown age	135	-	1	3	2	-	1	-	-	-
Male	496,724	7,518	17,544	5,571	5,997	20,583	13,000	2,721	5,529	4,236
Under 5 years	19,020	465	262	327	79	1,599	176	268	284	159
5-9 years	29,817	686	622	405	147	2,111	441	296	246	247
10-14 years	38,195	680	1,275	700	263	2,547	2,172	220	567	484
15-19 years	48,493	590	1,501	636	447	2,766	3,091	97	712	525
20-24 years	60,715	521	598	421	420	1,873	1,669	179	698	323
25-29 years	79,622	914	1,528	802	589	2,920	1,903	384	1,047	380
30-34 years	65,641	1,064	2,069	791	510	2,269	1,380	379	798	422
35-39 years	46,142	870	1,916	501	471	1,546	924	265	487	400
40-44 years	31,392	667	1,354	316	569	945	477	220	303	309
45-49 years	21,845	447	1,283	175	575	550	261	179	158	245
50-54 years	16,121	275	879	141	462	428	164	113	81	208
55-59 years	12,496	152	965	100	409	357	98	45	54	192
60-64 years	10,767	103	1,052	112	360	271	96	33	42	161
65-69 years	8,150	43	1,042	69	288	195	64	23	26	105
70-74 years	4,559	25	725	39	192	112	41	10	13	43
75-79 years	2,206	11	324	23	116	54	23	4	8	24
80 years and over	1,451	5	149	10	99	40	19	6	5	9
Unknown age	92	-	-	3	1	-	1	-	-	-
Female	477,062	7,687	21,332	7,629	5,793	21,386	13,189	7,165	4,992	4,828
Under 5 years	18,460	473	432	340	69	1,611	141	237	274	171
5-9 years	28,614	681	601	406	135	2,028	488	254	228	257
10-14 years	35,416	662	1,076	630	235	2,519	2,220	206	586	422
15-19 years	45,868	583	1,333	614	414	2,806	2,878	424	591	563
20-24 years	55,548	815	1,623	572	422	2,426	1,280	1,999	493	449
25-29 years	71,129	1,084	2,537	1,174	489	2,925	1,778	1,925	789	435
30-34 years	58,925	1,013	2,389	1,172	391	2,178	1,565	965	690	457
35-39 years	42,406	841	2,280	83	414	1,429	1,035	423	486	403
40-44 years	30,258	657	1,802	519	451	1,019	620	264	321	377
45-49 years	21,423	392	1,460	333	435	687	345	171	164	283
50-54 years	18,105	219	1,107	285	475	528	230	122	121	274
55-59 years	15,867	120	1,267	254	477	447	187	36	84	280
60-64 years	13,764	61	1,229	205	457	344	159	30	76	197
65-69 years	10,449	36	1,106	140	352	230	120	28	38	142
70-74 years	5,639	19	611	72	237	120	82	22	29	68
75-79 years	3,016	19	273	58	175	63	35	21	15	33
80 years and over	2,132	12	205	18	164	26	26	38	7	17
Unknown age	43	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
Unknown sex	191	-	31	1	1	-	2	2	-	-
Percent distribution	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Male	51.0	49.4	45.1	42.2	50.9	49.0	49.6	27.5	52.6	46.7
Female	49.0	50.6	54.8	57.8	49.1	51.0	50.4	72.5	47.4	53.3
Median age	28.5	28.7	36.8	29.0	42.0	23.5	22.0	26.5	26.6	30.7
Male	28.3	29.5	37.3	27.1	40.7	23.4	21.5	29.0	26.2	30.0
Female	28.8	28.0	36.3	30.3	43.8	23.6	23.1	26.0	27.2	31.3

TABLE 13. IMMIGRANTS ADMITTED BY SELECTED COUNTRY OF BIRTH, AGE, AND SEX
FISCAL YEAR 1992—Continued

Age and sex	Haiti	Hong Kong	India	Iran	Ireland	Jamaica	Japan	Korea	Mexico	Nicaragua
Total	11,002	10,452	36,755	13,233	12,226	18,915	11,028	19,359	213,802	8,949
Under 5 years	76	724	1,519	136	160	684	294	2,455	4,264	87
5-9 years	78	810	1,447	550	294	1,432	405	738	10,978	643
10-14 years	261	1,139	1,728	658	319	2,049	413	1,431	12,578	1,101
15-19 years	291	1,157	2,259	607	505	2,476	582	1,584	19,558	1,126
20-24 years	697	572	3,504	924	2,589	1,533	1,044	1,489	39,375	1,036
25-29 years	1,840	1,488	6,604	1,550	4,182	2,169	2,317	2,377	46,070	1,118
30-34 years	2,350	1,673	4,842	1,634	2,218	2,375	2,238	2,324	29,361	1,047
35-39 years	2,019	1,189	3,291	1,344	923	1,906	1,272	1,810	18,220	876
40-44 years	1,188	816	2,313	911	442	1,295	1,127	1,259	11,645	608
45-49 years	701	278	1,861	741	306	949	636	1,007	8,132	441
50-54 years	475	238	1,878	770	151	673	351	775	5,677	279
55-59 years	334	150	1,797	891	80	473	167	607	3,580	218
60-64 years	267	98	1,584	922	37	368	98	572	2,115	166
65-69 years	235	55	1,102	810	12	245	40	443	1,166	84
70-74 years	107	44	602	466	2	135	16	281	573	48
75-79 years	45	13	275	198	1	91	10	119	242	35
80 years and over	27	8	145	117	5	61	18	87	224	36
Unknown age	11	-	4	4	-	1	-	1	44	-
Male	5,765	5,006	18,520	6,287	6,765	9,107	4,516	8,064	134,360	4,531
Under 5 years	41	375	751	75	92	351	146	1,185	2,242	46
5-9 years	26	424	749	284	153	733	199	379	5,651	344
10-14 years	127	586	901	351	174	1,008	197	744	6,547	606
15-19 years	131	598	1,095	324	277	1,224	251	832	10,410	621
20-24 years	330	235	955	356	1,396	690	365	398	27,713	535
25-29 years	1,021	668	3,412	667	2,245	1,089	725	629	31,039	553
30-34 years	1,284	747	2,970	795	1,305	1,195	839	947	18,832	504
35-39 years	1,103	570	1,971	701	541	942	587	768	11,608	431
40-44 years	672	385	1,318	459	254	641	501	552	7,403	296
45-49 years	387	150	927	334	173	423	343	525	5,018	196
50-54 years	268	109	838	282	86	312	205	344	3,466	138
55-59 years	139	77	777	373	40	178	85	208	2,120	102
60-64 years	97	37	761	428	16	129	49	188	1,136	74
65-69 years	74	17	540	433	8	87	14	166	644	39
70-74 years	38	18	318	251	1	49	4	116	295	25
75-79 years	9	7	153	105	1	36	4	45	103	9
80 years and over	9	3	82	67	3	20	2	37	97	12
Unknown age	9	-	2	2	-	-	-	1	36	-
Female	5,232	5,442	18,219	6,941	5,461	9,807	6,507	11,288	79,437	4,418
Under 5 years	35	348	767	61	68	333	148	1,270	2,022	41
5-9 years	52	386	697	266	141	699	205	358	5,327	299
10-14 years	134	552	825	306	145	1,041	216	687	6,031	495
15-19 years	160	559	1,164	283	228	1,252	331	752	9,148	505
20-24 years	367	336	2,549	568	1,193	843	679	1,090	11,661	501
25-29 years	817	820	3,190	883	1,937	1,079	1,592	1,746	15,029	565
30-34 years	1,065	925	1,870	839	913	1,180	1,398	1,375	10,528	543
35-39 years	915	619	1,318	643	382	964	685	1,042	6,612	445
40-44 years	516	431	993	452	188	654	624	707	4,242	312
45-49 years	314	128	934	407	133	526	292	482	3,114	245
50-54 years	207	129	1,040	488	65	361	146	431	2,210	141
55-59 years	194	73	1,020	518	40	295	82	399	1,460	116
60-64 years	170	61	822	492	21	239	49	384	979	92
65-69 years	161	38	560	376	4	158	26	276	522	45
70-74 years	69	26	283	214	1	86	12	165	278	23
75-79 years	36	6	122	93	-	55	6	74	139	26
80 years and over	18	5	63	50	2	41	16	50	127	24
Unknown age	2	-	2	2	-	1	-	-	8	-
Unknown sex	5	4	16	5	-	1	5	7	5	-
Percent distribution	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Male	52.4	47.9	50.4	47.5	55.3	48.1	41.0	41.7	62.8	50.6
Female	47.6	52.1	49.6	52.5	44.7	51.8	59.0	58.3	37.2	49.4
Median age	34.8	28.0	31.2	37.0	27.6	28.1	30.9	29.2	27.0	27.2
Male	34.7	27.5	32.0	37.0	27.8	27.9	32.1	28.9	27.1	26.0
Female	34.8	28.4	29.8	37.0	27.3	28.4	30.3	29.3	26.8	28.4

**TABLE 13. IMMIGRANTS ADMITTED BY SELECTED COUNTRY OF BIRTH, AGE, AND SEX
FISCAL YEAR 1992—Continued**

Age and sex	Pakistan	Peru	Philippines	Poland	Soviet Union	Taiwan	United Kingdom	Vietnam	Other
Total	10,214	9,868	61,022	25,504	43,614	16,344	19,973	77,735	177,245
Under 5 years	789	533	2,538	1,027	2,521	351	676	2,906	8,379
5-9 years	561	496	4,010	1,679	4,611	823	1,274	5,034	12,300
10-14 years	666	924	4,878	2,199	3,777	1,458	1,260	5,982	13,332
15-19 years	782	1,089	6,615	2,932	3,280	1,110	1,054	11,408	15,385
20-24 years	1,045	770	5,324	2,450	2,760	691	1,979	12,485	19,230
25-29 years	1,599	1,142	6,727	2,889	3,281	2,115	3,941	7,048	28,715
30-34 years	1,365	1,224	7,317	2,879	4,414	3,860	3,281	4,933	24,759
35-39 years	960	1,010	5,662	2,835	4,046	2,306	2,083	4,759	16,520
40-44 years	577	654	3,498	2,396	3,360	1,367	1,683	4,622	10,710
45-49 years	435	442	2,537	1,524	1,672	530	1,267	4,252	7,421
50-54 years	380	314	2,502	1,025	1,949	421	679	3,890	5,691
55-59 years	358	317	2,637	758	1,722	393	336	3,445	4,580
60-64 years	301	318	2,685	479	1,843	424	186	3,051	4,034
65-69 years	197	301	2,101	245	1,982	283	106	2,039	3,111
70-74 years	101	193	1,158	102	1,074	124	73	1,065	1,577
75-79 years	61	96	578	40	712	57	42	523	805
80 years and over	35	45	252	42	596	30	52	286	664
Unknown age	2	-	3	3	14	1	1	7	32
Male	5,513	4,500	24,254	12,041	20,708	7,354	10,382	36,928	89,424
Under 5 years	404	246	1,267	563	1,274	198	340	1,468	4,337
5-9 years	284	242	2,004	826	2,309	438	671	2,649	6,251
10-14 years	344	489	2,528	1,181	1,967	803	623	3,112	6,999
15-19 years	403	577	3,251	1,494	1,700	442	555	6,029	7,914
20-24 years	447	354	1,508	1,128	1,250	296	794	6,421	8,842
25-29 years	889	492	1,710	1,309	1,512	673	1,953	3,597	14,972
30-34 years	880	533	2,611	1,333	2,076	1,831	1,787	2,086	13,404
35-39 years	607	459	2,236	1,311	2,006	1,085	1,144	1,852	8,840
40-44 years	345	283	1,523	1,113	1,694	613	964	1,704	5,512
45-49 years	232	201	1,030	686	844	259	735	1,858	3,651
50-54 years	174	138	929	437	863	193	390	1,685	2,513
55-59 years	151	103	985	321	764	133	214	1,438	1,916
60-64 years	146	121	1,054	189	772	161	102	1,359	1,718
65-69 years	97	113	831	85	757	133	61	919	1,277
70-74 years	50	89	447	37	438	62	30	431	660
75-79 years	37	35	231	10	278	21	9	191	335
80 years and over	22	25	107	17	196	12	10	124	264
Unknown age	1	-	2	1	8	1	-	5	19
Female	4,700	5,367	36,762	13,463	22,896	8,980	9,588	40,786	87,767
Under 5 years	385	287	1,268	464	1,247	153	336	1,437	4,042
5-9 years	277	254	2,005	853	2,299	385	603	2,385	6,045
10-14 years	322	435	2,349	1,018	1,809	655	637	2,870	6,333
15-19 years	379	512	3,364	1,438	1,579	667	499	5,375	7,467
20-24 years	598	416	3,815	1,322	1,509	394	1,184	6,060	10,384
25-29 years	709	650	5,017	1,580	1,769	1,440	1,988	3,449	13,733
30-34 years	485	690	4,706	1,546	2,337	2,026	1,493	2,842	11,344
35-39 years	353	551	3,426	1,524	2,040	1,219	939	2,906	7,675
40-44 years	232	371	1,975	1,283	1,665	754	719	2,917	5,193
45-49 years	203	241	1,507	838	827	270	532	2,393	3,767
50-54 years	206	176	1,573	588	1,086	228	289	2,204	3,176
55-59 years	207	214	1,652	437	958	260	121	2,007	2,662
60-64 years	155	197	1,631	290	1,071	263	84	1,691	2,315
65-69 years	100	188	1,270	160	1,224	150	45	1,120	1,834
70-74 years	51	104	711	65	636	62	43	634	916
75-79 years	24	61	347	30	434	36	33	332	470
80 years and over	13	20	145	25	400	18	42	162	398
Unknown age	1	-	1	2	6	-	1	2	13
Unknown sex	1	1	6	-	10	10	3	21	54
Percent distribution	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Male	54.0	45.6	39.7	47.2	47.5	45.0	52.0	47.5	50.5
Female	46.0	54.4	60.2	52.8	52.5	54.9	48.0	52.5	49.5
Median age	29.0	29.9	30.3	29.3	31.8	31.9	29.8	25.6	28.5
Male	29.9	28.5	29.7	28.3	30.9	32.2	30.6	23.9	28.5
Female	27.6	30.9	30.6	30.2	32.6	31.7	28.8	28.0	28.5

- Represents zero.

**TABLE 14. IMMIGRANTS ADMITTED BY MARITAL STATUS, AGE, AND SEX
FISCAL YEAR 1992**

Age and sex	Total	Single	Married	Widowed	Divorced	Separated	Unknown
Total	973,977	456,762	472,017	21,859	13,202	5,395	4,742
Under 5 years	37,487	37,487	-	-	-	-	-
5-9 years	58,445	58,445	-	-	-	-	-
10-14 years	73,619	73,537	24	-	13	-	45
15-19 years	94,374	89,667	4,254	-	51	7	395
20-24 years	116,280	70,244	44,971	48	186	178	653
25-29 years	150,783	59,383	88,766	170	916	729	819
30-34 years	124,603	32,826	87,625	325	1,938	1,181	708
35-39 years	88,564	15,754	68,201	479	2,470	1,102	558
40-44 years	61,663	7,543	50,243	646	2,063	814	354
45-49 years	43,275	3,905	36,048	902	1,645	522	253
50-54 years	34,230	2,644	28,066	1,618	1,344	353	205
55-59 years	28,368	1,867	22,411	2,617	1,052	238	183
60-64 years	24,537	1,375	18,395	3,736	737	128	166
65-69 years	18,604	961	12,883	4,078	439	80	163
70-74 years	10,202	547	6,150	3,185	200	36	84
75-79 years	5,222	286	2,591	2,152	94	16	83
80 years and over	3,586	217	1,345	1,897	54	7	66
Unknown age	135	74	44	6	-	4	7
Male	496,724	260,130	222,859	3,033	5,344	2,623	2,735
Under 5 years	19,020	19,020	-	-	-	-	-
5-9 years	29,817	29,817	-	-	-	-	-
10-14 years	38,195	38,154	11	-	5	-	25
15-19 years	48,493	47,508	737	-	24	1	223
20-24 years	60,715	46,373	13,763	17	43	79	440
25-29 years	79,622	40,822	37,388	48	424	372	568
30-34 years	65,641	21,281	42,348	81	901	578	452
35-39 years	46,142	9,227	34,809	91	1,135	541	339
40-44 years	31,392	3,813	25,932	121	902	405	219
45-49 years	21,845	1,718	18,936	131	649	270	141
50-54 years	16,121	995	14,233	170	447	170	106
55-59 years	12,496	544	11,161	261	360	103	67
60-64 years	10,767	367	9,672	396	224	56	52
65-69 years	8,150	205	7,263	500	116	31	35
70-74 years	4,559	129	3,877	461	63	8	21
75-79 years	2,206	61	1,722	365	29	6	23
80 years and over	1,451	47	975	389	22	-	18
Unknown age	92	49	32	2	-	3	6
Female	477,062	196,565	249,062	18,821	7,857	2,772	1,985
Under 5 years	18,460	18,460	-	-	-	-	-
5-9 years	28,614	28,614	-	-	-	-	-
10-14 years	35,416	35,377	13	-	8	-	18
15-19 years	45,868	42,152	3,515	-	27	6	168
20-24 years	55,548	23,865	31,198	31	143	99	212
25-29 years	71,129	18,552	51,357	122	492	357	249
30-34 years	58,925	11,535	45,254	244	1,037	603	252
35-39 years	42,406	6,525	33,383	388	1,335	561	214
40-44 years	30,258	3,728	24,302	525	1,161	409	133
45-49 years	21,423	2,186	17,106	771	996	252	112
50-54 years	18,105	1,649	13,830	1,448	897	183	98
55-59 years	15,867	1,322	11,246	2,356	692	135	116
60-64 years	13,764	1,007	8,721	3,339	512	72	113
65-69 years	10,449	756	5,616	3,577	323	49	128
70-74 years	5,639	418	2,270	2,723	137	28	63
75-79 years	3,016	225	869	1,787	65	10	60
80 years and over	2,132	169	370	1,506	32	7	48
Unknown age	43	25	12	4	-	1	1
Unknown sex	191	67	96	5	1	-	22
Percent distribution	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Male	51.0	57.0	47.2	13.9	40.5	48.6	57.7
Female	49.0	43.0	52.8	86.1	59.5	51.4	41.9
Unknown	Z	Z	Z	Z	Z	Z	.5
Median age	28.5	18.4	35.7	65.5	42.5	37.7	33.1
Male	28.3	19.6	37.4	67.0	40.8	37.6	31.2
Female	28.8	17.0	34.3	65.3	43.9	37.9	37.1

- Represents zero. Z rounds to less than 0.05 percent.

**TABLE 15. IMMIGRANT-ORPHANS ADOPTED BY U.S. CITIZENS BY SEX,
AGE, AND REGION AND SELECTED COUNTRY OF BIRTH
FISCAL YEAR 1992**

Region and country of birth	Total	Sex			Age			
		Male	Female	Unknown	Under 1 year	1-4 years	5-9 years	Over 9 years
All countries	6,536	3,028	3,506	2	3,888	1,742	554	352
Europe	874	430	444	-	241	463	144	26
Albania	25	10	15	-	10	9	4	2
Bulgaria	90	42	48	-	14	59	17	-
Hungary	24	9	15	-	2	11	11	-
Lithuania	16	8	8	-	8	7	1	-
Poland	109	61	48	-	52	31	14	12
Romania	145	74	71	-	46	79	17	3
Soviet Union	432	204	228	-	99	258	69	6
United Kingdom	9	7	2	-	-	2	5	2
Other Europe	24	15	9	-	10	7	6	1
Asia	3,032	1,303	1,727	2	2,096	598	166	172
Bangladesh	10	1	9	-	5	4	1	-
Cambodia	16	12	4	-	5	4	5	2
China, Mainland	201	9	192	-	154	39	6	2
Hong Kong	27	15	12	-	9	14	1	3
India	348	113	234	1	120	174	31	23
Japan	71	36	35	-	49	20	2	-
Korea	1,787	840	947	-	1,612	123	41	11
Lebanon	16	10	6	-	12	4	-	-
Pakistan	15	6	9	-	9	4	-	2
Philippines	353	173	179	1	70	123	49	111
Taiwan	35	13	22	-	25	9	-	1
Thailand	90	52	38	-	7	56	22	5
Vietnam	23	12	11	-	5	8	4	6
Other Asia	40	11	29	-	14	16	4	6
Africa	63	34	29	-	6	24	21	12
Ethiopia	34	15	19	-	2	8	19	5
Morocco	9	7	2	-	3	5	1	-
Other Africa	20	12	8	-	1	11	1	7
Oceania	13	10	3	-	12	1	-	-
North America	1,136	579	557	-	575	346	119	96
Mexico	104	55	49	-	45	35	15	9
Caribbean	134	62	72	-	29	37	18	50
Dominican Republic	41	20	21	-	25	10	3	3
Haiti	49	26	23	-	2	15	9	23
Jamaica	29	11	18	-	-	9	5	15
Other Caribbean	15	5	10	-	2	3	1	9
Central America	892	459	433	-	499	271	86	36
Belize	8	4	4	-	3	1	2	2
Costa Rica	65	26	39	-	10	17	23	15
El Salvador	115	67	48	-	52	49	12	2
Guatemala	428	214	214	-	301	90	25	12
Honduras	253	137	116	-	128	105	17	3
Panama	15	7	8	-	2	7	4	2
Other Central America	8	4	4	-	3	2	3	-
Other North America	6	3	3	-	2	3	-	1
South America	1,418	672	746	-	958	310	104	46
Argentina	13	6	7	-	5	4	3	1
Bolivia	74	34	40	-	57	14	1	2
Brazil	139	79	60	-	86	21	24	8
Chile	176	80	96	-	130	30	9	7
Colombia	403	194	209	-	273	69	41	20
Ecuador	36	21	15	-	7	19	9	1
Paraguay	244	115	129	-	142	94	8	-
Peru	324	140	184	-	256	56	9	3
Other South America	9	3	6	-	2	3	-	4

- Represents zero.

**TABLE 16. IMMIGRANT NEW ARRIVALS ADMITTED BY SELECTED PORT OF ENTRY
AND REGION AND SELECTED COUNTRY OF BIRTH
FISCAL YEAR 1992**

Region and country of birth	All ports	Chicago	El Paso	Los Angeles	Miami	New York	San Francisco	San Diego	Seattle	Other
All countries	511,769	23,293	47,010	73,806	35,591	138,331	46,332	28,236	18,511	100,659
Europe	62,912	11,709	88	3,267	1,306	24,125	1,318	22	424	20,653
Albania	133	13	-	-	1	79	-	-	1	39
Austria	308	14	-	44	11	116	10	-	1	112
Belgium	331	50	-	31	11	123	15	-	-	101
Bulgaria	264	16	1	28	2	151	7	-	26	33
Czechoslovakia	487	71	-	45	5	224	14	-	6	122
Denmark	390	31	1	68	9	100	14	-	20	147
Finland	251	18	-	22	14	132	2	-	8	55
France	1,433	59	6	184	89	323	88	4	3	677
Germany	6,400	566	9	315	93	1,000	130	3	34	4,250
Greece	774	63	1	29	17	449	13	-	7	195
Hungary	492	19	-	58	21	217	13	-	7	157
Ireland	10,650	375	4	302	135	6,288	419	2	33	3,092
Italy	1,165	45	1	103	72	670	12	1	4	257
Latvia	40	3	-	7	1	21	1	-	-	7
Netherlands	660	29	1	58	55	186	21	-	11	299
Norway	349	20	-	44	5	61	15	-	84	120
Poland	20,731	9,043	30	260	44	7,776	35	1	46	3,496
Portugal	2,072	4	-	4	16	744	3	-	2	1,299
Romania	787	182	3	54	13	377	5	1	7	145
Soviet Union, former	1,924	123	15	148	31	1,177	63	1	16	350
Armenia	52	-	5	26	2	15	-	-	-	4
Azerbaijan	26	1	-	4	-	17	-	-	-	4
Belarus	150	17	-	10	1	97	10	-	-	15
Moldova	69	1	-	5	1	46	1	-	5	10
Russia	693	31	3	51	9	382	30	-	3	184
Ukraine	527	35	3	28	10	365	13	-	8	65
Uzbekistan	69	-	-	3	1	56	1	-	-	8
Other republics	57	5	1	4	-	37	1	1	-	8
Unknown republic	281	33	3	17	7	162	7	-	-	52
Spain	855	9	6	45	90	426	5	6	-	268
Sweden	717	121	-	77	18	228	17	-	13	243
Switzerland	436	47	-	48	21	159	17	-	5	139
United Kingdom	9,616	501	3	1,240	513	2,153	386	2	87	4,731
Yugoslavia	1,379	272	7	44	16	830	10	1	1	198
Other Europe	268	15	-	9	3	115	3	-	2	121
Asia	207,822	10,237	600	50,497	1,106	50,532	43,097	93	17,670	33,990
Afghanistan	422	12	-	65	1	213	41	1	-	89
Bangladesh	2,538	46	1	350	33	1,730	36	-	108	234
Burma	570	16	1	130	3	113	207	-	45	55
Cambodia	566	14	-	173	-	53	151	-	127	48
China, Mainland	24,818	906	27	4,009	94	8,861	7,887	25	935	2,074
Hong Kong	7,542	323	-	1,388	16	1,658	2,801	2	391	963
India	23,536	2,603	36	2,429	226	10,521	2,589	3	276	4,853
Indonesia	2,158	9	-	1,394	2	148	453	-	29	123
Iran	5,089	251	239	1,455	140	1,262	329	11	84	1,318
Iraq	3,329	983	5	192	5	1,713	58	1	12	360
Israel	2,076	74	13	417	94	1,178	31	-	6	263
Japan	6,756	286	6	2,531	12	1,590	900	-	203	1,228
Jordan	2,498	347	-	222	56	1,436	74	-	14	349
Korea	14,062	510	3	4,680	63	2,704	1,088	-	946	4,068
Kuwait	458	55	11	46	7	229	20	-	1	89
Laos	259	14	1	46	-	15	46	-	85	52
Lebanon	3,309	324	201	681	83	1,245	84	2	35	654
Malaysia	824	15	-	433	1	140	131	4	14	86
Pakistan	7,160	591	3	522	120	4,470	338	-	41	1,075
Philippines	43,606	2,070	10	11,653	26	3,721	11,752	39	2,832	11,503
Saudi Arabia	321	24	-	29	2	184	14	1	3	64
Singapore	252	6	1	72	1	36	74	-	10	52
Sri Lanka	507	10	1	186	2	144	23	-	9	132
Syria	1,359	132	20	279	25	684	26	2	14	177
Taiwan	7,668	220	12	3,330	59	1,362	1,617	-	136	932
Thailand	2,012	100	1	752	4	198	349	1	210	397
Turkey	1,275	48	2	161	9	762	20	-	2	271
Vietnam	40,213	174	2	12,694	7	2,444	11,729	-	11,071	2,092
Yemen	1,933	26	1	56	-	1,511	101	-	-	238
Other Asia	706	48	3	122	15	207	128	1	31	151

**TABLE 16. IMMIGRANT NEW ARRIVALS ADMITTED BY SELECTED PORT OF ENTRY
AND REGION AND SELECTED COUNTRY OF BIRTH
FISCAL YEAR 1992—Continued**

Region and country of birth	All ports	Chicago	El Paso	Los Angeles	Miami	New York	San Fran- cisco	San Diego	Seattle	Other
Africa	10,137	521	32	1,000	194	4,870	233	9	69	3,209
Algeria	186	13	-	17	4	82	7	-	-	63
Cape Verde	517	-	-	1	-	170	3	-	-	343
Egypt	2,066	77	-	298	24	1,257	23	-	16	371
Ethiopia	604	29	14	69	8	158	49	2	21	254
Ghana	976	87	-	53	4	492	10	-	1	329
Kenya	482	67	-	52	15	126	26	-	9	187
Liberia	457	9	10	6	3	300	3	2	-	124
Morocco	334	9	1	41	10	209	2	-	1	61
Nigeria	1,716	98	1	132	38	939	25	-	4	479
Sierra Leone	298	9	1	13	-	153	5	-	-	117
Somalia	100	1	-	7	-	53	1	-	-	38
South Africa	998	42	1	189	56	354	25	4	8	319
Sudan	86	3	1	13	1	42	-	-	-	26
Uganda	156	15	-	16	2	39	9	1	-	74
Other Africa	1,161	62	3	93	29	496	45	-	9	424
Oceania	2,157	10	1	763	9	50	459	-	14	851
Australia	839	7	1	399	4	38	40	-	11	339
Fiji	631	-	-	178	1	2	390	-	2	58
New Zealand	375	2	-	136	4	8	8	-	1	216
Tonga	178	-	-	22	-	-	17	-	-	139
Other Oceania	134	1	-	28	-	2	4	-	-	99
North America	190,340	690	46,243	15,786	17,257	40,359	1,117	28,103	326	40,459
Canada	7,742	138	5	215	115	771	107	5	308	6,078
Mexico	82,599	259	46,061	141	57	198	90	27,902	1	7,890
Caribbean	61,953	44	61	56	10,013	35,806	11	23	10	15,929
Antigua-Barbuda	404	1	-	-	33	150	-	-	-	220
Bahamas, The	222	-	-	-	197	13	-	-	-	12
Barbados	707	-	-	2	55	323	-	-	1	326
Cuba	1,616	1	40	15	1,485	27	1	11	1	35
Dominica	619	1	-	-	75	120	-	-	-	423
Dominican Republic	37,123	5	17	4	2,784	23,758	5	8	-	10,542
Grenada	616	-	-	-	32	355	-	-	-	229
Haiti	1,200	3	1	1	657	422	-	-	-	116
Jamaica	13,553	25	2	23	3,866	7,837	5	4	3	1,788
St. Kitts-Nevis	461	2	-	1	39	44	-	-	-	375
St. Lucia	427	-	-	2	31	95	-	-	-	299
St. Vincent & Grenadines	495	-	-	-	27	215	-	-	1	252
Trinidad & Tobago	4,108	3	1	3	663	2,344	-	-	4	1,090
Other Caribbean	402	3	-	5	69	103	-	-	-	222
Central America	38,004	247	113	15,371	7,070	3,577	908	173	7	10,538
Belize	660	4	-	175	231	37	3	5	-	205
Costa Rica	984	3	1	212	458	108	4	-	-	198
El Salvador	19,848	28	60	10,089	1,146	1,604	823	99	2	5,997
Guatemala	6,744	158	31	3,454	1,000	504	33	45	-	1,519
Honduras	5,007	6	8	763	1,676	1,051	24	16	-	1,463
Nicaragua	3,122	1	12	642	1,706	71	20	8	1	661
Panama	1,639	47	1	36	853	202	1	-	4	495
Other North America	42	2	3	3	2	7	1	-	-	24
South America	38,401	126	46	2,493	15,719	18,395	108	9	8	1,497
Argentina	2,252	8	11	607	998	554	7	1	1	65
Bolivia	1,060	-	1	16	998	19	2	-	-	24
Brazil	1,710	64	2	190	537	628	22	2	1	264
Chile	1,135	10	4	157	703	191	2	-	-	68
Colombia	9,410	6	9	475	3,955	4,693	5	4	1	262
Ecuador	6,013	14	3	342	1,527	3,917	1	-	1	208
Guyana	7,833	1	-	4	519	7,011	2	-	1	295
Paraguay	417	4	1	10	253	139	-	-	-	10
Peru	7,048	13	11	635	5,473	739	60	2	3	112
Uruguay	437	2	1	51	168	196	1	-	-	18
Venezuela	945	3	3	5	533	235	5	-	-	161
Other South America	141	1	-	1	55	73	1	-	-	10

- Represents zero.

**TABLE 17. IMMIGRANTS ADMITTED BY SELECTED COUNTRY OF BIRTH AND STATE OF INTENDED RESIDENCE
FISCAL YEAR 1992**

State of intended residence	All countries	Canada	China, Mainland	Colombia	Cuba	Dominican Republic	El Salvador	Germany	Guatemala	Guyana
Total	973,977	15,205	38,907	13,201	11,791	41,969	26,191	9,888	10,521	9,064
Alabama	2,109	59	99	19	1	1	12	142	7	2
Alaska	1,165	50	13	9	2	30	10	15	4	-
Arizona	15,792	346	290	51	6	16	123	174	173	6
Arkansas	1,039	15	30	3	2	-	15	63	2	-
California	336,663	2,278	11,684	1,099	375	108	15,051	1,476	6,179	140
Colorado	6,553	289	302	26	5	9	30	227	26	2
Connecticut	10,345	280	390	343	33	247	70	116	67	90
Delaware	1,034	36	63	10	1	14	2	22	9	24
District of Columbia	4,275	31	192	26	5	113	640	23	52	55
Florida	61,127	1,817	587	2,847	9,799	2,077	461	747	479	534
Georgia	11,243	343	416	149	27	44	121	380	33	69
Hawaii	8,199	186	528	8	2	-	5	73	2	1
Idaho	1,186	90	58	18	-	1	7	37	3	1
Illinois	43,532	452	1,220	311	55	91	263	385	549	24
Indiana	3,115	135	175	20	1	6	5	163	15	25
Iowa	2,228	72	54	11	3	2	10	62	26	5
Kansas	2,924	71	112	13	1	3	9	108	8	1
Kentucky	2,119	112	78	10	2	-	3	145	5	4
Louisiana	4,230	65	161	29	39	29	27	159	46	30
Maine	847	121	48	6	-	2	-	47	6	1
Maryland	15,408	135	736	157	20	164	947	190	170	200
Massachusetts	22,231	438	1,440	263	38	2,076	248	198	190	61
Michigan	14,268	857	618	37	12	51	15	284	33	11
Minnesota	6,851	313	282	67	5	10	16	138	25	105
Mississippi	842	25	42	12	-	1	-	57	3	-
Missouri	4,250	109	241	31	7	11	12	166	19	6
Montana	493	85	27	2	-	-	1	29	1	-
Nebraska	1,486	21	80	6	-	-	5	37	9	3
Nevada	5,086	127	147	40	131	7	190	51	51	8
New Hampshire	1,250	99	54	22	2	52	1	36	5	-
New Jersey	48,314	378	1,376	2,259	613	4,761	635	310	375	812
New Mexico	3,907	46	102	10	23	-	12	63	36	1
New York	149,399	1,305	10,986	3,709	237	25,631	2,014	702	728	6,542
North Carolina	6,425	301	228	52	11	27	45	312	18	28
North Dakota	513	82	31	5	-	2	-	16	-	1
Ohio	10,194	426	484	58	17	36	10	245	29	32
Oklahoma	3,147	74	127	21	4	6	9	140	28	1
Oregon	6,275	243	355	13	5	7	39	110	39	3
Pennsylvania	16,213	375	1,003	165	17	200	48	351	67	58
Rhode Island	2,920	36	69	207	2	528	32	21	149	1
South Carolina	2,118	121	80	46	2	10	9	152	8	3
South Dakota	522	15	13	1	-	-	-	15	-	3
Tennessee	2,995	144	94	15	-	7	17	106	15	14
Texas	75,533	936	1,818	579	105	107	3,586	726	543	75
Utah	2,744	181	197	18	-	4	29	48	20	3
Vermont	668	129	25	6	-	3	2	24	1	2
Virginia	17,739	267	730	161	14	68	1,300	285	186	34
Washington	15,861	883	587	43	11	9	56	228	35	10
West Virginia	723	27	59	6	-	3	3	61	2	9
Wisconsin	4,261	133	199	21	7	2	21	145	25	5
Wyoming	281	15	29	4	-	-	-	15	-	-
U.S. territories and possessions										
Guam	2,464	-	78	1	-	-	-	8	-	-
Northern Mariana Is.	67	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Puerto Rico	6,347	5	68	149	149	5,088	24	48	19	5
Virgin Islands	1,754	20	-	4	-	304	-	5	-	14
Armed Services Posts	317	3	-	2	-	1	1	2	-	-
Other or unknown	386	3	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	-

**TABLE 17. IMMIGRANTS ADMITTED BY SELECTED COUNTRY OF BIRTH AND STATE OF INTENDED RESIDENCE
FISCAL YEAR 1992—Continued**

State of intended residence	Haiti	Hong Kong	India	Iran	Ireland	Jamaica	Japan	Korea	Mexico	Nicaragua
Total	11,002	10,452	36,755	13,233	12,226	18,915	11,028	19,359	213,802	8,949
Alabama	1	12	230	36	10	26	21	108	94	4
Alaska	—	13	11	7	12	7	13	101	64	4
Arizona	2	60	249	72	28	10	72	155	10,779	23
Arkansas	—	4	55	22	24	7	10	24	168	3
California	29	4,532	8,254	7,095	1,775	345	4,112	5,934	132,138	2,324
Colorado	1	47	169	120	42	13	92	215	1,447	6
Connecticut	238	66	532	92	302	1,022	121	107	121	26
Delaware	16	4	96	9	32	57	10	88	82	—
District of Columbia	25	8	86	25	35	122	29	45	41	49
Florida	6,339	166	975	343	313	4,524	176	285	2,389	4,518
Georgia	28	80	785	189	95	207	180	405	1,343	24
Hawaii	—	240	37	11	10	2	669	421	99	3
Idaho	1	5	26	10	5	1	14	25	380	2
Illinois	58	348	3,179	287	658	233	347	815	9,861	80
Indiana	30	21	256	33	33	21	59	135	385	14
Iowa	1	14	104	21	15	3	17	142	234	5
Kansas	—	18	162	56	5	5	18	59	452	4
Kentucky	4	28	131	31	26	16	41	79	75	3
Louisiana	8	34	179	41	22	8	25	81	118	187
Maine	1	18	15	—	13	15	14	24	15	—
Maryland	65	105	1,150	444	128	625	93	780	237	166
Massachusetts	826	442	922	233	2,081	374	266	234	101	38
Michigan	9	105	1,250	138	55	93	168	445	423	6
Minnesota	9	63	257	63	39	17	41	230	195	14
Mississippi	2	3	82	6	3	5	7	30	46	4
Missouri	5	49	268	74	32	28	35	124	171	6
Montana	—	1	14	2	3	—	5	26	42	—
Nebraska	1	12	50	14	6	4	9	74	316	4
Nevada	5	69	91	57	10	9	19	73	2,128	87
New Hampshire	7	28	67	20	40	5	12	35	15	3
New Jersey	651	402	4,058	255	762	1,395	757	1,254	537	196
New Mexico	1	14	58	22	11	2	16	21	2,543	36
New York	2,473	1,969	5,080	946	4,530	8,733	1,953	2,317	1,809	328
North Carolina	9	60	410	93	62	30	95	295	583	39
North Dakota	—	4	33	13	3	2	4	15	11	—
Ohio	2	99	843	131	124	94	158	274	187	16
Oklahoma	4	9	220	92	3	8	11	126	537	4
Oregon	—	83	176	75	15	5	99	198	846	14
Pennsylvania	40	137	1,337	152	361	398	130	575	259	54
Rhode Island	29	18	47	16	34	23	30	23	17	3
South Carolina	9	43	158	39	13	16	22	40	141	7
South Dakota	—	3	13	3	3	—	5	30	13	—
Tennessee	6	19	201	66	23	10	59	79	155	3
Texas	17	447	2,617	893	163	212	239	831	39,301	387
Utah	1	15	79	64	13	—	44	55	425	3
Vermont	2	14	15	5	6	3	6	5	4	—
Virginia	17	99	1,033	606	108	93	173	964	334	184
Washington	2	296	357	165	90	14	330	600	1,239	19
West Virginia	—	3	78	7	4	6	9	28	18	—
Wisconsin	2	48	220	36	45	42	30	107	402	16
Wyoming	—	3	7	1	—	—	8	10	61	—
U.S. territories and possessions										
Guam	—	65	8	—	—	—	139	192	—	—
Northern Mariana Is.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	1	—
Puerto Rico	5	7	8	1	—	6	7	5	60	33
Virgin Islands	19	—	15	—	1	17	—	5	—	—
Armed Services Posts	—	—	1	—	—	—	9	7	—	—
Other or unknown	2	—	1	1	—	2	—	—	360	—

**TABLE 17. IMMIGRANTS ADMITTED BY SELECTED COUNTRY OF BIRTH AND STATE OF INTENDED RESIDENCE
FISCAL YEAR 1992—Continued**

State of intended residence	Pakistan	Peru	Philippines	Poland	Soviet Union	Taiwan	United Kingdom	Vietnam	Other
Total	10,214	9,868	61,022	25,504	43,614	16,344	19,973	77,735	177,245
Alabama	8	7	99	10	38	93	100	347	523
Alaska	2	14	368	45	38	7	23	100	203
Arizona	37	41	420	61	141	111	261	892	1,193
Arkansas	9	4	64	1	2	16	114	157	225
California	1,841	2,086	26,846	767	12,655	7,565	4,160	33,477	42,338
Colorado	42	59	261	92	425	66	240	909	1,391
Connecticut	144	231	407	1,180	618	67	539	515	2,381
Delaware	31	5	51	8	19	22	54	69	200
District of Columbia	28	70	171	22	28	25	74	751	1,504
Florida	535	1,412	1,799	348	447	277	1,913	1,844	13,176
Georgia	190	122	381	57	386	230	485	1,796	2,678
Hawaii	8	10	4,001	4	14	116	84	692	973
Idaho	7	13	57	14	53	13	49	55	241
Illinois	979	220	2,467	9,756	2,379	442	656	1,174	6,243
Indiana	52	15	189	101	121	62	140	161	742
Iowa	16	4	112	15	50	34	49	738	409
Kansas	29	24	106	14	126	60	59	733	668
Kentucky	37	23	124	8	166	40	109	397	422
Louisiana	41	12	194	17	35	54	108	1,321	1,160
Maine	5	5	65	11	71	6	52	103	183
Maryland	318	268	892	157	1,401	486	402	1,194	3,778
Massachusetts	139	127	417	543	1,637	368	790	2,102	5,639
Michigan	254	32	555	454	477	250	467	902	6,267
Minnesota	41	35	218	57	436	94	181	1,189	2,711
Mississippi	10	4	89	-	7	24	39	192	149
Missouri	60	28	257	44	206	106	160	1,057	938
Montana	7	3	50	2	50	4	26	15	98
Nebraska	3	12	82	23	30	33	19	466	167
Nevada	30	24	686	21	26	35	86	172	706
New Hampshire	8	6	38	19	36	46	101	97	396
New Jersey	702	1,725	4,077	4,339	1,273	950	1,161	1,180	11,121
New Mexico	4	13	121	10	31	19	90	299	303
New York	2,315	1,864	5,484	5,565	11,392	1,575	2,495	2,810	33,907
North Carolina	63	44	279	73	114	187	364	929	1,674
North Dakota	-	1	41	1	6	4	24	142	72
Ohio	125	62	475	208	1,771	251	440	554	3,043
Oklahoma	43	14	150	12	42	65	109	726	562
Oregon	21	50	307	22	932	69	130	1,216	1,203
Pennsylvania	210	91	510	517	2,350	252	712	2,196	3,648
Rhode Island	13	25	76	78	224	6	70	65	1,078
South Carolina	18	23	209	27	29	27	157	110	599
South Dakota	3	2	37	1	80	3	23	83	173
Tennessee	38	4	154	28	137	36	123	628	814
Texas	1,003	306	2,117	214	480	1,350	1,231	6,669	8,581
Utah	33	51	103	29	105	50	84	491	599
Vermont	1	4	14	5	20	4	46	186	136
Virginia	584	489	1,441	112	316	364	626	2,339	4,812
Washington	72	79	1,624	260	2,076	217	285	3,179	3,095
West Virginia	14	8	49	6	3	15	35	54	216
Wisconsin	34	26	165	133	103	84	176	188	1,846
Wyoming	3	3	27	7	4	3	12	2	67
U.S. territories and possessions									
Guam	-	1	1,760	-	2	58	6	72	74
Northern Mariana Is.	-	-	59	-	-	-	-	-	1
Puerto Rico	2	63	12	6	6	2	9	-	560
Virgin Islands	-	2	3	-	-	-	21	-	1,324
Armed Services Posts	-	1	260	-	-	1	4	-	25
Other or unknown	2	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	10

- Represents zero.

**TABLE 18. IMMIGRANTS ADMITTED BY STATE OF INTENDED RESIDENCE
FISCAL YEARS 1984-92**

State of intended residence	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992
Total	543,903	570,009	601,708	601,516	643,025	1,090,924	1,536,483	1,827,167	973,977
Alabama	1,696	1,516	1,697	1,597	1,402	1,792	1,775	2,706	2,109
Alaska	970	990	1,115	992	989	1,013	1,207	1,525	1,165
Arizona	5,289	6,131	7,133	7,189	6,697	11,238	23,737	40,642	15,792
Arkansas	1,104	1,041	929	861	808	1,074	1,245	2,559	1,039
California	140,289	155,403	168,790	161,164	188,696	457,417	682,979	732,735	336,663
Colorado	4,656	5,471	4,739	4,562	4,541	7,101	9,125	13,782	6,553
Connecticut	7,069	6,948	7,001	8,058	7,161	8,430	10,678	12,365	10,345
Delaware	592	544	585	621	685	708	868	1,937	1,034
Dist. of Columbia	2,391	2,708	2,444	2,572	2,517	4,759	5,467	5,510	4,275
Florida	32,364	36,833	48,600	54,654	65,418	48,474	71,603	141,068	61,127
Georgia	4,690	5,452	5,671	6,118	5,677	8,093	10,431	23,556	11,243
Hawaii	8,981	7,868	7,814	6,796	6,637	7,292	8,441	8,659	8,199
Idaho	741	658	768	682	790	1,875	1,815	7,088	1,186
Illinois	26,617	26,624	26,093	25,995	27,726	69,263	83,858	73,388	43,532
Indiana	2,398	2,388	2,496	2,279	2,322	2,580	3,392	4,512	3,115
Iowa	1,564	1,645	1,309	1,579	1,697	1,760	2,252	3,331	2,228
Kansas	2,609	2,363	2,043	1,804	2,130	3,842	3,925	5,620	2,924
Kentucky	1,073	1,488	1,049	1,381	1,218	1,396	1,365	1,753	2,119
Louisiana	5,403	3,822	4,373	3,824	3,444	3,925	4,024	4,917	4,230
Maine	798	918	941	855	701	795	883	1,155	847
Maryland	9,749	10,118	10,768	11,846	11,502	14,258	17,106	17,470	15,408
Massachusetts	13,418	14,401	15,120	16,630	18,594	20,990	25,338	27,020	22,231
Michigan	8,065	8,276	8,560	8,929	9,073	9,552	10,990	16,090	14,268
Minnesota	5,243	4,995	5,189	5,621	4,665	5,704	6,627	7,461	6,851
Mississippi	786	684	785	862	760	845	931	1,254	842
Missouri	3,186	2,904	2,912	2,715	3,082	3,320	3,820	4,470	4,250
Montana	333	385	369	341	415	376	484	826	493
Nebraska	984	983	787	760	837	1,120	1,573	3,020	1,486
Nevada	2,130	2,778	3,021	2,562	2,726	5,242	8,270	10,470	5,086
New Hampshire	772	827	834	1,070	1,004	1,140	1,191	1,421	1,250
New Jersey	27,148	31,074	34,638	30,849	32,724	42,187	52,670	56,164	48,314
New Mexico	2,258	2,197	2,234	2,302	2,661	7,210	8,840	13,519	3,907
New York	107,056	104,734	110,216	114,194	109,259	134,766	189,589	188,104	149,399
North Carolina	3,207	3,151	3,317	3,181	3,777	4,634	5,387	16,772	6,425
North Dakota	385	404	400	305	324	323	448	565	513
Ohio	6,254	6,527	7,215	5,930	6,305	7,185	7,419	8,632	10,194
Oklahoma	4,915	2,964	2,516	2,131	2,050	4,366	5,274	6,403	3,147
Oregon	4,342	4,270	3,820	3,687	3,722	4,773	7,880	24,575	6,275
Pennsylvania	9,801	10,294	10,597	10,599	11,837	12,895	14,757	20,033	16,213
Rhode Island	2,666	2,439	2,684	2,425	2,390	3,134	3,683	3,644	2,920
South Carolina	1,677	1,591	1,344	1,480	1,360	1,787	2,130	3,836	2,118
South Dakota	293	307	233	304	254	265	287	519	522
Tennessee	2,065	2,130	2,071	2,276	2,439	2,763	2,893	3,828	2,995
Texas	42,180	43,915	42,316	42,349	43,271	112,927	174,132	212,600	75,533
Utah	2,746	2,335	2,106	1,995	2,113	2,926	3,335	5,737	2,744
Vermont	406	428	351	517	400	436	614	709	668
Virginia	9,528	11,224	10,557	11,235	11,908	15,690	19,005	24,942	17,739
Washington	9,234	9,675	9,470	9,684	9,890	13,630	15,129	33,826	15,861
West Virginia	628	561	583	530	482	500	552	763	723
Wisconsin	2,469	3,956	3,364	2,912	3,288	4,210	5,293	5,888	4,261
Wyoming	271	308	266	261	230	461	542	566	281
U.S. territories and possessions									
Guam	2,062	1,931	1,950	1,805	1,909	1,775	1,851	2,113	2,464
Northern Mariana Is.	X	X	X	X	X	X	105	114	67
Puerto Rico	3,856	4,682	4,013	4,177	4,866	4,691	7,138	10,353	6,347
Virgin Islands	2,489	1,750	1,512	1,466	1,652	1,767	1,733	2,083	1,754
Other or unknown	7	-	-	3	-	109	397	2,569	703

- Represents zero.
NOTE: X Not applicable.

**TABLE 19. IMMIGRANTS ADMITTED BY SELECTED COUNTRY OF BIRTH AND SELECTED METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA OF INTENDED RESIDENCE
FISCAL YEAR 1992**

Metropolitan statistical area ¹	All countries	Canada	China, Mainland	Colombia	Cuba	Dominican Republic	El Salvador	Germany	Guatemala	Guyana
Total	973,977	15,205	38,907	13,201	11,791	41,969	26,191	9,888	10,521	9,064
Los Angeles-Long Beach, CA	129,669	586	3,569	561	256	48	11,650	416	4,789	84
New York, NY	127,881	574	9,871	3,059	204	24,322	951	399	534	6,265
Chicago, IL	37,435	291	1,051	225	53	81	207	233	518	21
Anaheim-Santa Ana, CA	34,523	260	561	161	21	2	464	129	277	5
Miami-Hialeah, FL	31,630	174	169	1,872	8,853	1,560	295	86	271	122
Washington, DC-MD-VA	27,718	214	1,235	288	35	308	2,814	200	378	238
Houston, TX	27,101	391	948	382	65	62	2,848	152	304	37
San Diego, CA	24,459	273	352	46	25	7	103	118	151	5
San Jose, CA	23,642	227	1,443	46	13	13	189	100	53	12
San Francisco, CA	21,327	176	3,160	64	19	3	1,123	164	257	3
Boston-Lawrence-Salem-Lowell-Brockton, MA	18,263	303	1,262	231	22	1,995	226	135	179	42
Riverside-San Bernardino, CA	17,577	170	188	90	10	14	373	105	266	14
Oakland, CA	17,229	175	1,513	43	10	9	370	116	82	7
Newark, NJ	13,763	106	328	767	142	650	199	65	131	388
Dallas, TX	12,534	222	422	77	12	14	390	92	85	12
Bergen-Passaic, NJ	12,463	62	285	652	42	1,937	110	72	49	81
Philadelphia, PA-NJ	11,887	167	778	112	13	180	33	118	36	56
Nassau-Suffolk, NY	11,419	92	573	525	20	1,112	1,025	88	129	192
Seattle, WA	9,951	339	461	33	9	1	31	81	7	6
Sacramento, CA	9,745	60	300	15	2	4	28	69	32	3
Detroit, MI	9,427	610	314	20	7	16	6	128	8	9
Phoenix, AZ	8,916	279	207	47	3	13	73	104	131	6
Fresno, CA	8,735	38	58	6	3	-	191	12	21	1
Atlanta, GA	8,616	273	325	128	23	29	109	140	22	64
Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood-Pompano Beach, FL	8,455	419	100	443	125	160	71	82	48	177
Jersey City, NJ	7,790	26	167	538	397	1,266	261	20	65	183
Middlesex-Somerset-Hunterdon, NJ	6,659	55	281	134	16	674	18	53	36	101
Honolulu, HI	6,562	139	509	6	2	-	5	50	1	1
El Paso, TX	5,960	9	8	6	1	2	6	77	13	1
Stockton, CA	5,581	13	109	6	3	1	13	21	11	-
Oxnard-Ventura, CA	5,452	60	75	16	1	1	79	23	36	-
Minneapolis-St. Paul, MN-WI	5,447	222	222	50	5	10	14	72	12	100
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater, FL	4,683	355	59	109	357	67	17	117	29	63
Portland, OR	4,532	146	235	3	3	3	30	43	28	2
West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Delray Beach, FL	4,498	237	58	152	225	98	29	75	37	21
San Juan, PR	4,391	3	25	73	87	3,752	9	19	9	2
Fort Worth-Arlington, TX	4,376	41	90	31	10	9	39	35	20	2
Denver, CO	4,338	207	198	15	2	7	24	68	15	1
Baltimore, MD	4,262	45	175	18	1	18	23	83	20	30
McAllen-Edinburg-Mission, TX	4,206	7	6	11	5	4	9	4	2	-
Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk-Danbury, CT	4,141	106	111	204	24	141	54	45	48	12
Bakersfield, CA	4,052	27	23	10	1	-	127	5	36	-
Salinas-Seaside-Monterey, CA	3,919	6	44	4	1	1	47	41	6	3
Cleveland, OH	3,779	95	181	11	6	12	1	41	10	17
Hartford-New Britain-Middletown-Bristol, CT	3,736	108	89	91	7	57	13	31	5	66
San Antonio, TX	3,493	38	41	15	-	2	36	61	31	3
Las Vegas, NV	3,449	90	101	30	131	7	115	31	32	8
Visalia-Tulare-Porterville, CA	3,235	13	16	3	3	-	22	4	17	-
Orlando, FL	3,099	97	49	122	64	103	14	58	10	97
Modesto, CA	2,901	17	8	5	1	1	21	10	26	1
Other MSA	137,968	4,589	5,243	1,256	289	1,481	910	3,393	901	380
Non-MSA	56,692	1,966	1,311	387	162	1,711	375	2,002	307	120
Unknown	411	7	-	2	-	1	1	2	-	-

See footnotes at end of table.

**TABLE 19. IMMIGRANTS ADMITTED BY SELECTED COUNTRY OF BIRTH AND SELECTED METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA OF INTENDED RESIDENCE
FISCAL YEAR 1992—Continued**

Metropolitan statistical area ¹	Haiti	Hong Kong	India	Iran	Ireland	Jamaica	Japan	Korea	Laos	Mexico
Total	11,002	10,452	36,755	13,233	12,226	18,915	11,028	19,359	8,696	213,802
Los Angeles-Long Beach, CA	13	1,352	1,954	4,403	334	206	2,124	3,516	41	48,466
New York, NY	2,288	1,767	3,546	674	3,822	7,904	1,695	1,796	7	1,540
Chicago, IL	55	286	2,766	236	616	219	293	638	43	7,998
Anaheim-Santa Ana, CA	-	165	716	662	119	5	472	799	96	11,478
Miami-Hialeah, FL	3,536	42	167	72	39	1,800	53	59	1	386
Washington, DC-MD-VA	87	154	1,564	896	158	636	200	1,138	58	411
Houston, TX	10	217	1,303	358	71	139	90	210	28	8,931
San Diego, CA	1	108	157	321	81	23	230	117	232	12,867
San Jose, CA	2	555	1,702	516	114	11	324	435	67	3,045
San Francisco, CA	3	1,203	402	272	866	17	432	182	20	2,215
Boston-Lawrence-Salem-Lowell-Brockton, MA	813	419	752	199	1,922	302	239	163	43	87
Riverside-San Bernardino, CA	5	56	335	125	29	25	93	231	84	10,388
Oakland, CA	1	644	1,159	333	92	27	213	244	285	3,025
Newark, NJ	514	105	813	59	163	598	116	174	2	70
Dallas, TX	4	86	679	304	37	26	66	266	37	4,832
Bergen-Passaic, NJ	9	88	765	104	231	389	486	642	-	179
Philadelphia, PA-NJ	42	142	982	96	280	383	69	451	55	154
Nassau-Suffolk, NY	163	128	824	214	552	532	172	229	-	130
Seattle, WA	2	269	276	149	66	8	266	321	195	247
Sacramento, CA	-	157	281	109	47	14	45	87	810	1,697
Detroit, MI	7	63	901	65	27	73	117	192	62	169
Phoenix, AZ	-	54	195	55	25	9	45	90	12	5,268
Fresno, CA	-	33	278	50	1	4	5	15	1,356	5,001
Atlanta, GA	22	67	562	168	79	176	157	277	58	771
Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood-Pompano Beach, FL	1,573	28	138	35	66	1,553	27	36	1	144
Jersey City, NJ	28	36	597	13	115	46	53	69	1	54
Middlesex-Somerset-Hunterdon, NJ	10	82	1,231	36	66	125	56	149	-	66
Honolulu, HI	-	230	36	8	7	2	599	400	54	45
El Paso, TX	-	9	25	5	4	-	10	38	-	5,549
Stockton, CA	-	101	139	8	3	2	9	12	404	2,630
Oxnard-Ventura, CA	-	22	117	58	17	2	41	46	6	3,642
Minneapolis-St. Paul, MN-WI	5	59	216	57	28	10	31	173	800	108
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater, FL	37	21	134	78	34	158	33	36	27	290
Portland, OR	-	77	139	64	11	3	63	151	67	309
West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Delray Beach, FL	733	13	91	36	48	423	8	12	1	285
San Juan, PR	3	4	6	1	-	1	5	1	-	22
Fort Worth-Arlington, TX	-	34	159	46	8	18	14	46	41	1,646
Denver, CO	1	32	106	86	28	12	55	126	65	873
Baltimore, MD	3	27	343	101	54	149	24	296	1	55
McAllen-Edinburg-Mission, TX	-	2	13	4	1	-	-	6	-	4,029
Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk-Danbury, CT	218	25	207	26	145	333	97	30	19	56
Bakersfield, CA	-	8	119	16	4	-	16	30	15	2,915
Salinas-Seaside-Monterey, CA	-	16	18	6	5	-	17	71	-	2,948
Cleveland, OH	-	44	298	34	27	48	14	51	17	31
Hartford-New Britain-Middletown-Bristol, CT	9	26	177	39	54	555	9	41	18	23
San Antonio, TX	-	13	45	48	7	1	12	58	4	2,232
Las Vegas, NV	5	58	71	43	8	7	13	62	14	1,376
Visalia-Tulare-Porterville, CA	-	11	40	2	-	-	1	3	203	2,532
Orlando, FL	134	17	131	52	26	219	12	34	6	121
Modesto, CA	-	8	131	110	-	1	6	19	19	1,902
Other MSA	498	1,021	7,253	1,471	1,354	1,342	1,225	3,393	2,791	27,941
Non-MSA	167	268	1,695	310	335	379	567	1,691	530	22,535
Unknown	1	-	1	-	-	-	9	7	-	88

See footnotes at end of table.

**TABLE 19. IMMIGRANTS ADMITTED BY SELECTED COUNTRY OF BIRTH AND SELECTED METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA OF INTENDED RESIDENCE
FISCAL YEAR 1992—Continued**

Metropolitan statistical area ¹	Nicaragua	Pakistan	Peru	Philippines	Poland	Soviet Union	Taiwan	United Kingdom	Vietnam	Other
Total	8,949	10,214	9,868	61,022	25,504	43,614	16,344	19,973	77,735	168,549
Los Angeles-Long Beach, CA	968	616	1,020	8,680	270	7,370	3,398	1,272	6,098	15,609
New York, NY	284	1,815	1,512	4,750	4,611	10,357	1,223	1,782	1,115	29,214
Chicago, IL	76	865	179	2,068	9,446	2,279	335	431	850	5,076
Anaheim-Santa Ana, CA	71	192	211	1,286	135	196	761	511	11,258	3,510
Miami-Hialeah, FL	4,175	261	924	307	39	77	52	206	65	5,967
Washington, DC-MD-VA	386	768	751	1,395	181	542	661	624	3,339	8,059
Houston, TX	190	641	145	995	77	121	572	597	3,174	4,043
San Diego, CA	33	41	70	3,371	57	347	192	333	2,138	2,660
San Jose, CA	146	184	114	2,334	76	350	1,831	385	6,977	2,378
San Francisco, CA	710	75	266	3,204	53	1,439	363	522	1,325	2,789
Boston-Lawrence-Salem-Lowell-Brockton, MA	35	106	102	313	232	1,186	312	628	1,638	4,377
Riverside-San Bernardino, CA	103	95	90	1,235	27	84	196	191	1,024	1,931
Oakland, CA	199	231	121	2,549	60	320	553	261	1,633	2,954
Newark, NJ	33	174	447	1,031	1,539	370	292	343	239	3,905
Dallas, TX	28	159	61	258	65	272	334	234	1,554	1,906
Bergen-Passaic, NJ	16	113	724	802	1,597	266	154	200	35	2,373
Philadelphia, PA-NJ	84	148	52	523	388	1,851	163	455	1,647	2,429
Nassau-Suffolk, NY	12	287	251	421	584	161	184	270	96	2,453
Seattle, WA	19	60	58	929	233	1,308	168	172	2,148	2,089
Sacramento, CA	23	94	28	630	27	2,221	74	101	1,258	1,529
Detroit, MI	2	190	11	351	361	355	132	279	138	4,814
Phoenix, AZ	18	27	27	281	46	79	85	188	689	860
Fresno, CA	6	36	6	132	4	138	17	33	199	1,091
Atlanta, GA	20	167	80	196	48	350	179	360	1,594	2,172
Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood-Pompano Beach, FL	78	96	231	127	55	56	19	341	133	2,093
Jersey City, NJ	74	123	315	762	303	48	61	82	151	1,936
Middlesex-Somerset-Hunterdon, NJ	21	185	147	636	434	207	266	208	136	1,230
Honolulu, HI	1	8	4	2,957	4	9	111	66	652	656
El Paso, TX	6	9	2	34	3	8	6	17	4	108
Stockton, CA	5	121	6	494	7	9	6	26	901	521
Oxnard-Ventura, CA	8	23	39	452	8	15	57	108	167	333
Minneapolis-St. Paul, MN-WI	8	34	30	158	46	407	71	148	933	1,418
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater, FL	44	23	76	258	89	51	45	284	598	1,194
Portland, OR	9	15	31	170	18	785	55	81	1,137	854
West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Delray Beach, FL	81	40	55	104	56	40	26	269	88	1,157
San Juan, PR	19	-	28	8	-	3	2	3	-	306
Fort Worth-Arlington, TX	7	62	26	109	11	23	110	75	953	711
Denver, CO	3	36	45	151	73	357	32	110	757	853
Baltimore, MD	9	98	42	252	70	981	93	143	274	834
McAllen-Edinburg-Mission, TX	6	12	-	14	-	-	6	1	1	63
Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk-Danbury, CT	11	54	93	184	231	85	11	288	159	1,124
Bakersfield, CA	1	9	10	404	1	1	11	33	38	192
Salinas-Seaside-Monterey, CA	4	5	9	302	3	21	19	20	123	179
Cleveland, OH	1	50	19	125	129	1,210	63	120	156	968
Hartford-New Britain-Middletown-Bristol, CT	8	53	107	83	719	362	30	117	270	569
San Antonio, TX	23	15	24	179	13	27	24	73	180	288
Las Vegas, NV	58	13	15	446	17	17	28	54	122	477
Visalia-Tulare-Porterville, CA	-	4	9	138	7	1	1	3	1	201
Orlando, FL	30	61	44	184	17	9	31	227	377	753
Modesto, CA	6	16	4	80	6	62	10	38	35	358
Other MSA	635	1,421	915	8,228	2,638	5,927	2,284	5,109	17,395	26,685
Non-MSA	156	283	291	5,682	390	853	634	1,547	1,763	8,275
Unknown	-	-	1	260	-	1	1	4	-	25

¹ Ranked by the number of immigrants. See Glossary for definition of metropolitan statistical area.

- Represents zero.

**TABLE 20. IMMIGRANT BENEFICIARIES OF OCCUPATIONAL PREFERENCES ADMITTED
BY TYPE OF ADMISSION AND OCCUPATION
FISCAL YEAR 1992**

Occupation	Total	Employment-based principals							All other immigrants
		Total	1st pref.	2nd pref.	3rd pref. (skilled worker or professional)	3rd pref. (other workers)	4th pref.	5th pref.	
All occupations	973,977	51,787	2,026	27,503	16,449	4,017	1,768	24	922,190
Professional specialty and technical occupations	74,205	28,387	421	21,211	5,699	147	907	2	45,818
Architects	825	273	2	203	66	1	1	-	552
Engineers, surveyors, and mapping scientists	15,629	8,914	32	7,280	1,590	8	4	-	6,715
Mathematical and computer scientists	3,407	2,239	29	1,601	607	2	-	-	1,168
Natural scientists	2,800	1,619	75	1,339	204	-	1	-	1,181
Health diagnosticians	4,697	954	44	791	114	3	-	2	3,743
Doctors	3,746	671	36	574	57	2	-	2	3,075
Others	951	283	8	217	57	1	-	-	668
Health assessment and treating personnel	13,615	5,503	10	4,410	1,039	30	14	-	8,112
Nurses	10,050	4,127	2	3,357	746	18	4	-	5,923
Others	3,565	1,376	8	1,053	293	12	10	-	2,189
Teachers (postsecondary)	6,132	3,090	135	2,647	286	12	10	-	3,042
Teachers (except postsecondary)	8,379	1,287	30	880	335	27	15	-	7,092
Counselors (educational and vocational)	265	62	1	48	11	-	2	-	203
Librarians, archivists, and curators	228	59	1	50	7	-	1	-	169
Social scientists and urban planners	1,088	186	3	153	27	3	-	-	902
Social, recreation, and religious workers	2,221	1,289	3	163	294	11	818	-	932
Lawyers and judges	872	110	2	95	13	-	-	-	762
Writers, artists, entertainers, and athletes	5,791	1,030	54	423	522	26	5	-	4,761
Technologists and technicians (health)	949	228	-	151	68	6	3	-	721
Technologists and technicians (except health)	7,307	1,544	-	977	516	18	33	-	5,763
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations ..	30,985	11,187	1,605	5,299	4,135	82	50	16	19,798
Sales occupations	15,226	416	-	108	259	42	7	-	14,810
Administrative support occupations (including clerical) ...	24,348	1,421	-	488	738	134	61	-	22,927
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations	33,475	2,791	-	138	2,307	267	79	-	30,684
Operator, fabricator, and laborer occupations	66,027	1,693	-	-	1,081	598	14	-	64,334
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations	133,070	135	-	24	80	29	2	-	132,935
Service occupations	61,203	5,168	-	234	2,147	2,718	68	1	56,035
No occupation	482,296	510	-	-	-	-	508	2	481,786
Homemaker	112,550	10	-	-	-	-	10	-	112,540
Unemployed or retired	116,201	230	-	-	-	-	228	2	115,971
Students and/or children under age 16	253,545	270	-	-	-	-	270	-	253,275
Unknown or not reported	53,142	79	-	1	3	-	72	3	53,063

- Represents zero.

**TABLE 21. IMMIGRANTS ADMITTED BY MAJOR OCCUPATION GROUP AND REGION
AND SELECTED COUNTRY OF BIRTH
FISCAL YEAR 1992**

Region and country of birth	Total	Occupation									No occupation or not reported ¹
		Total	Professional specialty and technical	Executive, administrative, and managerial	Sales	Administrative support	Precision production, craft, and repair	Operator, fabricator, and laborer	Farming, forestry, and fishing	Service	
All countries	973,977	438,539	74,205	30,985	15,226	24,348	33,475	66,027	133,070	61,203	535,438
Europe	145,392	61,895	18,292	6,411	2,209	5,712	8,558	8,193	1,786	10,734	83,497
Albania	682	301	18	1	4	2	13	125	8	130	381
Austria	701	303	107	70	15	22	20	9	3	57	398
Belgium	780	355	161	87	13	24	13	10	5	42	425
Bulgaria	1,049	399	111	17	9	17	37	95	5	108	650
Czechoslovakia	1,181	543	192	40	21	48	38	92	5	107	638
Denmark	764	379	145	100	27	29	19	13	3	43	385
Finland	525	254	97	68	7	32	9	12	1	28	271
France	3,288	1,533	548	433	67	128	59	40	24	234	1,755
Germany	9,888	4,621	1,139	595	288	1,114	236	271	13	965	5,267
Greece	1,858	680	245	91	29	34	75	66	36	104	1,178
Hungary	1,304	587	243	63	15	34	52	88	3	89	717
Ireland	12,226	9,543	1,652	803	311	914	1,809	1,253	183	2,618	2,683
Italy	2,592	1,073	298	226	34	69	106	87	18	235	1,519
Latvia	419	120	45	12	1	19	7	18	-	18	299
Netherlands	1,586	805	316	225	37	70	29	23	18	87	781
Norway	665	312	127	76	13	28	15	10	8	35	353
Poland	25,504	14,125	5,046	185	343	948	3,376	1,966	526	1,335	11,379
Portugal	2,748	1,218	77	42	18	51	272	228	278	252	1,530
Romania	6,500	2,288	462	68	61	102	286	773	7	529	4,212
Soviet Union, former	43,614	9,127	2,497	261	347	685	983	2,355	26	1,973	34,487
Armenia	6,145	485	64	4	60	31	62	217	-	47	5,660
Azerbaijan	1,640	447	125	10	12	23	51	114	-	112	1,193
Belarus	3,233	732	183	12	31	58	101	182	2	163	2,501
Moldova	1,705	384	130	16	18	35	40	73	-	72	1,321
Russia	8,857	2,313	851	91	70	203	188	461	1	448	6,544
Ukraine	14,383	3,183	788	93	111	253	348	838	4	748	11,200
Uzbekistan	1,712	320	73	14	15	20	38	59	-	101	1,392
Other republics	1,286	271	58	7	11	17	40	75	3	60	1,015
Unknown republic	4,653	992	225	14	19	45	115	336	16	222	3,661
Spain	1,631	673	234	88	31	64	80	35	53	88	958
Sweden	1,463	689	269	181	34	60	39	27	2	77	774
Switzerland	1,023	529	198	159	18	42	42	10	1	59	494
United Kingdom	19,973	10,099	3,556	2,394	416	1,106	792	440	78	1,317	9,874
Yugoslavia	2,604	998	384	85	39	43	123	91	74	159	1,606
Other Europe	824	341	125	41	11	27	28	56	8	45	483
Asia	356,955	128,614	39,071	16,276	6,337	9,112	9,575	13,394	17,200	17,649	228,341
Afghanistan	2,685	559	62	35	63	32	50	96	4	217	2,126
Bangladesh	3,740	1,408	338	61	196	40	3	59	619	92	2,332
Burma	816	334	110	48	31	31	44	13	6	51	482
Cambodia	2,573	685	39	5	39	19	80	279	82	142	1,888
China, Mainland	38,907	18,892	7,070	2,290	599	1,581	888	2,149	2,672	1,643	20,015
Hong Kong	10,452	4,670	1,614	1,247	174	838	280	117	27	373	5,782
India	36,755	14,922	7,234	2,179	284	845	217	156	3,002	1,005	21,833
Indonesia	2,916	1,276	450	355	92	121	32	59	20	147	1,640
Iran	13,233	4,137	1,398	702	356	307	367	237	147	623	9,096
Iraq	4,111	908	258	87	60	54	84	136	31	198	3,203
Israel	5,104	1,835	804	304	127	117	170	80	76	157	3,269
Japan	11,028	5,543	1,144	1,456	341	1,005	134	73	39	1,351	5,485
Jordan	4,036	1,128	277	130	98	72	90	167	88	206	2,908
Korea	19,359	4,498	1,517	765	200	661	157	418	370	410	14,861
Kuwait	989	243	92	35	16	19	7	14	13	47	746
Laos	8,696	1,178	25	14	10	22	98	685	66	258	7,518
Lebanon	5,838	2,492	662	365	146	141	280	143	488	267	3,346
Malaysia	2,235	1,243	617	291	43	84	41	14	18	135	992
Pakistan	10,214	3,744	984	589	101	117	54	65	1,267	567	6,470
Philippines	61,022	21,455	8,181	2,639	600	1,469	1,161	1,040	3,014	3,351	39,567
Saudi Arabia	584	63	24	15	3	3	2	3	5	8	521
Singapore	774	393	205	100	13	31	5	-	11	28	381
Sri Lanka	1,081	558	259	90	13	51	14	11	47	73	523
Syria	2,940	1,037	310	102	64	42	97	63	253	106	1,903
Taiwan	16,344	7,316	3,713	1,896	215	845	59	73	132	383	9,028
Thailand	7,090	1,299	275	127	188	126	85	57	163	278	5,791
Turkey	2,488	930	331	107	39	50	137	68	59	139	1,558
Vietnam	77,735	24,441	899	136	2,203	334	4,897	6,222	4,439	5,311	53,294
Yemen	2,056	973	16	5	4	4	8	888	32	16	1,083

See footnotes at end of table.

**TABLE 21. IMMIGRANTS ADMITTED BY MAJOR OCCUPATION GROUP AND REGION
AND SELECTED COUNTRY OF BIRTH
FISCAL YEAR 1992—Continued**

Region and country of birth	Total	Occupation									No occupa- tion or not re- ported ¹
		Total	Profes- sional specialty and tech- nical	Executive, admini- strative, and man- agerial	Sales	Admini- strative support	Precision produc- tion, craft, and repair	Operator, fabricator, and laborer	Farming, forestry, and fishing	Service	
Other Asia	1,154	454	163	101	19	51	34	9	10	67	700
Africa	27,086	11,915	3,218	1,446	713	889	482	1,190	1,370	2,627	15,171
Algeria	407	230	106	32	8	19	11	10	8	36	177
Cape Verde	757	147	11	4	6	6	17	74	2	27	610
Egypt	3,576	1,490	602	270	87	102	42	61	139	187	2,086
Ethiopia	4,602	1,778	120	77	186	107	78	525	14	671	2,824
Ghana	1,867	947	217	43	39	66	74	37	324	147	920
Kenya	953	419	136	88	28	44	16	20	21	66	534
Liberia	999	321	88	19	10	40	16	20	29	99	678
Morocco	1,316	664	109	82	47	37	29	47	69	244	652
Nigeria	4,551	2,352	788	171	108	129	55	138	429	534	2,199
Sierra Leone	693	281	67	16	18	33	4	26	13	104	412
Somalia	500	171	18	12	17	14	7	23	6	74	329
South Africa	2,516	1,103	438	360	44	101	41	23	20	76	1,413
Sudan	675	160	36	22	9	10	6	24	20	33	515
Uganda	437	226	69	29	15	29	15	21	7	41	211
Other Africa	3,237	1,626	413	221	91	132	71	141	269	288	1,611
Oceania	5,169	2,706	704	419	96	209	172	137	567	402	2,463
Australia	2,238	1,064	435	252	49	91	60	38	20	119	1,174
Fiji	807	411	43	41	13	45	43	20	69	137	396
New Zealand	967	498	200	101	24	27	34	32	12	68	469
Tonga	703	518	10	13	2	12	19	23	397	42	185
Other Oceania	454	215	16	12	8	34	16	24	69	36	239
North America	384,047	212,331	9,231	4,880	4,839	6,632	12,561	38,560	108,992	26,636	171,716
Canada	15,205	6,641	2,384	1,853	401	633	322	406	70	572	8,564
Mexico	213,802	139,139	1,385	975	2,028	2,025	7,043	21,868	92,467	11,348	74,663
Caribbean	97,413	41,508	4,370	1,362	1,390	2,534	3,464	8,767	11,745	7,876	55,905
Antigua-Barbuda	619	279	37	11	9	26	30	8	14	144	340
Bahamas, The	641	261	35	16	22	31	13	38	39	67	380
Barbados	1,091	481	70	26	6	37	27	27	18	270	610
Cuba	11,791	5,508	312	160	146	278	212	3,724	17	659	6,283
Dominica	809	393	46	9	11	19	22	18	64	204	416
Dominican Republic	41,969	12,310	1,657	684	789	796	2,158	3,976	1,208	1,042	29,659
Grenada	848	389	62	11	7	31	26	20	33	199	459
Haiti	11,002	9,104	132	46	47	82	153	234	8,095	315	1,898
Jamaica	18,915	8,983	1,171	195	211	878	411	420	1,829	3,868	9,932
St. Kitts-Nevis	626	283	35	11	12	22	21	13	14	155	343
St. Lucia	654	296	42	10	8	19	13	8	64	132	358
St. Vincent & Grenadines	687	301	59	5	4	28	19	22	22	142	386
Trinidad & Tobago	7,008	2,630	657	149	102	249	342	244	308	579	4,378
Other Caribbean	753	290	55	29	16	38	17	15	20	100	463
Central America	57,558	25,003	1,070	682	1,018	1,438	1,731	7,519	4,709	6,836	32,555
Belize	1,020	434	65	21	16	72	66	50	16	128	586
Costa Rica	1,480	508	66	38	20	45	55	155	45	84	972
El Salvador	26,191	11,639	135	113	521	346	663	3,462	2,294	4,105	14,552
Guatemala	10,521	5,079	181	111	69	154	297	1,650	1,815	799	5,442
Honduras	6,552	2,507	189	89	78	155	254	843	420	479	4,045
Nicaragua	8,949	4,011	284	207	263	462	330	1,267	88	1,110	4,938
Panama	2,845	825	150	103	51	204	66	89	31	131	2,020
Other North America	69	40	22	8	2	2	1	-	1	4	29
South America	55,308	21,060	3,687	1,553	1,031	1,813	2,127	4,552	3,142	3,155	34,248
Argentina	3,877	1,770	656	227	95	256	184	103	92	157	2,107
Bolivia	1,510	591	96	38	18	55	54	59	89	182	919
Brazil	4,755	2,214	470	180	60	108	102	124	871	299	2,541
Chile	1,937	745	218	78	35	80	57	68	66	143	1,192
Colombia	13,201	5,099	590	207	207	193	302	2,382	634	584	8,102
Ecuador	7,286	2,350	227	108	195	333	479	453	176	379	4,936
Guyana	9,064	3,177	493	274	94	361	470	448	437	600	5,887
Paraguay	514	116	18	9	9	6	16	9	10	39	398
Peru	9,868	3,823	530	236	265	323	369	794	690	616	6,045
Uruguay	716	349	75	36	19	27	65	39	27	61	367
Venezuela	2,340	737	294	145	31	62	22	70	39	74	1,603
Other South America	240	89	20	15	3	9	7	3	11	21	151
Born on board ship	2	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Unknown or not reported	18	17	1	-	1	1	-	1	13	-	1

¹ Includes homemakers, students, unemployed or retired persons, and others not reporting or with an unknown occupation.

- Represents zero.

**TABLE 22. IMMIGRANT CONDITIONAL STATUS REMOVALS AND TERMINATIONS UNDER THE MARRIAGE FRAUD
AMENDMENTS OF 1986 BY SELECTED COUNTRY OF BIRTH
FISCAL YEAR 1992**

Country of birth	Total cases processed	Conditional status removals ¹	Status terminated ²				Administratively closed ³
			Total	For cause ⁴	Failure to show ⁵	Failure to file ⁶	
All countries	92,483	86,713	4,360	479	685	3,196	1,410
Europe	17,949	16,632	1,104	54	133	917	213
Austria	193	179	12	-	4	8	2
Belgium	203	188	12	-	2	10	3
Czechoslovakia	143	135	8	-	-	8	-
Denmark	287	257	29	-	4	25	1
Finland	155	141	13	2	1	10	1
France	1,004	914	83	5	11	67	7
Germany	3,300	2,913	332	14	25	293	55
Greece	593	558	30	5	2	23	5
Hungary	209	192	13	-	3	10	4
Ireland	950	910	32	1	6	25	8
Italy	820	782	29	1	6	22	9
Netherlands	488	454	28	-	4	24	6
Norway	226	212	10	-	2	8	4
Poland	1,161	1,118	25	3	5	17	18
Portugal	569	539	14	1	1	12	16
Romania	290	275	12	-	3	9	3
Soviet Union	532	509	19	3	4	12	4
Spain	454	419	31	1	4	26	4
Sweden	518	460	54	1	5	48	4
Switzerland	288	262	24	-	2	22	2
United Kingdom	4,760	4,449	261	13	33	215	50
Yugoslavia	661	632	25	3	5	17	4
Other Europe	145	134	8	1	1	6	3
Asia	34,180	32,366	1,175	142	122	911	639
Afghanistan	82	78	4	-	-	4	-
Bangladesh	166	152	8	4	1	3	6
Burma	88	86	-	-	-	-	2
China, Mainland	3,504	3,363	38	6	5	27	103
Cyprus	100	90	9	-	1	8	1
Hong Kong	749	724	13	1	4	8	12
India	3,386	3,210	56	8	7	41	120
Indonesia	235	223	10	2	1	7	2
Iran	1,080	1,024	49	13	4	32	7
Iraq	253	246	6	-	1	5	1
Israel	1,131	1,055	65	8	15	42	11
Japan	1,639	1,527	94	4	4	86	18
Jordan	1,125	1,069	45	4	7	34	11
Korea	3,935	3,650	181	15	20	146	104
Kuwait	282	267	13	3	2	8	2
Laos	95	89	3	-	-	3	3
Lebanon	1,151	1,103	40	10	6	24	8
Malaysia	444	432	7	2	-	5	5
Pakistan	845	800	27	7	3	17	18
Philippines	9,688	9,211	334	41	22	271	143
Saudi Arabia	108	96	9	-	-	9	3
Singapore	163	157	5	-	-	5	1
Sri Lanka	108	106	2	-	-	2	-
Syria	545	514	26	6	2	18	5
Taiwan	1,202	1,148	32	3	5	24	22
Thailand	860	791	52	3	5	44	17
Turkey	582	547	28	2	7	19	7
Vietnam	408	394	10	-	-	10	4
Yemen	83	74	7	-	-	7	2
Other Asia	143	140	2	-	-	2	1
Africa	5,571	5,226	277	81	64	132	68
Algeria	101	94	6	-	1	5	1
Cameroon	108	105	3	2	-	1	-
Cape Verde	169	160	8	6	2	-	1
Egypt	743	708	30	3	6	21	5
Ethiopia	228	217	7	1	1	5	4
Ghana	289	267	17	8	5	4	5
Ivory Coast	80	76	4	2	2	-	-
Kenya	216	194	17	4	3	10	5

**TABLE 22. IMMIGRANT CONDITIONAL STATUS REMOVALS AND TERMINATIONS UNDER THE MARRIAGE FRAUD AMENDMENTS OF 1986 BY SELECTED COUNTRY OF BIRTH
FISCAL YEAR 1992—Continued**

Country of birth	Total cases processed	Conditional status removals ¹	Status terminated ²				Administratively closed ³
			Total	For cause ⁴	Failure to show ⁵	Failure to file ⁶	
Liberia	301	277	17	7	5	5	7
Morocco	634	611	18	4	6	8	5
Nigeria	1,370	1,277	74	25	12	37	19
Sierra Leone	252	226	21	9	7	5	5
Somalia	70	64	5	1	1	3	1
South Africa	351	334	14	-	2	12	3
Zimbabwe	76	72	2	-	-	2	2
Other Africa	583	544	34	9	11	14	5
Oceania	1,386	1,254	114	6	7	101	18
Australia	715	634	73	1	4	68	8
Fiji	185	167	11	2	-	9	7
New Zealand	346	330	15	1	2	12	1
Other Oceania	140	123	15	2	1	12	2
North America	25,585	23,917	1,327	159	260	908	341
Canada	3,306	3,103	168	6	13	149	35
Mexico	10,733	9,991	631	74	73	484	111
Caribbean	7,733	7,318	301	64	126	111	114
Antigua-Barbuda	81	79	1	-	-	1	1
Bahamas, The	146	132	13	3	4	6	1
Barbados	180	167	10	4	1	5	3
Dominican Republic	3,346	3,217	88	16	51	21	41
Grenada	84	80	3	-	1	2	1
Haiti	524	479	29	9	12	8	16
Jamaica	1,998	1,860	109	25	40	44	29
St. Lucia	82	79	3	-	-	3	-
St. Vincent & Grenadines	85	81	3	-	1	2	1
Trinidad & Tobago	909	876	27	5	12	10	6
Other Caribbean	298	268	15	2	4	9	15
Central America	3,802	3,496	227	15	48	164	79
Belize	126	111	13	1	3	9	2
Costa Rica	331	303	22	-	7	15	6
El Salvador	877	793	65	3	11	51	19
Guatemala	634	589	37	3	10	24	8
Honduras	763	709	39	6	9	24	15
Nicaragua	273	256	13	1	5	7	4
Panama	798	735	38	1	3	34	25
Other North America	11	9	-	-	-	-	2
South America	7,788	7,314	357	37	99	221	117
Argentina	537	505	27	1	6	20	5
Bolivia	180	169	5	-	-	5	6
Brazil	1,243	1,175	62	8	20	34	6
Chile	388	358	22	3	4	15	8
Colombia	1,888	1,765	98	8	29	61	25
Ecuador	600	554	39	1	10	28	7
Guyana	831	780	14	2	6	6	37
Peru	1,372	1,299	54	12	18	24	19
Uruguay	116	110	5	-	2	3	1
Venezuela	562	530	29	2	3	24	3
Other South America	71	69	2	-	1	1	-
Unknown	24	4	6	-	-	6	14

¹ Refers to removals of conditions on permanent resident status, established by the Marriage Fraud Amendments of 1986.

² Refers to termination of conditional status, rendering the alien deportable.

³ Includes aliens who naturalized, died, emigrated, or were misclassified as conditional immigrants.

⁴ Refers to applications denied after an INS interview or because the

alien was ineligible for removal of conditional status.

⁵ Refers to aliens who applied for removal of conditional status but failed to appear for the interview.

⁶ Refers to aliens who failed to apply for removal of conditional status.

- Represents zero.

II. REFUGEES

The Immigration and Nationality Act, as amended by the Refugee Act of 1980, governs the admission of refugees into the United States. A refugee, as defined by the Act, is any person who is outside his or her country of nationality and is unable or unwilling to return to that country because of persecution or a well-founded fear of persecution. Claims of persecution may be based on race, religion, nationality, membership in a particular social group, or political opinion. Persons within their country of nationality may be treated as refugees, provided that the President, after consultation with Congress, specifies these countries as presenting refugee circumstances. The definition of refugee set forth in the Refugee Act of 1980 conforms to the 1967 United Nations Protocol on Refugees.

U.S. Refugee Policy

Early in each fiscal year, the President, in consultation with Congress, reviews the worldwide refugee situation, determines the number of refugees in need of resettlement who are of special humanitarian concern to the United States, and establishes the authorized number of admissions for that fiscal year. During the year, changes in the need for resettlement may require revisions in the overall limit on refugee admissions or reallocation among areas of the world. The admission ceiling of 142,000 for 1992 was established and later reallocated among the geographic regions as follows:

Geographic region	Initial ceilings	Final ceilings
Africa	6,000	6,000
East Asia	52,000	51,850
Eastern Europe	3,000	2,900
Soviet Union	61,000	61,400
Latin America / Caribbean	3,000	3,000
Near East / South Asia	6,000	6,850
Unallocated, funded	1,000	-
Unallocated, unfunded	10,000	10,000

- Represents zero.

The authorized admission levels set the maximum number of refugees allowed to enter the United States in a fiscal year for each of the geographic areas of chargeability. The authorized ceiling was increased from 131,000 in 1991 to 142,000 in 1992. The unallocated funded reserve of 1,000 was placed in the 1992 ceiling to allow for small increases

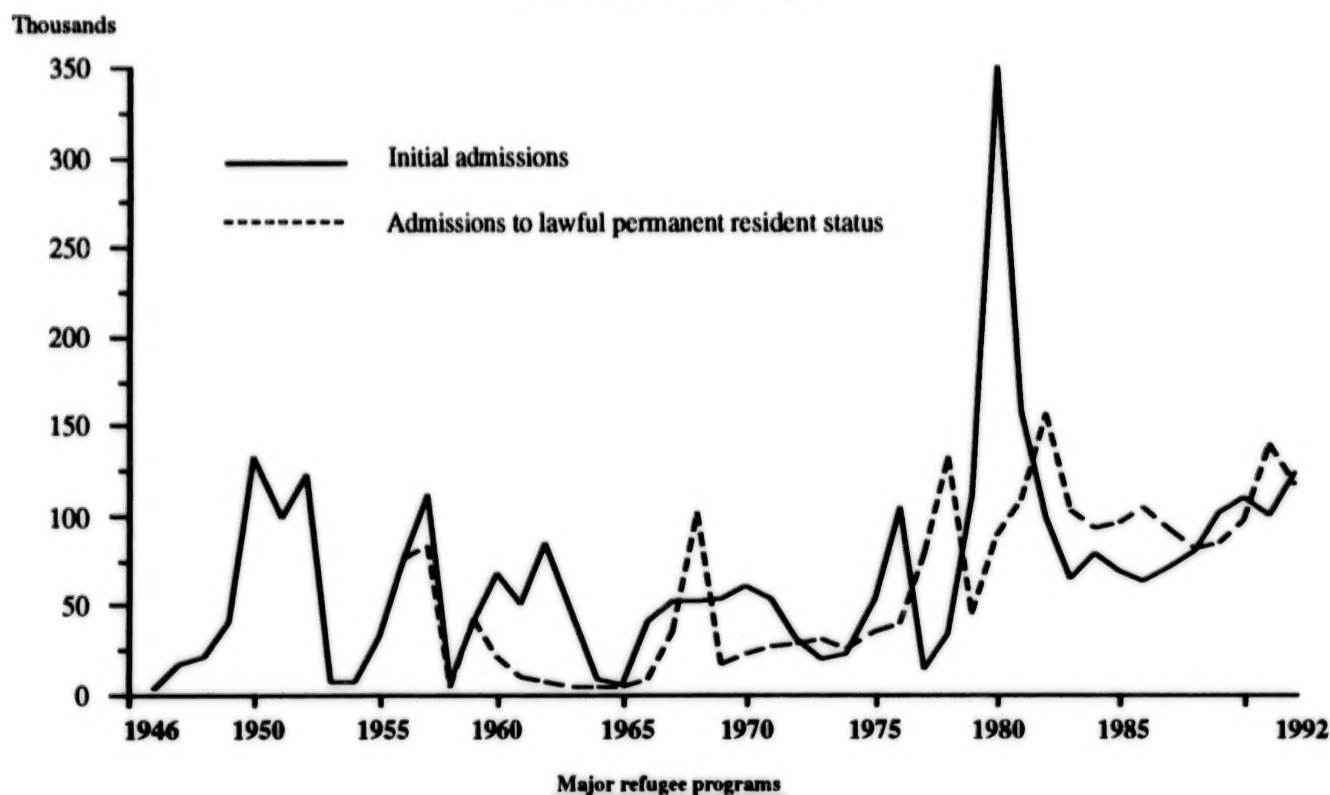
in some areas as needed without taking places away from other areas. The unfunded reserve was established in 1987 so that additional refugees could be admitted with private sector funding. Cubans have been the major group admitted with private funding to date, but this program has also been used for small numbers of refugees from other countries. The ceiling for East Asia includes Vietnamese Amerasians, who enter the country on immigrant visas under the Mrazek Act. These aliens are immigrants rather than refugees; however, they are included in the ceiling since they are eligible for refugee benefits in the United States. A total of 17,253 Amerasians and their family members entered the United States in 1992. They are not included in the refugee tables in the Statistical Yearbook, but can be found in the immigrant tables.

During 1992 refugees were processed and approved for admission to the United States by officers in thirteen of the Service's eighteen overseas offices. To qualify for admission to the United States as a refugee, each applicant must meet all of the following criteria: be a refugee as set forth in the Refugee Act of 1980; be among the types of refugees determined to be of special humanitarian concern to the United States; be admissible under the Immigration and Nationality Act; and not be firmly resettled in any foreign country.

Under the Refugee Act of 1980, refugees are eligible to adjust to lawful permanent resident status after one year of residence in the United States and are exempt from the annual worldwide limitation. Upon adjustment, the date of admission is recorded as the date of entry as a refugee, so that the length of time spent in refugee status is counted toward the residency requirement for naturalization purposes.

Beginning in 1990, the administrative processing of refugee applicants residing in the Soviet Union was shifted to the United States, and the application procedure was changed. This created a discontinuity with prior data on refugee applications. Applicants from the Soviet Union are now required to submit an initial questionnaire to the State Department's Washington Processing Center (WPC) in Rosslyn, Virginia. The WPC establishes interview priority for applications based on information supplied on the initial questionnaires and schedules interviews in Moscow. On the day of their interview, the applicants submit completed applications to Service officers in Moscow. Since 1990, those applications have been counted as filed on the interview date. The 45,825 applications pending in Moscow at the end of fiscal year 1989 were administratively closed and forwarded to the WPC to receive a priority and interview date; therefore, the count of pending applications declined by this number between 1989 and 1990. The 45,825 applications were

Chart F
Refugee and Asylee Initial Admissions and Admissions to Lawful Permanent Resident Status:
Fiscal Years 1946-92



1949-53	Displaced Persons Act	1978-84	Indochinese Refugee Adjustment Act	3/75-3/80	Indochinese refugees paroled
1954-57	Refugee Relief Act			1980	Refugee-Parolee adjustments began
11/56-7/58	Hungarians paroled	2/70-3/80	Refugee-Parolees admitted	4/80	Refugee Act admissions began
1959	Hungarian adjustments began	1/59-3/80	Cubans paroled	1981	Refugee Act adjustments began
1966-80	Refugee conditional entrants	1967	Cuban adjustments began	4/80-10/80	Marinel boatlift
				1985-87	Marinel adjustments

NOTE: For the period 1946-56, admissions to lawful permanent resident status and initial admissions were the same. See Glossary for fiscal year definitions.

added to the pool of initial questionnaires submitted to the WPC beginning in 1990.

The number of initial questionnaires received at the WPC provides only an approximation of the number of potential applications, because a questionnaire may include more than one person, and some people submit duplicate questionnaires. The majority of the questionnaires may never result in formal applications for refugee status, because they have vastly exceeded the yearly admissions allocated for the Soviet Union. During fiscal year 1992, the WPC received 121,907 questionnaires, and 81,691 persons were scheduled for Moscow interviews. About 16 percent of the potential applicants did not appear for their interviews. Applicants from the Soviet Union who were elsewhere at the start of fiscal year 1990 are still allowed to submit applications for refugee status directly to refugee processing posts overseas, but only 170 Soviet applications were filed this way in 1992.

More than 123,000 refugees arrived in the United States during 1992.

Data Overview

The United States first recognized refugees for entry into the country in fiscal year 1946. After that time many different refugee programs were enacted on an ad hoc basis, including the Displaced Persons Act and the Cuban and Indochinese Refugee Adjustment Acts. During the first decade of refugee programs, virtually all refugees entered the United States as immigrants. Since 1957, most refugees either have been paroled into the United States under special authority granted to the Attorney General by the Immigration and Nationality Act, or have entered in refugee status, to be adjusted to immigrant status at a later

Table F
Refugee Status Applications Filed and Approved and Refugees Admitted by Selected Nationality:
Fiscal Year 1992

Nationality	Refugee applications filed	Refugee applications approved	Refugee arrivals
Total	133,786	115,330	123,010
Soviet Union	68,737	65,584	61,631
Vietnam	26,744	25,460	26,921
Laos	6,348	6,210	7,964
Ethiopia	4,947	3,116	2,981
Iraq	4,662	2,381	3,466
Cuba	4,039	3,886	4,001
Afghanistan	3,744	1,455	1,841
Iran	3,660	1,823	2,037
Somalia	3,011	1,583	1,690
Haiti	2,179	234	57
Other	5,715	3,598	10,421

Source: Tables 24 and 26.

date. Chart F depicts initial refugee admissions and admissions to lawful permanent resident status for the period 1946-92. This graph demonstrates the time lag between initial admission and adjustment to immigrant status. At the onset of parole programs there generally were no mechanisms for adjustment to permanent status, thus creating a recurring need for special legislation. The Refugee Act of 1980 corrected this situation by providing for routine adjustment of status by refugees one year after arrival.

The number of applications for refugee status filed with the INS increased by 8 percent from 1991 (123,492) to 1992 (133,786). The leading countries of chargeability of the applicants were the Soviet Union with 51 percent of the applications, followed by Vietnam (20 percent), Laos (5 percent), and Ethiopia (4 percent). In 1992 no Eastern European country appeared among the top ten countries of nationality of the applicants, while Somalia and Haiti appeared for the first time on this list (Table F).

The number of refugees approved for admission to the United States increased from 107,962 in 1991 to 115,330 in 1992. The leading countries of chargeability were the Soviet Union with 65,584 approvals, Vietnam with 25,460, and Laos with 6,210 (Table F). These three countries accounted for more than 5 out of every 6 approvals in 1992. The numbers approved from the Soviet Union and Vietnam increased in 1992 over the previous year, while the number from Laos fell.

Refugee application and approval figures include spouses and children who are being permitted to join refugees already in the United States, and they count against the annual ceiling. Because of these family reunification cases, the data continue to show refugees being approved and arriving for some time after active refugee processing has ended for nationals of certain countries. For example, the refugee approvals for persons from Czechoslovakia, Hungary, and Poland in fiscal year 1992 were entirely family reunification cases, and a significant proportion of the caseload from several other countries was also in this category. During 1992 the United States began accepting applications for refugee status in Haiti for the first time. The number approved, 234, was considerably more than the 57 arrivals because clearances and travel arrangements for many of those approved were not completed by the end of the fiscal year.

Refugee arrivals into the United States rose to 123,010 in 1992, 23 percent above the 1991 level of 100,229. The three leading nationalities were the Soviet Union (61,631), Vietnam (26,921), and Laos (7,964), comprising 78 percent of total refugee arrivals for 1992 (Table F). The major reason for the increase in 1992 was the rise in arrivals from the Soviet Union from 39,116 in 1991, an increase of 58 percent. In 1991 a substantial number of Soviets had been approved as refugees but were unable to complete their travel arrangements before the end of the year. They arrived in 1992.

The six leading states of intended residence of refugees arriving in the United States in 1992 were California, New York, Florida, Illinois, Texas, and Washington, in that order. These states were the intended residence of 64 percent of the arriving refugees.

The number of refugees adjusting to lawful permanent resident status declined by 9 percent from 1991 (116,415) to 1992 (106,379). The leading countries of birth for refugee adjustments were the Soviet Union (33,249), Vietnam (32,145), Cuba (9,677), Laos (7,978), and Romania (4,248). These 5 countries accounted for more than 82 percent of all refugee adjustments. The greatest increase was for Vietnam, which increased by 49 percent compared to the 21,505 refugees who adjusted in 1991. In 1992 the number of refugees adjusting status from the Soviet Union declined 35 percent, reflecting the dip in Soviet arrivals in 1991.

In order to adjust to lawful permanent resident status, a refugee must reside in the United States for one year in refugee status. For all refugees who adjusted status in 1992, the median length of residence in the United States was 1.5 years. This analysis and others indicate that refugees tend to adjust soon after they become eligible. Approximately 79 percent of the 1992 refugee adjustment cohort entered the United States in 1990-91. An analysis based on arrival-year cohorts indicates that one-fourth of recent refugee arrivals adjust their status almost immediately after completing their first year in the country. By the end of their second year, 80 percent have completed the process, and 90 percent have done so by the end of their third year.

The leading states of residence for refugees (and asylees) adjusting status in 1992 were California (38,261), New York (14,097), Florida (14,035), Washington (5,063), and Illinois (4,411). These five states comprised 65 percent of all refugee and asylee adjustments. About 33 percent of all refugees and asylees who adjusted status in 1992 live in California. The leading metropolitan areas of residence were New York (12,199), Miami-Hialeah (11,480), Anaheim-Santa Ana (7,959), Los Angeles-Long Beach (6,075), and Sacramento (4,940).

Data Collection

The Immigration and Naturalization Service collects data on refugees at three points during processing: when they apply for refugee status abroad, when they are admitted to

the United States, and when they adjust to lawful permanent resident status. The INS overseas offices collect data on applicants for refugee status. Each office completes INS Form G-319, Report of Applicants for Refugee Status under Section 207, which reports refugee casework by the country to which each applicant is chargeable.

Since 1987, data on refugee admissions have been collected through the Nonimmigrant Information System (NIIS). The system compiles refugee admissions by country of citizenship on a monthly basis from INS Form I-94, Arrival/Departure Record (see Nonimmigrants section). Since NIIS records each entry of a person with nonimmigrant status, a refugee traveling abroad and returning to the United States may be counted more than once during the fiscal year. As a result, the data on refugee admissions may overstate the number of initial admissions of refugees for a fiscal year. The admission data also include spouses and children coming to join family members who were granted asylum status. A comparison of NIIS data with data collected by other agencies shows that for 1992 approximately six percent of the total refugee arrivals were not initial admissions, but were refugees returning to the United States or relatives joining political asylees.

Both the Bureau for Refugee Programs (Department of State) and the Office of Refugee Resettlement (Department of Health and Human Services) collect data on refugees admitted to the United States. The Bureau for Refugee Programs collects data through the Intergovernmental Organization for Migration, which is the agency responsible for arranging the transportation of refugees to the United States. The Office of Refugee Resettlement, which is responsible for the disbursement of funds for refugee benefits, collects detailed data on the characteristics of refugees initially admitted to the United States.

The Immigration and Naturalization Service collects data on refugees adjusting to lawful permanent resident status as part of its immigrant data series gathered by the Immigrant Data Capture System (IMDAC). The data collected include demographic variables as well as immigration-oriented variables (see Immigrants section). This is the only stage in the refugee process where the INS collects detailed information about the characteristics of refugees in the United States.

III. ASYLEES

The Refugee Act of 1980 regulates U.S. asylum policy in addition to governing refugee procedures. The Act, for the first time, established a statutory basis for granting asylum in the United States consistent with the 1967 United Nations Protocol on Refugees. An asylee must meet the same criteria as a refugee. The only difference is the location of the alien upon application; the potential asylee is in the United States or at a port of entry, and the potential refugee is outside the United States.

U.S. Asylum Policy

Any alien physically present in the United States or at a port of entry may request asylum in the United States. According to the Refugee Act, current immigration status, whether legal or illegal, is not relevant to an individual's asylum claim. An alien may apply for asylum in one of two ways: with an INS asylum officer, or, if apprehended, with an immigration judge in a deportation or exclusion hearing.

Asylum procedures require that an INS officer interview each applicant and consult with the Bureau of Human Rights and Humanitarian Affairs (Department of State) for an advisory opinion on every asylum case. There are no limits set by law on the number of individuals who may be granted asylum in the United States in a fiscal year. An alien denied asylum by the INS may appeal the denial to an immigration judge during deportation or exclusion proceedings.

Under immigration law, an approved asylee must have resided in the United States for one year following approval to be eligible to apply for adjustment to lawful permanent resident status. One year of the asylee's residence prior to adjustment is counted toward the naturalization residency requirement. Although asylee adjustments are exempt from the worldwide annual limitation of 366,000 immigrants, the law places a ceiling on the number of asylees who may adjust each year. The Immigration Act of 1990 increased the ceiling from 5,000 to 10,000 per year, effective in fiscal year 1991. It also waived the annual ceiling during fiscal year 1991 and 1992 to accommodate the backlog of asylees who had met the required one-year waiting period and filed for adjustment of status on or before June 1, 1990.

During fiscal year 1992, the Immigration and Naturalization Service continued to implement the new asylum regulations that had been published in the Federal

Register in July, 1990. The regulations established a corps of asylum officers within the INS, shifted decision authority from district directors to the Asylum Officer Corps (AOC), and established a resource documentation center to provide information on human rights conditions in countries throughout the world. The AOC is administered from seven sites: Los Angeles, San Francisco, Chicago, Newark, Arlington (Virginia), Miami, and Houston. Applicants who do not live near these locations may be interviewed at INS offices by asylum officers who are visiting during circuit rides.

The Asylum Officer Corps was presented with a particular challenge in fiscal year 1992 when large numbers of Haitians embarked for the United States to seek asylum following a coup in Haiti. Many of them were interdicted by the U.S. Coast Guard and taken to Guantanamo Bay, Cuba, where the AOC conducted pre-screening interviews to see whether the Haitians had plausible grounds for claiming political asylum. Those who were determined to have a credible fear of returning to Haiti were brought to the United States to pursue their claims. The AOC performed a total of 37,000 pre-screening interviews, and more than 10,300 Haitians were allowed to enter the United States to file formal applications.

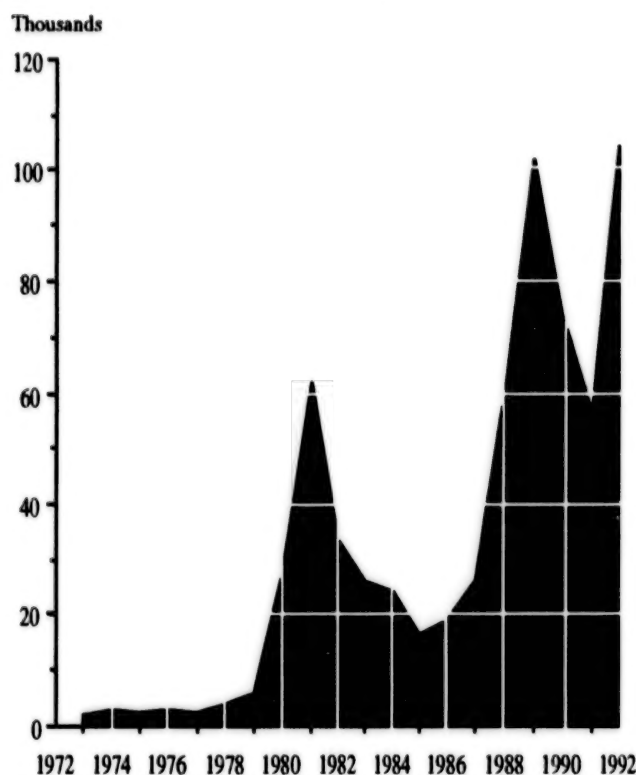
Approximately 104,000 asylum applications were filed in the United States during 1992.

Data Overview

The annual number of asylum applications filed with the INS has fluctuated greatly since the effective date of the Refugee Act of 1980, as illustrated in Chart G. In fiscal year 1992, 103,964 asylum cases were filed, an 85 percent increase over the 56,310 cases filed in 1991 and a new record, surpassing the 101,679 claims filed in 1989. The majority of the claims were still being filed by Central Americans, as shown in Table G. Guatemalans dominated the new caseload, while the number of claims filed by persons from Nicaragua and El Salvador continued to decline from the high levels of several years ago. After Guatemalans and Salvadorans, Haitians filed the third highest number of asylum applications in fiscal year 1992, a total of 5,374.

Because of the start-up difficulties and the disruptions encountered in the Haitian pre-screening operation, the

Chart G
Asylum Applications Filed with the INS:
Fiscal Years 1973-92



NOTE: See Glossary for fiscal year definitions.

number of asylum claims completed in fiscal year 1992 was relatively low. The number of cases granted during the year, 3,919, represented 37.6 percent of the cases adjudicated. Among these cases, 2,740 cases were known to include 3,959 people, and an additional 1,179 cases were granted for which the corresponding number of persons is not known. In fiscal year 1991, only 2,908 persons were granted asylum, and 33.6 percent of the adjudicated cases were granted.

In 1992, 10,658 asylees adjusted to lawful permanent resident status. This number is less than half of the record

22,664 asylees who became permanent resident aliens in fiscal year 1991. The limit of 10,000 was exceeded in both years because the Immigration Act of 1990 waived the annual ceiling for asylees whose applications had been filed on or before June 1, 1990. By the end of fiscal year 1992, the backlog of registered asylees waiting to adjust status had effectively disappeared. The largest number of asylees who adjusted status in 1992 were 4,320 Nicaraguans, and no other nationality accounted for as many as 1,000 asylees adjusting status.

Approximately 74,500 individuals have been granted asylum by the INS under the provisions of the Refugee Act from 1980 through 1992. During the same period, 77,000 asylees have adjusted to permanent resident status. The number adjusting status exceeds the number known to be granted asylum by the INS because other applications were granted by immigration judges. In addition, persons whose asylum applications are successful can apply to have their spouses and children join them from abroad, and these immediate relatives also adjust status as asylees.

Data Collection

Prior to April 1, 1991, the data on asylum applicants reflect cases filed with INS district directors; and subsequently, cases filed with INS asylum officers on Form I-589 (Request for Asylum in the United States). A centralized, automated data system (RAPS, for Refugees, Asylum and Parole System) has been developed to support the processing of the existing caseload and new asylum applications. The system is designed to support case tracking, schedule and control interviews, and generate management and statistical reports. The system is capable of reporting asylum casework according to the nationality and other characteristics of asylum applicants. In addition to cases granted and denied, the number of individuals covered by those cases can be tallied, since one case may cover more than one person. Data on asylum applicants have been collected by the INS for selected nationalities since July 1980 and for all nationalities since June 1983.

Table G
Asylum Applications Filed with the INS by Central Americans: Fiscal Years 1987-92

Area of citizenship	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992
Central America	16,846	50,258	87,564	54,379	28,114	53,966
Nicaragua	13,377	16,170	35,431	18,304	2,219	2,075
El Salvador	2,684	27,048	29,680	22,271	10,244	6,781
Guatemala	640	6,384	15,521	12,234	14,774	43,915
Other	145	656	6,932	1,570	877	1,195

As with refugees, the Immigration and Naturalization Service collects data on asylees adjusting to lawful permanent resident status in the Immigrant Data Capture System (IMDAC) (see Immigrants section). Adjustment to immigrant status has been the only point at which detailed characteristics of asylees were collected in past years. The RAPS system can now provide characteristics data at an earlier time.

Limitations of Data

Compilation of final data on the fiscal year 1991 asylum caseload was delayed while the backlog of cases filed before April 1, 1991, was entered into the RAPS system. Most of these data are now available; however, 6,168 of the backlogged cases were adjudicated or closed in fiscal year 1992 without ever being entered into the RAPS system. Information on the size, nationality, and location of the 6,168 cases is not available. The figures shown here for fiscal year 1992 differ slightly from statistics that were released by the Asylum Division in October, 1992. The data presented here were tabulated from the RAPS system several months after the close of the fiscal year and incorporate late additions and corrections to the data base.

At the time of the transition to the Asylum Officer Corps, the existing asylum claim files were transferred physically from the district offices to the AOC. Previous statistics on this caseload had been compiled manually in the district offices and reported monthly by those offices. The existing case files were entered into the RAPS system, except for a small proportion that were completed manually by the AOC as noted above. Tabulations from RAPS of the active caseload as of April 1, 1991, the transition date, show that the manual tally was not entirely

accurate. While the district offices reported a pending caseload of 114,046 on March 31, 1991, RAPS showed that caseload to have been 113,785, including the cases known to have been resolved without being entered into the computer system. A comparison between the manual and the computer counts by the nationality of the applicant shows the greatest discrepancy to have been in the Cuban caseload, which was 3,146 instead of the 11,834 previously reported. The largest part of the old Cuban caseload consisted of Cubans who arrived in the Mariel boatlift in 1980 and subsequently applied for asylum. Most of these applicants were adjusted to permanent resident alien status in the mid-1980s, and their asylum applications were closed. The apparent drop in the number of active Cuban asylum claims is thought to result from the discovery that many of the pending asylum claims had already been resolved in this way. With regard to other nationalities, the active caseloads for El Salvador and Guatemala, two of the countries with the largest numbers pending, were each about 2,000 larger than the manual count indicated, while the caseload for Nicaragua was about 2,000 smaller. Discrepancies for other countries were considerably smaller.

Data on applicants for asylum collected by the Immigration and Naturalization Service historically have covered only cases filed with the INS. Information has not been available on cases filed by apprehended aliens or cases denied by the INS and renewed with immigration judges, who are part of the Executive Office for Immigration Review in the Department of Justice. The data collected by the INS at the time asylees adjust to permanent resident status include aliens previously granted asylum by either district directors, asylum officers, or immigration judges.

**TABLE 23. REFUGEE-STATUS APPLICATIONS
FISCAL YEARS 1980-92**

Year	Applications pending beginning of year	Applications filed during year	Applications approved during year	Applications denied during year	Applications otherwise closed during year	Applications pending end of year
1980 (April-September)	16,642	95,241	89,580	6,149	1,197	14,957
1981	14,957	178,273	155,291	15,322	3,998	18,619
1982	18,619	76,150	61,527	14,943	6,631	11,668
1983	11,668	92,522	73,645	20,255	2,489	7,801
1984	7,801	99,636	77,932	16,220	604	12,681
1985	12,681	80,734	59,436	18,430	1,842	13,707
1986	13,707	67,310	52,081	9,679	3,362	15,895
1987	15,895	85,823	61,529	13,911	6,126	20,152
1988	20,152	105,024	80,282	11,821	5,632	27,441
1989	27,441	190,597	95,505	33,179	4,005	85,349
1990	39,524	135,251	99,697	29,805	24,904	20,369
1991	20,369	123,492	107,962	12,644	5,700	17,555
1992	18,238	133,786	115,330	14,886	6,780	15,028

NOTE: The Refugee Act of 1980 went into effect on April 1, 1980. The pending beginning of fiscal year 1990 does not match the pending end of fiscal year 1989 due to changes in the processing of Soviet refugees residing inside the Soviet Union. The figures beginning fiscal year 1990 exclude the initial questionnaires submitted by refugee applicants residing in the former Soviet Union. See the Refugee section of the text for further explanation.

**TABLE 24. REFUGEE-STATUS APPLICATIONS BY GEOGRAPHIC AREA AND SELECTED COUNTRY OF CHARGEABILITY
FISCAL YEAR 1992**

Geographic area and country of chargeability	Applications pending beginning of year	Applications filed during year	Applications approved during year	Applications denied during year	Applications otherwise closed during year	Applications pending end of year
All countries	18,238	133,786	115,330	14,886	6,780	15,028
Africa	3,813	10,626	5,667	1,621	790	6,361
Angola	17	12	3	6	7	13
Ethiopia	2,861	4,947	3,116	1,237	568	2,887
Liberia	4	1,504	637	77	1	793
Mozambique	20	22	1	12	12	17
Somalia	351	3,011	1,583	162	98	1,519
South Africa	19	18	19	5	-	13
Sudan	268	232	120	15	53	312
Uganda	144	408	88	103	10	351
Zaire	109	451	97	3	26	434
Other Africa	20	21	3	1	15	22
East Asia	106	33,213	31,751	1,467	-	101
Burma	-	60	30	30	-	-
Cambodia	1	57	48	9	-	1
Laos	1	6,348	6,210	138	-	1
Vietnam	104	26,744	25,460	1,289	-	99
Other Asia	-	4	3	1	-	-
Eastern Europe and Soviet Union	8,037	71,658	68,131	4,721	4,087	2,756
Albania	2,257	1,362	1,104	870	781	864
Bulgaria	789	99	114	154	533	87
Czechoslovakia	169	8	18	-	109	50
Hungary	19	1	1	1	-	18
Poland	727	53	134	-	8	638
Romania	3,750	1,398	1,176	1,064	2,255	653
Soviet Union ¹	326	68,737	65,584	2,632	401	446
Latin America	937	6,219	4,121	2,226	670	139
Cuba	922	4,039	3,886	285	668	122
Haiti	-	2,179	234	1,941	-	4
Nicaragua	15	1	1	-	2	13
Other Latin America	-	-	-	-	-	-
Near East	5,345	12,070	5,660	4,851	1,233	5,671
Afghanistan	1,463	3,744	1,455	1,500	18	2,234
Iran	1,798	3,660	1,823	1,799	727	1,109
Iraq	2,083	4,662	2,381	1,552	485	2,327
Other Near East	1	4	1	-	3	1

¹ The Washington Processing Center, which handles the administrative processing of potential applicants residing in the former Soviet Union, received 121,907 pre-application questionnaires in fiscal year 1992. See the Refugee section of the text for further explanation.
- Represents zero.

NOTE: The number of applications for refugee status pending at the beginning of fiscal year 1992 has been revised upward from the 17,555 reported at the end of fiscal year 1991. The increase of 683 applications is due to revisions in the data from one reporting office.

**TABLE 25. REFUGEE APPROVALS AND ADMISSIONS BY GEOGRAPHIC AREA OF CHARGEABILITY
FISCAL YEARS 1985-92**

Geographic area of chargeability	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989 ¹	1990 ¹	1991 ¹	1992 ¹
Authorized admissions	70,000	67,000	70,000	87,500	104,500	110,000	116,000	123,500
Africa	3,000	3,000	2,000	3,000	2,000	3,500	4,900	6,000
East Asia	50,000	45,500	40,500	38,000	38,000	36,800	38,500	33,500
Eastern Europe & Soviet Union	10,000	9,500	12,300	30,000	50,000	58,300	53,500	64,000
Latin America & Caribbean	1,000	3,000	1,000	3,500	3,500	2,400	3,100	3,000
Near East	6,000	6,000	10,200	9,000	7,000	6,000	6,000	6,000
Unallocated Reserve	X	X	X	4,000	4,000	4,000	10,000	11,000
Approvals	59,436	52,081	61,529	80,282	95,505	99,697	107,962	115,330
Africa	1,943	1,329	1,974	1,304	1,825	3,318	4,430	5,667
East Asia	39,628	35,193	37,082	41,450	35,196	30,613	33,560	31,751
Eastern Europe & Soviet Union	9,999	9,515	12,290	26,645	48,620	58,951	62,582	68,131
Latin America & Caribbean	1,868	47	99	2,452	2,848	1,863	2,263	4,121
Near East	5,998	5,997	10,084	8,431	7,016	4,952	5,127	5,660
Admissions²	62,477	58,329	66,803	80,382	101,072	110,197	100,229	123,010
Africa	1,952	1,279	2,068	1,708	1,998	3,585	4,564	6,152
East Asia	44,972	41,673	40,046	35,160	36,989	37,192	37,063	36,528
Eastern Europe & Soviet Union	9,720	9,270	12,450	28,906	48,416	57,081	46,726	65,230
Latin America & Caribbean	159	48	902	4,319	5,033	5,786	5,107	5,372
Near East	5,674	6,059	10,619	9,486	7,699	5,636	5,895	8,834
Unknown	-	-	718	803	937	917	874	894

¹ The authorized admission levels for 1989, 1990, 1991, and 1992 were 116,500, 125,000, 131,000, and 142,000, respectively, including 12,000 Amerasians in 1989, 15,000 in both 1990 and 1991 and 18,500 in 1992. Since Amerasians enter the United States on immigrant visas, they are not included as refugee arrivals in the INS' data. As a result, the authorized admission levels for 1989, 1990, 1991, and 1992 for East Asia have been reduced accordingly.

² Admissions may be higher than approvals because of the arrival of persons approved in previous years.

- Represents zero. X Not applicable.

NOTE: Beginning in 1987, refugee admission data were compiled through the Nonimmigrant Information System. Since the system collects all entries of persons with nonimmigrant status, initial arrivals of refugees may be overstated.

**TABLE 26. REFUGEE ARRIVALS INTO THE UNITED STATES BY SELECTED NATIONALITY
FISCAL YEARS 1986-92**

Nationality	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992
All nationalities	58,329	66,803	80,382	101,072	110,197	100,229	123,010
Afghanistan	2,478	3,241	2,380	1,991	1,835	1,690	1,841
Albania	78	49	74	44	103	1,354	1,195
Bulgaria	148	110	147	110	352	621	152
Cambodia	9,133	1,772	2,802	2,110	2,347	183	233
China ¹	39	416	162	210	133	192	1,229
Cuba	43	314	3,006	3,742	3,980	3,910	4,001
Czechoslovakia	1,447	373	247	257	246	175	36
El Salvador	-	74	60	74	136	110	259
Ethiopia	1,248	1,858	1,539	1,750	3,255	3,889	2,981
Ghana	3	7	17	12	17	35	191
Hungary	635	690	810	1,071	295	25	18
Iran	3,246	7,075	6,920	5,466	3,603	2,833	2,037
Iraq	311	186	37	115	73	812	3,466
Laos	11,130	15,508	14,561	12,779	8,667	9,212	7,964
Liberia	4	7	10	13	11	38	899
Nicaragua	-	486	1,155	1,053	1,239	883	361
Poland	3,617	3,734	3,670	3,792	1,883	573	249
Romania	2,573	3,203	2,953	3,369	4,625	4,803	1,664
Somalia	1	4	13	68	52	305	1,690
South Africa	8	69	35	22	39	17	10
Soviet Union	744	3,652	20,533	39,076	49,385	39,116	61,631
Sudan	2	3	-	6	8	31	134
Uganda	5	27	33	52	31	115	92
Vietnam	20,821	22,320	17,626	21,865	26,023	27,441	26,921
Yugoslavia	2	578	400	619	130	35	123
Other	613	1,047	1,192	1,406	1,729	1,831	3,633

¹ Data for Mainland China and Taiwan are included in China.

- Represents zero.

NOTE: Beginning in 1987, refugee admission data were compiled through the Nonimmigrant Information System. Since the system collects all entries of persons with nonimmigrant status, initial arrivals of refugees may be overstated.

**TABLE 27. REFUGEES GRANTED LAWFUL PERMANENT RESIDENT STATUS IN FISCAL YEAR 1992
BY CALENDAR YEAR OF ENTRY AND REGION AND SELECTED COUNTRY OF BIRTH**

Region and country of birth	Total	1991	1990	1989	1988	1987	1986	1985	Before 1985	Unknown or not reported
All countries	106,379	26,051	57,999	14,634	3,477	1,249	734	525	1,689	21
Europe	41,272	10,642	23,290	6,446	494	140	81	25	149	5
Albania	536	407	108	6	9	1	3	1	1	-
Bulgaria	536	131	380	17	4	3	-	1	-	-
Czechoslovakia	275	40	134	67	14	3	5	-	12	-
Hungary	200	7	35	117	25	5	7	1	3	-
Latvia	310	61	185	59	2	-	1	-	2	-
Poland	1,206	65	482	445	76	45	31	13	49	-
Romania	4,248	1,282	2,419	399	71	33	20	6	18	-
Soviet Union	33,249	8,553	19,182	5,133	265	45	11	3	53	4
Other Europe	712	96	365	203	28	5	3	-	11	1
Asia	51,061	12,936	26,828	6,139	2,286	914	521	413	1,016	8
Afghanistan	1,656	395	968	143	99	21	9	3	18	-
Cambodia	1,694	44	449	416	195	38	103	188	261	-
China, Mainland	97	27	40	12	3	2	3	5	5	-
Iran	2,455	491	1,222	459	175	66	16	10	16	-
Iraq	335	197	118	9	2	1	1	-	7	-
Laos	7,978	1,316	2,976	1,987	849	422	164	45	217	2
Philippines	194	9	107	31	15	5	11	5	10	1
Thailand	4,044	703	1,699	773	458	178	82	63	86	2
Vietnam	32,145	9,689	18,944	2,265	468	174	130	92	381	2
Other Asia	463	65	305	44	22	7	2	2	15	1
Africa	3,581	1,152	1,962	353	47	27	13	6	21	-
Ethiopia	2,723	833	1,509	294	33	22	12	6	14	-
Libya	99	95	2	-	2	-	-	-	-	-
Somalia	153	87	57	9	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sudan	358	60	266	27	3	-	-	-	2	-
Other Africa	248	77	128	23	9	5	1	-	5	-
Oceania	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
North America	10,162	1,287	5,707	1,670	637	162	116	80	499	4
Caribbean	9,708	1,256	5,351	1,641	616	159	112	78	493	2
Cuba	9,677	1,244	5,337	1,636	616	159	112	78	493	2
Other Caribbean	31	12	14	5	-	-	-	-	-	-
Central America	436	28	344	27	21	3	3	2	6	2
El Salvador	8	-	4	-	-	-	1	-	3	-
Nicaragua	348	16	295	20	11	1	1	2	1	1
Panama	22	3	13	2	3	-	-	-	1	-
Other Central America	58	9	32	5	7	2	1	-	1	1
Other North America	18	3	12	2	-	-	1	-	-	-
South America	301	34	210	26	13	6	3	1	4	4
Born on board ship	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

- Represents zero.

**TABLE 28. ASYLUM CASES FILED WITH INS DISTRICT DIRECTORS AND ASYLUM OFFICERS
FISCAL YEARS 1973-92**

Year	Cases received	Cases completed	Cases approved	Cases denied	Cases adjudicated	Percent approved
1973	1,913	1,510	380	1,130	1,510	25.2
1974	2,716	2,769	294	2,475	2,769	10.6
1975	2,432	1,664	562	1,102	1,664	33.8
1976	2,733	1,914	590	1,324	1,914	30.8
1976,TQ	896	370	97	273	370	26.2
1977	2,529	1,939	754	1,185	1,939	38.9
1978	3,702	2,312	1,218	1,094	2,312	52.7
1979	5,801	2,312	1,227	1,085	2,312	53.1
1980	26,512	2,000	1,104	896	2,000	55.2
1981	61,568	4,521	1,175	3,346	4,521	26.0
1982	33,296	11,326	3,909	7,255	11,164	35.0
1983	26,091	25,447	7,215	16,811	24,026	30.0
1984	24,295	54,320	8,278	32,344	40,622	20.4
1985	16,622	28,528	4,585	14,172	18,757	24.4
1986	18,889	45,792	3,359	7,882	11,241	29.9
1987	26,107	44,785	4,062	3,454	7,516	54.0
1988	60,736	68,357	5,531	8,582	14,113	39.2
1989	101,679	102,795	6,942	31,547	38,489	18.0
1990	73,637	48,342	4,173	24,156	28,329	14.7
1991	56,310	16,552	2,108	4,167	6,275	33.6
1992	103,964	21,996	3,919	6,506	10,425	37.6

NOTE: The Refugee Act of 1980 went into effect on April 1, 1980. Data for fiscal years 1982 and 1983 have been estimated due to changes in the reporting procedures during those two periods. Cases completed cover approvals, denials, and cases otherwise closed. Cases otherwise closed are those in which the applicant withdrew the case from consideration, never acknowledged a request for an interview with the INS, or died. Cases adjudicated cover approvals and denials. Since April 1, 1991, authority to decide most asylum claims has resided with the INS Asylum Officer Corps. See Glossary for fiscal year definitions.

**TABLE 29. NUMBER OF INDIVIDUALS GRANTED ASYLUM BY INS DISTRICT DIRECTORS AND ASYLUM OFFICERS
BY SELECTED NATIONALITY
FISCAL YEARS 1986-92**

Nationality	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992
All nationalities	4,284	5,093	7,340	9,229	5,672	2,908	3,959
Afghanistan	91	24	50	23	24	46	90
Bulgaria	13	4	14	17	26	22	44
China, Mainland	22	27	90	150	679	348	277
Cuba	17	73	36	107	229	124	214
El Salvador	90	39	149	443	260	185	110
Ethiopia	217	205	570	517	382	405	347
Guatemala	7	7	42	102	65	49	94
Haiti	5	-	8	11	3	1	120
Hungary	26	14	40	33	20	5	1
India	-	-	4	4	-	13	78
Iran	1,568	1,346	1,107	723	256	232	231
Iraq	12	16	25	17	21	26	70
Laos	2	2	4	7	38	36	56
Lebanon	4	48	73	76	86	67	81
Liberia	6	7	5	20	10	53	209
Libya	55	115	79	39	23	6	14
Nicaragua	1,284	2,213	3,725	5,092	2,277	703	341
Pakistan	5	7	51	23	11	11	83
Panama	-	-	47	318	251	3	3
Peru	-	1	1	24	27	20	113
Poland	456	558	488	329	39	6	2
Romania	152	137	398	650	204	50	156
Russia	-	-	-	-	-	-	51
Somalia	16	14	79	128	204	117	122
Soviet Union	44	33	47	127	264	142	381
Sri Lanka	1	-	1	4	10	4	44
Sudan	1	-	-	-	8	31	73
Syria	57	67	36	28	63	9	16
Yugoslavia	5	17	6	4	14	3	72
Other	128	119	165	213	178	191	466

- Represents zero.

**TABLE 30. ASYLUM CASES FILED WITH INS ASYLUM OFFICERS BY SELECTED NATIONALITY
FISCAL YEAR 1992**

Nationality	Applications pending beginning of year	Applications received during year	Applications granted during year	Individuals granted asylum during year ¹	Applications denied during year	Applications otherwise closed during year	Applications pending end of year
All nationalities	137,046	103,964	3,919	3,959	6,506	11,571	219,014
Afghanistan	462	297	49	90	15	21	674
Albania	97	130	14	23	2	8	203
Armenia	86	386	2	2	8	14	448
Bangladesh	182	1,044	2	2	5	53	1,166
Bolivia	127	105	3	6	2	17	210
Bulgaria	1,340	594	31	44	161	102	1,640
Burma	177	209	21	22	3	47	315
Cameroon	168	218	19	19	1	12	354
China	1,387	3,464	211	277	37	259	4,344
Colombia	291	584	9	16	25	76	765
Cuba	3,622	2,376	151	214	170	1,474	4,203
Czechoslovakia	148	49	-	-	8	7	182
Ecuador	46	127	1	1	4	13	155
Egypt	211	464	9	11	10	60	596
El Salvador	39,235	6,781	88	110	211	490	45,227
Ethiopia	2,474	1,003	292	347	89	111	2,985
Fiji	783	360	9	18	81	49	1,004
Ghana	193	485	8	8	8	18	644
Guatemala	27,117	43,915	63	94	233	804	69,932
Guinea	168	70	2	2	1	33	202
Haiti	673	5,374	83	120	179	153	5,632
Honduras	1,621	1,127	17	19	80	271	2,380
Hungary	300	77	1	1	14	15	347
India	743	3,224	64	78	87	225	3,591
Iran	2,113	692	168	231	67	182	2,388
Iraq	356	167	41	70	22	15	445
Israel	154	276	5	6	11	42	372
Ivory Coast	67	101	4	4	2	7	155
Jordan	418	487	15	31	45	75	770
Kuwait	176	131	15	20	8	24	260
Laos	831	855	49	56	67	85	1,485
Lebanon	1,352	263	46	81	114	100	1,355
Liberia	3,222	1,378	131	209	103	241	4,125
Lithuania	109	79	1	1	23	12	152
Mali	84	130	1	1	1	16	196
Mexico	223	614	-	-	10	107	720
Nicaragua	22,466	2,075	182	341	1,083	1,589	21,687
Pakistan	551	3,348	39	83	39	198	3,623
Panama	352	32	3	3	11	15	355
Peru	658	1,148	57	113	86	74	1,589
Philippines	1,597	4,022	11	16	144	509	4,955
Poland	1,887	461	2	2	53	81	2,212
Romania	3,121	2,097	115	156	312	214	4,577
Russia	196	740	37	51	16	20	863
Sierra Leone	86	626	2	2	4	26	680
Somalia	547	154	105	122	7	17	572
Soviet Union	4,046	4,517	263	381	261	408	7,631
Sri Lanka	214	245	32	44	8	21	398
Sudan	349	271	48	73	10	21	541
Suriname	124	86	4	4	7	11	188
Syria	393	553	13	16	33	48	852
Turkey	118	157	4	6	5	14	252
Uganda	65	70	10	12	7	2	116
Ukraine	71	172	6	7	4	2	231
Yemen	95	194	1	1	1	3	284
Yugoslavia	1,354	2,300	45	72	62	119	3,428
Zaire	55	106	17	22	2	5	137
Other	1,777	2,954	119	198	110	281	4,221
Cases not in data system	6,168	-	1,179	NA	2,334	2,655	-

¹ The total number of individuals granted asylum during the year, and their nationality, is unknown. The 3,959 individuals known to have been granted asylum were in the 2,740 cases granted that were recorded in the automated data system. An additional 1,179 cases covering an unknown number of persons were granted.

- Represents zero.

**TABLE 31. ASYLUM CASES FILED WITH INS ASYLUM OFFICERS
BY ASYLUM OFFICE AND STATE OF RESIDENCE
FISCAL YEAR 1992**

Asylum Office and state of residence	Applications pending beginning of year	Applications received during year	Applications granted during year	Individuals granted asylum during year ¹	Applications denied during year	Applications otherwise closed during year	Applications pending end of year
Total	137,046	103,964	3,919	3,959	6,506	11,571	219,014
Asylum Office:							
Arlington	15,632	7,741	497	678	197	912	21,767
Chicago	5,062	3,747	209	316	238	189	8,173
Houston	1,433	3,369	432	668	327	249	3,794
Los Angeles	60,054	41,723	416	588	1,097	2,910	97,354
Miami	25,611	15,101	419	673	1,414	2,542	36,337
Newark	13,144	23,931	303	416	387	1,554	34,831
San Francisco	9,942	8,352	464	620	512	560	16,758
Cases not in data system ²	6,168	-	1,179	NA	2,334	2,655	-
State:							
Alaska	75	67	-	-	13	8	121
Arizona	317	345	1	1	11	19	631
California	67,889	48,286	836	1,157	1,536	3,396	110,407
Colorado	146	172	42	57	32	14	230
Connecticut	180	461	4	8	13	33	591
Delaware	48	71	-	-	-	5	114
District of Columbia	2,371	1,423	85	105	34	139	3,536
Florida	25,565	15,026	416	669	1,414	2,499	36,262
Georgia	509	409	38	59	6	15	859
Hawaii	23	63	1	3	3	1	81
Illinois	2,610	1,636	126	187	177	120	3,823
Indiana	99	83	13	15	2	5	162
Kansas	19	59	4	4	2	1	71
Kentucky	18	38	2	3	7	-	47
Louisiana	112	146	37	59	39	26	156
Maryland	5,964	2,246	161	222	45	329	7,675
Massachusetts	473	2,232	14	15	17	23	2,651
Michigan	1,401	1,097	9	18	20	32	2,437
Minnesota	235	217	6	7	4	2	440
Missouri	28	80	2	4	6	1	99
Nebraska	25	45	1	2	1	7	61
Nevada	664	469	4	5	12	5	1,112
New Jersey	1,653	2,409	72	107	68	161	3,761
New York	9,131	17,928	190	256	253	1,202	25,414
North Carolina	339	266	4	7	4	17	580
Ohio	476	362	30	54	17	13	778
Oklahoma	38	45	20	29	9	3	51
Oregon	821	510	21	23	25	24	1,261
Pennsylvania	1,561	488	27	33	34	123	1,865
Rhode Island	90	367	-	-	-	2	455
South Carolina	40	38	-	-	-	1	77
Tennessee	77	99	19	22	30	14	113
Texas	965	2,737	267	417	186	178	3,071
Utah	61	120	26	46	21	10	124
Virginia	6,356	3,286	200	275	107	411	8,924
Washington	166	264	15	16	9	16	390
Wisconsin	93	79	15	20	1	3	153
Guam	7	35	-	-	-	-	42
Puerto Rico	50	56	1	1	-	38	67
Other	183	204	31	53	14	20	322
Cases not in data system ²	6,168	-	1,179	NA	2,334	2,655	-

¹ The total number of individuals granted asylum during the year, and their location, is unknown. The 3,959 individuals known to have been granted asylum were in the 2,740 cases granted that were recorded in the automated data system. An additional 1,179 cases covering an unknown number of persons were granted.

² The location of the complete cases that were not in the data system is unknown.

- Represents zero. NA Not available.

**TABLE 32. REFUGEES AND ASYLEES GRANTED LAWFUL PERMANENT RESIDENT STATUS BY ENACTMENT
FISCAL YEARS 1946-92**

Enactment	Total	1946-50	1951-60	1961-70	1971-80	1981-90	1991-92
Total	2,727,744	213,347	492,371	212,843	539,447	1,013,620	256,116
Presidential Directive of 12/22/45	40,324	40,324	X	X	X	X	X
Displaced Persons Act of 6/25/48	409,696	173,023	236,669	4	X	X	X
Orphan Act of 7/29/53	466	X	466	X	X	X	X
Refugee Relief Act of 8/7/53	189,025	X	188,993	28	2	2	X
Refugee-Escapee Act of 9/11/57	29,462	X	24,263	5,199	X	X	X
Hungarian Refugee Act of 7/25/58	30,752	X	30,491	258	2	1	X
Azores & Netherlands Refugee Act of 9/2/58	22,213	X	10,057	12,156	X	X	X
Refugee Relatives Act of 9/22/59	1,820	X	1,432	388	X	X	X
Fair Share Refugee Act of 7/14/60	19,800	X	X	19,714	82	3	1
Refugee Conditional Entrants Act of 10/3/65	142,103	X	X	39,149	102,625	329	X
Cuban Refugee Act of 11/2/66	504,815	X	X	135,947	252,119	105,898	10,851
Indochinese Refugee Act of 10/28/77	175,112	X	X	X	137,309	37,752	51
Refugee Parolee Act of 10/5/78	139,180	X	X	X	46,058	92,971	151
Refugee Act of 1980, 3/17/80	1,022,976	X	X	X	1,250	776,664	245,062
Refugees	945,999	X	X	X	X	734,259	211,740
Asylees	76,977	X	X	X	1,250	42,405	33,322

NOTE: X Not applicable. See Glossary for fiscal year definitions. Data for fiscal years 1987-88 have been adjusted. The data no longer include Cuban/Haitian entrants granted immigrant status.

**TABLE 33. REFUGEES AND ASYLEES GRANTED LAWFUL PERMANENT RESIDENT STATUS
BY REGION AND SELECTED COUNTRY OF BIRTH
FISCAL YEARS 1946-92**

Region and country of birth	Total	1946-50	1951-60	1961-70	1971-80	1981-90	1991	1992
All countries	2,727,744	213,347	492,371	212,843	539,447	1,013,620	139,079	117,037
Europe	1,056,401	211,983	456,146	55,235	71,858	155,512	62,946	42,721
Albania	4,752	29	1,409	1,952	395	353	75	539
Austria	17,351	4,801	11,487	233	185	424	131	90
Bulgaria	6,384	139	1,138	1,799	1,238	1,197	311	562
Czechoslovakia	37,705	8,449	10,719	5,709	3,646	8,204	659	319
Estonia	11,453	7,143	4,103	16	2	25	9	155
Germany	101,460	36,633	62,860	665	143	851	214	94
Greece	31,319	124	28,568	586	478	1,408	127	28
Hungary	76,216	6,086	55,740	4,044	4,358	4,942	817	229
Italy	63,548	642	60,657	1,198	346	394	206	105
Latvia	38,667	21,422	16,783	49	16	48	34	315
Lithuania	27,627	18,694	8,569	72	23	37	75	157
Netherlands	17,628	129	14,336	3,134	8	14	5	2
Poland	208,537	78,529	81,323	3,197	5,882	33,889	4,205	1,512
Portugal	5,067	12	3,650	1,361	21	21	2	-
Romania	69,252	4,180	12,057	7,158	6,812	29,798	4,276	4,971
Soviet Union	233,672	14,072	30,059	871	31,309	72,306	51,551	33,504
Spain	10,560	1	246	4,114	5,317	736	96	50
Yugoslavia	84,615	9,816	44,755	18,299	11,297	324	66	58
Other Europe	10,588	1,082	7,687	778	382	541	87	31
Asia	1,080,382	1,106	33,422	19,895	210,683	712,092	49,762	53,422
Afghanistan	27,671	-	1	-	542	22,946	2,100	2,082
Cambodia	126,048	-	-	-	7,739	114,064	2,550	1,695
China ¹	40,842	319	12,008	5,308	13,760	7,928	625	894
Hong Kong	8,856	-	1,076	2,128	3,468	1,916	75	193
Indonesia	17,543	-	8,253	7,658	222	1,385	12	13
Iran	59,113	118	192	58	364	46,773	8,515	3,093
Iraq	15,198	-	130	119	6,851	7,540	193	365
Japan	4,535	3	3,803	554	56	110	4	5
Korea	4,618	-	3,116	1,316	65	120	1	-
Laos	181,807	-	-	-	21,690	142,964	9,127	8,026
Syria	4,335	4	119	383	1,336	2,145	252	96
Thailand	39,179	-	15	13	1,241	30,259	3,603	4,048
Turkey	6,733	603	1,427	1,489	1,193	1,896	109	16
Vietnam	528,426	-	2	7	150,266	324,453	21,543	32,155
Other Asia	15,478	59	3,280	862	1,890	7,593	1,053	741
Africa	41,625	20	1,768	5,486	2,991	22,149	4,731	4,480
Egypt	8,727	8	1,354	5,396	1,473	426	52	18
Ethiopia	26,762	-	61	2	1,307	18,542	3,582	3,268
Other Africa	6,136	12	353	88	211	3,181	1,097	1,194
Oceania	172	7	75	21	37	22	1	9
North America	544,814	163	831	132,068	252,633	121,840	21,317	15,962
Cuba	514,319	3	6	131,557	251,514	113,367	7,953	9,919
El Salvador	3,421	-	-	1	45	1,383	1,249	743
Nicaragua	21,532	1	1	3	36	5,590	11,233	4,668
Other North America	5,542	159	824	507	1,038	1,500	882	632
South America	4,211	32	74	123	1,244	1,976	320	442
Chile	1,014	-	5	4	420	531	38	16
Other South America	3,197	32	69	119	824	1,445	282	426
Unknown or not reported	139	36	55	15	1	29	2	1

¹ Includes Mainland China and Taiwan.

- Represents zero.

NOTE: See Glossary for fiscal year definitions. Data for fiscal years 1987-88 have been adjusted. The data no longer include Cuban/Haitian entrants granted immigrant status.

**TABLE 34. REFUGEES AND ASYLEES GRANTED LAWFUL PERMANENT RESIDENT STATUS BY AGE AND SEX
FISCAL YEARS 1985-92**

Age and sex	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992
Total	95,040	104,383	91,840	81,719	84,288	97,364	139,079	117,037
Under 5 years	4,818	4,677	4,037	3,914	4,712	5,315	6,721	5,760
5-9 years	8,974	9,311	7,226	7,913	8,933	9,662	13,578	11,304
10-14 years	10,067	10,486	7,202	7,686	8,425	8,839	12,494	9,250
15-19 years	11,227	11,485	11,161	9,841	9,426	10,237	13,270	12,224
20-24 years	11,919	11,808	10,418	9,673	9,279	10,067	12,859	13,280
25-29 years	11,393	11,439	9,981	9,228	9,333	10,831	14,522	11,895
30-34 years	9,860	10,985	10,032	8,796	8,675	10,250	15,044	10,738
35-39 years	7,225	8,750	8,522	6,979	7,381	8,764	13,275	9,170
40-44 years	5,138	6,584	6,594	5,004	5,155	6,527	10,790	8,078
45-49 years	3,776	4,934	4,823	3,587	3,397	4,032	5,871	6,130
50-54 years	2,820	3,492	3,455	2,644	2,719	3,360	5,148	5,207
55-59 years	2,188	2,827	2,638	2,001	1,955	2,611	3,689	4,008
60-64 years	1,795	2,330	1,984	1,509	1,705	2,309	3,780	3,481
65-69 years	1,446	2,014	1,627	1,252	1,485	2,090	3,782	3,002
70-74 years	1,050	1,525	1,096	788	755	1,144	2,023	1,655
75-79 years	750	997	671	501	529	734	1,266	991
80 years and over	594	739	371	391	395	569	938	819
Unknown	-	-	2	12	29	23	29	45
Male	53,429	58,497	50,736	45,148	45,348	51,843	72,189	60,583
Under 5 years	2,430	2,403	2,042	2,038	2,424	2,794	3,549	3,062
5-9 years	4,726	4,921	3,766	4,170	4,700	5,057	6,972	5,766
10-14 years	5,536	5,697	3,969	4,162	4,496	4,718	6,595	4,913
15-19 years	6,776	6,764	6,323	5,748	5,432	5,835	7,417	6,724
20-24 years	7,208	6,974	5,827	5,619	5,168	5,748	6,841	7,131
25-29 years	6,632	6,535	5,513	5,114	5,108	5,884	7,690	6,381
30-34 years	5,764	6,440	5,730	4,941	4,575	5,281	7,870	5,487
35-39 years	4,129	5,205	4,888	3,940	3,981	4,629	6,971	4,640
40-44 years	3,025	3,870	3,834	2,798	2,820	3,507	5,714	4,079
45-49 years	2,087	2,838	2,780	2,035	1,957	2,213	3,249	3,293
50-54 years	1,530	1,968	1,938	1,476	1,462	1,787	2,711	2,726
55-59 years	1,130	1,539	1,409	1,083	1,035	1,382	1,814	2,037
60-64 years	864	1,126	992	764	795	1,043	1,594	1,630
65-69 years	650	901	772	578	658	929	1,545	1,295
70-74 years	419	636	496	325	344	492	828	702
75-79 years	287	392	283	201	211	304	478	395
80 years and over	236	288	173	150	164	232	338	297
Unknown	-	-	1	6	18	8	13	25
Female	41,611	45,886	41,104	36,571	38,922	45,475	66,825	56,415
Under 5 years	2,388	2,274	1,995	1,876	2,284	2,514	3,169	2,698
5-9 years	4,248	4,390	3,460	3,743	4,232	4,599	6,597	5,534
10-14 years	4,531	4,789	3,233	3,524	3,928	4,118	5,891	4,336
15-19 years	4,451	4,721	4,838	4,093	3,991	4,398	5,843	5,496
20-24 years	4,711	4,834	4,591	4,054	4,109	4,313	6,011	6,145
25-29 years	4,761	4,904	4,468	4,114	4,225	4,945	6,827	5,506
30-34 years	4,096	4,545	4,302	3,855	4,099	4,962	7,170	5,244
35-39 years	3,096	3,545	3,634	3,039	3,398	4,132	6,303	4,528
40-44 years	2,113	2,714	2,760	2,206	2,334	3,019	5,066	3,998
45-49 years	1,689	2,096	2,043	1,552	1,440	1,816	2,619	2,834
50-54 years	1,290	1,524	1,517	1,168	1,257	1,571	2,437	2,479
55-59 years	1,058	1,288	1,229	918	919	1,228	1,874	1,970
60-64 years	931	1,204	992	745	910	1,265	2,186	1,849
65-69 years	796	1,113	855	674	827	1,161	2,235	1,707
70-74 years	631	889	600	463	411	652	1,193	953
75-79 years	463	605	388	300	316	430	788	596
80 years and over	358	451	198	241	231	337	600	522
Unknown	-	-	1	6	11	15	16	20
Unknown sex	-	-	-	-	18	46	65	39
Percent distribution	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Male	56.2	56.0	55.2	55.2	53.8	53.2	51.9	51.8
Female	43.8	44.0	44.8	44.8	46.2	46.7	48.0	48.2
Unknown	-	-	-	-	-	Z	Z	-
Median age	25.2	27.0	28.0	26.0	25.7	27.1	28.7	27.8
Male	25.1	27.0	28.2	25.8	25.4	26.5	28.1	27.1
Female	25.5	26.9	27.7	26.2	26.1	27.8	29.4	28.6

- Represents zero. Z rounds to less than 0.05 percent.

NOTE: Data for fiscal years 1987-88 have been adjusted. The data no longer include Cuban/Haitian entrants granted immigrant status.

**TABLE 35. REFUGEES AND ASYLEES GRANTED LAWFUL PERMANENT RESIDENT STATUS BY REGION AND SELECTED COUNTRY OF BIRTH
FISCAL YEARS 1983-92**

Region and country of birth	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992
All countries	102,685	92,127	95,040	104,383	91,840	81,719	84,288	97,364	139,079	117,037
Europe	10,226	16,068	14,008	11,868	9,684	11,418	18,348	33,111	62,946	42,721
Albania	9	26	39	43	44	66	55	64	75	539
Bulgaria	82	140	141	134	117	129	126	178	311	562
Czechoslovakia	687	936	958	841	1,075	1,164	640	883	659	319
Estonia	10	-	-	-	2	1	-	5	9	155
Hungary	238	455	588	543	589	738	588	868	817	229
Italy	19	60	32	24	37	26	44	86	206	105
Latvia	6	6	1	1	1	9	8	6	34	315
Lithuania	1	1	5	1	1	8	5	11	75	157
Poland	2,673	5,601	4,813	3,949	3,357	4,242	3,842	3,903	4,205	1,512
Romania	1,757	3,226	4,426	4,308	2,959	3,028	3,338	3,186	4,276	4,971
Soviet Union	4,404	5,206	2,638	1,654	1,242	1,642	9,264	23,186	51,551	33,504
Other Europe	340	411	367	370	260	365	438	735	728	353
Asia	85,298	68,399	62,035	58,685	52,600	56,006	56,751	51,867	49,762	53,422
Afghanistan	2,321	3,032	2,555	2,600	2,141	2,597	2,606	2,144	2,100	2,082
Cambodia	17,957	11,663	13,365	13,300	12,206	9,255	5,648	4,719	2,550	1,695
China, Mainland	547	643	728	618	540	588	500	330	620	884
Hong Kong	262	183	100	117	102	147	66	30	75	193
Iran	1,450	3,544	5,420	6,022	5,559	6,895	8,167	8,649	8,515	3,093
Iraq	1,092	1,862	951	367	310	268	191	141	193	365
Laos	23,503	12,094	8,921	7,556	6,560	10,348	12,033	9,824	9,127	8,026
Lebanon	105	43	34	41	24	29	116	118	318	140
Pakistan	20	30	59	68	65	101	142	157	166	129
Philippines	326	338	323	459	386	429	361	290	249	221
Syria	127	89	59	23	34	67	273	393	252	96
Thailand	2,798	2,216	2,349	3,240	3,751	3,587	4,347	4,077	3,603	4,048
Vietnam	34,285	32,033	26,775	23,930	20,617	21,407	21,883	20,537	21,543	32,155
Other Asia	505	629	396	344	305	288	418	458	451	295
Africa	2,456	2,322	3,201	2,547	1,719	2,121	2,269	2,212	4,731	4,480
Ethiopia	2,209	2,018	2,762	2,102	1,425	1,723	1,784	1,682	3,582	3,268
Libya	27	17	31	27	37	54	71	84	175	143
Somalia	8	16	23	14	15	20	33	38	282	330
Sudan	37	66	180	121	83	80	97	60	184	369
Other Africa	175	205	205	283	159	244	284	348	508	370
Oceania	2	5	5	1	3	1	1	-	1	9
North America	4,547	5,146	15,667	31,086	27,677	11,912	6,740	9,910	21,317	15,962
Caribbean	4,142	4,509	15,090	30,356	26,850	10,907	5,272	7,700	8,005	9,969
Cuba	4,118	4,560	15,080	30,333	26,817	10,846	5,245	7,668	7,953	9,919
Other Caribbean	24	39	10	23	33	61	27	32	52	50
Central America	386	512	556	682	785	964	1,416	2,143	13,221	5,959
El Salvador	22	112	166	289	172	170	198	245	1,249	743
Guatemala	12	32	7	18	13	37	33	58	296	169
Honduras	21	30	14	37	36	71	58	66	133	105
Nicaragua	317	319	347	324	555	645	1,075	1,694	11,233	4,638
Panama	2	4	6	3	1	17	22	43	246	243
Other Central America	12	15	16	11	8	24	30	37	64	31
Other North America	19	35	21	48	42	41	52	67	91	34
South America	156	178	124	195	155	260	175	264	320	442
Venezuela	31	41	36	56	25	58	62	87	120	220
Other South America	125	137	88	139	130	202	113	177	200	222
Born on board ship	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Unknown or not reported	-	9	-	1	2	1	4	-	2	-

- Represents zero.

NOTE: Data for fiscal years 1987-88 have been adjusted. The data no longer include Cuban/Haitian entrants granted immigrant status.

**TABLE 36. REFUGEES AND ASYLEES GRANTED LAWFUL PERMANENT RESIDENT STATUS BY STATE OF RESIDENCE
FISCAL YEARS 1983-92**

State of residence	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992
Total	102,685	92,127	95,040	104,383	91,840	81,719	84,288	97,364	139,079	117,037
Alabama	779	474	244	308	236	230	182	127	136	94
Alaska	60	70	26	53	44	33	41	27	72	56
Arizona	706	681	725	764	633	593	655	682	890	608
Arkansas	350	250	230	268	150	194	190	76	122	99
California	24,629	27,499	30,142	32,680	23,907	27,423	36,136	38,507	45,594	38,261
Colorado	1,696	878	1,722	861	831	591	705	578	1,342	1,114
Connecticut	1,095	1,252	1,269	974	1,011	933	788	1,162	1,767	1,111
Delaware	92	20	25	9	22	39	28	48	107	39
District of Columbia	314	172	271	178	139	169	225	295	508	408
Florida	5,263	5,871	10,758	21,886	25,003	11,257	5,750	9,145	15,064	14,035
Georgia	3,339	1,035	1,257	1,413	1,475	1,047	787	989	1,777	1,467
Hawaii	180	1,279	401	377	166	449	320	255	261	245
Idaho	82	150	83	188	131	159	125	114	139	169
Illinois	6,087	4,149	3,264	2,769	2,829	2,366	3,231	3,419	5,679	4,411
Indiana	821	382	303	272	209	229	113	130	433	248
Iowa	1,018	435	503	148	495	534	331	467	544	445
Kansas	519	1,366	854	514	221	530	991	291	508	691
Kentucky	427	64	509	100	263	210	129	66	84	348
Louisiana	1,221	2,548	803	1,008	837	928	706	470	898	938
Maine	322	224	369	335	242	119	137	165	281	141
Maryland	1,979	1,149	1,218	1,123	1,044	1,062	1,062	1,242	2,148	2,275
Massachusetts	3,185	2,636	3,007	3,016	3,415	4,169	3,758	4,724	5,289	3,461
Michigan	2,246	1,613	1,339	1,165	1,124	1,071	1,164	1,221	2,384	1,916
Minnesota	3,462	2,417	2,001	2,119	2,598	1,594	2,251	2,656	3,027	2,338
Mississippi	66	242	48	177	174	191	121	124	80	120
Missouri	927	1,012	713	647	571	684	510	534	908	692
Montana	49	36	58	24	20	43	23	9	131	61
Nebraska	263	288	257	151	115	137	104	175	221	143
Nevada	460	218	468	461	251	243	248	358	464	377
New Hampshire	54	109	130	84	153	113	120	139	189	227
New Jersey	2,186	1,136	4,038	5,489	1,076	1,632	2,335	1,339	3,141	2,603
New Mexico	476	303	198	112	102	151	133	26	142	166
New York	1,954	9,333	6,232	6,185	6,402	6,259	6,289	12,871	22,105	14,097
North Carolina	939	624	489	446	386	666	470	337	649	684
North Dakota	222	138	95	111	51	40	26	70	42	49
Ohio	1,725	813	1,335	1,439	665	776	1,164	770	1,375	2,734
Oklahoma	1,185	2,830	687	552	366	307	247	214	204	404
Oregon	2,431	1,787	1,573	1,143	887	881	912	1,315	2,624	1,746
Pennsylvania	3,381	1,628	1,926	2,055	1,857	2,466	2,343	2,983	3,953	3,827
Rhode Island	1,964	1,027	656	702	576	476	469	395	635	488
South Carolina	244	399	141	95	80	124	62	67	130	74
South Dakota	85	140	95	41	100	59	67	52	196	176
Tennessee	587	471	454	537	621	591	512	448	525	668
Texas	10,667	6,216	5,599	5,241	4,433	3,495	2,703	2,866	4,911	3,957
Utah	982	1,161	669	485	410	492	306	364	513	363
Vermont	42	60	94	41	76	81	29	85	139	68
Virginia	3,730	1,964	2,620	1,772	1,813	2,052	1,808	1,692	2,403	1,891
Washington	6,071	3,030	2,568	2,731	2,841	2,722	2,161	1,605	2,194	5,063
West Virginia	33	57	29	39	14	9	8	5	31	-
Wisconsin	1,130	354	1,617	938	675	989	1,251	1,578	2,011	1,302
Wyoming	3	29	54	7	8	2	-	6	4	3
U.S. territories and possessions										
Guam	17	4	6	16	14	14	-	4	6	16
Puerto Rico	79	103	867	134	76	95	62	77	97	120
Virgin Islands	-	1	1	-	2	-	-	-	2	-
Other or unknown	861	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

- Represents zero.

NOTE: Data for fiscal years 1987-88 have been adjusted. The data no longer include Cuban/Haitian entrants granted immigrant status.

**TABLE 37. REFUGEES AND ASYLEES GRANTED LAWFUL PERMANENT RESIDENT STATUS BY SELECTED COUNTRY OF BIRTH AND SELECTED METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA OF RESIDENCE
FISCAL YEAR 1992**

Metropolitan statistical area ¹	All countries	Afghanistan	Albania	Bulgaria	Cambodia	China, Mainland	Cuba	El Salvador	Ethiopia
Total	117,037	2,082	539	562	1,695	884	9,919	743	3,268
New York, NY	12,199	314	103	81	26	173	96	11	78
Miami-Hialeah, FL	11,480	-	-	1	-	17	7,733	19	1
Anaheim-Santa Ana, CA	7,959	107	-	7	124	11	15	2	17
Los Angeles-Long Beach, CA	6,075	80	10	27	123	52	194	76	135
Sacramento, CA	4,940	75	2	8	18	7	1	4	10
San Jose, CA	4,174	25	-	9	56	22	12	32	78
Chicago, IL	4,066	9	12	26	32	45	37	8	109
Seattle, WA	3,532	36	-	32	84	21	7	1	269
Philadelphia, PA-NJ	3,072	12	24	2	124	14	7	5	45
Washington, DC-MD-VA	2,968	211	10	13	34	10	27	82	565
Oakland, CA	2,701	610	-	14	50	41	9	57	96
Boston-Lawrence-Salem-Lowell-Brockton, MA	2,657	-	28	7	164	24	9	15	81
San Diego, CA	2,506	136	24	63	16	6	18	20	251
San Francisco, CA	2,454	2	6	25	12	41	19	148	59
Fresno, CA	2,343	-	-	-	85	-	3	16	29
Minneapolis-St. Paul, MN-WI	1,936	26	-	-	11	8	3	8	100
Houston, TX	1,699	-	-	2	6	29	41	35	81
Stockton, CA	1,652	2	-	-	116	1	3	3	2
Portland, OR	1,566	5	-	-	5	3	2	-	29
Cleveland, OH	1,505	-	3	1	16	8	6	-	3
Atlanta, GA	1,346	21	-	-	29	6	19	9	206
Dallas, TX	1,238	4	17	5	13	16	4	9	189
Detroit, MI	1,103	2	138	36	5	2	4	-	4
Riverside-San Bernardino, CA	1,063	52	1	1	15	12	7	-	36
Baltimore, MD	1,047	4	-	-	-	8	-	3	7
Denver, CO	930	16	3	1	36	10	1	1	67
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater, FL	749	-	27	27	11	1	320	-	21
Newark, NJ	697	26	11	-	-	6	105	1	12
Hartford-New Britain-Middletown-Bristol, CT	622	5	21	-	11	1	3	-	6
Merced, CA	562	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
Columbus, OH	561	-	-	2	23	1	1	-	70
Springfield, MA	506	-	-	-	11	1	-	-	-
St. Louis, MO-IL	498	5	11	24	3	5	2	-	54
Providence-Pawtucket-Woonsocket, RI	485	-	9	1	29	-	1	-	-
Fort Worth-Arlington, TX	474	10	3	1	1	1	4	1	16
New Orleans, LA	460	1	-	-	-	6	22	-	5
Jersey City, NJ	452	-	-	3	-	1	277	1	3
Milwaukee, WI	401	2	-	-	-	-	3	1	3
Kansas City, MO-KS	388	42	2	-	3	3	6	-	15
Bergen-Passaic, NJ	380	27	10	3	-	3	25	1	8
Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood-Pompano Beach, FL	378	-	-	1	-	2	102	4	-
Phoenix, AZ	377	17	-	19	4	5	2	17	26
Nashville, TN	356	6	-	-	8	3	-	-	19
Lansing-East Lansing, MI	347	-	-	-	-	6	2	-	6
Middlesex-Somerset-Hunterdon, NJ	344	-	-	11	-	1	11	-	16
Las Vegas, NV	324	6	3	8	5	1	105	16	27
Nassau-Suffolk, NY	319	17	-	1	1	3	7	4	3
Salt Lake City-Ogden, UT	318	-	-	-	22	9	-	-	3
Jacksonville, FL	311	-	-	9	8	-	4	-	23
Oklahoma City, OK	304	1	-	-	-	2	2	-	6
Other MSAs	15,556	140	50	72	321	193	513	114	348
Non-MSA	2,656	28	11	19	34	43	125	18	31
Unknown	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 37. REFUGEES AND ASYLEES GRANTED LAWFUL PERMANENT RESIDENT STATUS BY SELECTED COUNTRY OF BIRTH AND SELECTED METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA OF RESIDENCE
FISCAL YEAR 1992—Continued

Metropolitan statistical area ¹	Iran	Laos	Nicaragua	Poland	Romania	Soviet Union	Thailand	Vietnam	Other
Total	3,093	8,026	4,668	1,512	4,971	33,504	4,048	32,155	5,368
New York, NY	359	2	23	232	565	9,256	5	470	405
Miami-Hialeah, FL	20	-	2,945	4	2	45	-	12	681
Anaheim-Santa Ana, CA	68	70	14	13	443	150	69	6,741	108
Los Angeles-Long Beach, CA	1,446	27	173	19	144	1,175	38	2,116	240
Sacramento, CA	21	805	8	9	339	2,211	437	883	102
San Jose, CA	118	51	85	11	17	275	34	3,257	92
Chicago, IL	79	35	38	381	576	2,103	16	287	273
Seattle, WA	61	180	1	171	189	1,259	65	856	290
Philadelphia, PA-NJ	9	49	31	35	80	1,707	53	799	76
Washington, DC-MD-VA	103	37	104	14	27	358	7	1,141	225
Oakland, CA	47	270	75	6	92	290	187	749	108
Boston-Lawrence-Salem-Lowell-Brockton, MA	46	38	19	42	42	1,002	88	878	174
San Diego, CA	80	206	18	15	37	318	59	896	343
San Francisco, CA	28	14	316	5	20	1,333	11	325	90
Fresno, CA	11	1,326	1	-	7	112	614	112	27
Minneapolis-St. Paul, MN-WI	8	754	2	3	20	333	278	344	38
Houston, TX	27	14	86	3	38	76	3	1,200	58
Stockton, CA	4	399	-	2	7	8	284	719	102
Portland, OR	8	54	7	5	240	770	29	361	48
Cleveland, OH	10	16	-	11	154	1,159	11	70	37
Atlanta, GA	21	40	12	4	66	316	15	479	103
Dallas, TX	24	19	11	5	88	241	7	536	50
Detroit, MI	4	58	1	41	309	306	34	40	119
Riverside-San Bernardino, CA	5	76	18	1	155	59	41	521	63
Baltimore, MD	14	-	4	15	4	916	-	50	22
Denver, CO	15	59	2	8	23	316	28	296	48
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater, FL	5	17	19	8	11	36	6	221	19
Newark, NJ	9	1	11	43	36	317	-	74	45
Hartford-New Britain-Middletown-Bristol, CT	5	9	1	62	42	332	4	95	25
Merced, CA	-	336	4	-	-	-	220	1	-
Columbus, OH	2	136	7	6	5	181	10	71	46
Springfield, MA	-	1	-	5	-	378	1	89	20
St. Louis, MO-IL	5	20	-	7	37	149	5	152	19
Providence-Pawtucket-Woonsocket, RI	1	157	-	3	3	191	50	27	13
Fort Worth-Arlington, TX	-	23	3	3	5	17	4	359	23
New Orleans, LA	2	1	85	1	4	9	2	305	17
Jersey City, NJ	1	1	24	7	4	28	1	92	9
Milwaukee, WI	1	196	1	1	1	75	90	19	8
Kansas City, MO-KS	2	65	-	4	2	103	21	97	23
Bergen-Passaic, NJ	19	-	2	18	20	199	-	8	37
Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood-Pompano Beach, FL	3	-	39	11	79	45	-	54	38
Phoenix, AZ	2	7	11	2	78	60	1	87	39
Nashville, TN	6	85	-	2	14	56	17	118	22
Lansing-East Lansing, MI	1	36	-	5	46	46	20	172	7
Middlesex-Somerset-Hunterdon, NJ	4	-	5	15	29	161	-	62	29
Las Vegas, NV	14	9	44	3	9	7	1	34	32
Nassau-Suffolk, NY	94	-	1	21	31	80	1	31	24
Salt Lake City-Ogden, UT	15	16	1	5	8	82	6	140	11
Jacksonville, FL	13	1	8	3	39	119	5	54	25
Oklahoma City, OK	4	15	-	6	-	31	2	232	3
Other MSAs	231	1,809	333	186	661	4,038	987	4,802	758
Non-MSA	18	486	65	30	123	669	181	621	154
Unknown	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-

¹ Ranked by the number of refugees and asylees. See Glossary for definition of metropolitan statistical area.
 - Represents zero.

IV. NONIMMIGRANTS

A nonimmigrant is an alien admitted to the United States for a specified temporary period but not for permanent residence. Although the typical nonimmigrant is a tourist who visits for a few days to several months, there are numerous classes of nonimmigrant admission, ranging from students to ambassadors. A total of 20.8 million nonimmigrant admissions were counted during fiscal year 1992—the largest number of nonimmigrant admissions to the United States in any year. This represents an increase over 1991 of 1.8 million (9.7 percent).

Nonimmigrant Admission

Nonimmigrants were first defined in the Immigration Act of 1819, but it was the Act of 1855 that first required the reporting of "temporary arrivals" separately. The Act of 1924 defined several classes of admission that have been expanded in subsequent immigration legislation. Though "tourists" (temporary visitors for pleasure) have consistently been by far the most numerous nonimmigrant class of admission to the United States, a wide variety of temporary visitors now fall within the nonimmigrant classification. Second in volume to tourists are business people coming to the United States to engage in commercial transactions (though not for employment in this country).

Other categories of admission make up a much smaller share of nonimmigrants, such as foreign students and temporary workers. Nonimmigrants in the latter category are admitted to the United States to perform services of an exceptional nature (such as athletes or entertainers) or to perform temporary services or labor when unemployed persons capable of performing such services or labor cannot be found in this country (such as agricultural laborers). Others who are granted authorization to work in the United States include exchange visitors who enter temporarily to study, teach, or conduct research; intracompany transferees, to render temporary managerial or executive services in the United States to international firms or corporations; and industrial trainees. Though not strictly considered as employed in the United States, treaty traders and treaty investors enter temporarily to conduct trade or to invest substantially in enterprises under the provisions of treaties of commerce and navigation between the United States and foreign states.

Nonimmigrants also include several types of temporary visitors who are connected in some way with a foreign government or who represent an international

organization. Ambassadors, public ministers, diplomats, and consular officers serve temporarily in this country, bringing with them members of their immediate families as well as employees, attendants, and servants. Officers and employees of international organizations such as the United Nations add to the list of nonimmigrant visitors entering the United States each year. The Glossary contains a detailed definition of nonimmigrants, a listing of each of the nonimmigrant classes of admission, and a detailed definition of each class.

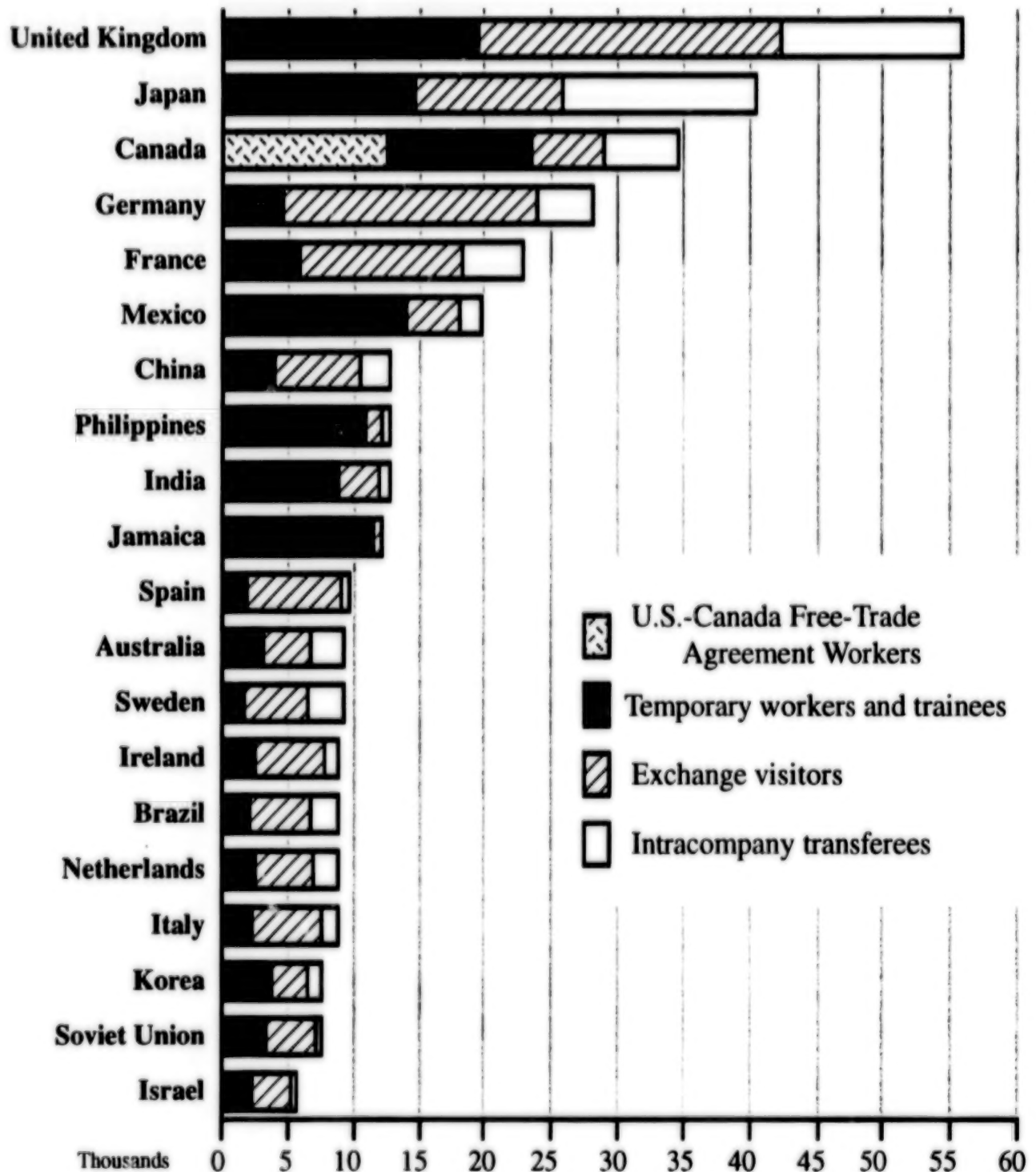
For most nonimmigrant classes of admission there has been an "open door" policy by the U.S. government. There are no restrictions on the total number of admissions in any given year; indeed, tourists (the majority of nonimmigrants) are encouraged to visit as a boon to the U.S. economy. Regulations govern such areas as the grounds for nonimmigrant admission, length and extension of stay, employment in the United States, accompaniment by family members, travel restrictions within the United States, and change of admission status. For example, ambassadors are allowed to remain in the United States for the duration of their service, students to complete their studies, visitors for business for a maximum of six months (plus six-month extensions), and aliens in transit through the United States not more than twenty-nine days (with no extensions).

Most nonimmigrants are not allowed gainful employment while in the United States, though exceptions may be granted, for example to students and to family members of international representatives. On the other hand, temporary workers come to the United States expressly for purposes of employment. Most nonimmigrant aliens may bring immediate family members with them; the exception is transit aliens other than foreign government officials. Transit aliens and fiance(e)s coming to the United States to marry U.S. citizens are the only nonimmigrants who are prohibited from changing to another nonimmigrant category while in this country.

The Immigration Reform and Control Act (IRCA) of 1986 revised the existing nonimmigrant class of admission for temporary workers. Those allowed to enter the United States to perform labor or services (if unemployed persons capable of performing such labor or services cannot be found in this country) were divided into two categories: those to perform temporary agricultural labor or services (as defined by the Secretary of Labor) and those to perform other temporary labor or services. Data for these revised classes of admission for fiscal year 1992 are shown in Table 40.

Further revisions were made to nonimmigrant classes of admission for temporary workers, and new classes were

Chart H. Nonimmigrants Admitted as Temporary Workers, Intracompany Transferees, and Exchange Visitors from Top Twenty Countries of Citizenship: Fiscal Year 1992



NOTE: China includes Mainland China and Taiwan. Soviet Union includes all independent states. "Temporary workers and trainees" includes admission classes O, P, Q, and R for which partial-year data only are available (see Nonimmigrant Admission section of text and Table 41). Also, see Glossary for definitions of nonimmigrant classes of admission. Source: Table 41.

established by the Immigration Act of 1990. Beginning with entries during fiscal year 1992, the category "workers of distinguished merit and ability" was revised to "workers with specialty occupations." The number of visas issued under this category was limited to 65,000 annually. Similarly, visas for temporary nonagricultural workers allowed to work in the United States (if unemployed persons capable of performing such services or labor cannot be found in this country) were limited to 66,000 annually. In addition to these and other revisions to existing classes of admission (see Glossary for detailed descriptions), new classes were defined as follows:

- ◆ Temporary workers with extraordinary ability or achievement in the sciences, arts, education, business, or athletics; those entering solely for the purpose of accompanying and assisting such workers; and their spouses and children.

- ◆ Athletes and entertainers at an internationally recognized level of performance; artists and entertainers under a reciprocal exchange program; artists and entertainers under a program that is "culturally unique;" and their spouses and children.

- ◆ Participants in international cultural exchange programs.

- ◆ Temporary workers to perform work in religious occupations and their spouses and children.

Entries under these new classes of admission were delayed until April 1992. Therefore, data for these classes (shown separately in Tables 40 and 41) are for the final six months of fiscal year 1992.

The Immigration Reform and Control Act of 1986 also authorized the establishment of a pilot program that permitted certain nonimmigrants from specified countries to enter the United States on a temporary basis without nonimmigrant visas. The Visa Waiver Pilot Program was originally extended only to approved countries that offered a reciprocal waiver of visas to U.S. citizens. The program is limited to admissions in the visitor for pleasure and for business classes of admission, with admission not to exceed ninety days. The Immigration Act of 1990 revised the program and extended it through fiscal year 1994. To date, citizens of 21 countries qualify; however, prior to fiscal year 1992, entries were limited to the original 8 countries (see Table H). Entries for fiscal year 1992 from the additional countries in the Visa Waiver Pilot Program are:

Country of citizenship	Visitors for pleasure	Visitors for business
Andorra	300	11
Austria	81,807	4,267
Belgium	74,641	7,167
Denmark	46,975	5,192
Finland	51,794	4,719
Iceland	4,473	422
Liechtenstein	309	20
Luxembourg	4,046	201
Monaco	170	6
Norway	42,518	5,047
San Marino	237	7
Spain	186,684	9,309
New Zealand	54,918	3,012

Table H
Nonimmigrants Admitted Under the Visa Waiver Pilot Program by Country of Citizenship:
Fiscal Years 1991-92

Country of citizenship	Visitors for pleasure				Visitors for business			
	1992	1991	Change		1992	1991	Change	
			Number	Percent			Number	Percent
All countries	7,981,880	5,599,266	2,382,614	42.6	527,932	370,138	157,794	42.6
Japan	3,237,899	2,502,914	734,985	29.4	176,891	147,590	29,301	19.9
United Kingdom	1,626,916	1,242,607	384,309	30.9	112,505	78,582	33,923	43.2
Germany	1,028,975	686,948	342,027	49.8	57,109	37,788	19,321	51.1
France	529,254	431,091	98,163	22.8	57,001	44,542	12,459	28.0
Italy	425,733	288,789	136,944	47.4	27,952	20,046	7,906	39.4
Netherlands	214,394	159,322	55,072	34.6	29,700	20,965	8,735	41.7
Switzerland	155,557	115,534	40,023	34.6	10,004	7,485	2,519	33.7
Sweden	147,733	127,954	19,779	15.5	15,114	11,287	3,827	33.9
Other Visa Waiver	548,872	X	X	X	39,380	X	X	X
Unknown	66,547	44,107	22,440	50.8	2,276	1,853	423	22.8

X Not applicable.

In January 1988 the President and the Prime Minister of Canada signed an agreement, enacted as the United States-Canada Free-Trade Agreement Implementation Act of 1988, which established a special, reciprocal trading relationship between the United States and Canada. In regard to migration, this agreement created a new nonimmigrant class of admission exclusively for business people of Canadian citizenship entering the United States to engage in activities at a professional level. Additionally, the agreement facilitates entry for Canadian citizens seeking temporary entry as visitors for business, treaty traders and investors, and intracompany transferees. Entries under these classifications began in January 1989. Data for fiscal year 1992 are shown in Tables 40 and 41.

Data Overview

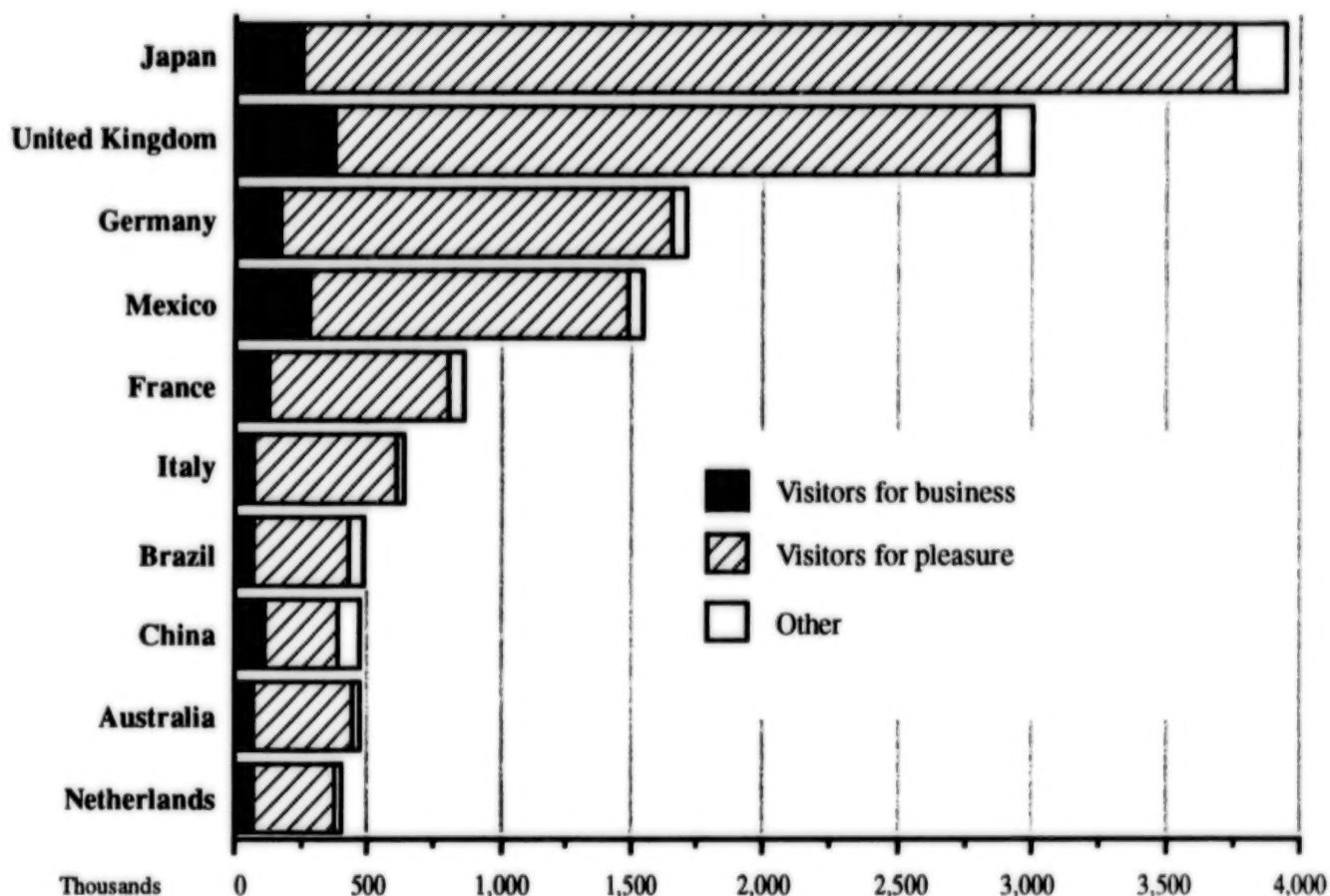
Nearly 21 million nonimmigrants arrived in the United States in fiscal year 1992 (Table 40). Of this total, a large majority (79.1 percent) entered as visitors for pleasure

A record 20.8 million nonimmigrants were admitted to the United States during 1992.

(tourists), with the next highest class of admission, temporary visitors for business, accounting for 13.4 percent. More than 241,000 foreign students entered the United States to pursue a full course of study (predominantly in academic institutions) accompanied by more than 33,000 spouses and children. In addition, nearly 190,000 entered as exchange visitors to study, teach, or conduct research in the United States, bringing with them 42,000 spouses and children.

Nearly 182,000 representatives of foreign governments (less than 1 percent of total entries) entered the United States as nonimmigrants in 1992. This figure consists of

Chart I
Nonimmigrants Admitted by Selected Class of Admission from Top Ten Countries of Citizenship: Fiscal Year 1992



Source: Table 39. NOTE: China includes Mainland China and Taiwan.

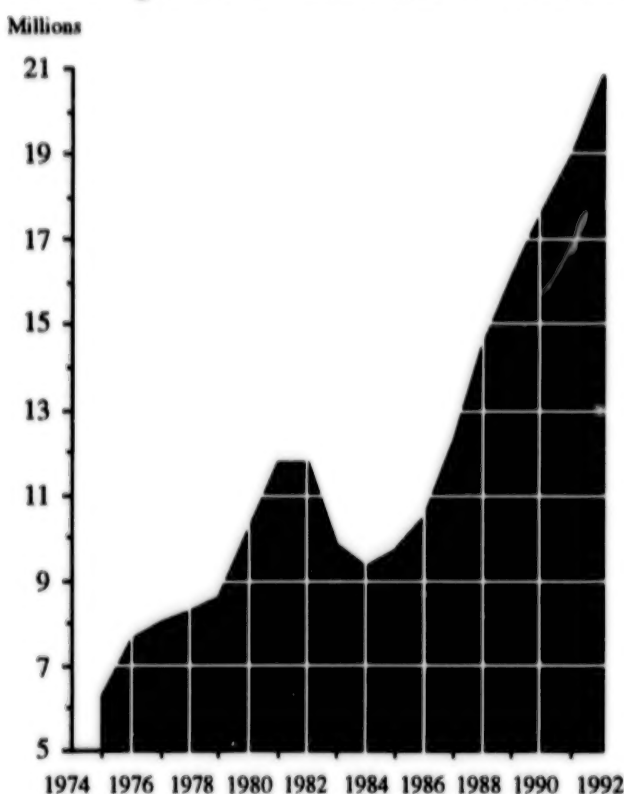
nearly 103,000 foreign government officials, families, and attendants (including ambassadors, public ministers, career diplomats, and consular officers), nearly 70,000 foreign representatives to international organizations (including families and attendants), and nearly 9,000 officials serving the North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO) (including family members).

Nearly half (49 percent) of all nonimmigrants arriving in 1992 were citizens of only four countries: Japan (19.0 percent), the United Kingdom (14.4), Germany (8.2), and Mexico (7.4). Tourists far outnumbered other classes of entry for almost every country of citizenship (Chart I). More than 88 percent of Japanese nonimmigrants were tourists (visitors for pleasure), compared to just over 79 percent of citizens of France, and only about 59 percent of Chinese (Mainland China and Taiwan) (Table 39).

Just as four countries dominated nonimmigrant admissions to the United States in 1992, so did four ports of entry. Miami (16.6 percent), New York (16.0), Los Angeles (11.5), and Honolulu (10.7) together accounted for nearly 55 percent of all entrants (Table 42). The New York and Miami ports decreased from their share in 1991, when they had 17.8 percent and 17.7 percent of the total, respectively. Honolulu and Los Angeles increased compared to 1991, when they had 10.3 percent and 11.4 percent, respectively. The port of Miami surpassed New York as the leading port of entry for nonimmigrant entries in fiscal year 1992.

As noted, the 1992 total of nearly 21 million nonimmigrant arrivals represents an increase of almost 1.8 million (9.7 percent) from the previous fiscal year. Total admissions numbered about 6.3 million during 1975 and steadily increased to about 11.8 million in both 1981 and 1982. Total arrivals stabilized at about 9.5 million from

Chart J
Nonimmigrants Admitted: Fiscal Years 1975-92



NOTE: Data estimated for last quarter of 1979 and no data available for 1980. See Glossary for fiscal year definitions.
Source: Table 38 and previous Yearbooks.

1983 to 1985 (reaching a low in 1984) then began a steady increase that continued from 1985 to 1992 (Chart J).

The overall volume of nonimmigrant arrivals has more than quadrupled since 1975. Temporary visitors (mostly tourists)

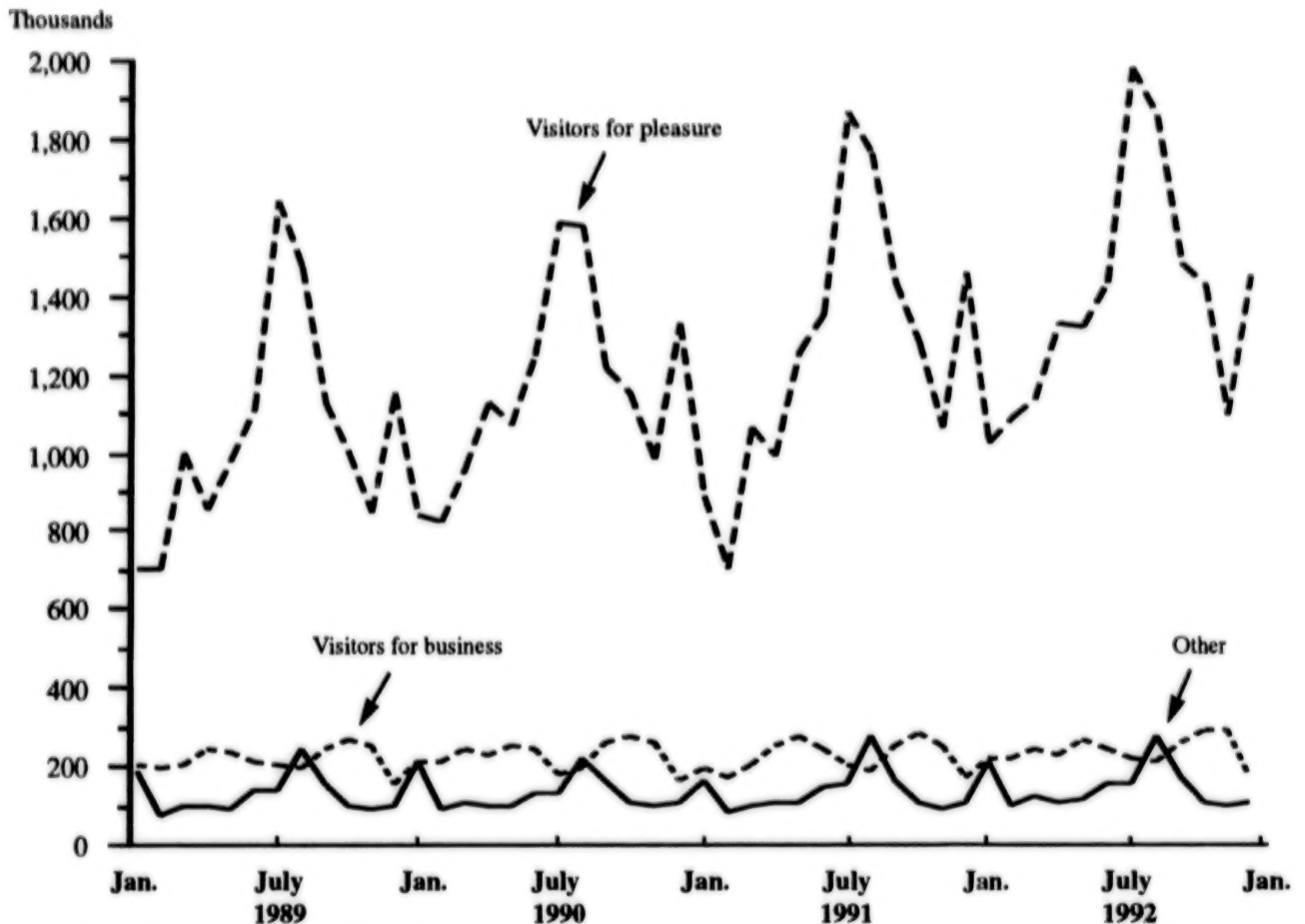
Table I
Nonimmigrants Admitted from Top Fifteen Countries of Last Residence in Fiscal Year 1992,
Ranked by Amount of Change Since Fiscal Year 1975
(Numbers in thousands)

Country of last residence	1992	1975	Change	Country of last residence	1992	1975	Change
1) Japan	3,870	792	3,078	10) Spain	351	47	304
2) United Kingdom	2,830	483	2,347	11) Venezuela	369	98	271
3) Germany	1,705	320	1,385	12) Netherlands	349	79	270
4) France	833	174	659	13) Argentina	356	88	268
5) Italy	598	113	485	14) Switzerland	329	71	258
6) China	426	20	406	15) Mexico	1,585	1,977	-392
7) Brazil	498	99	399	Other	5,834	1,782	4,052
8) Australia	506	121	385				
9) Korea	355	20	335	All countries	20,794	6,284	14,510

NOTE: China includes Mainland China and Taiwan. Germany includes East and West Germany. Other includes unknown and not reported countries.
Source: Table 38 and 1975 Yearbook.

Chart K

Nonimmigrants Admitted by Month and Selected Class of Admission: Calendar Years 1989-92



arriving from Japan and the United Kingdom show the largest absolute increases between 1975 and 1992 (Table I). Canada does not appear on this list and Mexico ranks low because most of the millions of visitors from these contiguous countries enter under expedited procedures and do not require visas or INS Form I-94s (Arrival/Departure Record) when entering the United States (see section on Data Collection).

Admissions have a high degree of seasonality, with most nonimmigrants arriving in the United States in the summer months (peaking in July); there is a lesser but noticeable secondary peak in December. The trends for 1989 through 1992 are illustrated in Chart K.

Data Collection

The Nonimmigrant Information System (NIIS) is designed to provide for each nonimmigrant a record of legal admission and departure. The system also produces statistics for such variables as age, country of citizenship, class of admission, visa-issuing post, port of entry, and

destination in the United States. Many nonimmigrants enter and leave the United States more than once each year and the NIIS system records each entry separately. This data system is the largest in the INS.

A description of the principal steps in the process of nonimmigrant admission to the United States is useful for understanding the data produced by the NIIS system. First, a nonimmigrant visa is secured at a U.S. Consulate abroad (except for those entering under the visa waiver program—see Nonimmigrant Admission section). Prior to departing for the United States, nonimmigrants are screened initially by the transportation company to assure admissibility. During the trip INS Form I-94 is distributed to non-U.S. citizens. At the port of entry, each arriving nonimmigrant presents a visa and a completed Form I-94 to an immigration inspector. Among other actions, the inspector checks the form for completeness, determines the length of admission, and stamps the class of admission and port of entry on the form. The arrival portion is torn off, retained by the inspector, and sent to a central data processing facility. The matching departure section of the

form, usually stapled into the passport, is the nonimmigrant's proof of legal admission to the United States. This section of Form I-94, collected at departure, is also sent to the data processing facility where it is processed and matched to the arrival section of the form.

The Nonimmigrant Information System also includes information on parolees (e.g., entering for humanitarian, medical, or legal reasons), withdrawals, stowaways, deferred inspections (admitted to appear at an INS office where formal inspection can be completed), and refugees. Data for these classes of admission are not shown in the nonimmigrant tables but are included in summary form in footnotes to the appropriate tables.

The Nonimmigrant Information System does not include data for permanent resident aliens returning after short visits abroad, who are technically defined as nonimmigrants, or for most of the millions of citizens of Canada and Mexico who cross the border for brief periods of time. Most aliens entering the United States from Canada or Mexico do not require documentation in the NIIS system. Canadians may travel for business or pleasure without travel restrictions for a period of six months without requiring nonimmigrant visas. Mexicans crossing the border frequently may apply for border

crossing cards which can be used for admission to the United States for business or pleasure within twenty-five miles of the Southwestern border for a period not to exceed seventy-two hours. The procedures used to count border crossers and to determine the citizen/alien breakdown vary significantly among ports (see Entries section).

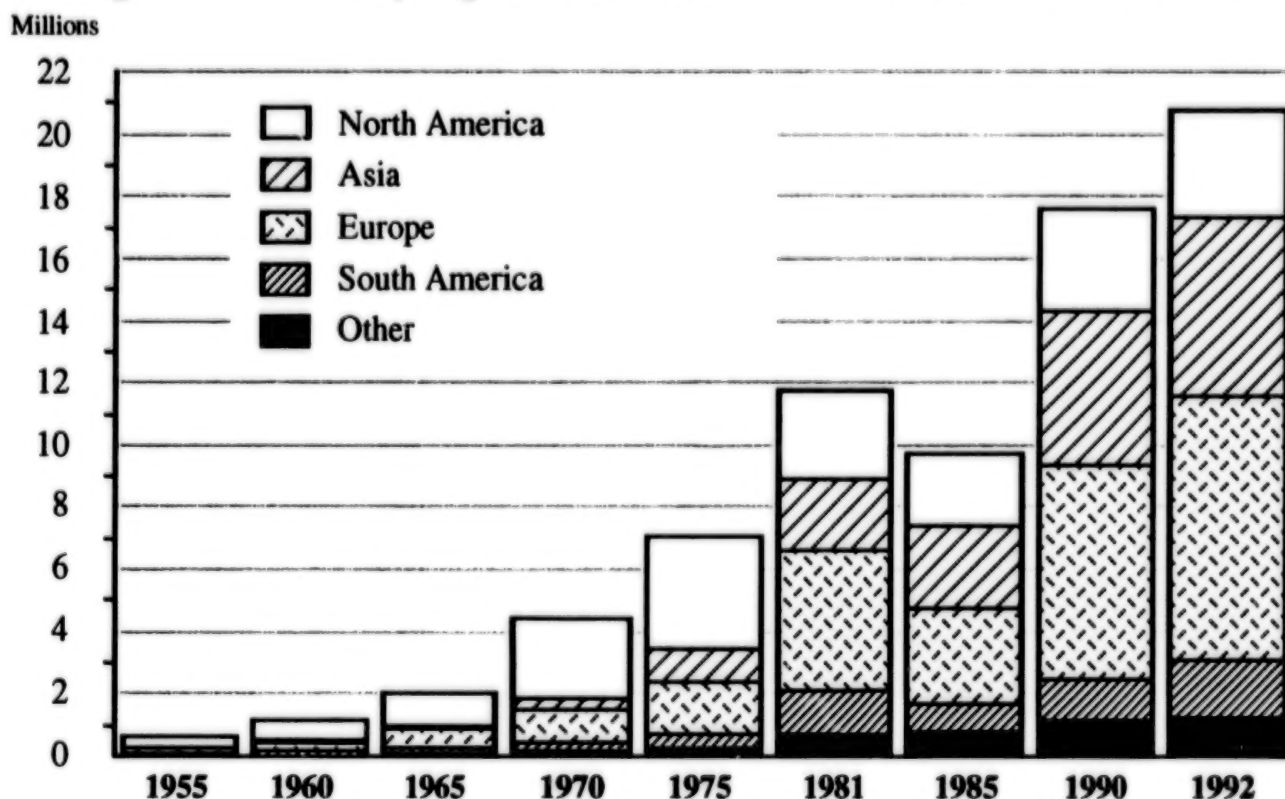
Limitations of Data

Development of the current NIIS data base system improved the collection and dissemination of data on nonimmigrant arrivals and departures, but collection and update procedures create inherent problems and limitations in the data. As mentioned, the data system records arrivals via collection of INS Form I-94; thus, data represent each arrival event during the year rather than the actual number of individuals admitted. Nonimmigrants in several classes of admission, especially students, intracompany transferees, and visitors for business, often enter (and leave) many times in any given year.

Also, there are gaps in the historical nonimmigrant data series due to the unavailability of arrival and departure records for July to September 1979, all of 1980, and for most characteristics for 1981 and 1982. Data for country of last residence and class of admission are the only variables available for 1981 and 1982.

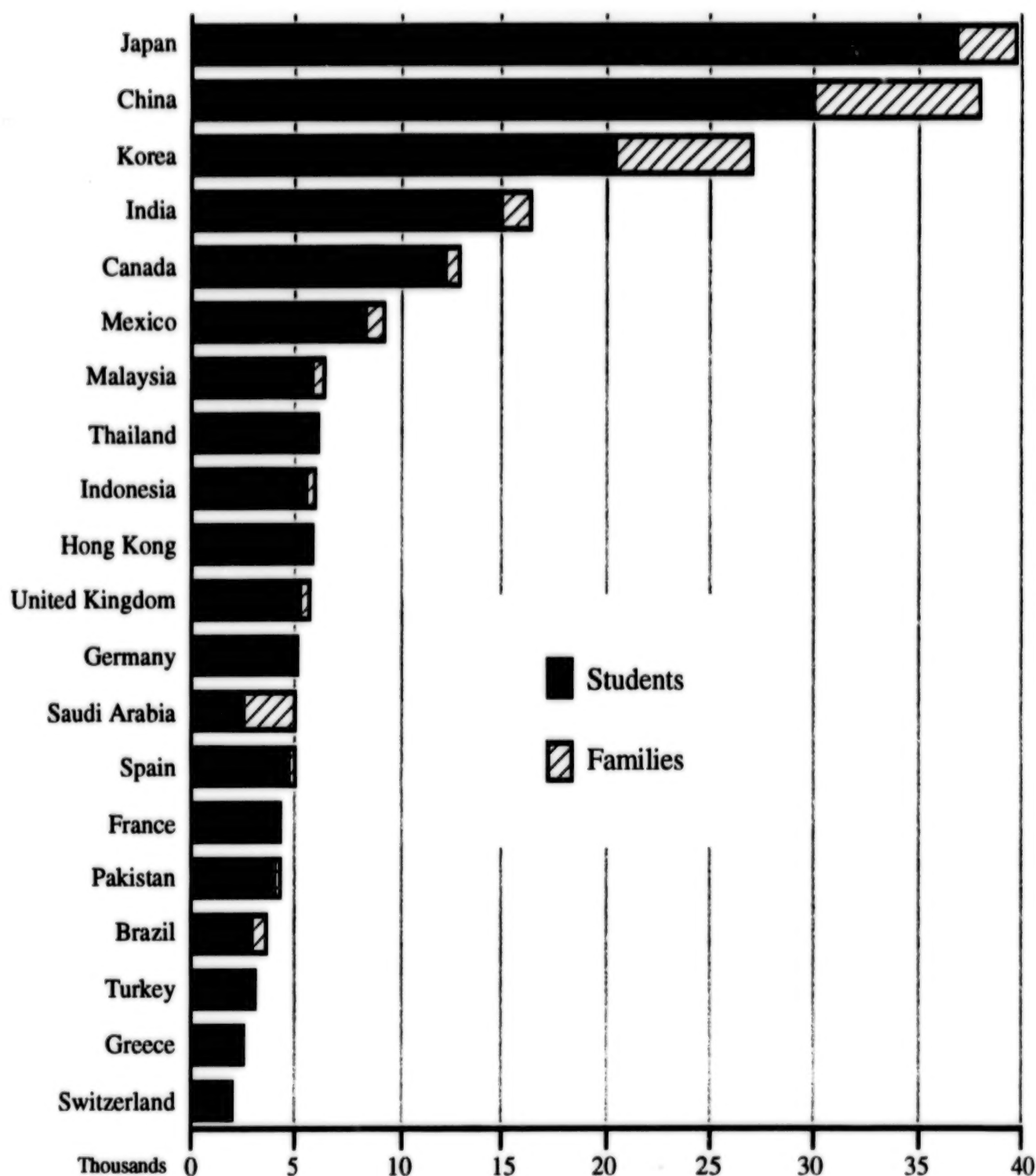
Chart L

Nonimmigrants Admitted by Region of Last Residence: Selected Fiscal Years 1955-92



Source: 1981, 1985, 1990, and 1992, Table 38; 1955-75, previous *Yearbooks*. See Glossary for fiscal year definitions.

Chart M. Nonimmigrants Admitted as Students and Their Families for Top Twenty Countries of Citizenship: Fiscal Year 1992



NOTE: China includes Mainland China and Taiwan.
Source: Table 39.

**TABLE 38. NONIMMIGRANTS ADMITTED BY SELECTED CLASS OF ADMISSION
AND REGION AND SELECTED COUNTRY OF LAST RESIDENCE
SELECTED FISCAL YEARS 1981-92**

Region and country of last residence	All classes ¹ (in thousands)					Visitors for pleasure (in thousands)				
	1981	1985	1990 ²	1991 ²	1992 ²	1981	1985	1990 ²	1991 ²	1992 ²
All countries	11,757	9,540	17,574	18,963	20,794	9,515	6,609	13,418	14,734	16,450
Europe	4,537	3,129	6,875	7,561	8,453	3,601	2,048	5,383	6,119	6,979
Austria	58	48	108	122	152	49	34	87	101	131
Belgium	118	67	137	156	172	91	39	95	115	131
Bulgaria	1	2	7	7	6	1	1	5	4	3
Czechoslovakia	5	6	16	20	26	3	4	12	14	17
Denmark	62	59	105	106	108	45	36	75	77	80
Finland	42	37	107	107	95	31	24	83	84	75
France	441	358	742	797	833	341	226	566	632	667
Germany ³	754	(⁴)	(⁴)	1,422	1,705	618	(⁴)	(⁴)	1,214	1,487
Germany, East	(⁴)	5	7	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	3	5	(⁴)	(⁴)
Germany, West	(⁴)	537	1,186	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	373	969	(⁴)	(⁴)
Greece	66	51	61	57	60	37	34	43	40	44
Hungary	13	13	23	23	27	10	10	15	15	18
Iceland	11	6	14	15	16	9	5	10	11	12
Ireland	102	73	108	115	123	88	55	81	91	99
Italy	264	240	402	477	598	189	155	308	389	508
Luxembourg	5	5	10	12	13	4	3	8	10	11
Netherlands	217	139	291	323	349	165	82	214	248	272
Norway	84	71	114	104	112	50	41	80	71	80
Poland	41	46	72	63	58	34	40	55	44	38
Portugal	33	26	40	41	48	23	18	30	30	36
Romania	6	5	15	18	15	3	3	10	11	9
Soviet Union	10	6	86	110	92	4	2	53	57	45
Spain	144	103	245	295	351	109	64	183	234	295
Sweden	174	121	299	280	282	135	71	230	219	222
Switzerland	183	155	296	309	329	150	110	236	254	276
United Kingdom	1,669	923	2,338	2,533	2,830	1,388	598	1,899	2,122	2,395
Yugoslavia	29	22	36	37	21	21	15	23	24	12
Other Europe	6	6	10	10	31	4	1	3	8	17
Asia	2,290	2,627	4,937	5,129	5,816	1,704	1,866	3,830	4,017	4,699
Bangladesh	4	4	6	7	9	2	2	4	4	6
China ⁴	111	183	329	370	426	53	83	187	209	249
Cyprus	3	5	7	7	7	2	2	4	4	4
Hong Kong	75	101	176	192	200	54	64	111	127	142
India	88	85	125	124	127	57	52	75	71	68
Indonesia	21	32	47	50	53	11	19	28	28	30
Iran	17	40	18	15	14	12	33	16	12	11
Iraq	6	2	6	2	1	4	1	4	2	2
Israel	131	115	175	187	171	102	80	128	141	124
Japan	1,372	1,555	3,298	3,347	3,870	1,155	1,277	2,846	2,932	3,486
Jordan	17	14	19	15	14	8	7	13	11	9
Korea	77	91	235	310	355	29	26	120	184	230
Kuwait	15	22	18	10	16	8	10	12	7	10
Lebanon	26	19	13	11	11	16	12	10	7	7
Malaysia	33	40	44	45	50	21	19	27	26	30
Pakistan	28	28	41	38	36	18	17	27	25	23
Philippines	100	107	143	156	176	60	59	76	83	94
Saudi Arabia	57	60	53	53	63	27	31	33	33	40
Singapore	27	37	54	58	67	19	23	32	34	42
Syria	8	7	8	6	8	5	5	6	4	6
Thailand	21	28	45	50	60	12	15	25	28	37
Turkey	18	16	34	37	37	11	9	20	21	23
United Arab Emirates	6	11	12	13	13	3	6	7	7	8
Other Asia	35	24	31	29	35	18	14	15	19	20
Africa	225	177	186	184	193	130	101	105	106	112
Egypt	34	27	27	27	27	21	16	16	16	16
Kenya	6	6	8	8	8	4	3	4	4	4
Liberia	6	6	5	3	2	4	4	4	2	1
Morocco	8	7	11	11	10	5	4	7	7	6
Nigeria	54	44	22	24	22	25	25	11	13	11
Senegal	3	3	5	5	5	1	1	2	2	2
South Africa	61	40	40	42	56	45	26	26	28	40

See footnotes at end of table.

**TABLE 38. NONIMMIGRANTS ADMITTED BY SELECTED CLASS OF ADMISSION
AND REGION AND SELECTED COUNTRY OF LAST RESIDENCE
SELECTED FISCAL YEARS 1981-92—Continued**

Region and country of last residence	All classes ¹ (in thousands)					Visitors for pleasure (in thousands)				
	1981	1985	1990 ²	1991 ²	1992 ²	1981	1985	1990 ²	1991 ²	1992 ²
Other Africa	52	45	67	64	62	23	22	34	34	32
Oceania	379	365	679	689	702	315	282	562	572	581
Australia	230	255	466	489	506	188	195	380	404	416
Fiji	5	6	6	5	6	4	4	4	4	5
New Zealand ⁵	109	90	177	159	149	95	74	153	135	127
Other Oceania	34	14	31	36	41	27	9	25	29	33
North America	2,817	2,189	3,245	3,381	3,442	2,480	1,664	2,463	2,570	2,605
Canada	135	154	216	250	275	75	79	119	146	166
Mexico	1,768	945	1,348	1,472	1,585	1,634	773	1,061	1,154	1,238
Caribbean	614	774	1,231	1,181	1,077	526	584	963	931	844
Antigua-Barbuda	9	12	25	26	26	7	9	16	17	18
Aruba	Z	Z	14	15	16	Z	Z	10	12	13
Bahamas, The	172	231	345	319	303	163	211	332	306	286
Barbados	19	24	47	50	44	15	17	34	37	32
Bermuda	4	8	8	9	9	3	5	6	6	6
British Virgin Is.	4	5	16	17	17	3	4	8	9	10
Cayman Islands	5	24	38	41	38	4	18	31	33	30
Cuba	7	10	34	50	25	5	8	33	49	23
Dominica	19	6	16	14	15	16	4	11	9	10
Dominican Republic	78	87	189	174	182	65	57	137	129	135
Grenada	3	3	6	7	7	2	1	4	5	5
Guadeloupe	9	5	8	7	8	8	4	6	6	7
Haiti	43	79	72	64	42	30	56	57	51	34
Jamaica	112	126	213	196	166	93	74	132	120	101
Netherlands Antilles	27	38	48	51	52	23	27	31	35	38
St. Lucia	4	4	11	12	13	3	2	7	7	8
Trinidad & Tobago	81	90	99	90	82	70	71	81	72	65
Turks & Caicos Is.	4	6	9	10	10	3	4	7	9	8
Other Caribbean	16	16	33	29	23	12	12	20	19	15
Central America	300	316	449	477	505	245	228	320	339	357
Belize	11	11	18	18	18	8	8	12	11	12
Costa Rica	43	58	86	89	104	36	41	62	63	75
El Salvador	39	50	66	67	74	33	38	46	46	52
Guatemala	83	71	124	122	127	74	53	91	89	93
Honduras	47	55	80	75	76	32	37	52	48	46
Nicaragua	25	17	16	40	37	20	14	13	32	29
Panama	52	54	59	66	68	42	38	43	49	51
Other North America	1	Z	Z	Z	Z	Z	Z	Z	Z	Z
South America	1,449	832	1,343	1,664	1,846	1,256	606	1,016	1,272	1,423
Argentina	227	89	175	280	356	206	66	136	231	302
Bolivia	23	17	21	22	29	18	10	14	15	19
Brazil	201	200	393	509	498	164	148	300	390	380
Chile	62	40	75	89	107	48	28	54	65	79
Colombia	206	164	164	169	189	173	123	122	124	140
Ecuador	82	53	75	84	92	71	42	57	64	72
Guyana	11	11	10	10	11	8	7	6	6	6
Paraguay	8	6	9	12	13	6	3	6	8	9
Peru	72	59	124	137	140	60	44	97	96	92
Suriname	6	8	12	15	13	5	6	10	12	10
Uruguay	21	10	21	27	30	17	7	16	21	23
Venezuela	530	173	264	310	369	481	122	199	238	291
Other South America	Z	Z	Z	Z	Z	Z	Z	Z	Z	Z
Unknown or not reported	60	221	308	354	342	30	40	60	77	51

¹ Excludes classes of admission processed as nonimmigrants in the following years: for all countries -- 1985 - 64,487 parolees, 3,239 withdrawals and stowaways, and 68,044 refugees; 1990 - 90,265 parolees, 19,984 withdrawals and stowaways, and 110,197 refugees; 1991 - 127,146 parolees, 26,059 withdrawals and stowaways, and 100,229 refugees; 1992 - 137,478 parolees, 25,839 withdrawals and stowaways, and 123,010 refugees.

² Includes arrivals under the Visa Waiver Pilot program. See Nonimmigrant section of text.

³ Prior to fiscal year 1982 and after fiscal year 1990, data for East and West Germany are included in Germany.

⁴ Includes Mainland China and Taiwan.

⁵ Prior to fiscal year 1985, data for Niue are included in New Zealand.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

Z Less than 500 arrivals.

**TABLE 39. NONIMMIGRANTS ADMITTED BY SELECTED CLASS OF ADMISSION
AND REGION AND SELECTED COUNTRY OF CITIZENSHIP
FISCAL YEAR 1992**

Region and country of citizenship	All classes ^{1 2}	Foreign govern- ment offi- cials ³	Temp. visitors for business ²	Temp. visitors for pleasure ²	Transit aliens ⁴	Treaty traders and inves- tors ³	Students	Spouses and children of students	Temp. workers and trainees	Spouses and children of temp. workers and trainees
All countries	20,793,847	102,645	2,788,141	16,450,099	345,610	152,416	241,093	33,431	163,137	39,921
Europe	8,844,810	30,447	1,170,318	7,210,309	52,897	50,928	39,795	2,685	53,468	11,178
Austria	164,482	489	18,473	138,972	924	946	501	31	927	110
Belgium	163,260	622	30,457	123,768	309	1,206	485	50	970	258
Bulgaria	7,200	67	1,732	3,219	290	1	594	80	144	112
Czechoslovakia	27,895	256	4,624	18,561	931	4	398	61	420	112
Denmark	117,620	395	22,354	84,656	1,672	1,340	702	19	792	181
Finland	102,589	519	14,987	79,645	228	514	717	80	899	269
France	864,044	3,842	128,584	685,213	2,292	6,416	4,156	238	5,840	1,241
Germany	1,709,098	3,981	167,684	1,477,336	2,604	11,460	4,989	199	4,697	873
Greece	65,372	625	7,463	46,129	5,405	42	2,503	59	589	57
Hungary	28,907	261	5,266	18,813	385	6	447	72	425	231
Iceland	17,005	119	2,235	12,996	25	2	422	247	84	21
Ireland	154,159	385	21,127	120,117	1,140	177	553	28	2,521	401
Italy	644,676	2,143	74,603	544,104	4,960	3,850	1,918	102	2,205	294
Luxembourg	9,947	56	1,234	8,391	17	25	37	2	43	1
Netherlands	400,139	804	74,777	306,413	1,725	2,214	1,364	74	2,423	419
Norway	116,836	602	22,849	81,536	2,766	1,425	1,756	98	682	117
Poland	64,575	419	11,353	43,027	3,231	14	732	68	1,243	478
Portugal	60,579	502	8,093	45,222	4,355	24	421	41	178	25
Romania	16,589	206	2,117	10,273	2,469	4	322	95	150	92
Soviet Union	107,710	1,678	40,244	50,899	1,382	14	1,483	210	3,277	663
Spain	370,206	2,162	39,027	307,926	1,355	1,878	4,803	163	1,942	267
Sweden	291,129	836	50,529	223,567	1,129	73	2,337	62	1,748	406
Switzerland	306,006	996	34,733	258,538	226	2,290	1,889	118	1,247	318
United Kingdom	2,993,470	8,249	379,422	2,494,058	10,667	16,489	5,329	388	19,481	4,066
Yugoslavia	29,010	88	4,307	18,393	2,137	511	734	89	417	141
Other Europe	12,307	145	2,044	8,537	273	3	203	11	124	25
Asia	6,020,912	29,850	637,888	4,775,782	113,696	94,763	150,611	25,471	49,940	19,981
Bangladesh	10,715	208	1,558	6,265	166	11	1,418	148	145	51
China ⁵	469,211	990	107,763	277,772	19,141	4,939	29,916	7,918	3,979	1,588
Hong Kong	137,291	38	24,646	96,440	7,974	66	5,768	96	747	134
India	159,826	1,026	29,901	84,663	6,922	55	14,965	1,348	8,748	3,400
Indonesia	55,610	1,294	9,890	30,614	5,266	15	5,650	425	272	83
Iran	27,719	1	2,282	22,779	255	161	624	184	112	82
Israel	180,603	2,912	32,927	128,359	624	4,385	1,306	299	2,322	1,153
Japan	3,944,751	8,742	252,759	3,488,917	6,710	76,109	36,758	2,981	14,615	6,322
Jordan	19,492	580	2,640	13,021	169	5	1,621	139	213	103
Korea	405,417	2,264	76,564	260,625	19,011	6,355	20,453	6,539	3,687	668
Kuwait	13,826	882	2,058	8,858	31	1	1,117	567	35	14
Laos	1,866	15	50	1,725	5	-	28	-	-	-
Lebanon	24,900	126	3,567	17,851	595	6	892	23	504	61
Malaysia	57,186	595	12,613	33,654	1,111	18	5,890	502	808	117
Pakistan	43,249	526	5,928	26,894	671	719	4,038	282	690	206
Philippines	203,522	1,918	24,651	111,806	39,017	1,334	1,172	97	11,012	5,473
Saudi Arabia	48,409	3,815	6,906	30,658	356	12	2,472	2,554	106	26
Singapore	58,342	917	14,434	37,537	756	36	2,598	162	448	110
Sri Lanka	9,550	190	1,797	4,764	665	2	842	60	196	74
Syria	10,478	159	1,048	7,138	1,010	-	373	46	88	28
Thailand	59,486	634	11,756	36,983	1,546	323	6,087	117	387	50
Turkey	43,029	535	7,578	26,987	1,082	201	2,898	206	541	97
Vietnam	4,343	3	263	3,518	126	-	46	3	39	50
Other Asia	32,091	1,480	4,309	17,954	487	10	3,679	775	246	91
Africa	206,535	7,649	47,614	116,442	3,575	85	7,374	804	2,742	917
Egypt	31,661	2,364	6,208	18,054	549	10	624	156	336	192
Ethiopia	8,095	50	908	5,760	96	12	529	21	70	9
Ghana	7,780	102	1,938	4,042	210	2	343	51	101	19
Kenya	7,365	182	1,457	3,543	105	3	1,026	43	101	32
Morocco	12,737	824	1,785	8,273	330	1	519	10	109	17
Nigeria	23,963	576	8,323	11,721	306	12	576	122	533	213
South Africa	51,251	431	11,143	35,340	238	28	614	94	901	313

See footnotes at end of table.

**TABLE 39. NONIMMIGRANTS ADMITTED BY SELECTED CLASS OF ADMISSION
AND REGION AND SELECTED COUNTRY OF CITIZENSHIP
FISCAL YEAR 1992—Continued**

Region and country of citizenship	All classes ^{1 2}	Foreign govern- ment offi- cials ³	Temp. visitors for business ²	Temp. visitors for pleasure ²	Transit aliens ⁴	Treaty traders and inves- tors ⁵	Students ⁶	Spouses and children of students	Temp. workers and trainees	Spouses and children of temp. workers and trainees
Other Africa	63,683	3,120	15,852	29,709	1,741	17	3,143	307	591	122
Oceania	658,362	5,445	91,361	535,015	4,655	166	1,958	205	4,296	1,112
Australia	469,049	4,800	69,180	376,824	2,732	132	1,149	124	3,159	886
New Zealand	153,119	345	19,612	127,612	323	29	374	43	1,097	218
Pacific Is. Trust Terr.	21,426	14	916	19,741	153	1	214	12	10	2
Other Oceania	14,768	286	1,653	10,838	1,447	4	221	26	30	6
North America	3,096,610	13,624	548,109	2,317,952	79,172	3,547	29,294	2,077	42,339	3,790
Canada	91,689	750	15,322	13,946	716	2,924	12,182	734	10,718	1,825
Mexico	1,533,099	2,959	285,238	1,192,415	17,114	184	8,347	839	14,006	1,050
Caribbean	973,348	5,461	149,972	762,784	26,165	123	6,458	312	15,886	650
Antigua	23,725	177	7,096	15,862	287	-	156	-	52	4
Aruba	8,295	12	1,451	6,693	10	9	66	3	13	1
Bahamas, The	276,008	1,215	10,737	261,243	345	5	1,889	74	186	55
Barbados	40,523	520	8,766	29,942	493	3	268	18	179	30
Cayman Islands	22,113	-	3,867	18,073	49	-	105	3	1	-
Cuba	24,837	179	799	23,510	101	6	7	-	6	2
Dominica	114,462	607	22,386	85,231	3,115	19	336	44	1,713	130
Dominican Republic	78,526	244	12,614	54,614	9,504	10	192	18	686	67
Grenada	7,390	116	1,494	4,957	618	2	60	2	24	4
Haiti	52,801	90	7,420	43,185	1,556	1	171	3	122	5
Jamaica	168,119	1,534	42,241	102,733	7,236	28	1,120	40	11,510	138
Netherlands Antilles	20,797	2	4,430	15,987	67	28	210	14	27	5
St. Kitts & Nevis	12,085	163	3,510	8,057	173	-	96	2	37	-
St. Lucia	12,298	118	3,559	7,915	260	1	109	4	209	1
Trinidad & Tobago	84,933	381	13,913	66,500	1,276	10	1,008	63	739	197
Other Caribbean	26,436	103	5,684	18,279	1,075	1	665	24	382	11
Central America	498,397	4,453	97,567	348,756	35,175	316	2,305	192	1,728	265
Belize	16,419	128	4,231	10,290	1,412	2	126	8	28	-
Costa Rica	97,564	482	20,317	70,009	3,980	175	323	69	232	57
El Salvador	82,934	1,065	14,654	56,872	8,274	14	299	8	326	34
Guatemala	124,007	1,032	26,009	90,411	4,470	13	280	50	274	47
Honduras	75,180	982	15,062	45,138	12,248	61	383	18	361	22
Nicaragua	39,194	286	5,135	29,347	2,598	8	145	31	66	19
Panama	63,099	478	11,159	46,689	2,193	43	749	8	441	86
Other North America	77	1	10	51	2	-	2	-	1	-
South America	1,837,378	14,596	275,885	1,394,380	86,494	2,520	10,689	1,961	9,726	2,751
Argentina	355,280	2,076	41,246	298,485	3,576	861	984	197	1,582	468
Bolivia	29,403	516	5,634	16,490	2,874	175	405	22	149	44
Brazil	486,241	2,434	65,575	366,281	33,039	197	2,993	668	2,116	788
Chile	110,520	1,328	21,600	79,771	2,883	23	413	132	626	193
Colombia	194,822	2,487	36,625	141,770	5,843	887	1,653	143	1,375	249
Ecuador	89,475	1,163	13,576	68,846	3,373	7	737	89	227	70
Guyana	14,717	260	4,113	8,676	902	8	144	10	87	53
Paraguay	11,512	226	1,668	8,247	747	137	119	18	15	4
Peru	150,597	947	21,149	94,731	27,916	21	909	110	1,076	254
Suriname	11,912	63	1,891	9,444	212	90	96	1	11	8
Uruguay	31,881	427	5,110	24,040	751	5	82	30	113	32
Venezuela	350,949	2,668	57,695	275,524	4,378	109	2,154	541	2,349	588
Other South America	69	1	3	65	-	-	-	-	-	-
Stateless	18,817	1	2,032	16,001	573	1	102	2	31	9
Unknown	110,423	1,033	14,934	84,218	4,548	406	1,270	226	595	183

See footnotes at end of table.

**TABLE 39. NONIMMIGRANTS ADMITTED BY SELECTED CLASS OF ADMISSION
AND REGION AND SELECTED COUNTRY OF CITIZENSHIP
FISCAL YEAR 1992—Continued**

Region and country of citizenship	International representatives ¹	Representatives of foreign information media ²	Exchange visitors	Spouses and children of exchange visitors	Fiancées(ees) of U.S. citizens ³	Intracompany transferees	Spouses and children of intracompany transferees	NATO officials ⁴	U.S.-Canada Free-Trade Agreement workers ⁵	Unknown
All countries	69,985	21,746	189,919	42,031	8,569	75,347	45,501	8,888	13,958	1,410
Europe	24,773	10,446	111,606	12,873	1,695	34,670	18,946	7,666	-	110
Austria	485	196	1,514	194	14	495	201	7	-	3
Belgium	1,108	234	1,816	257	9	951	552	208	-	-
Bulgaria	135	6	547	201	16	26	21	-	-	9
Czechoslovakia	105	126	1,886	309	21	35	45	1	-	-
Denmark	642	146	3,442	192	18	560	230	279	-	-
Finland	529	162	2,342	345	13	794	542	3	-	1
France	3,971	1,003	12,511	1,231	101	4,418	2,931	37	-	19
Germany	2,554	1,843	19,301	1,583	239	4,176	2,179	3,383	-	17
Greece	345	133	989	143	39	120	20	709	-	2
Hungary	278	139	1,857	571	29	67	58	2	-	-
Iceland	113	11	485	152	2	50	39	1	-	1
Ireland	499	206	5,325	195	38	1,002	440	3	-	2
Italy	1,577	831	5,353	646	58	1,195	551	279	-	7
Luxembourg	29	7	49	3	1	33	16	3	-	-
Netherlands	1,417	298	4,572	378	46	1,776	1,068	370	-	1
Norway	530	221	3,094	321	15	405	213	204	-	2
Poland	301	124	2,572	663	168	105	65	4	-	8
Portugal	387	60	513	101	45	189	93	330	-	-
Romania	204	16	399	136	46	41	17	-	-	2
Soviet Union	1,548	243	3,933	1,566	133	257	175	5	-	-
Spain	960	564	7,090	752	33	699	351	228	-	6
Sweden	916	357	4,702	361	32	2,687	1,369	10	-	8
Switzerland	451	232	2,477	629	25	1,175	651	5	-	6
United Kingdom	5,115	3,114	22,993	1,557	508	13,335	7,093	1,592	-	14
Yugoslavia	399	142	1,242	287	42	56	21	2	-	2
Other Europe	175	32	602	100	4	23	5	1	-	-
Asia	14,584	7,725	38,386	20,453	4,397	21,909	14,802	442	-	232
Bangladesh	344	4	261	112	-	14	8	1	-	1
China ⁶	1,292	190	6,414	3,277	538	2,430	1,015	25	-	24
Hong Kong	69	22	444	58	36	473	270	5	-	5
India	2,648	121	3,197	1,294	183	814	518	8	-	15
Indonesia	292	101	974	452	38	104	135	-	-	5
Iran	554	6	198	242	122	57	55	3	-	2
Israel	506	122	2,920	2,017	43	408	288	9	-	3
Japan	1,550	5,977	11,144	6,781	242	14,675	10,366	17	-	86
Jordan	196	46	390	197	40	72	55	2	-	3
Korea	431	686	2,736	3,057	254	1,091	948	15	-	31
Kuwait	144	7	70	18	3	15	5	-	-	1
Laos	23	-	8	3	9	-	-	-	-	-
Lebanon	359	45	499	102	50	145	73	-	-	2
Malaysia	402	18	712	268	35	258	177	4	-	4
Pakistan	901	12	1,506	617	61	87	100	4	-	7
Philippines	2,407	80	1,108	173	2,251	642	349	17	-	15
Saudi Arabia	146	5	487	640	2	106	104	5	-	9
Singapore	116	25	453	165	21	318	241	2	-	3
Sri Lanka	450	4	337	116	5	29	18	1	-	-
Syria	148	4	274	104	46	8	2	1	-	1
Thailand	306	84	863	116	172	36	21	2	-	3
Turkey	478	135	1,483	372	30	69	16	318	-	3
Vietnam	75	-	63	10	144	-	1	2	-	-
Other Asia	747	29	1,845	262	72	58	37	1	-	9
Africa	9,006	208	7,158	1,606	319	554	452	20	-	10
Egypt	730	37	1,693	534	34	71	60	4	-	2
Ethiopia	462	3	100	21	14	24	15	1	-	-
Ghana	618	3	236	73	38	2	-	2	-	-
Kenya	461	3	312	60	13	11	11	-	-	2
Morocco	334	23	422	57	22	9	1	1	-	-
Nigeria	712	46	443	139	96	58	85	1	-	1
South Africa	176	26	1,166	253	23	271	228	3	-	3

See footnotes at end of table.

**TABLE 39. NONIMMIGRANTS ADMITTED BY SELECTED CLASS OF ADMISSION
AND REGION AND SELECTED COUNTRY OF CITIZENSHIP
FISCAL YEAR 1992—Continued**

Region and country of citizenship	International representatives ¹	Representatives of foreign information media ²	Exchange visitors	Spouses and children of exchange visitors	Fiances(ees) of U.S. citizens ⁴	Intracompany transferees	Spouses and children of intracompany transferees	NATO officials ³	U.S.-Canada Free-Trade Agreement workers ⁵	Unknown
Other Africa	5,513	67	2,786	469	79	108	49	8	-	2
Oceania	1,666	645	5,140	1,052	151	3,294	1,785	24	-	392
Australia	1,091	525	3,528	835	111	2,494	1,430	21	-	28
New Zealand	484	113	1,504	202	27	768	339	3	-	26
Pacific Is. Trust Terr.	5	-	2	-	2	13	3	-	-	338
Other Oceania	86	7	106	15	11	19	13	-	-	-
North America	6,566	1,366	15,010	2,577	1,405	8,937	5,735	570	13,958	582
Canada	1,523	104	5,467	1,027	519	5,664	3,830	417	13,958	63
Mexico	1,180	908	3,962	966	447	1,845	1,272	82	-	285
Caribbean	1,953	194	1,746	189	304	583	290	50	-	228
Antigua	48	1	39	-	-	2	-	1	-	-
Aruba	2	15	11	-	1	7	1	-	-	-
Bahamas, The	70	1	88	27	4	31	14	17	-	7
Barbados	153	2	81	8	5	31	19	2	-	3
Cayman Islands	1	1	11	-	-	1	-	-	-	1
Cuba	202	5	-	1	6	7	2	3	-	1
Dominica	165	20	349	41	50	158	93	5	-	-
Dominican Republic	160	14	172	25	74	93	36	2	-	1
Grenada	37	-	69	1	2	3	-	1	-	-
Haiti	168	7	45	5	3	7	4	4	-	2
Jamaica	476	22	604	35	115	70	31	9	-	177
Netherlands Antilles	5	6	13	2	1	-	-	-	-	-
St. Kitts & Nevis	12	-	33	-	1	-	1	-	-	-
St. Lucia	35	2	57	1	5	4	-	-	-	18
Trinidad & Tobago	407	18	112	37	26	149	83	4	-	5
Other Caribbean	12	80	62	6	11	20	6	2	-	13
Central America	1,910	158	3,826	394	135	845	343	21	-	6
Belize	27	1	135	17	1	10	2	1	-	-
Costa Rica	422	73	825	147	27	281	136	6	-	3
El Salvador	436	35	775	26	8	91	14	2	-	1
Guatemala	306	14	843	76	21	89	66	5	-	1
Honduras	219	5	558	43	31	35	11	3	-	-
Nicaragua	267	2	225	35	7	16	3	4	-	-
Panama	233	28	467	50	40	323	111	-	-	1
Other North America	-	2	7	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
South America	12,475	1,260	11,414	3,183	508	5,800	3,630	68	-	38
Argentina	2,071	244	1,571	539	33	838	486	18	-	5
Bolivia	658	21	307	43	5	48	10	1	-	1
Brazil	2,233	329	4,523	1,177	181	2,161	1,510	17	-	9
Chile	1,628	142	760	246	23	458	281	6	-	7
Colombia	1,403	145	1,158	185	110	522	261	4	-	2
Ecuador	424	57	587	88	27	129	72	1	-	2
Guyana	298	11	79	4	18	31	23	-	-	-
Paraguay	142	4	131	23	7	16	7	1	-	-
Peru	1,740	95	491	162	68	580	335	4	-	9
Suriname	42	-	28	10	2	9	4	1	-	-
Uruguay	846	58	249	55	10	47	26	-	-	-
Venezuela	990	154	1,530	651	24	961	615	15	-	3
Other South America	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Stateless	5	1	35	3	1	17	3	-	-	-
Unknown	910	95	1,170	284	93	166	148	98	-	46

¹ Excludes the following classes of admission processed in the Nonimmigrant Information System: for all countries -- 137,478 parolees, 25,143 withdrawals and stowaways, and 123,010 refugees.

² Includes arrivals under the Visa Waiver Pilot program. See Nonimmigrant section of text.

³ Includes spouses and unmarried minor (or dependent) children.

⁴ Includes foreign government officials and their spouses and unmarried minor (or dependent) children in transit.

⁵ Includes Mainland China and Taiwan. A total of 359,692 nonimmigrant visas were issued to these two countries in fiscal year 1992: 240,646 to Taiwan and 119,046 to Mainland China. (SOURCE: Report of the Visa Office, U.S. Department of State, 1992)

⁶ Includes minor children of fiances(ees).

- Represents zero. NOTE: See Glossary for detailed descriptions of classes of admission.

**TABLE 40. NONIMMIGRANTS ADMITTED BY CLASS OF ADMISSION
SELECTED FISCAL YEARS 1981-92**

Class of admission ¹	1981	1985	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992
All classes²	11,756,903	9,539,880	14,591,735	16,144,576	17,574,055	18,962,520	20,793,847
Foreign government officials and families	84,710	90,190	98,927	101,557	96,689	97,811	102,645
Ambassador, public minister, career diplomatic or consular officer (A1)	NA	21,168	22,182	22,165	22,018	22,750	23,533
Other foreign government official or employee (A2)	NA	67,084	74,723	77,491	72,511	72,926	77,087
Attendant, servant, or personal employee of A1 and A2 classes (A3)	NA	1,938	2,022	1,901	2,160	2,135	2,025
Temporary visitors	10,650,592	8,405,409	13,196,729	14,667,303	16,079,666	17,385,990	19,238,240
For business (B1)	1,135,422	1,796,819	2,375,565	2,552,719	2,661,338	2,652,202	2,788,141
Visa Waiver, business	X	X	3,854	99,665	294,065	370,138	527,932
For pleasure (B2)	9,515,170	6,608,590	10,821,164	12,114,584	13,418,328	14,733,788	16,450,099
Visa Waiver, pleasure	X	X	55,904	2,348,959	4,528,112	5,599,286	7,981,880
Transit aliens	214,218	236,537	299,138	293,364	306,156	364,187	345,610
Alien in transit (C1)	NA	138,957	153,811	152,623	153,801	174,426	168,053
Alien in transit to the U.N. (C2)	NA	1,804	1,381	874	1,296	992	1,055
Foreign government official and family in transit (C3)	NA	7,010	6,612	6,047	6,190	6,604	7,576
Transit without visa (C4)	NA	88,766	137,334	133,820	144,869	182,165	168,926
Treaty traders and investors and families	80,802	96,489	125,555	139,949	147,536	155,014	152,416
Treaty trader (E1)	NA	65,406	75,785	78,524	78,658	76,948	71,817
Treaty investor (E2)	NA	31,083	48,770	61,425	68,878	78,066	80,599
Students	240,805	257,069	312,363	334,402	320,264	282,077	241,093
Academic student (F1)	NA	251,234	305,868	327,581	319,467	276,553	237,077
Vocational student (M1)	NA	5,835	6,495	6,821	6,797	5,524	4,016
Spouses and children of students	31,056	28,427	25,540	26,369	28,943	32,315	33,431
Academic student (F2)	NA	27,747	25,062	25,952	28,490	31,622	32,812
Vocational student (M2)	NA	680	478	417	453	693	619
Representatives (and families) to international organizations	54,223	57,203	58,947	61,406	61,449	64,470	69,985
Principal of recognized foreign government (G1)	NA	8,316	8,401	8,664	8,256	8,194	8,472
Other rep. of recognized foreign government (G2)	NA	6,989	8,101	8,260	8,110	7,277	8,909
Rep. of nonrecognized foreign government (G3)	NA	271	360	444	376	466	412
International organization officer or employee (G4)	NA	40,397	40,593	42,538	43,104	46,896	50,670
Attendant, servant or personal employee of rep.(G5)	NA	1,230	1,492	1,500	1,603	1,637	1,522
Temporary workers and trainees³	44,770	74,869	113,424	138,703	139,587	161,291	163,137
Registered nurses (H1A) ⁴	X	X	X	X	X	1,309	7,147
Specialty occupations (H1B) ⁵	X	X	X	X	X	116,729	110,193
Performing services unavailable in the U.S. (H2)	NA	24,544	32,966	46,570	35,973	39,972	34,414
Agricultural workers (H2A)	X	X	10,851	30,189	18,219	18,487	16,385
Nonagricultural workers (H2B)	X	X	22,115	16,381	17,754	21,485	18,029
Industrial trainee (H3)	NA	3,003	2,527	2,277	3,168	3,281	3,355
Workers with extraordinary ability/achievement (O1) ⁶	X	X	X	X	X	X	448
Workers accompanying and assisting in performance of O1 workers (O2) ⁶	X	X	X	X	X	X	252
Internationally recognized athletes or entertainers (P1) ⁶	X	X	X	X	X	X	3,523
Artists or entertainers in reciprocal exchange programs (P2) ⁶	X	X	X	X	X	X	89
Artists or entertainers in culturally unique programs (P3) ⁶	X	X	X	X	X	X	1,126
Workers in international cultural exchange programs (Q1) ⁶	X	X	X	X	X	X	7
Workers in religious occupations (R1) ⁶	X	X	X	X	X	X	2,583
Spouses and children of temporary workers and trainees	10,110	12,632	19,673	23,807	28,687	34,418	39,921
Spouses and children of H1, H2, and H3 workers (H4)	10,110	12,632	19,673	23,807	28,687	34,418	39,080
Spouses and children of O1 and O2 workers (O3) ⁶	X	X	X	X	X	X	-
Spouses and children of P1, P2, and P3 workers (P4) ⁶	X	X	X	X	X	X	144
Spouses and children of R1 workers (R2) ⁶	X	X	X	X	X	X	697

**TABLE 40. NONIMMIGRANTS ADMITTED BY CLASS OF ADMISSION
SELECTED FISCAL YEARS 1981-92—Continued**

Class of admission ¹	1981	1985	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992
Representatives (and families) of foreign information media (I1)	16,708	16,753	21,461	21,349	20,252	21,101	21,746
Exchange visitors (J1)	80,230	110,942	166,659	178,199	174,247	182,940	189,919
Spouses and children of exchange visitors (J2)	27,793	30,271	36,267	39,259	40,397	41,217	42,031
Fiances(ees) of U.S. citizens (K1)	5,456	6,975	5,927	5,856	6,545	7,470	7,794
Children of fiances(ees) of U.S. citizens (K2)	742	832	688	625	673	754	775
Intracompany transferees (L1)	38,595	65,349	63,849	62,390	63,180	70,357	75,347
Spouses and children of intracompany transferees (L2)	26,449	41,533	37,846	38,335	39,375	42,541	45,501
NATO officials and families (N1-7)	7,124	8,323	8,545	8,783	8,333	8,695	8,888
U.S.-Canada Free-Trade Agreement (TC) ⁷	X	X	X	2,677	5,293	8,344	12,675
Spouses and children of U.S.-Canada Free-Trade Agreement (TB) ⁷	X	X	X	140	594	804	1,283
Unknown	142,520	77	197	103	189	724	1,410

¹ See Glossary for detailed descriptions of classes of admission.

² Excludes classes of admission processed as nonimmigrants in the following years: for all countries -- 1985 - 64,487 parolees (R1-3), 3,239 withdrawals (R4) and stowaways (R5), and 68,044 refugees (RF); 1988 - 94,918 parolees (R1-3), 17,060 withdrawals (R4) and stowaways (R5), and 80,382 refugees (RF); 1989 - 106,857 parolees (R1-3), 20,605 withdrawals (R4) and stowaways (R5), and 101,072 refugees (RF); 1990 - 90,265 parolees (R1-3), 19,984 withdrawals (R4) and stowaways (R5), and 110,197 refugees (RF); 1991 - 127,146 parolees (R1-3), 26,059 withdrawals (R4) and stowaways (R5), and 100,229 refugees (RF); 1992 - 137,478 parolees, 25,839 withdrawals (WD) and stowaways (ST), and 123,010 refugees (RE).

³ Excludes entries under the U.S.-Canada Free-Trade Agreement (shown separately).

⁴ Entries began October 1, 1990 (fiscal year 1991). Data for fiscal year 1991 are underreported; an unknown number of H1A entries were counted as H1B entries.

⁵ Prior to October 1, 1991 (fiscal year 1992), H1B entries were termed "Distinguished merit or ability." Data for fiscal year 1991 are overreported; an unknown number of H1A entries were counted as H1B entries.

⁶ Entries began in April 1992.

⁷ Entries under the U.S.-Canada Free-Trade Agreement began in January 1989.

NOTE: "Family," "immediate family," and "spouse and children" are defined as spouse and unmarried minor (or dependent) children.

NA Not available. X Not applicable.

**TABLE 41. NONIMMIGRANTS ADMITTED AS TEMPORARY WORKERS, EXCHANGE VISITORS, AND INTRACOMPANY TRANSFEREES BY REGION AND SELECTED COUNTRY OF CITIZENSHIP
FISCAL YEAR 1992**

Region and country of citizenship	Total	Registered nurses (H1A)	Workers with specialty occupations (H1B)	Other temporary workers (H2)		Industrial trainees (H3)	Exchange visitors (J1)	Intracompany transferees (L1)
				Agricultural (H2A)	Non-agricultural (H2B)			
All countries	441,078	7,147	110,193	16,385	18,029	3,355	189,919	75,347
Europe	199,744	1,249	46,286	47	1,486	1,584	111,606	34,670
Albania	132	-	2	-	20	-	107	-
Austria	2,936	3	834	-	54	17	1,514	495
Belgium	3,737	8	854	2	75	13	1,816	951
Bulgaria	717	-	141	-	2	-	547	26
Czechoslovakia	2,341	2	324	-	15	5	1,886	35
Denmark	4,794	16	684	-	59	19	3,442	560
Estonia	203	-	13	-	4	2	165	-
Finland	4,035	6	687	-	119	59	2,342	794
France	22,769	9	5,102	-	46	437	12,511	4,418
Germany	28,174	28	4,240	-	109	157	19,301	4,176
Greece	1,698	3	550	-	7	2	989	120
Hungary	2,349	-	331	-	3	5	1,857	67
Iceland	619	-	79	-	-	5	485	50
Ireland	8,848	304	1,949	3	57	73	5,325	1,002
Italy	8,753	5	1,980	-	44	76	5,353	1,195
Latvia	156	-	19	-	-	5	129	-
Liechtenstein	24	-	6	-	-	1	12	5
Lithuania	159	-	11	-	-	6	136	5
Luxembourg	125	1	38	-	-	1	49	33
Malta	66	-	5	-	-	-	47	13
Netherlands	8,771	23	2,171	1	100	86	4,572	1,776
Norway	4,181	8	599	-	49	10	3,094	405
Poland	3,920	4	1,036	18	88	30	2,572	105
Portugal	880	-	149	-	20	1	513	189
Romania	590	-	124	-	3	17	399	41
Soviet Union	7,467	-	2,452	2	30	134	3,933	257
Spain	9,731	4	1,768	2	24	50	7,090	699
Sweden	9,137	17	1,533	-	125	28	4,702	2,687
Switzerland	4,899	5	1,014	-	104	97	2,477	1,175
United Kingdom	55,809	800	17,218	19	316	236	22,993	13,335
Yugoslavia	1,715	3	370	-	13	12	1,242	56
Other Europe	9	-	3	-	-	-	6	-
Asia	110,235	4,639	34,751	37	7,299	1,337	38,386	21,909
Afghanistan	51	-	6	-	-	-	27	18
Bahrain	52	-	4	-	1	-	38	9
Bangladesh	420	-	142	-	-	-	261	14
Burma	18	1	8	-	2	-	6	1
Cambodia	13	-	5	-	-	-	4	-
China	12,823	33	2,731	1	827	129	6,414	2,430
Cyprus	619	-	107	-	-	-	506	6
Hong Kong	1,664	37	656	-	3	5	444	473
India	12,759	125	8,246	-	75	26	3,197	814
Indonesia	1,350	-	232	-	7	27	974	104
Iran	367	-	108	-	1	1	198	57
Iraq	47	-	31	-	-	-	8	8
Israel	5,650	15	2,251	-	19	15	2,920	408
Japan	40,434	11	11,502	-	1,582	883	11,144	14,675
Jordan	675	5	203	-	2	2	390	72
Korea	7,514	73	1,329	3	2,047	58	2,736	1,091
Kuwait	120	-	31	-	1	-	70	15
Lebanon	1,148	7	465	-	-	5	499	145
Malaysia	1,778	15	676	-	89	18	712	258
Nepal	266	-	22	2	3	1	198	6
Oman	537	-	5	-	1	-	530	1
Pakistan	2,283	8	634	-	20	-	1,506	87
Philippines	12,762	4,289	4,005	30	2,503	47	1,108	642
Qatar	126	-	3	-	-	-	122	-
Saudi Arabia	699	-	47	-	4	50	487	106
Singapore	1,219	1	411	1	8	15	453	318
Sri Lanka	562	-	157	-	32	-	337	29
Syria	370	-	75	-	-	1	274	8

See footnotes at end of table.

**TABLE 41. NONIMMIGRANTS ADMITTED AS TEMPORARY WORKERS, EXCHANGE VISITORS, AND INTRACOMPANY TRANSFEREES BY REGION AND SELECTED COUNTRY OF CITIZENSHIP
FISCAL YEAR 1992—Continued**

Region and country of citizenship	Total	Registered nurses (H1A)	Workers with specialty occupations (H1B)	Other temporary workers (H2)		Industrial trainees (H3)	Exchange visitors (J1)	Intracompany transferees (L1)
				Agricultural (H2A)	Non-agricultural (H2B)			
Thailand	1,286	17	155	-	60	11	863	36
Turkey	2,093	2	480	-	11	42	1,483	69
United Arab Emirates	235	-	2	-	-	1	231	-
Vietnam	102	-	21	-	1	-	63	-
Yemen	143	-	-	-	-	-	142	1
Other Asia	50	-	1	-	-	-	41	8
Africa	10,454	196	2,253	-	59	52	7,158	554
Algeria	187	-	40	-	-	-	135	11
Benin	46	-	7	-	-	-	39	-
Botswana	140	-	9	-	-	-	131	-
Cameroon	203	-	61	-	1	1	127	8
Cape Verde	27	-	-	-	6	-	20	1
Congo	61	-	9	-	1	-	50	-
Egypt	2,100	2	310	-	1	11	1,693	71
Ethiopia	194	2	59	-	5	-	100	24
Gambia, The	57	1	4	-	-	2	49	1
Ghana	339	9	81	-	1	7	236	2
Guinea	96	-	10	-	-	1	83	1
Ivory Coast	153	-	23	-	-	3	117	-
Kenya	424	1	93	-	-	2	312	11
Liberia	36	-	15	-	-	1	14	3
Malawi	85	-	11	-	-	-	71	2
Mali	114	-	11	-	-	-	100	3
Mauritius	48	-	4	-	-	1	41	1
Morocco	540	-	95	-	4	10	422	9
Namibia	73	-	6	-	-	-	61	-
Nigeria	1,034	133	291	-	16	1	443	58
Senegal	215	-	39	-	-	1	149	25
Sierra Leone	83	3	25	-	-	3	51	-
Somalia	22	1	15	-	-	-	6	-
South Africa	2,338	38	826	-	13	5	1,166	271
Sudan	113	-	40	-	-	-	69	3
Tanzania	233	2	17	-	3	-	202	6
Tunisia	346	1	18	-	6	2	316	3
Uganda	130	-	20	-	-	-	107	3
Zaire	77	-	18	-	-	-	50	5
Zambia	141	-	29	-	-	-	101	10
Zimbabwe	262	3	53	-	1	-	180	20
Other Africa	537	-	14	-	1	1	517	2
Oceania	12,730	409	3,357	57	295	46	5,140	3,294
Australia	9,181	189	2,685	9	155	28	3,528	2,494
Fiji	61	1	9	-	-	-	38	12
Kiribati	14	-	-	-	-	-	5	-
New Zealand	3,369	219	652	48	137	18	1,504	768
Pacific Is. Trust Terr.	25	-	6	-	3	-	2	13
Tonga	19	-	1	-	-	-	15	-
Tuvalu	5	-	4	-	-	-	-	1
Other Oceania	56	-	-	-	-	-	48	6
North America	78,961	575	14,738	15,957	8,409	209	15,010	8,937
Canada	34,524	30	4,633	644	4,014	89	5,467	5,664
Mexico	19,813	123	5,077	5,210	2,906	58	3,962	1,845
Caribbean	18,215	412	3,611	10,093	1,352	42	1,746	583
Antigua	93	4	31	-	17	-	39	2
Aruba	31	-	11	-	2	-	11	7
Bahamas, The	305	35	125	2	-	4	88	31
Barbados	291	5	97	57	12	-	81	31
Bermuda	71	3	40	-	7	-	4	16
British Virgin Is.	20	-	1	-	1	1	13	-
Cuba	13	-	3	-	-	-	-	7
Dominica	2,220	7	1,197	9	420	22	349	158
Dominican Republic	951	-	535	-	119	7	172	93
Grenada	96	1	12	1	10	-	69	3

See footnotes at end of table.

**TABLE 41. NONIMMIGRANTS ADMITTED AS TEMPORARY WORKERS, EXCHANGE VISITORS, AND INTRACOMPANY TRANSFEREES BY REGION AND SELECTED COUNTRY OF CITIZENSHIP
FISCAL YEAR 1992—Continued**

Region and country of citizenship	Total	Registered nurses (H1A)	Workers with specialty occupations (H1B)	Other temporary workers (H2)		Industrial trainees (H3)	Exchange visitors (J1)	Intracompany transferees (L1)
				Agricultural (H2A)	Non-agricultural (H2B)			
Haiti	174	1	65	-	-	-	45	7
Jamaica	12,184	210	908	9,576	644	3	604	70
Montserrat	29	-	18	-	-	-	11	-
Netherland Antilles	40	-	21	-	2	1	13	-
St. Kitts & Nevis	70	-	20	-	16	-	33	-
St. Lucia	270	-	18	167	23	1	57	4
St. Vincent & Grenadines	336	3	13	275	10	-	32	3
Trinidad & Tobago	1,000	143	492	5	69	3	112	149
Other Caribbean	21	-	4	1	-	-	13	2
Central America	6,401	10	1,416	10	137	20	3,028	845
Belize	173	3	17	-	1	6	135	10
Costa Rica	1,338	-	182	1	27	7	825	281
El Salvador	1,192	1	284	-	4	2	775	91
Guatemala	1,206	2	164	9	31	1	843	89
Honduras	954	-	335	-	16	3	558	35
Nicaragua	307	-	58	-	3	1	225	16
Panama	1,231	4	376	-	55	-	467	323
Other N. America	8	-	1	-	-	-	7	-
South America	26,940	59	8,393	284	393	108	11,414	5,800
Argentina	3,991	5	1,500	-	27	17	1,571	838
Bolivia	504	-	115	1	2	-	307	48
Brazil	8,800	1	1,882	1	16	35	4,523	2,161
Chile	1,844	3	528	53	25	10	760	458
Colombia	3,055	8	1,224	-	40	7	1,158	522
Ecuador	943	1	168	-	41	8	587	129
Guyana	197	25	40	-	1	-	79	31
Paraguay	162	-	15	-	-	-	131	16
Peru	2,147	9	745	229	54	10	491	580
Suriname	48	-	11	-	-	-	28	9
Uruguay	409	-	108	-	1	2	249	47
Venezuela	4,840	7	2,057	-	186	19	1,530	961
Stateless	83	3	22	-	-	1	35	17
Unknown	1,931	17	393	3	88	18	1,170	166

See footnotes at end of table.

**TABLE 41. NONIMMIGRANTS ADMITTED AS TEMPORARY WORKERS, EXCHANGE VISITORS, AND INTRACOMPANY TRANSFEREES BY REGION AND SELECTED COUNTRY OF CITIZENSHIP
FISCAL YEAR 1992—Continued**

Region and country of citizenship	Workers with extraordinary ability or achievement (O1) ²	Workers accompanying and assisting in performance of O1 workers (O2) ²	Internationally recognized athletes or entertainers (P1) ²	Artists or entertainers in reciprocal exchange programs (P2) ²	Artists or entertainers in culturally unique programs (P3) ²	Workers in international cultural exchange programs (Q1) ²	Workers in religious occupations (R1) ²	U.S.-Canada Free-Trade Agreement workers (TC)
All countries	448	252	3,523	89	1,126	7	2,583	12,675
Europe	290	67	1,508	26	252	7	666	-
Albania	-	-	2	-	-	-	1	-
Austria	7	-	-	-	8	-	4	-
Belgium	2	-	14	-	-	-	2	-
Bulgaria	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
Czechoslovakia	3	2	52	-	13	-	4	-
Denmark	3	-	8	-	-	-	3	-
Estonia	2	-	2	-	14	-	1	-
Finland	2	-	16	4	-	-	6	-
France	22	6	145	3	5	2	63	-
Germany	26	-	41	4	21	-	71	-
Greece	2	1	16	-	1	-	7	-
Hungary	1	-	82	-	1	-	2	-
Iceland	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ireland	9	4	20	-	50	-	52	-
Italy	14	1	24	-	4	3	54	-
Latvia	-	-	2	-	1	-	-	-
Liechtenstein	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lithuania	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Luxembourg	-	-	1	-	-	-	2	-
Malta	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
Netherlands	6	1	6	1	2	-	26	-
Norway	2	-	5	-	-	2	7	-
Poland	3	9	5	1	34	-	15	-
Portugal	-	-	6	-	-	-	2	-
Romania	2	-	1	-	-	-	3	-
Soviet Union	28	1	460	9	55	-	106	-
Spain	14	3	17	-	14	-	46	-
Sweden	7	-	21	1	1	-	15	-
Switzerland	5	-	10	-	-	-	12	-
United Kingdom	128	39	547	3	28	-	147	-
Yugoslavia	1	-	4	-	-	-	14	-
Other Europe	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Asia	33	86	265	21	503	-	969	-
Afghanistan	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bahrain	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bangladesh	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-
Burma	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cambodia	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-
China ¹	3	4	75	2	143	-	31	-
Cyprus	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Hong Kong	1	14	2	-	20	-	9	-
India	1	-	4	1	122	-	148	-
Indonesia	1	-	-	-	-	-	5	-
Iran	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-
Iraq	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Israel	4	-	7	-	-	-	11	-
Japan	12	17	140	14	121	-	333	-
Jordan	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
Korea	8	36	7	-	50	-	76	-
Kuwait	-	-	1	-	-	-	2	-
Lebanon	-	-	1	-	22	-	4	-
Malaysia	-	1	2	-	-	-	7	-
Nepal	-	1	-	-	1	-	32	-
Oman	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pakistan	-	-	-	-	23	-	5	-
Philippines	-	3	15	4	-	-	116	-
Qatar	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
Saudi Arabia	-	-	4	-	-	-	1	-

See footnotes at end of table.

**TABLE 41. NONIMMIGRANTS ADMITTED AS TEMPORARY WORKERS, EXCHANGE VISITORS, AND INTRACOMPANY TRANSFEREES BY REGION AND SELECTED COUNTRY OF CITIZENSHIP
FISCAL YEAR 1992—Continued**

Region and country of citizenship	Workers with extraordinary ability or achievement (O1) ²	Workers accompanying and assisting in performance of O1 workers (O2) ²	Internationally recognized athletes or entertainers (P1) ²	Artists or entertainers in reciprocal exchange programs (P2) ²	Artists or entertainers in culturally unique programs (P3) ²	Workers in international cultural exchange programs (Q1) ²	Workers in religious occupations (R1) ²	U.S.-Canada Free-Trade Agreement workers (TC)
Singapore	-	-	2	-	-	-	10	-
Sri Lanka	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	-
Syria	1	10	-	-	-	-	1	-
Thailand	1	-	3	-	-	-	140	-
Turkey	-	-	1	-	-	-	5	-
United Arab Emirates	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
Vietnam	1	-	1	-	-	-	15	-
Yemen	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Asia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Africa	14	3	65	1	52	-	47	-
Algeria	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
Benin	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Botswana	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cameroon	-	-	5	-	-	-	-	-
Cape Verde	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Congo	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
Egypt	6	2	-	-	-	-	4	-
Ethiopia	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-
Gambia, The	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ghana	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-
Guinea	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
Ivory Coast	-	-	10	-	-	-	-	-
Kenya	-	-	-	-	1	-	4	-
Liberia	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-
Malawi	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
Mali	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mauritius	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
Morocco	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Namibia	5	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
Nigeria	-	-	34	-	51	-	7	-
Senegal	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sierra Leone	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
Somalia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
South Africa	2	-	5	-	-	-	12	-
Sudan	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
Tanzania	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-
Tunisia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Uganda	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Zaire	-	-	3	-	-	-	1	-
Zambia	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
Zimbabwe	1	-	4	-	-	-	-	-
Other Africa	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	-
Oceania	11	1	28	-	4	-	88	-
Australia	10	1	20	-	3	-	59	-
Fiji	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
Kiribati	-	-	-	-	-	-	9	-
New Zealand	1	-	8	-	1	-	13	-
Pacific Is. Trust Terr.	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
Tonga	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-
Tuvalu	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Oceania	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-
North America	77	93	1,400	28	181	-	672	12,675
Canada	44	44	786	22	14	-	398	12,675
Mexico	24	48	369	2	44	-	145	-
Caribbean	6	-	182	2	104	-	82	-
Antigua	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Aruba	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bahamas, The	1	-	2	-	-	-	17	-
Barbados	-	-	2	-	-	-	6	-

See footnotes at end of table.

**TABLE 41. NONIMMIGRANTS ADMITTED AS TEMPORARY WORKERS, EXCHANGE VISITORS, AND INTRACOMPANY TRANSFEREES BY REGION AND SELECTED COUNTRY OF CITIZENSHIP
FISCAL YEAR 1992—Continued**

Region and country of citizenship	Workers with extraordinary ability or achievement (O1) ²	Workers accompanying and assisting in performance of O1 workers (O2) ²	Internationally recognized athletes or entertainers (P1) ²	Artists or entertainers in reciprocal exchange programs (P2) ²	Artists or entertainers in culturally unique programs (P3) ²	Workers in international cultural exchange programs (Q1) ²	Workers in religious occupations (R1) ²	U.S.-Canada Free-Trade Agreement workers (TC)
Bermuda	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
British Virgin Is.	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-
Cuba	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Dominica	-	-	44	-	-	-	14	-
Dominican Republic	-	-	20	-	-	-	5	-
Grenada	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Haiti	-	-	29	-	23	-	4	-
Jamaica	-	-	74	2	81	-	12	-
Montserrat	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Netherland Antilles	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-
St. Kitts & Nevis	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
St. Lucia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
St. Vincent & Grenadines	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Trinidad & Tobago	2	-	11	-	-	-	14	-
Other Caribbean	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
Central America	3	1	63	2	19	-	47	-
Belize	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
Costa Rica	-	-	-	-	2	-	13	-
El Salvador	1	-	26	-	3	-	5	-
Guatemala	-	1	35	2	14	-	15	-
Honduras	1	-	2	-	-	-	4	-
Nicaragua	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-
Panama	1	-	-	-	-	-	5	-
Other N. America	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
South America	19	2	205	13	130	-	120	-
Argentina	8	1	7	-	-	-	17	-
Bolivia	-	-	5	-	21	-	5	-
Brazil	6	1	90	1	66	-	17	-
Chile	-	-	1	-	-	-	6	-
Colombia	1	-	59	1	1	-	34	-
Ecuador	-	-	1	-	-	-	8	-
Guyana	-	-	-	-	18	-	3	-
Paraguay	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Peru	1	-	1	-	8	-	19	-
Suriname	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Uruguay	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
Venezuela	2	-	40	11	16	-	11	-
Stateless	-	-	3	-	-	-	2	-
Unknown	4	-	49	-	4	-	19	-

¹ Includes Mainland China and Taiwan. The number of nonimmigrant visas issued in fiscal year 1992 for Mainland China were: 10 H1As, 884 H1Bs, 5 H2As, 694 H2Bs, 137 H3s, 4,094 J1s, 1,627 L1s, 4 O1s, no O2s, 65 P1s, no P2s, 160 P3s, no Q1s, and 1 R1. The number of nonimmigrant visas issued to Taiwan were: 26 H1As, 613 H1Bs, no H2As, 2 H2Bs, 12 H3s, 1,079 J1s, 257 L1s, no O1s, 1 O2, 6 P1s, no P2s, 23 P3s, no Q1s, and 21 R1s. (SOURCE: Report of the Visa Office, U.S. Department of State, 1992)

² Entries began in April, 1992.

- Represents zero.

NOTE: See Glossary for detailed descriptions of classes of admission.

**TABLE 42. NONIMMIGRANTS ADMITTED BY SELECTED PORT OF ENTRY AND REGION
AND SELECTED COUNTRY OF CITIZENSHIP
FISCAL YEAR 1992**

Region and country of citizenship	All ports	Agana	Atlanta	Boston	Chicago	Dallas	Honolulu	Houston
All countries	20,793,847	794,076	479,615	456,166	808,846	405,870	2,232,970	429,084
Europe	8,844,828	8,830	405,083	402,603	505,528	163,316	112,347	153,270
Austria	164,483	209	7,977	4,255	8,921	2,380	1,816	1,408
Belgium	163,260	54	2,842	10,198	20,446	1,640	406	4,155
Bulgaria	7,200	1	233	176	455	18	7	102
Czechoslovakia	27,895	5	1,213	697	2,265	296	92	258
Denmark	117,620	122	4,486	3,812	6,615	705	1,477	1,557
Finland	102,588	45	2,006	1,218	3,640	720	683	794
France	864,046	710	24,712	37,247	48,909	29,222	11,315	23,923
Germany	1,709,100	732	151,999	58,230	113,573	48,908	21,341	15,358
Greece	65,372	30	1,815	4,789	4,419	628	108	1,066
Hungary	28,907	7	1,111	1,075	1,764	336	101	320
Iceland	17,005	3	41	137	85	45	57	26
Ireland	154,160	93	11,541	17,706	4,200	1,088	2,084	1,664
Italy	644,677	443	6,324	21,163	37,954	4,665	2,062	6,973
Luxembourg	9,947	1	265	419	510	188	24	81
Netherlands	400,139	222	25,442	23,052	17,206	2,179	2,601	10,342
Norway	116,836	51	1,670	3,391	4,841	689	834	3,013
Poland	64,575	9	1,475	1,009	13,868	410	127	443
Portugal	60,579	113	352	7,715	626	362	1,502	282
Romania	16,590	5	234	107	2,823	56	11	53
Soviet Union	107,710	12	623	979	3,606	572	124	891
Spain	370,207	51	7,988	3,551	4,211	17,178	590	3,503
Sweden	291,129	225	5,641	3,659	34,479	1,366	2,950	2,098
Switzerland	306,006	313	24,911	15,041	31,761	2,405	3,801	2,840
United Kingdom	2,993,479	5,280	118,743	181,844	134,188	46,910	57,869	71,608
Yugoslavia	29,010	90	1,224	823	3,161	271	163	345
Other Europe	12,307	4	215	310	1,002	79	202	167
Asia	6,020,934	758,240	27,043	29,732	193,527	52,178	1,869,799	18,755
Bangladesh	10,715	15	96	349	316	80	100	93
China ¹	469,218	13,093	676	1,097	12,814	1,697	92,241	997
Hong Kong	137,294	3,579	227	455	4,724	790	18,606	232
India	159,832	412	5,192	4,705	9,416	2,725	1,412	3,155
Indonesia	55,610	580	652	451	1,385	226	7,384	211
Iran	27,719	8	749	887	1,792	631	147	664
Israel	180,603	41	2,328	5,937	4,841	840	686	965
Japan	3,944,752	681,253	10,362	4,378	121,424	40,189	1,642,908	3,048
Jordan	19,492	8	411	517	1,570	170	27	469
Korea	405,417	40,938	317	753	11,655	608	67,820	555
Kuwait	13,826	1	383	571	705	189	40	217
Laos	1,866	-	13	16	93	14	53	1
Lebanon	24,901	1	377	1,371	1,449	238	52	602
Malaysia	57,186	428	167	901	1,458	196	7,479	221
Pakistan	43,250	47	612	994	1,923	489	238	1,447
Philippines	203,522	16,419	367	717	6,744	785	10,339	775
Saudi Arabia	48,409	-	829	1,313	1,313	393	197	2,097
Singapore	58,343	428	155	405	1,984	224	12,486	129
Sri Lanka	9,550	93	121	346	341	84	460	142
Syria	10,478	2	156	211	655	84	10	221
Thailand	59,487	728	89	402	2,495	151	6,149	81
Turkey	43,029	12	1,780	1,547	2,092	575	115	1,144
Vietnam	4,343	19	132	126	201	48	160	104
Other Asia	32,092	135	852	1,283	2,137	752	690	1,185
Africa	206,537	100	4,725	8,352	8,255	2,720	795	3,554
Egypt	31,662	4	771	1,266	1,354	152	46	597
Ethiopia	8,095	-	283	347	439	292	8	128
Ghana	7,780	14	296	328	382	94	28	107
Kenya	7,365	3	263	502	586	139	18	137
Morocco	12,737	-	118	237	247	76	24	93
Nigeria	23,963	3	729	701	811	505	33	1,051
South Africa	51,251	27	995	2,589	2,143	816	481	668
Other Africa	63,684	49	1,270	2,382	2,293	646	157	773
Oceania	658,365	23,475	1,457	5,460	6,403	2,416	240,293	8,919
Australia	469,051	7,225	1,099	4,634	4,694	1,812	160,343	5,885

See footnotes at end of table.

**TABLE 42. NONIMMIGRANTS ADMITTED BY SELECTED PORT OF ENTRY AND REGION
AND SELECTED COUNTRY OF CITIZENSHIP
FISCAL YEAR 1992—Continued**

Region and country of citizenship	All ports	Agana	Atlanta	Boston	Chicago	Dallas	Honolulu	Houston
New Zealand	153,120	1,312	342	805	1,657	590	65,817	2,962
Pacific Is. Trust Terr.	21,426	13,751	2	-	-	2	7,461	13
Other Oceania	14,768	1,187	14	21	52	12	6,672	59
North America	3,096,561	452	32,045	4,474	70,890	171,955	3,217	229,382
Canada	91,635	92	579	2,071	3,246	2,062	802	512
Mexico	1,533,099	228	21,649	901	64,233	154,946	1,598	177,112
Caribbean	973,349	51	9,160	1,083	915	757	347	917
Antigua	23,725	3	4	9	18	7	3	2
Aruba	8,295	-	198	27	11	3	1	182
Bahamas, The	276,008	3	4,084	49	93	68	26	45
Barbados	40,523	3	32	84	49	17	35	15
Cayman Islands	22,113	-	248	4	4	5	2	245
Cuba	24,837	-	11	4	18	38	2	134
Dominica	114,462	-	17	40	46	150	6	36
Dominican Republic	78,526	2	25	54	123	111	35	25
Grenada	7,390	3	5	25	16	9	2	1
Haiti	52,801	1	30	153	113	62	3	21
Jamaica	168,119	19	2,513	144	217	132	62	75
Netherlands Antilles	20,797	2	1,610	6	13	7	9	21
St. Kitts & Nevis	12,085	-	8	13	9	9	-	-
St. Lucia	12,298	-	4	19	11	9	3	2
Trinidad & Tobago	84,934	11	83	130	125	107	62	75
Other Caribbean	26,436	4	288	322	49	23	96	38
Central America	498,401	81	652	410	2,493	14,190	467	50,841
Belize	16,419	16	8	7	27	29	11	3,492
Costa Rica	97,567	9	166	51	412	5,822	93	5,343
El Salvador	82,934	14	67	110	439	820	124	9,157
Guatemala	124,007	6	122	83	1,109	6,833	89	12,578
Honduras	75,180	12	169	44	129	185	40	12,148
Nicaragua	39,195	3	30	22	91	241	27	2,911
Panama	63,099	21	90	93	286	260	83	5,212
Other North America	77	-	5	9	3	-	3	-
South America	1,837,380	328	6,553	2,416	16,831	11,574	3,438	12,058
Argentina	355,280	30	551	359	1,307	1,587	641	907
Bolivia	29,403	5	50	41	257	353	40	267
Brazil	486,241	118	485	703	11,676	3,888	1,101	689
Chile	110,520	58	419	252	742	896	350	443
Colombia	194,822	21	300	361	650	751	463	1,479
Ecuador	89,475	28	91	91	328	301	250	2,552
Guyana	14,717	1	51	52	18	14	10	19
Paraguay	11,512	1	11	6	96	89	35	25
Peru	150,598	59	183	170	824	2,640	256	582
Suriname	11,912	-	23	10	6	7	4	12
Uruguay	31,881	-	83	36	356	176	58	150
Venezuela	350,950	7	4,306	334	571	872	230	4,932
Other South America	69	-	-	1	-	-	-	1
Stateless	18,817	2	86	138	636	81	141	17
Unknown	110,425	2,649	2,623	2,991	6,776	1,630	2,940	3,109

See footnotes at end of table.

**TABLE 42. NONIMMIGRANTS ADMITTED BY SELECTED PORT OF ENTRY AND REGION
AND SELECTED COUNTRY OF CITIZENSHIP
FISCAL YEAR 1992—Continued**

Region and country of citizenship	Los Angeles	Miami	Newark	New York	Orlando	San Francisco	Washington, DC	Other ²
All countries	2,397,886	3,455,171	641,476	3,324,509	881,993	913,793	437,981	3,134,431
Europe	738,385	1,155,717	515,232	1,965,455	697,016	239,581	267,294	1,515,171
Austria	15,249	37,150	3,140	50,315	3,254	6,754	3,752	17,903
Belgium	9,488	11,632	2,568	59,722	3,277	4,233	10,726	21,873
Bulgaria	293	170	1,050	3,535	19	84	359	698
Czechoslovakia	1,408	1,196	955	12,174	318	442	1,006	5,570
Denmark	14,443	12,425	16,922	25,692	1,473	2,821	1,899	23,171
Finland	6,279	28,660	3,379	42,862	414	950	1,313	9,626
France	62,403	86,754	97,483	188,383	8,015	32,948	41,013	171,009
Germany	174,286	256,446	96,995	282,774	56,210	73,750	83,875	274,623
Greece	2,830	5,983	674	31,497	996	841	2,087	7,609
Hungary	2,454	2,193	1,052	11,004	440	569	1,685	4,796
Iceland	210	426	208	6,380	2,398	107	54	6,828
Ireland	6,484	16,461	3,470	49,320	6,901	3,225	2,089	27,834
Italy	50,398	126,513	7,421	304,883	5,850	8,795	10,192	51,041
Luxembourg	1,228	1,191	159	2,101	1,054	712	309	1,705
Netherlands	40,275	64,137	8,128	83,678	12,063	10,885	3,871	96,058
Norway	10,029	13,946	34,601	18,051	2,690	1,421	1,312	20,297
Poland	2,186	1,659	5,499	23,182	387	489	1,275	12,557
Portugal	1,615	7,888	8,419	22,910	704	1,347	487	6,257
Romania	346	347	149	10,638	44	68	291	1,418
Soviet Union	3,677	2,787	709	69,713	102	4,811	11,513	7,591
Spain	20,445	89,818	29,157	145,699	5,908	2,693	11,366	28,049
Sweden	22,239	30,112	53,101	70,860	5,163	2,744	2,124	54,368
Switzerland	35,585	40,097	5,420	83,774	10,788	7,656	4,368	37,246
United Kingdom	251,847	314,637	132,993	349,125	567,537	70,585	69,183	621,130
Yugoslavia	1,819	2,026	755	12,847	290	403	690	4,103
Other Europe	869	1,063	825	4,336	721	248	455	1,811
Asia	954,528	93,848	62,061	678,445	12,970	581,820	107,726	580,262
Bangladesh	1,764	271	295	5,295	62	244	726	1,009
China ¹	134,775	6,883	3,932	39,606	292	95,432	1,808	63,875
Hong Kong	20,734	1,689	790	8,394	626	35,775	286	40,387
India	14,919	7,955	6,372	64,862	1,183	10,077	6,523	20,924
Indonesia	24,208	931	280	3,946	169	8,169	715	6,303
Iran	6,434	644	992	5,363	166	1,450	1,992	5,800
Israel	13,304	15,091	1,908	111,062	1,214	1,945	3,308	17,133
Japan	477,757	37,288	33,668	229,160	4,055	319,718	69,931	269,613
Jordan	1,162	568	241	11,142	130	349	1,059	1,669
Korea	128,360	6,292	1,902	64,947	313	20,804	1,220	58,933
Kuwait	739	674	361	7,335	318	310	855	1,128
Laos	243	5	35	89	-	220	35	1,046
Lebanon	2,323	1,397	868	6,693	156	323	1,257	7,794
Malaysia	27,729	816	583	2,880	342	7,138	482	6,366
Pakistan	2,613	925	2,939	25,335	206	883	1,350	3,249
Philippines	48,317	5,129	1,041	19,832	497	51,616	1,081	39,863
Saudi Arabia	2,384	1,208	634	25,885	1,313	539	7,456	2,848
Singapore	16,087	563	725	3,529	261	13,210	271	7,886
Sri Lanka	1,661	459	656	2,473	76	510	440	1,688
Syria	828	235	252	6,278	52	90	400	1,004
Thailand	21,299	509	391	3,776	111	10,252	822	12,232
Turkey	2,611	3,094	1,398	21,205	554	676	2,240	3,986
Vietnam	1,182	37	126	564	19	470	194	961
Other Asia	3,095	1,185	1,672	8,794	855	1,620	3,272	4,565
Africa	10,129	8,300	7,515	106,506	1,917	2,755	16,113	24,801
Egypt	2,058	771	958	16,964	364	285	2,303	3,769
Ethiopia	784	115	194	2,013	15	331	2,286	860
Ghana	320	238	317	3,807	37	56	691	1,065
Kenya	447	341	306	2,277	129	155	732	1,330
Morocco	507	576	435	7,666	119	86	337	2,216
Nigeria	844	882	634	14,068	148	292	1,445	1,817
South Africa	3,221	2,969	1,751	26,725	719	832	1,334	5,981
Other Africa	1,948	2,408	2,920	32,986	386	718	6,985	7,763
Oceania	238,465	11,547	18,717	26,321	1,681	20,783	6,796	45,632
Australia	182,197	8,968	14,958	22,234	1,349	14,648	4,747	34,258

See footnotes at end of table.

**TABLE 42. NONIMMIGRANTS ADMITTED BY SELECTED PORT OF ENTRY AND REGION
AND SELECTED COUNTRY OF CITIZENSHIP
FISCAL YEAR 1992—Continued**

Region and country of citizenship	Los Angeles	Miami	Newark	New York	Orlando	San Francisco	Washington, DC	Other ²
New Zealand	52,514	2,422	3,694	3,865	325	4,357	2,008	10,450
Pacific Is. Trust Terr.	31	13	13	9	-	8	2	121
Other Oceania	3,723	144	52	213	7	1,770	39	803
North America	354,455	973,929	30,077	265,847	72,880	54,034	17,911	815,013
Canada	2,714	2,817	810	4,503	347	1,885	944	68,251
Mexico	294,537	171,590	16,796	85,372	64,153	46,577	11,129	422,278
Caribbean	1,709	500,794	11,690	156,655	7,743	517	609	280,402
Antigua	9	2,481	132	5,223	7	1	8	15,818
Aruba	6	3,597	173	221	433	5	2	3,436
Bahamas, The	138	184,653	1,675	907	5,439	42	80	78,706
Barbados	103	10,516	54	8,542	41	28	47	20,957
Cayman Islands	25	19,322	11	472	9	4	1	1,761
Cuba	76	23,794	34	393	13	11	21	288
Dominica	87	44,234	4,428	20,457	65	45	15	44,836
Dominican Republic	136	23,263	2,649	23,079	27	85	37	28,875
Grenada	42	1,811	25	2,584	15	4	10	2,838
Haiti	34	31,657	171	10,754	76	9	72	9,645
Jamaica	549	102,067	1,611	44,564	1,064	132	143	14,827
Netherlands Antilles	25	8,983	264	499	401	16	2	8,939
St. Kitts & Nevis	28	1,056	24	991	3	2	2	9,940
St. Lucia	25	2,515	17	2,769	13	8	20	6,883
Trinidad & Tobago	250	31,629	219	32,729	91	74	133	19,216
Other Caribbean	176	9,216	203	2,471	46	51	16	13,437
Central America	55,491	298,724	772	19,308	631	5,054	5,228	44,059
Belize	1,212	8,917	15	254	1	193	139	2,098
Costa Rica	7,686	66,259	155	4,368	102	283	459	6,359
El Salvador	17,240	36,305	154	4,431	200	2,745	2,693	8,435
Guatemala	22,521	60,608	163	4,963	122	575	1,569	12,666
Honduras	2,820	47,858	102	2,634	88	689	197	8,065
Nicaragua	2,522	30,790	56	301	29	133	87	1,952
Panama	1,490	47,987	127	2,357	89	436	84	4,484
Other North America	4	4	9	9	6	1	1	23
South America	88,493	1,183,867	4,759	267,023	92,300	8,004	18,553	121,183
Argentina	20,083	253,566	814	51,454	4,452	996	929	17,604
Bolivia	688	24,588	79	1,085	49	127	184	1,590
Brazil	33,077	241,176	1,336	83,625	64,289	4,204	15,075	24,799
Chile	5,600	83,288	379	9,788	429	603	522	6,751
Colombia	6,655	145,359	536	26,978	293	486	474	10,016
Ecuador	2,586	67,210	241	12,903	286	124	137	2,347
Guyana	60	4,543	163	6,595	52	24	52	3,063
Paraguay	590	8,777	20	1,294	29	69	29	441
Peru	16,325	115,081	352	4,993	276	524	407	7,926
Suriname	49	9,396	15	2,026	20	51	2	291
Uruguay	1,592	19,598	166	7,570	138	194	201	1,563
Venezuela	1,188	211,228	657	58,708	21,983	602	541	44,791
Other South America	-	57	1	4	4	-	-	1
Stateless	892	144	105	973	88	1,342	53	14,119
Unknown	12,539	27,819	3,010	13,939	3,141	5,474	3,535	18,250

¹ Includes Mainland China and Taiwan. A total of 359,692 nonimmigrant visas were issued to these two countries in fiscal year 1992: 240,646 to Taiwan and 119,046 to Mainland China. (SOURCE: Report of the Visa Office, U.S. Department of State, 1992)

² Includes unknown port of entry.

- Represents zero.

NOTE: Includes arrivals under the Visa Waiver Pilot program. See Nonimmigrant section of text. Excludes the following classes of admission processed in the Nonimmigrant Information System: for all countries -- 137,478 parolees, 25,143 withdrawals and stowaways, and 123,010 refugees.

**TABLE 43. NONIMMIGRANTS ADMITTED BY AGE AND REGION AND SELECTED COUNTRY OF CITIZENSHIP
FISCAL YEAR 1992**

Region and country of citizenship	All ages	Under 15 years	15 - 19 years	20 - 24 years	25 - 34 years	35 - 44 years	45 - 64 years	65 years and over	Unknown
All countries	20,793,847	1,719,436	1,033,726	2,110,347	5,247,300	4,147,485	5,360,942	1,138,809	35,802
Europe	8,844,828	669,987	451,869	766,825	2,150,890	1,712,159	2,532,473	548,741	11,884
Austria	164,483	9,173	7,638	21,020	43,916	30,592	43,944	8,033	167
Belgium	163,260	9,874	8,331	13,211	40,879	35,465	46,241	9,047	212
Bulgaria	7,200	530	476	665	1,725	1,921	1,565	306	12
Czechoslovakia	27,895	1,662	2,431	3,146	6,019	5,746	7,081	1,772	38
Denmark	117,620	6,707	8,997	12,777	26,231	21,351	34,705	6,694	158
Finland	102,589	7,805	6,494	7,218	22,669	22,563	30,276	5,436	128
France	864,046	64,112	72,137	73,237	198,049	177,803	225,380	52,161	1,167
Germany	1,709,100	94,745	78,930	156,872	461,945	300,480	517,100	97,063	1,965
Greece	65,372	3,335	2,346	4,899	14,486	12,714	20,881	6,519	192
Hungary	28,907	1,763	2,103	2,925	5,425	6,811	7,733	2,097	50
Iceland	17,005	1,899	932	1,514	1,605	3,442	4,536	1,053	24
Ireland	154,160	12,763	6,211	17,262	41,188	27,795	39,291	9,350	300
Italy	644,677	27,842	29,859	64,368	204,210	120,071	167,178	30,224	925
Luxembourg	9,947	761	474	767	2,576	2,133	2,793	430	13
Netherlands	400,139	20,718	14,634	34,519	105,441	81,200	117,907	25,179	541
Norway	116,836	6,936	6,776	11,317	25,592	23,585	35,054	7,382	194
Poland	64,575	4,469	3,544	5,892	14,073	15,237	16,775	4,481	104
Portugal	60,579	4,071	2,863	4,740	14,217	13,314	16,801	4,402	171
Romania	16,590	1,203	669	1,027	3,063	3,894	4,996	1,687	51
Soviet Union	107,710	6,706	6,186	7,550	24,287	28,032	31,074	3,696	179
Spain	370,207	23,278	29,080	33,316	102,078	76,761	89,678	15,308	708
Sweden	291,129	20,299	18,714	28,470	60,243	54,172	92,038	16,656	537
Switzerland	306,006	18,148	11,796	34,392	83,829	54,013	85,653	17,791	384
United Kingdom	2,993,479	318,033	127,166	221,835	635,672	584,044	883,448	219,694	3,587
Yugoslavia	29,010	2,232	2,417	2,548	6,358	6,443	7,367	1,589	56
Other Europe	12,307	923	665	1,338	3,114	2,577	2,978	691	21
Asia	6,020,934	392,398	244,153	860,587	1,713,222	1,125,947	1,400,991	274,108	9,528
Bangladesh	10,715	1,249	621	1,283	2,757	2,355	2,156	266	28
China	469,218	32,001	9,951	25,355	125,149	109,681	132,186	34,048	847
Hong Kong	137,294	9,751	6,895	14,027	40,085	31,452	27,538	7,228	318
India	159,832	11,965	4,465	15,611	43,329	29,326	43,889	10,910	337
Indonesia	55,610	4,182	4,178	6,546	12,512	11,898	14,409	1,756	129
Iran	27,719	2,846	855	1,320	5,191	4,845	8,916	3,525	221
Israel	180,603	15,278	8,502	15,752	30,934	39,336	54,350	16,086	365
Japan	3,944,752	220,301	170,864	690,292	1,176,895	664,553	868,637	148,697	4,513
Jordan	19,492	2,011	923	1,984	4,836	3,407	5,462	776	93
Korea	405,417	30,457	11,033	29,818	98,459	93,246	118,163	23,535	706
Kuwait	13,826	2,895	812	1,547	4,070	2,635	1,659	163	45
Laos	1,866	131	52	66	285	408	554	363	7
Lebanon	24,901	2,197	923	2,500	7,063	4,155	6,335	1,563	165
Malaysia	57,186	4,568	2,227	7,852	16,516	13,621	10,920	1,403	79
Pakistan	43,250	5,821	2,540	4,355	9,603	8,718	10,527	1,586	100
Philippines	203,522	17,392	6,344	13,554	58,520	50,942	43,154	13,063	553
Saudi Arabia	48,409	11,331	2,170	4,420	15,964	8,293	5,434	554	243
Singapore	58,343	4,899	2,051	5,433	19,713	14,403	10,296	1,470	78
Sri Lanka	9,550	846	317	843	2,598	2,012	2,466	456	12
Syria	10,478	1,294	590	1,026	2,283	1,521	2,859	713	192
Thailand	59,487	4,495	3,162	6,024	14,976	14,305	14,249	2,079	197
Turkey	43,029	2,191	2,222	5,017	11,614	8,323	11,008	2,554	100
Vietnam	4,343	436	281	471	995	775	919	450	16
Other Asia	32,092	3,861	2,175	5,491	8,875	5,737	4,905	864	184
Africa	206,537	16,996	8,122	15,724	53,808	52,490	50,317	8,378	702
Egypt	31,662	2,837	1,079	1,903	7,122	7,394	9,458	1,771	98
Ethiopia	8,095	714	594	647	1,558	1,716	2,419	372	75
Ghana	7,780	472	228	481	2,187	2,307	1,860	225	20
Kenya	7,365	680	392	972	1,825	1,620	1,684	159	33
Morocco	12,737	912	568	1,337	3,826	2,858	2,812	368	56
Nigeria	23,963	2,169	665	953	6,649	7,194	5,840	435	58
South Africa	51,251	4,488	2,185	3,509	11,855	11,437	13,879	3,833	65
Other Africa	63,684	4,724	2,411	5,922	18,786	17,964	12,365	1,215	297
Oceania	658,365	58,189	30,971	70,855	147,669	129,912	178,996	40,951	822
Australia	469,051	42,901	22,006	51,569	103,593	92,553	127,117	28,749	563
New Zealand	153,120	11,033	6,371	15,378	35,450	29,744	44,201	10,758	185

See footnotes at end of table.

**TABLE 43. NONIMMIGRANTS ADMITTED BY AGE AND REGION AND SELECTED COUNTRY OF CITIZENSHIP
FISCAL YEAR 1992—Continued**

Region and country of citizenship	All ages	Under 15 years	15 - 19 years	20 - 24 years	25 - 34 years	35 - 44 years	45 - 64 years	65 years and over	Unknown
Pacific Is. Trust Terr.	21,426	2,883	2,032	2,585	4,980	4,263	3,952	695	36
Other Oceania	14,768	1,372	562	1,323	3,646	3,352	3,726	749	38
North America	3,096,561	348,828	171,925	265,140	772,278	685,252	688,003	157,055	8,080
Canada	91,635	7,942	6,251	12,499	28,910	20,263	14,374	1,211	185
Mexico	1,533,099	184,596	92,276	138,251	377,266	322,385	337,052	76,943	4,330
Caribbean	973,349	100,269	46,311	77,086	251,897	229,177	217,531	48,795	2,283
Antigua	23,725	2,506	1,275	3,198	6,563	5,297	4,145	693	48
Aruba	8,295	854	308	557	1,913	2,104	2,287	248	24
Bahamas, The	276,008	32,641	15,399	29,818	81,041	55,352	52,856	7,988	913
Barbados	40,523	4,265	1,980	3,074	10,961	9,750	8,899	1,531	63
Cayman Islands	22,113	3,108	1,495	2,550	5,562	4,553	4,164	646	35
Cuba	24,837	187	147	201	917	2,761	12,731	7,856	37
Dominica	114,462	13,101	5,759	8,248	25,975	28,456	27,079	5,591	253
Dominican Republic	78,526	8,238	3,732	6,150	19,305	19,093	17,794	4,065	149
Grenada	7,390	603	247	768	2,356	1,653	1,364	378	21
Haiti	52,801	3,816	1,745	2,251	11,317	15,561	13,600	4,349	162
Jamaica	168,119	14,151	6,948	9,507	48,692	46,887	34,404	7,234	296
Netherlands Antilles	20,797	2,430	1,049	1,369	4,373	5,553	5,241	751	31
St. Kitts & Nevis	12,085	1,266	612	1,034	3,820	3,238	1,737	347	31
St. Lucia	12,298	955	553	1,244	3,942	2,978	2,222	382	22
Trinidad & Tobago	84,934	9,375	3,460	4,092	17,923	19,745	24,405	5,808	126
Other Caribbean	26,436	2,773	1,602	3,025	7,237	6,196	4,603	928	72
Central America	498,401	56,017	27,076	37,298	114,180	113,413	119,033	30,102	1,282
Belize	16,419	2,000	864	1,736	4,382	3,499	3,216	692	30
Costa Rica	97,567	11,345	5,698	6,737	23,327	22,971	22,417	4,849	223
El Salvador	82,934	9,030	4,326	6,095	18,902	18,876	20,260	5,225	220
Guatemala	124,007	16,030	7,194	9,397	27,611	26,621	28,674	8,128	352
Honduras	75,180	7,096	3,504	6,383	19,034	19,328	16,615	3,035	185
Nicaragua	39,195	3,829	1,709	1,949	7,985	9,429	10,889	3,265	140
Panama	63,099	6,687	3,781	5,001	12,939	12,689	16,962	4,908	132
Other North America	77	4	11	6	25	14	13	4	-
South America	1,837,380	222,379	120,237	120,690	382,069	416,222	473,205	98,673	3,905
Argentina	355,280	45,695	26,340	21,918	60,667	74,775	103,136	22,110	639
Bolivia	29,403	3,372	2,040	2,276	6,353	6,637	7,171	1,486	68
Brazil	486,241	57,105	39,501	30,792	104,118	114,981	117,793	21,106	845
Chile	110,520	11,494	4,971	6,091	23,076	27,695	31,236	5,768	189
Colombia	194,822	24,090	10,383	11,346	44,254	44,720	48,308	10,919	802
Ecuador	89,475	12,045	5,890	6,496	18,109	20,270	21,590	4,816	259
Guyana	14,717	1,239	520	777	3,555	4,525	3,372	714	15
Paraguay	11,512	1,481	820	937	2,721	2,301	2,769	459	24
Peru	150,598	12,747	7,598	13,330	34,259	33,031	39,274	10,080	279
Suriname	11,912	1,518	571	812	2,846	2,699	3,053	393	20
Uruguay	31,881	2,423	1,599	1,735	6,214	6,686	10,367	2,791	66
Venezuela	350,950	49,156	19,996	24,177	75,887	77,885	85,124	18,026	699
Other South America	69	14	8	3	10	17	12	5	-
Stateless	18,817	559	407	1,123	2,278	3,543	7,566	3,285	56
Unknown	110,425	10,100	6,042	9,403	25,086	21,960	29,391	7,610	825

¹ Includes Mainland China and Taiwan. A total of 359,692 nonimmigrant visas were issued to these two countries in fiscal year 1992: 240,646 to Taiwan and 119,046 to Mainland China. (SOURCE: Report of the Visa Office, U.S. Department of State, 1992)

- Represents zero.

NOTE: Includes arrivals under the Visa Waiver Pilot program. See Nonimmigrant section of text. Excludes the following classes of admission processed in the Nonimmigrant Information System: for all countries -- 137,478 parolees, 25,143 withdrawals and stowaways, and 123,010 refugees.

**TABLE 44. NONIMMIGRANTS ADMITTED BY SELECTED CLASS OF ADMISSION
AND STATE OF INTENDED RESIDENCE
FISCAL YEAR 1992**

State of intended residence	All classes ^{1 2}	Foreign government officials ³	Temp. visitors for business ²	Temp. visitors for pleasure ²	Transit aliens ¹	Treaty traders and investors ³	Students	Spouses and children of students	Temp. workers and trainees	Spouses and children of temp. workers and trainees
Total	20,793,847	102,645	2,788,141	16,450,099	345,610	152,416	241,093	33,431	163,137	39,921
Alabama	32,971	1,200	9,289	16,162	543	623	2,062	328	345	168
Alaska	36,735	113	4,284	29,195	647	718	300	40	742	32
Arizona	123,993	468	26,235	85,879	45	810	3,971	616	1,952	258
Arkansas	12,974	37	2,826	6,967	6	211	1,037	114	579	104
California	3,063,685	8,710	426,201	2,460,776	12,325	30,305	39,529	3,958	22,781	6,445
Colorado	165,068	547	29,645	123,379	49	548	3,683	828	1,114	290
Connecticut	121,147	401	24,588	74,380	377	3,721	3,301	356	2,578	1,011
Delaware	17,427	225	6,346	8,009	204	323	519	57	227	80
District of Columbia	246,571	21,373	77,054	117,312	552	563	2,594	382	1,586	151
Florida	4,381,502	9,299	336,326	3,928,849	39,651	10,997	11,625	1,656	15,127	2,712
Georgia	178,964	2,842	55,195	102,188	586	4,663	3,418	573	1,755	723
Hawaii	2,051,615	2,096	42,662	1,991,462	3,560	3,158	3,530	372	964	229
Idaho	10,270	12	1,572	6,220	1	25	877	74	682	38
Illinois	400,404	2,071	127,962	232,055	432	6,404	8,317	1,690	5,378	1,678
Indiana	59,151	156	15,739	30,201	21	1,905	3,673	509	879	429
Iowa	25,732	37	5,612	12,591	12	162	3,781	498	232	105
Kansas	27,082	379	6,840	13,116	12	237	3,657	414	256	99
Kentucky	30,306	165	9,531	13,951	14	1,705	1,368	269	677	258
Louisiana	133,523	557	26,468	93,516	5,746	557	2,314	419	598	165
Maine	25,944	24	3,937	17,518	325	97	793	45	1,187	43
Maryland	154,295	5,336	25,959	88,482	1,198	1,502	3,439	497	1,952	739
Massachusetts	372,189	1,301	82,353	239,587	855	2,352	13,369	1,519	7,254	1,252
Michigan	166,150	318	47,362	87,556	508	4,666	7,024	1,304	2,725	1,134
Minnesota	84,030	156	24,362	48,391	51	424	3,216	326	885	236
Mississippi	10,705	145	1,885	5,894	418	44	1,001	223	76	34
Missouri	55,511	319	15,623	29,726	31	729	3,815	564	649	225
Montana	10,574	5	948	8,123	20	33	649	56	84	11
Nebraska	12,133	25	2,444	6,984	9	66	1,268	168	130	38
Nevada	168,985	430	28,333	137,665	30	272	687	77	493	76
New Hampshire	27,143	44	6,161	17,035	42	199	1,027	110	314	102
New Jersey	344,407	1,029	63,273	229,072	1,755	12,335	5,745	957	8,183	3,967
New Mexico	23,963	184	4,625	16,233	6	58	831	177	329	130
New York	2,521,458	14,053	395,697	1,931,118	10,947	24,267	24,214	2,940	34,348	6,939
North Carolina	88,785	328	26,950	44,487	196	2,271	2,766	504	3,585	439
North Dakota	7,778	5	712	5,493	14	41	810	102	64	27
Ohio	139,802	570	43,786	68,785	121	5,153	6,902	1,165	2,086	843
Oklahoma	32,933	194	8,481	16,667	4	180	4,075	677	533	203
Oregon	65,655	96	11,387	44,074	724	852	3,771	455	536	185
Pennsylvania	200,313	652	49,715	114,835	2,638	2,214	8,813	1,397	3,340	1,042
Rhode Island	23,927	295	4,754	15,398	104	278	1,284	145	244	65
South Carolina	44,268	143	10,173	27,568	180	1,121	1,552	220	422	171
South Dakota	5,126	4	425	3,700	3	29	496	68	49	16
Tennessee	54,640	117	16,263	28,574	22	1,930	2,200	311	716	296
Texas	728,901	6,823	179,350	474,871	7,524	7,260	13,888	2,273	8,108	3,197
Utah	41,641	311	6,298	29,404	7	117	3,037	447	418	90
Vermont	26,567	7	2,798	20,740	6	183	714	37	658	35
Virginia	162,474	6,856	28,203	94,846	828	2,052	4,058	880	4,768	680
Washington	195,328	972	40,128	129,000	2,466	3,549	7,534	656	4,021	629
West Virginia	8,055	15	1,489	4,464	6	89	959	101	128	71
Wisconsin	64,705	83	16,057	37,897	26	331	4,049	548	634	264
Wyoming	6,997	8	637	5,380	1	11	294	44	126	9
Guam	566,738	408	8,828	541,116	2,504	3,323	204	40	5,764	241
Puerto Rico	169,074	1,311	36,215	124,363	2,476	838	317	50	1,383	203
Virgin Islands	15,696	24	2,943	11,912	324	91	96	7	97	16
Unknown	3,047,837	9,366	355,212	2,396,933	244,458	5,824	6,640	1,188	8,396	1,298

See footnotes at end of table.

**TABLE 44. NONIMMIGRANTS ADMITTED BY SELECTED CLASS OF ADMISSION
AND STATE OF INTENDED RESIDENCE
FISCAL YEAR 1992—Continued**

State of intended residence	International representatives ¹	Representatives of foreign information media ¹	Exchange visitors	Spouses and children of exchange visitors	Fiancés(ees) of U.S. citizens ⁵	Intracompany transferees	Spouses and children of intracompany transferees	NATO officials ³	U.S.-Canada Free-Trade Agreement workers ³	Unknown
Total	69,985	21,746	189,919	42,031	8,569	75,347	45,501	8,888	13,958	1,410
Alabama	150	26	1,034	291	41	188	145	287	83	6
Alaska	11	92	291	22	45	69	31	14	89	-
Arizona	22	134	1,752	419	206	470	354	155	234	13
Arkansas	3	9	854	75	30	44	32	13	25	8
California	574	3,349	20,823	6,238	1,797	10,419	6,707	834	1,828	86
Colorado	39	112	2,896	731	119	488	345	95	148	12
Connecticut	536	138	4,350	720	110	2,630	1,666	32	248	4
Delaware	7	6	624	123	21	392	236	3	24	1
District of Columbia	13,667	2,235	7,764	469	57	222	104	403	76	7
Florida	1,122	1,716	7,206	1,097	444	7,703	3,671	506	1,551	244
Georgia	104	218	2,494	515	123	2,039	1,167	129	195	37
Hawaii	81	958	895	304	234	450	273	37	164	186
Idaho	3	3	582	60	18	29	15	1	40	18
Illinois	93	392	6,669	1,672	271	2,962	1,986	94	262	16
Indiana	6	59	3,519	767	60	649	482	18	77	2
Iowa	7	14	1,937	437	41	138	81	2	43	2
Kansas	7	6	1,441	222	51	125	114	54	47	5
Kentucky	6	31	1,068	214	39	467	434	60	49	-
Louisiana	37	123	1,749	417	58	301	230	10	257	1
Maine	3	14	1,666	37	28	57	29	10	131	-
Maryland	13,561	706	6,841	2,351	151	614	485	315	166	1
Massachusetts	242	415	13,551	3,632	250	2,311	1,307	117	488	34
Michigan	32	141	5,369	1,300	257	2,980	2,379	21	1,062	12
Minnesota	20	105	3,684	750	160	679	446	13	123	3
Mississippi	11	2	762	105	20	35	21	16	13	-
Missouri	53	50	2,305	572	83	378	229	67	87	6
Montana	-	10	479	34	30	21	7	-	44	20
Nebraska	5	6	674	163	31	35	32	16	27	12
Nevada	9	138	370	41	79	86	47	10	139	3
New Hampshire	11	13	1,468	84	26	251	170	2	82	2
New Jersey	1,294	326	5,928	1,322	257	5,254	3,353	75	265	17
New Mexico	16	35	880	233	54	44	37	45	44	2
New York	24,503	6,147	24,271	3,981	735	10,497	5,376	224	1,137	64
North Carolina	39	49	3,297	891	126	1,375	1,018	35	407	22
North Dakota	5	9	340	38	28	10	7	1	71	1
Ohio	28	96	5,455	1,254	166	1,797	1,232	110	244	9
Oklahoma	3	11	1,091	222	43	215	195	108	27	4
Oregon	9	62	2,224	515	97	323	191	1	130	23
Pennsylvania	86	111	9,588	2,147	222	1,930	1,110	151	307	15
Rhode Island	12	11	826	148	35	127	68	107	24	2
South Carolina	11	22	1,250	152	52	603	547	10	69	2
South Dakota	6	12	269	4	6	9	10	-	18	2
Tennessee	18	76	2,309	575	82	577	471	6	90	7
Texas	234	596	9,022	2,731	536	5,658	3,759	2,128	1,900	43
Utah	7	66	878	191	61	90	52	42	112	13
Vermont	5	11	883	64	21	168	163	1	68	5
Virginia	9,667	466	3,870	824	248	1,183	737	1,941	170	197
Washington	113	123	3,220	696	294	785	502	121	507	12
West Virginia	3	6	557	55	12	45	42	-	13	-
Wisconsin	37	38	3,224	626	87	414	290	3	89	8
Wyoming	3	8	344	41	7	20	10	-	24	30
Guam	23	286	22	1	113	2,708	1,027	4	4	122
Puerto Rico	44	55	273	47	25	928	492	23	30	1
Virgin Islands	7	7	20	-	2	88	34	3	25	-
Unknown	3,390	1,896	5,761	1,411	380	3,267	1,553	415	381	68

¹ Excludes the following classes of admission processed in the Nonimmigrant Information System: for all countries -- 137,478 parolees, 25,143 withdrawals and stowaways, and 123,010 refugees.

² Includes arrivals under the Visa Waiver Pilot program. See Nonimmigrant section of text.

³ Includes spouses and unmarried minor (or dependent) children.

⁴ Includes foreign government officials and their spouses and unmarried minor (or dependent) children in transit.

⁵ Includes minor children of fiancés(ees).

- Represents zero. NOTE: See Glossary for detailed descriptions of classes of admission.

V. NATURALIZATIONS

Naturalization refers to the conferring of U.S. citizenship, by any means, upon a person after birth. There were five ways of becoming a U.S. citizen in 1992: naturalization in a court ceremony; naturalization through an administrative hearing; derivation through the naturalization of parents; acquisition at birth abroad to citizen parents; and legislation naturalizing certain groups of persons (see Limitations of Data). As part of the naturalization process, applicants pledge an oath of allegiance to the United States, thereby renouncing allegiance to their former countries of nationality.

In fiscal year 1992, 240,252 persons were counted as receiving U.S. citizenship through naturalization; however, the actual number of naturalizations in 1992 was higher by an unknown amount. The 1992 total is understated because the statistical records of persons who were naturalized in 1992 have not been completed in several INS district offices. The 1992 figure will increase as the statistical records are completed, with most of the additional naturalized persons living in the areas under the jurisdiction

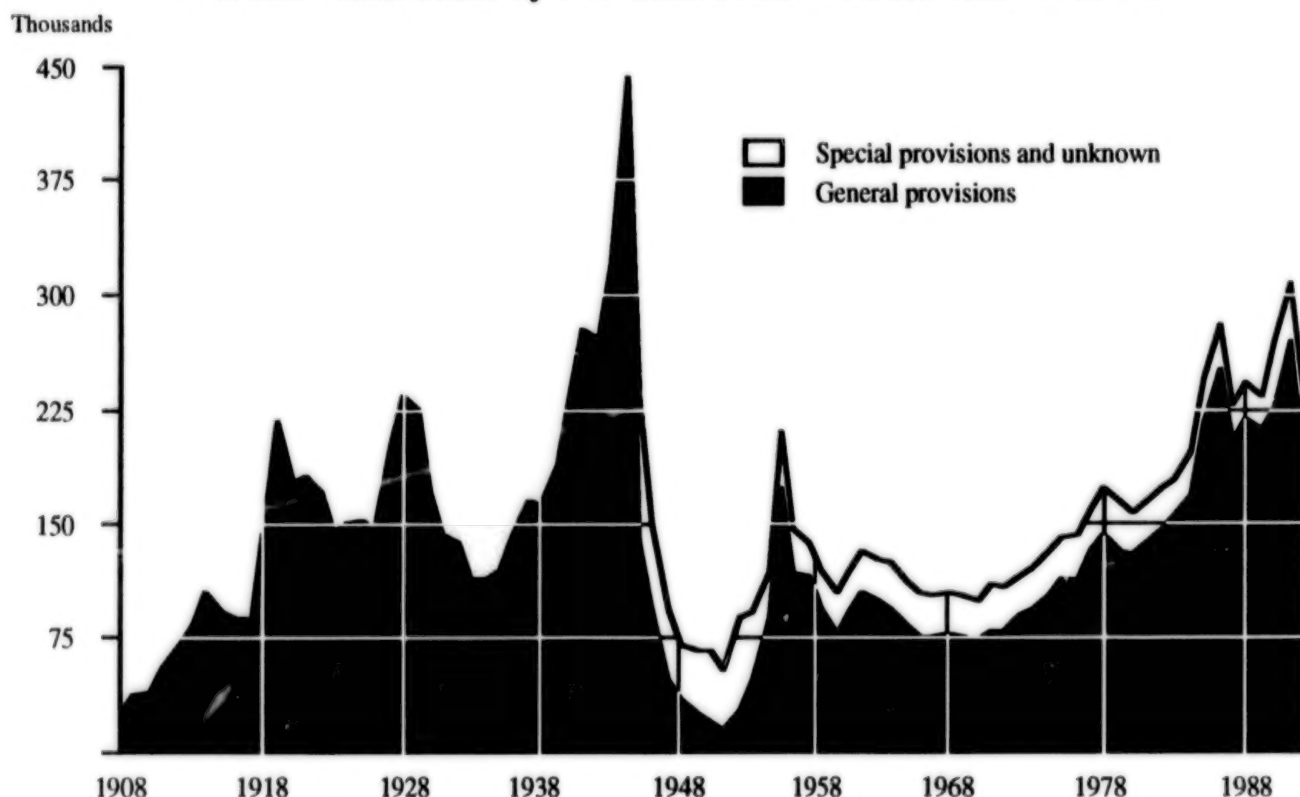
of the Los Angeles district. When the statistical reporting of naturalizations are current in all offices, the fiscal year data reported in future *Yearbooks* will be adjusted and persons will be counted in the year of their naturalization. Until then, no significance should be attributed to changes in the trends in naturalizations, especially by state or metropolitan area of residence.

More than 240,000 people were naturalized during 1992.

Naturalization Policy

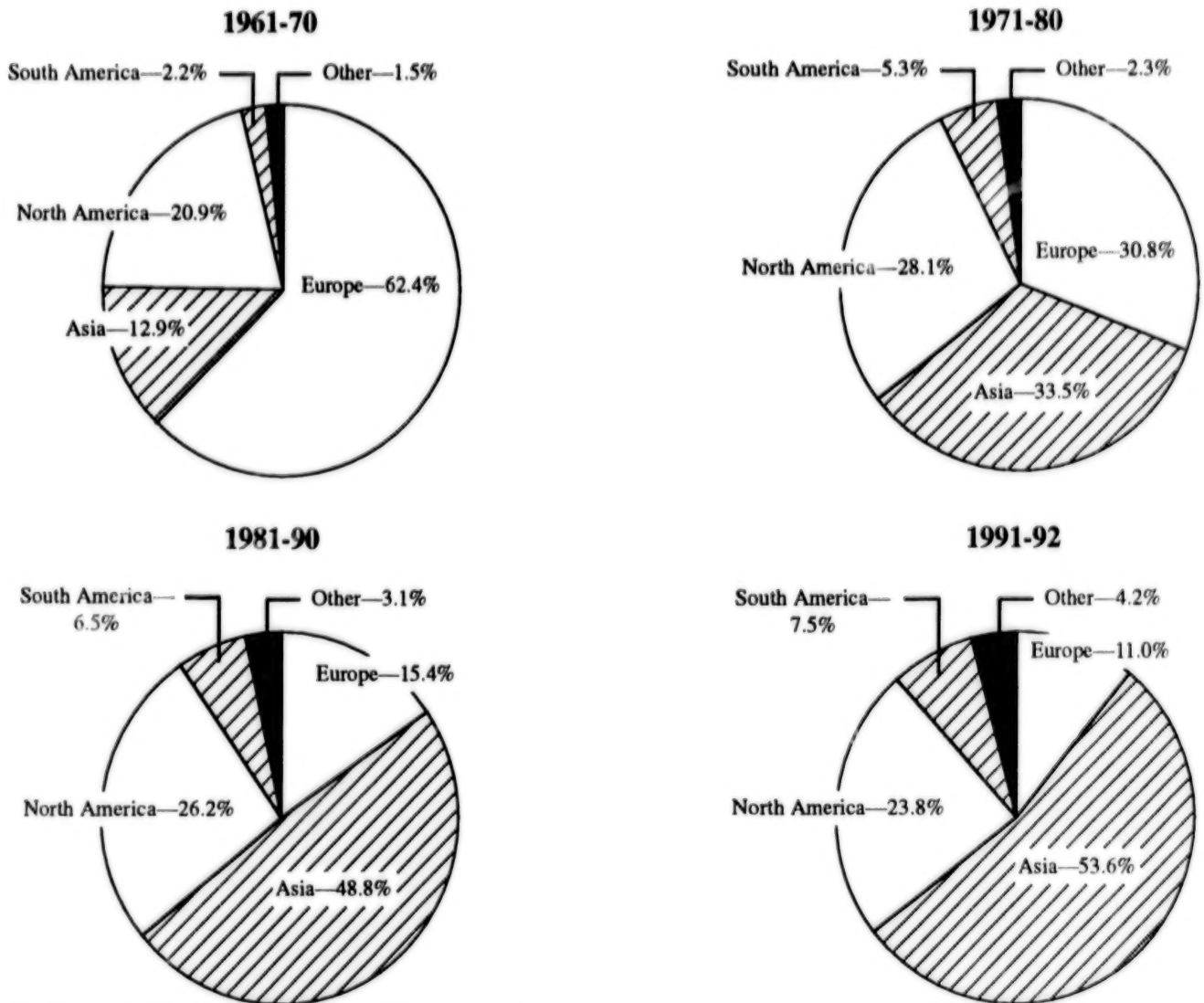
To naturalize, an immigrant must fulfill certain requirements set forth in the Immigration and Nationality Act concerning age, lawful admission, and residence in the United States. Additional requirements include the ability to speak, read, and write the English language; knowledge of the U.S. government and U.S. history; and having good moral character. The general naturalization provisions specify that an alien must fulfill the following conditions: be at least eighteen years of age; have been lawfully admitted to the United States for permanent residence; and

Chart N
Persons Naturalized by Provision of Law: Fiscal Years 1908-92



Source: 1987-92, Table 46; 1908-86, previous *Yearbooks*.

Chart O
Persons Naturalized by Decade and Selected Region of Birth: Fiscal Years 1961-92



Source: 1992, Table 54; 1961-91, previous *Yearbooks*.

have resided in this country continuously for at least five years. These minimum requirements must be met for an alien to be considered for naturalization under the general provisions of immigration law. More than eighty percent of immigrants currently naturalize under the general provisions. The remaining immigrants who naturalize do so under the special provisions of the law (Chart N).

The special provisions of naturalization law exempt aliens from one or more of the requirements of the general provisions. Spouses and children of U.S. citizens and military classes constitute the main special naturalization categories. The majority of people naturalizing as spouses of U.S. citizens may do so in three years rather than the five years prescribed under the general provisions.

Children who immigrate with their parents generally do not naturalize, but derive U.S. citizenship through the naturalization of their parents. Children adopted by U.S. citizens may naturalize to become U.S. citizens, although they are no longer required to do so, since they are eligible for administrative naturalization by the INS. These children may be naturalized in court ceremonies prior to reaching age eighteen with no residency requirements. Aliens who served honorably during World War I, World War II, the Korean Conflict, the Vietnam Conflict, or the Grenada Campaign, under certain conditions, may naturalize without prior admission to permanent resident status. Also, they need not have resided in the country for a particular length of time. Lawful permanent resident aliens who have served honorably in the Armed Forces of the United States for as

much as three years also are entitled to certain exemptions from the general naturalization requirements. Although there are other special naturalization categories, those specified above currently account for more than ninety percent of the naturalizations under special provisions.

Every applicant for naturalization in the United States must file an application for naturalization (Form N-400, Application to File Petition for Naturalization). All aliens filing these applications who meet the preliminary documentary requirements must be interviewed by INS officers to determine their eligibility to naturalize. During the interview the officer discerns the applicant's knowledge and understanding of the English language as well as of the history and government of the United States. Those applicants found qualified are scheduled for an oath-administration ceremony conducted either by the INS or the courts.

Data Overview

As the sending areas of immigrants admitted to the United States have shifted, so have the origins of persons naturalized. Data by region of birth indicate that major changes have occurred between 1961 and 1992 (Chart O). Naturalizations for Europe, the leading region through 1975, comprised 62 percent of the naturalizations during the 1960s, but declined to 15 percent of the total during the 1980s. Naturalizations of Asians have increased over time—Asians accounted for 13 percent of naturalizations during the 1960s, 34 percent during the 1970s, 49 percent during the 1980s, and 54 percent since 1990. The predominance of Asia as the region of origin for naturalizations echoes the increase in immigration from Asia as a result of the Immigration and Nationality Act Amendments of 1965 and the arrival of Indochinese

refugees beginning in 1975. Asian immigrants also have historically exhibited higher naturalization rates than Europeans. The leading countries of former allegiance of persons naturalized in 1992 was the Philippines with 28,579, followed by Vietnam (18,357), Mainland China (13,488), India (13,413), and Mexico (12,880).

Since most naturalizations occur under the general provisions of naturalization law, the majority of aliens naturalizing must have resided in the United States for at least five years as lawful permanent residents. The median number of years of residence for the total naturalized population has remained fairly constant over the last thirty years, at about eight years. Major differences, however, are evident among regions (Table J). Median lengths of residence in 1992 ranged from seven years (Asia and Africa) to twelve years (North America). Historically, there have been shifts in the median years of residence. In general, however, Asians and Africans tend to naturalize soon after they are eligible to do so, while aliens from other regions remain in the United States as lawful permanent residents for longer periods of time prior to naturalizing.

Data Collection

Data on persons naturalized in the United States are collected by approximately 65 INS offices where aliens intending to naturalize may file their applications. The INS collects two types of data on naturalizations: workload statistics and data on the characteristics of aliens who have naturalized. (The workload data consist of the number of naturalization applications received as well as the number of aliens naturalized during a fiscal year.) These data are collected by each INS office as part of the Service's work measurement data (see Entries section).

Table J
Median Years of Residence by Year of Naturalization and Region of Birth:
Selected Fiscal Years 1960-92

Region of birth	1992	1985	1980	1975	1970	1965	1960
Persons naturalized	8	8	8	7	8	7	8
Europe	11	9	10	8	9	7	7
Asia	7	7	7	6	6	6	6
Africa	7	7	7	6	6	6	6
Oceania	11	8	8	7	9	8	10
North America	12	13	11	9	7	9	10
South America	9	8	9	10	7	7	7

Data on the characteristics of aliens naturalized also are collected by INS offices where aliens file their naturalization applications. These detailed characteristics are collected either through the manual coding of data from the naturalization application or through the automated Naturalization Casework System (NACS), an application tracking system which has been implemented in the larger INS offices. The data collected on aliens naturalized include demographic variables (e.g., date and country of birth, sex, marital status, and occupation) as well as immigration-oriented variables (e.g., date of admission for permanent residence and section of naturalization law).

Limitations of Data

Data on naturalizations collected by the INS are limited to aliens who have naturalized in court ceremonies or at administrative hearings. Individuals who derive or acquire U.S. citizenship currently are not included in the data collected by the INS. The data on those children who automatically derive their citizenship through their naturalizing parents are collected only when the family requests a copy of the child's certificate of citizenship from the INS. This document may be requested at the time the parents (principal aliens) became naturalized or any time thereafter. No information is available for children who automatically derive citizenship but no request is made for certificate of naturalization. Thus, the number of children deriving citizenship through their naturalizing parents each year is unknown.

Aliens who become U.S. citizens through the legislative process are also not covered by data collected by the INS. A recent example of the legislative procedure occurred upon the dissolution of the Trust Territory of the Pacific through which the Northern Mariana Islands became a commonwealth of the United States, making its residents U.S. citizens.

For some variables there is a relatively large proportion of cases with missing information. Most of the missing information is specific to certain offices. These offices failed to record naturalizations in the statistical system, but entered data on all persons naturalized in another automated system. The 1992 records were retrieved, but unfortunately they do not contain information on all the variables included in the statistical system. Most of the affected records are for persons residing in the jurisdictional areas of the Los Angeles, CA, Miami, FL, Baltimore, MD, and El Paso, TX offices. The percent of records with missing information by variable is: naturalization provision (5.0 percent), sex (2.3), marital status (5.1), occupation (27.8), state of residence (1.6), metropolitan area of residence (4.8), and calendar year of

entry (.4). The number of persons whose marital status was "separated" at the time of naturalization has been overstated by an unknown amount in the *Statistical Yearbooks* for 1986 through 1989. Persons who were single were mistakenly counted as separated in some offices.

Naturalization Rates

Although everyone admitted to the United States as an immigrant has the right to become a naturalized citizen after fulfilling the requirements, a large proportion of immigrants never become citizens. The term "naturalization rate" is used to refer to the proportion of an immigrant group that gains citizenship through naturalization. Naturalization rates differ considerably among different categories of immigrants. For example, immigrants who are young adults when they arrive, or who come from distant parts of the world such as Asia and Africa, have high naturalization rates. People admitted in certain classes of admission, such as those reserved for refugees and persons in professional occupations, also have a high propensity to naturalize.

The most precise way of calculating naturalization rates would be to examine the number of persons who naturalize in comparison to the number eligible to do so. The people who become citizens in any given year are drawn from the population of immigrants in all previous years who have survived, remained in the United States and waited for the required period of five years (or less for some categories of naturalization). The exact size of the total eligible population would be very difficult to estimate, because it represents the cumulative effect of many decades of immigrant experience, and records are not kept of key components such as emigration. As an alternative to such an approach, the Immigration and Naturalization Service has compiled statistics on the naturalization experience of a single immigration-year cohort, that of 1977.

The estimates were made by linking the records of the 1977 immigrants with their naturalization records in 1977 and subsequent years. Record linkages have been completed for all years through 1991; the naturalization rates based on these linked records form the basis for this discussion. The calculations omit persons who were under age 16 in 1977. Because children under 16 may automatically derive U.S. citizenship based on the naturalization of their parents, many children are likely to have become citizens without appearing in the naturalizations data base. Since we know from the yearly naturalizations data that the median number of years of

residence for persons naturalizing is eight years, and that this has been relatively constant over time, fourteen years of experience is an adequate period for analysis of an immigrant cohort's naturalization patterns. By the end of 1991, 38.7 percent of the 1977 immigrant cohort had become naturalized citizens.

Data Overview

As Chart P shows, naturalizations of the 1977 immigrant cohort peaked in 1983 and 1984, the sixth and seventh years following immigration. The annual numbers becoming citizens from this cohort have declined steadily since 1983 but will remain above zero for many years, since the majority remain in the pool of those eligible. The early, small peak of naturalizations in 1980 illustrates the fact that some categories of immigrants are eligible before the five-year waiting period required for the general naturalization provision. These include spouses of American citizens, for whom the waiting period is three years (see Naturalization Policy). Also, one of the largest single categories of immigrants in 1977 was Cuban refugees, many of whom had lived in the United States since the 1960s and were adjusting to immigrant status under the provisions of the Cuban Adjustment Act of 1966. That legislation established an artificial "date of admission" to immigrant status as 18 months prior to the date of adjustment of status, which gave most of the 1977 Cuban immigrant cohort an admission date in 1975 or early 1976 for naturalization purposes.

Immigrants who fail to naturalize, the majority in this cohort to date, may be divided analytically into three categories: those who die before naturalizing; those who emigrate before naturalizing; and those who fail to apply. Failure to apply may in turn have several explanations: difficulties with the requirements of the naturalization process, such as the fees, requirements for passing examinations in the English language and civics, and the showing of "good moral character;" apprehension about the application process; and, finally, for others, a positive decision not to apply for a variety of reasons.

The probability of naturalizing to date is highest for persons who were 23 years old when they became immigrants in 1977 (Chart Q). Persons in their late teens and twenties at the time of immigration generally have a high propensity to naturalize; the rate declines gradually as age increases. Age 40 is the dividing line for naturalization rates above and below the average for this cohort. The very low rates of naturalization for elderly immigrants probably are the result of their higher death rates as well as other factors.

Naturalization rates also vary substantially by visa category, although the changes in the immigration law

Table K
Naturalizations Through Fiscal Year 1991
of Immigrants Admitted in
Fiscal Year 1977 by Year

Year	Immigrants in 1977 ¹	
	Naturalizations	Percent naturalized
Total	136,136	38.7
1977	574	.2
1978	2,907	.8
1979	3,848	1.1
1980	6,626	1.9
1981	4,597	1.3
1982	16,319	4.6
1983	27,118	7.7
1984	24,462	6.9
1985	15,363	4.4
1986	9,787	2.8
1987	6,537	1.9
1988	6,038	1.7
1989	5,278	1.5
1990	4,223	1.2
1991	2,433	.7
Unknown	26	Z

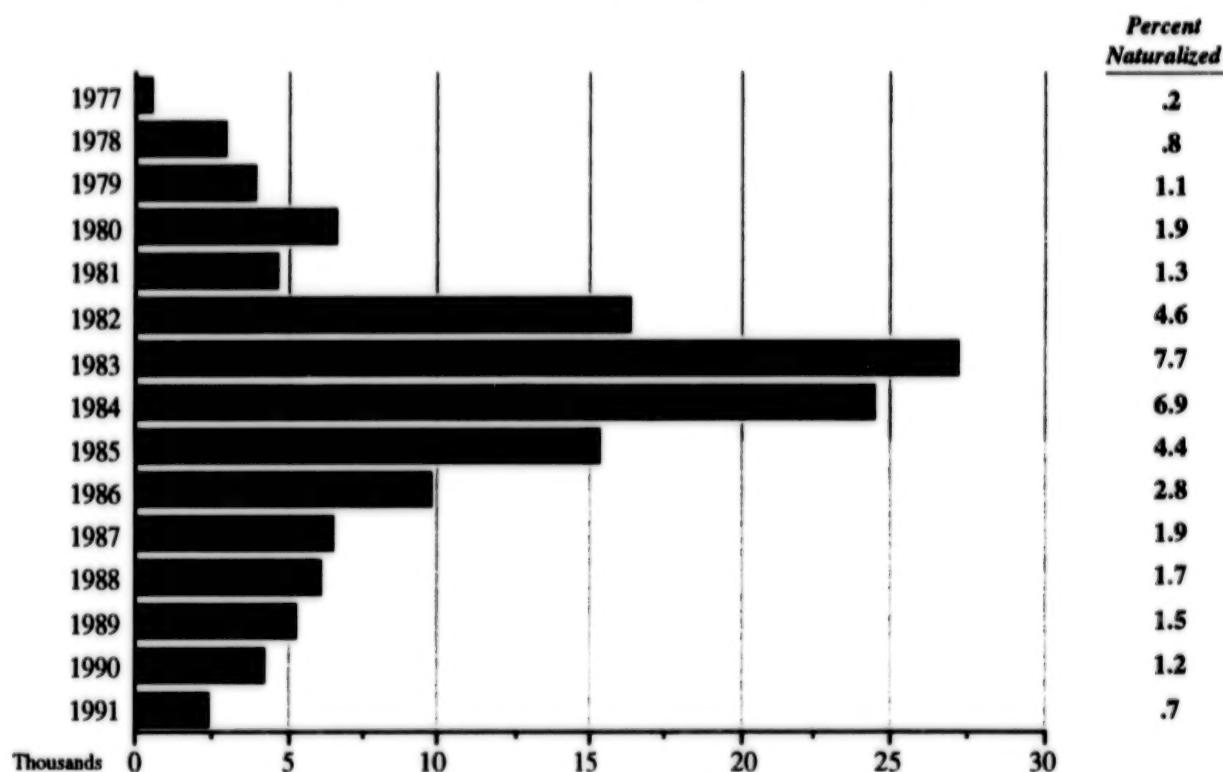
¹ Ages 16 and over.

Z Rounds to less than 0.05 percent.

since 1977 have made some of the categories less relevant to understanding current naturalization patterns. A particularly high percentage of naturalizations occurred among immigrants admitted under the old seventh preference, the category reserved for refugees at that time, and the third preference, members of the professions and their immediate families. All immigrants admitted under the old numerically-limited preference categories have naturalization rates higher than the average, although some are not substantially higher. The lowest naturalization rates are observed among the numerically-limited Western Hemisphere immigrants (22.4 percent; a category no longer in use), immediate relatives of U.S. citizens (32.7 percent), and nonpreference immigrants (33.8 percent; another category no longer in use). Refugees admitted under the Cuban Adjustment Act have a naturalization rate of 34.9 percent, slightly below the average, and an interesting contrast to the high naturalization rate observed among the seventh preference refugees.

The differing percentages of naturalizations among immigrants from different parts of the world is particularly striking. In general, immigrants from Asia, Africa, and Eastern Europe are very likely to naturalize, while

Chart P
Naturalizations Through Fiscal Year 1991 of Immigrants Admitted in Fiscal Year 1977 by Year



immigrants from Western Europe, Canada, and Mexico are much less likely to do so. Some interesting exceptions to this generalization exist; for example, few Japanese immigrants become citizens. Table L displays the 20 countries that were the largest sources of immigrants aged 16 or older in the 1977 cohort, with the corresponding numbers who have naturalized through 1991 and their naturalization rates. The range is from 62.4 percent naturalized for immigrants from the Soviet Union to only 12.1 percent of the Canadian immigrants. To illustrate the effects of different naturalization rates: the second and third largest source countries in 1977 (after Cuba) were the Philippines and Mexico, with about 31,000 immigrants each; by 1991, this immigration had added 19,242 new U.S. citizens from the Philippines but only 5,005 U.S. citizens from Mexico.

Substantial differences in naturalization rates occur among people in different occupational categories. In general, people in highly skilled occupations, particularly medical professionals and engineers, have the highest naturalization rates. Categories of people without a substantial current attachment to the labor force, such as homemakers and those who report themselves to be unemployed or retired, have low naturalization rates.

Naturalization rates have also been calculated using another method which compares immigration and

naturalization cohorts over a number of years by country of birth. Chart R shows the number of immigrants admitted from the leading countries of birth who entered

Chart Q
Naturalization Rates Through Fiscal Year 1991 of Immigrants Admitted in Fiscal Year 1977 by Age



Table L
Naturalization Rates Through Fiscal Year 1991 of Immigrants Admitted in Fiscal Year 1977
by Selected Country of Birth

Country of birth	Immigrants in 1977 ¹			Country of birth	Immigrants in 1977 ¹		
	Number admitted	Naturalizations through 1991	Rate ²		Number admitted	Naturalizations through 1991	Rate ²
All countries	352,071	136,136	38.7	Greece	6,577	1,964	29.9
Soviet Union	4,535	2,829	62.4	Trinidad & Tobago .	4,516	1,131	25.0
Philippines	31,686	19,242	60.7	Portugal	6,964	1,578	22.7
China, Mainland	14,421	8,384	58.1	Ecuador	4,063	900	22.2
Korea	19,824	10,768	54.3	Dominican Republic	8,955	1,835	20.5
Guyana	4,115	2,219	53.9	United Kingdom	8,982	1,523	17.0
India	15,033	7,484	49.8	Mexico	30,967	5,005	16.2
Jamaica	7,896	2,968	37.6	Italy	5,843	885	15.1
Haiti	4,268	1,509	35.4	Germany	4,899	658	13.4
Cuba	57,023	19,758	34.6	Canada	9,000	1,093	12.1
Colombia	6,138	2,084	34.0	Other	96,366	42,319	43.9

¹ Ages 16 and over. ² Naturalizations through 1991 divided by the number of immigrants admitted.

the United States during the 1970-79 period, and the number of persons from those countries who naturalized during 1970-92 and reported entry during 1970-79. The rates computed by the country cohort method generally correspond to the naturalization rates calculated by the record-linkage method, despite the fact that the country cohort method is less precise. ⁴

The naturalization rates calculated for the 1970-79 cohorts range from the low observation for Canada, with 14.0 percent having naturalized through fiscal year 1992, to Vietnam, with 85.5 percent. ⁵ Of the 15 countries with the largest numbers of immigrants in the 1970-79 cohorts, Asian countries have the highest naturalization rates. In addition to Vietnam, China (Mainland and Taiwan combined) (65.1 percent), the Philippines (64.4), Korea (59.2), and India

(53.6) are the countries with the highest rates of naturalization calculated by this method. The two countries with the lowest rates are contiguous to the United States—Canada (14.0 percent) and Mexico (16.2). Other countries within North America have higher rates of naturalization, such as Cuba (30.3 percent) and Jamaica (34.6). European naturalization rates range from 22.0 percent for the United Kingdom to 39.6 percent for Greece.

Limitations of 1977 Cohort Data

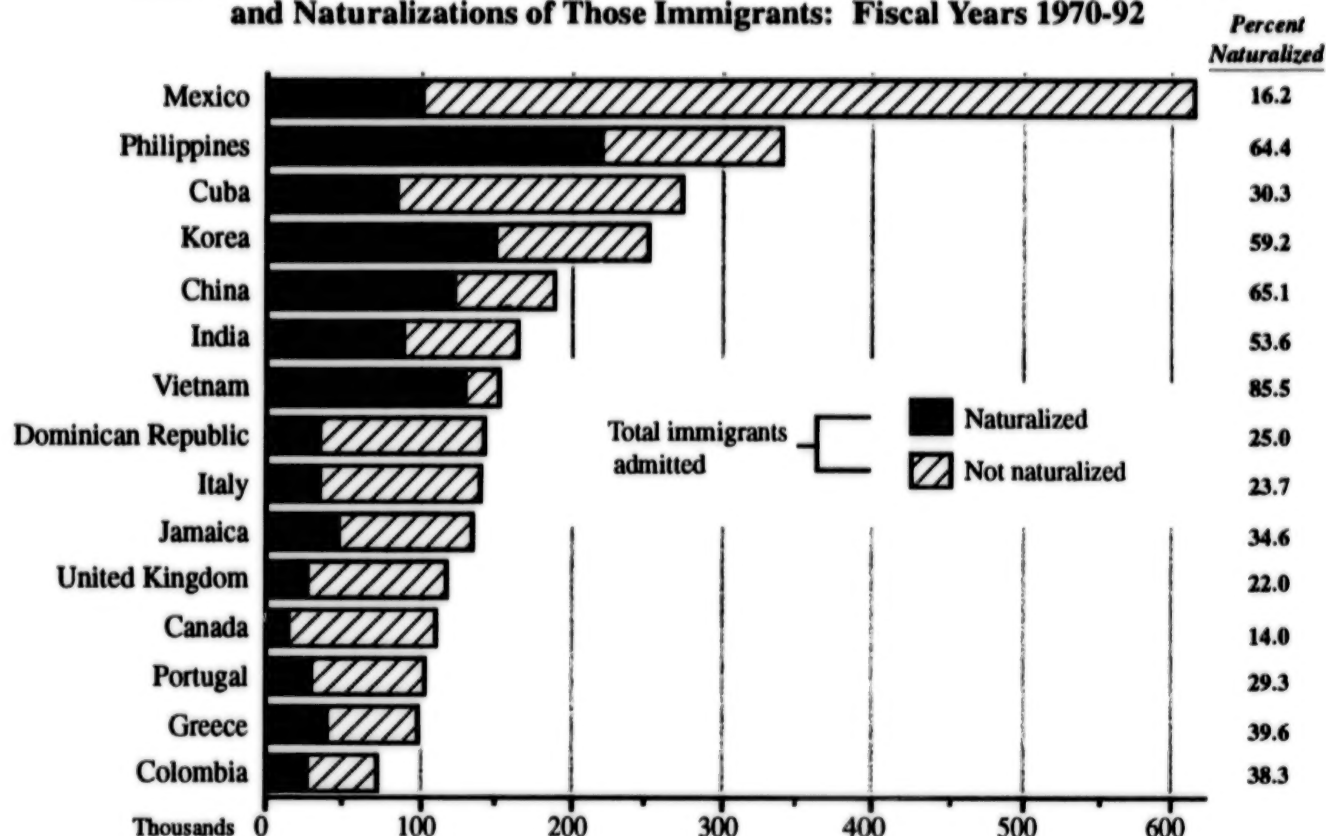
This analysis is based on linking the records of individuals who became immigrants in 1977 with naturalization records of those same individuals in subsequent years. Errors in either record may prevent a successful match, so some people who naturalized may be classified as not having done so. This would cause the calculated naturalization rates to be understated. The rates are also understated to the extent that immigrants die before naturalizing. However, when age-specific U.S. death rates are applied to the 1977 immigrant cohort, a preliminary analysis indicates that mortality has an estimated effect of only about 3 percentage points on the overall naturalization rate. This relatively small effect is due to the young age structure of the immigrant cohort, implying few expected deaths in the time frame of this analysis.

The record linkage work was performed anew for this analysis. It added 4,431 matched naturalization records for

⁴ The country cohort results are not as precise as those calculated by linking individual records because persons under the age of 16 who may have derived their citizenship are included in the number of immigrants in the denominator but are not counted as naturalizations in the numerator. Other errors may result from misreporting of the year of initial entry in either the immigrant or naturalized citizen records. On the other hand, by combining immigrants from several years, the country cohort method may avoid possible bias from unusual immigrant characteristics in any single year.

⁵ This is substantially higher than the 63.1 percent naturalization rate observed among Vietnamese in the 1977 immigrant cohort alone. The 1970-79 cohort figures are dominated by the large number of Vietnamese refugees who became permanent resident aliens in 1978, the first year they were allowed to adjust their status under special legislation.

Chart R
Immigrants Admitted, Calendar Years 1970-79 by Selected Country of Birth
and Naturalizations of Those Immigrants: Fiscal Years 1970-92



NOTE: China includes Mainland China and Taiwan.

persons aged 16 and older in the 1977 immigrant cohort, of which 2,433 persons had a naturalization date in fiscal year 1991 and the remaining persons in earlier years, primarily 1989 and 1990. Slight changes also appear in the distribution of naturalization dates in 1980-88, compared to the figures published in the 1991 *Statistical Yearbook*. This indicates that some naturalization records were entered into the automated data base considerably after the fact, and that the dates on some records were amended.

This analysis covers only one cohort, and it is possible that immigrants arriving in earlier or later years behave differently with regard to naturalization. The Immigration and Naturalization Service is expanding this type of

analysis to the 1982 immigrant cohort, which had a nationality composition differing from the 1977 cohort. The comparison of these two cohorts is expected to yield additional insight into the naturalization process. The limitations of data discussed above will also apply to the analysis of 1982 cohort data.

The naturalization rates reported here represent the cumulative experience of the 1977 immigrant cohort through 1991. The rates will continue to increase over time as more of these immigrants become citizens, although the yearly increment is expected to be small. The naturalization experience of this cohort will continue to be reported in future *Yearbooks*.

**TABLE 45. PETITIONS FOR NATURALIZATION FILED, PERSONS NATURALIZED,
AND PETITIONS FOR NATURALIZATION DENIED
FISCAL YEARS 1907-92**

Year	Petitions filed	Persons naturalized				Petitions denied
		Total	Civilian	Military	Not reported	
1907-92	13,859,315	13,056,943	12,356,884	650,718	49,341	564,415
1907-10	164,036	111,738	111,738	-	-	17,702
1911-20	1,381,384	1,128,972	884,672	244,300	-	118,725
1921-30	1,884,277	1,773,185	1,716,979	56,206	-	165,493
1931-40	1,637,113	1,518,464	1,498,573	19,891	-	45,792
1941-50	1,938,066	1,987,028	1,837,229	149,799	-	64,814
1951-60	1,230,483	1,189,946	1,148,241	41,705	-	27,569
1961-70	1,142,985	1,120,263	1,084,195	36,068	-	23,557
1961	138,718	132,450	130,731	1,719	-	3,175
1962	129,682	127,307	124,972	2,335	-	3,557
1963	121,170	124,178	121,618	2,560	-	2,436
1964	113,218	112,234	109,629	2,605	-	2,309
1965	106,813	104,299	101,214	3,085	-	2,059
1966	104,853	103,059	100,498	2,561	-	2,029
1967	108,369	104,902	102,211	2,691	-	2,008
1968	103,085	102,726	100,288	2,438	-	1,962
1969	102,317	98,709	93,251	5,458	-	2,043
1970	114,760	110,399	99,783	10,616	-	1,979
1971-80	1,556,307	1,464,772	1,397,846	66,926	-	27,978
1971	109,897	108,407	98,858	9,549	-	2,028
1972	121,883	116,215	107,740	8,475	-	1,837
1973	126,929	120,740	112,944	7,796	-	1,708
1974	136,175	131,655	124,807	6,848	-	2,210
1975	149,399	141,537	135,323	6,214	-	2,300
1976	157,932	142,504	136,873	5,631	-	2,231
1976,TQ	41,220	48,218	46,705	1,513	-	568
1977	186,354	159,873	154,568	5,305	-	2,845
1978	168,854	173,535	168,409	5,126	-	3,894
1979	165,434	164,150	158,276	5,874	-	3,987
1980	192,230	157,938	153,343	4,595	-	4,370
1981-90	2,375,727	2,214,265	2,155,519	28,317	30,429	47,224
1981	171,073	166,317	162,227	4,090	-	4,316
1982	201,507	173,688	170,071	3,617	-	3,994
1983	187,719	178,948	175,678	3,196	74	3,160
1984	286,440	197,023	192,113	2,965	1,945	3,373
1985	305,981	244,717	238,394	3,266	3,057	3,610
1986	290,732	280,623	275,352	2,901	2,370	5,980
1987	232,988	227,008	224,100	2,402	506	6,771
1988	237,752	242,063	239,541	2,296	226	4,304
1989	227,692	233,777	231,198	1,954	625	5,200
1990	233,843	270,101	246,845	1,630	21,626	6,516
1991-92	548,937	548,310	521,892	7,506	18,912	25,561
1991	206,668	308,058	299,373	1,804	6,881	6,268
1992	342,269	240,252	222,519	5,702	12,031	19,293

- Represents zero.

NOTE: See Glossary for fiscal year definitions. See Naturalizations section of text for an explanation of the data collected by the INS' workload measurement system and INS data on characteristics of persons naturalized. See Naturalizations section of text for an explanation of the large number of naturalizations with unreported information for 1990-92.

**TABLE 46. PERSONS NATURALIZED BY GENERAL AND SPECIAL NATURALIZATION PROVISIONS
FISCAL YEARS 1987-92**

Naturalization provisions	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992
Total naturalized	227,008	242,063	233,777	270,101	308,058	240,252
General provisions	204,250	219,480	210,673	225,319	269,594	197,559
Special provisions	22,252	22,357	22,479	23,156	31,583	30,662
Persons married to U.S. citizens	12,349	13,338	14,346	15,126	21,833	19,151
Children, including adopted children, of U.S. citizen parents	7,428	6,644	6,087	6,339	7,901	5,743
Military	2,402	2,296	1,954	1,630	1,804	5,702
Persons who served in the U.S. armed forces for 3 years	1,127	1,312	1,314	1,208	1,139	989
Persons who served in the U.S. armed forces during World War I, World War II, the Korean hostilities, the Vietnam hostilities or the Grenada campaign Lodge Act enlistees	1,214	923	631	418	625	429
Persons honorably discharged from U.S. armed forces following service in World War II	2	4	5	-	-	-
Natives of the Philippines who served honorably in the Philippine Army during World War II	59	57	4	4	5	2
Other	X	X	X	X	X	4,282
Surviving spouses of citizen members of the armed forces of the United States	73	79	92	61	45	66
Employees of nonprofit organizations engaged in disseminating information promoting U.S. interests	13	7	9	1	2	9
Persons who served on certain U.S. vessels	6	-	2	1	3	1
Nationals but not citizens of the United States	34	17	29	19	12	14
Philippine citizens who entered the United States prior to May 1, 1934, and have resided continuously in the United States	8	35	5	5	10	21
Certain inhabitants of the Virgin Islands who renounced Danish citizenship	-	1	-	-	3	-
Former U.S. citizens who lost citizenship by marriage	-	-	-	-	-	-
Former U.S. citizens who lost citizenship by entering the armed forces of foreign countries during World War II	3	10	8	13	10	1
Persons naturalized under private law	8	7	15	1	1	3
Persons who perform ministerial or priestly functions of a religious order in the United States	-	-	5	4	3	5
Not reported	1	2	19	17	1	2
	4,506	226	625	21,626	6,881	12,031

- Represents zero.

NOTE: X Not applicable. See Naturalizations section of the text for an explanation of the large number of naturalizations with unreported information for 1990-92.

**TABLE 47. PERSONS NATURALIZED BY SELECTED NATURALIZATION PROVISIONS
AND REGION AND SELECTED COUNTRY OF FORMER ALLEGIANCE
FISCAL YEAR 1992**

Region and country of former allegiance	Total naturalized	General provisions	Special provisions					Not reported
			Total	Married to U.S. citizens	Children of U.S. parents	Military	Other	
All countries	240,252	197,559	30,662	19,151	5,743	5,702	66	12,031
Europe	30,781	26,268	2,990	2,172	698	110	10	1,523
Albania	109	97	12	2	5	-	5	-
Austria	100	83	8	5	3	-	-	9
Belgium	151	130	16	13	3	-	-	5
Bulgaria	171	147	13	8	5	-	-	11
Czechoslovakia	676	609	27	21	6	-	-	40
Denmark	126	110	8	8	-	-	-	8
Finland	91	81	4	3	-	1	-	6
France	1,124	959	105	93	10	1	1	60
Germany	1,901	1,544	243	157	49	37	-	114
Greece	1,769	1,510	184	144	35	4	1	75
Hungary	608	510	47	41	6	-	-	51
Ireland	738	641	79	74	4	-	1	18
Italy	1,618	1,445	91	69	15	7	-	82
Netherlands	378	324	32	27	2	3	-	22
Norway	107	88	13	11	2	-	-	6
Poland	4,681	4,203	297	231	61	5	-	181
Portugal	1,884	1,736	101	56	40	5	-	47
Romania	2,457	1,940	342	88	253	1	-	175
Soviet Union	1,648	1,443	106	87	19	-	-	99
Spain	462	406	26	16	7	3	-	30
Sweden	186	159	14	7	5	2	-	13
Switzerland	310	265	31	27	3	1	-	14
United Kingdom	7,800	6,394	1,027	838	151	37	1	379
Yugoslavia	1,452	1,242	146	131	13	2	-	64
Other Europe	234	202	18	15	1	1	1	14
Asia	121,965	95,303	20,013	11,485	3,488	5,021	19	6,649
Afghanistan	1,047	967	44	20	23	-	1	36
Bangladesh	967	765	163	133	29	-	1	39
Burma	454	407	31	29	2	-	-	16
Cambodia	2,749	2,512	105	23	82	-	-	132
China, Mainland	13,488	11,348	1,654	1,415	232	5	2	486
Cyprus	170	127	29	29	-	-	-	14
India	13,413	11,691	1,169	757	405	7	-	553
Indonesia	309	238	50	38	12	-	-	21
Iran	6,778	5,862	430	382	44	4	-	486
Iraq	1,196	1,015	136	109	26	1	-	45
Israel	2,376	1,804	455	366	86	2	1	117
Japan	621	525	54	41	12	1	-	42
Jordan	2,297	1,625	557	476	79	2	-	115
Korea	8,297	6,102	1,525	793	701	29	2	670
Kuwait	299	181	99	94	5	-	-	19
Laos	3,052	2,846	84	18	66	-	-	122
Lebanon	2,881	1,993	717	662	54	1	-	171
Malaysia	388	265	105	92	12	-	1	18
Pakistan	3,350	2,699	528	424	100	2	2	123
Philippines	28,579	17,157	9,751	4,270	524	4,952	5	1,671
Saudi Arabia	94	51	38	26	12	-	-	5
Singapore	145	110	29	24	5	-	-	6
Sri Lanka	333	274	42	36	5	1	-	17
Syria	1,200	864	266	247	19	-	-	70
Taiwan	6,408	5,290	706	541	164	-	1	412
Thailand	962	724	169	97	69	2	1	69
Turkey	1,124	864	189	171	16	2	-	71
Vietnam	18,357	16,766	523	141	370	10	2	1,068
Yemen	528	161	345	15	330	-	-	22
Other Asia	103	70	20	16	4	-	-	13
Africa	9,626	7,545	1,658	1,524	92	36	6	425
Algeria	102	84	14	14	-	-	-	4
Cape Verde	226	196	25	17	7	-	-	5
Egypt	2,098	1,454	554	523	27	2	2	90
Ethiopia	1,505	1,375	62	51	8	1	2	68
Ghana	692	580	88	86	2	-	-	24
Kenya	237	204	25	16	8	1	-	8

**TABLE 47. PERSONS NATURALIZED BY SELECTED NATURALIZATION PROVISIONS
AND REGION AND SELECTED COUNTRY OF FORMER ALLEGIANCE
FISCAL YEAR 1992—Continued**

Region and country of former allegiance	Total naturalized	General provisions	Special provisions					Not reported
			Total	Married to U.S. citizens	Children of U.S. parents	Military	Other	
Liberia	359	304	46	41	4	1	-	9
Libya	147	117	20	16	4	-	-	10
Morocco	396	243	141	137	4	-	-	12
Nigeria	1,862	1,457	325	296	9	20	-	80
Sierra Leone	187	149	28	24	-	4	-	10
Somalia	122	74	40	40	-	-	-	8
South Africa	650	512	106	95	9	2	-	32
Sudan	99	64	24	23	-	-	1	11
Tanzania	180	153	17	13	4	-	-	10
Uganda	118	94	14	13	-	1	-	10
Other Africa	648	485	129	119	6	3	1	34
Oceania	942	768	121	77	12	11	21	53
Australia	140	115	16	13	2	1	-	9
Fiji	398	357	32	27	5	-	-	9
New Zealand	110	95	10	10	-	-	-	5
Western Samoa	102	64	21	12	3	6	-	17
Other Oceania	192	137	42	15	2	4	21	13
North America	56,710	50,352	3,823	2,457	914	445	7	2,535
Canada	4,067	3,495	307	170	96	38	3	265
Mexico	12,880	11,062	905	618	196	89	2	913
Caribbean	32,272	29,711	1,637	1,048	371	216	2	924
Antigua-Barbuda	376	324	17	11	4	2	-	35
Bahamas, The	156	128	13	8	3	2	-	15
Barbados	669	614	36	24	4	8	-	19
Cuba	7,763	7,471	113	51	34	28	-	179
Dominica	308	285	21	12	5	4	-	2
Dominican Republic	8,464	7,662	580	415	139	26	-	222
Grenada	421	397	14	7	1	6	-	10
Haiti	3,993	3,723	191	145	29	17	-	79
Jamaica	6,765	6,117	445	249	121	73	2	203
St. Kitts and Nevis	307	241	22	12	5	5	-	44
St. Lucia	194	166	11	6	-	5	-	17
St. Vincent and Grenadines	254	237	11	5	1	5	-	6
Trinidad and Tobago	2,602	2,346	163	103	25	35	-	93
Central America	7,491	6,084	974	621	251	102	-	433
Belize	304	258	31	19	4	8	-	15
Costa Rica	547	451	65	40	21	4	-	31
El Salvador	2,056	1,694	224	161	50	13	-	138
Guatemala	1,086	859	158	78	72	8	-	69
Honduras	1,248	1,036	154	98	49	7	-	58
Nicaragua	1,100	957	104	73	22	9	-	39
Panama	1,150	829	238	152	33	53	-	83
South America	19,982	17,172	2,033	1,421	535	75	2	777
Argentina	1,237	1,068	114	98	14	2	-	55
Bolivia	423	353	48	31	14	3	-	22
Brazil	679	507	136	84	51	1	-	36
Chile	713	558	109	63	43	3	-	46
Colombia	6,439	5,727	501	310	170	19	2	211
Ecuador	1,857	1,691	121	85	28	8	-	45
Guyana	4,717	4,246	321	236	69	16	-	150
Paraguay	138	82	41	13	27	1	-	15
Peru	2,633	2,002	480	369	98	13	-	151
Uruguay	371	328	30	26	4	-	-	13
Venezuela	730	574	125	100	16	9	-	31
Other South America	45	36	7	6	1	-	-	2
Stateless	137	124	12	11	1	-	-	1
Not reported	107	27	12	4	3	4	1	68

- Represents zero.

NOTE: See Naturalizations section of the text for an explanation of the large number of naturalizations with unreported information in 1992.

**TABLE 48. PERSONS NATURALIZED BY REGION AND SELECTED COUNTRY OF FORMER ALLEGIANCE
FISCAL YEARS 1983-92**

Region and country of former allegiance	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992
All countries	178,948	197,023	244,717	280,623	227,008	242,063	233,777	270,101	308,058	240,252
Europe	33,870	34,898	45,599	44,598	36,532	36,351	35,079	37,264	37,808	30,781
Czechoslovakia	409	410	480	697	699	775	949	916	843	676
France	854	1,003	1,145	1,147	975	950	940	1,091	1,413	1,124
Germany	2,954	3,023	3,352	3,248	2,315	2,363	2,196	2,395	2,197	1,901
Greece	3,458	3,068	4,283	2,750	2,083	2,239	2,768	2,270	1,820	1,769
Hungary	639	859	845	824	661	683	580	743	814	608
Ireland	821	682	911	991	813	827	787	742	746	738
Italy	3,685	3,576	3,816	3,110	2,601	2,852	2,492	2,453	1,976	1,618
Netherlands	516	492	585	569	485	449	410	410	508	378
Poland	2,428	2,117	2,939	3,140	2,731	4,145	5,002	5,972	5,493	4,681
Portugal	2,736	2,907	3,579	4,177	3,518	3,236	2,698	2,491	1,848	1,884
Romania	908	1,131	1,400	1,816	1,909	2,060	2,190	2,014	3,471	2,457
Soviet Union	2,855	4,038	8,935	9,370	7,276	5,304	3,020	2,047	2,827	1,648
Spain	537	735	710	658	487	616	490	535	436	462
Sweden	125	122	164	127	121	107	129	166	206	186
Switzerland	189	209	309	285	225	254	246	302	357	310
United Kingdom	7,882	7,631	8,833	8,609	7,102	7,042	7,865	8,286	9,935	7,800
Yugoslavia	1,682	1,675	1,908	1,758	1,495	1,484	1,342	1,640	1,642	1,452
Other Europe	1,192	1,220	1,405	1,322	1,036	965	975	1,091	1,279	1,089
Asia	84,555	87,261	113,084	134,695	113,392	114,849	111,488	124,675	160,367	121,965
Afghanistan	61	82	154	297	528	905	1,051	1,141	1,392	1,047
Bangladesh	273	275	337	296	334	419	496	696	874	967
Burma	441	477	855	888	634	532	479	597	827	454
Cambodia	486	512	860	1,847	2,816	3,132	3,234	3,525	4,786	2,749
China, Mainland	9,318	9,143	11,743	11,151	9,208	10,509	11,664	13,563	16,783	13,488
India	8,819	8,294	10,357	10,017	8,659	9,983	9,833	11,499	12,961	13,413
Indonesia	292	330	489	538	425	384	352	350	603	309
Iran	1,868	2,268	3,431	4,569	4,277	4,970	4,485	5,973	10,411	6,778
Iraq	1,320	1,043	1,571	1,659	1,316	1,397	1,387	1,855	1,641	1,196
Israel	1,793	1,851	2,117	2,300	1,740	1,815	1,703	2,102	2,789	2,376
Japan	1,106	1,108	1,053	1,011	752	1,041	727	736	938	621
Jordan	1,311	1,264	1,628	1,819	1,700	1,834	1,872	2,408	2,493	2,297
Korea	12,808	14,019	16,824	18,037	14,233	13,012	11,301	10,500	12,266	8,297
Kuwait	106	29	44	111	94	119	198	247	301	299
Laos	812	968	1,616	3,426	3,159	3,480	3,463	3,329	3,594	3,052
Lebanon	2,205	2,439	2,964	3,011	2,350	2,262	2,213	2,797	3,570	2,881
Malaysia	186	230	305	315	336	323	362	426	477	388
Pakistan	1,593	1,690	1,950	2,285	1,976	2,174	2,443	3,330	3,670	3,350
Philippines	22,103	23,487	28,954	31,002	25,296	24,580	24,802	25,936	33,714	28,579
Sri Lanka	135	247	267	238	236	230	298	335	464	333
Syria	644	732	902	1,096	890	1,097	908	1,146	1,480	1,200
Taiwan	2,634	2,758	3,407	4,501	4,033	5,716	5,779	6,895	10,876	6,408
Thailand	1,564	1,396	1,518	1,750	1,327	1,308	1,167	1,145	1,379	962
Turkey	745	845	932	1,019	980	1,242	1,085	1,214	1,349	1,124
Vietnam	11,188	11,039	18,060	30,840	25,469	21,636	19,357	22,027	29,603	18,357
Yemen	366	235	300	254	229	317	349	419	590	528
Other Asia	378	500	446	418	395	432	480	484	536	512
Africa	3,292	4,276	5,305	6,334	5,956	7,122	7,209	8,770	10,230	9,628
Cape Verde	66	95	96	101	196	204	223	272	178	226
Egypt	1,109	1,556	1,803	1,888	1,731	1,960	1,638	1,945	2,644	2,098
Ethiopia	130	150	258	474	714	1,142	1,246	1,370	1,453	1,505
Ghana	158	246	284	497	434	617	567	714	669	692
Kenya	183	162	212	225	197	186	202	257	273	237
Liberia	70	67	108	109	159	224	229	283	356	359
Morocco	173	173	185	253	239	274	243	320	365	396
Nigeria	97	109	166	211	159	274	932	1,415	1,775	1,862
Sierra Leone	34	62	62	66	96	117	137	163	194	187
South Africa	550	809	954	1,296	884	746	687	697	883	650
Other Africa	722	847	1,177	1,214	1,147	1,378	1,105	1,334	1,440	1,416
Oceania	691	709	869	1,057	902	779	868	881	1,045	891
Fiji	168	156	317	368	377	353	436	374	477	398
Other Oceania	523	553	552	689	525	426	432	507	568	493

See footnotes at end of table.

**TABLE 48. PERSONS NATURALIZED BY REGION AND SELECTED COUNTRY OF FORMER ALLEGIANCE
FISCAL YEARS 1983-92—Continued**

Region and country of former allegiance	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992
North America	44,110	54,808	61,761	73,899	54,794	65,096	61,954	64,730	71,838	56,710
Canada	2,937	3,403	3,824	3,787	2,919	2,947	2,922	3,644	4,441	4,067
Mexico	12,594	14,575	23,042	27,807	21,999	22,085	18,520	17,564	22,066	12,880
Caribbean	23,718	30,833	26,899	32,442	21,751	31,110	31,952	34,320	34,025	32,272
Antigua-Barbuda	208	200	225	178	205	550	490	339	478	376
Barbados	650	804	885	1,036	794	896	931	970	852	669
Cuba	10,365	15,756	10,487	13,818	6,738	11,228	9,514	10,291	9,554	7,763
Dominica	98	110	205	165	266	421	436	399	550	308
Dominican Republic	4,828	4,875	5,887	5,980	4,257	5,842	6,454	5,984	6,368	8,464
Grenada	269	294	267	250	290	360	413	459	456	421
Haiti	2,169	2,592	2,545	2,608	1,936	2,350	3,692	5,009	4,436	3,993
Jamaica	3,938	4,666	4,809	6,563	5,196	6,441	6,455	6,762	6,838	6,765
St. Kitts & Nevis	-	83	68	75	154	325	405	265	699	307
St. Lucia	71	69	69	66	221	281	249	204	286	194
St. Vincent & Grenadines	96	113	106	103	205	250	263	279	324	254
Trinidad & Tobago	958	1,192	1,280	1,476	1,427	2,079	2,552	3,198	3,033	2,602
Other Caribbean	68	79	66	124	62	87	98	161	151	156
Central America	4,861	5,997	7,996	9,863	8,125	8,954	8,560	9,202	11,306	7,491
Belize	108	138	265	366	316	426	373	389	499	304
Costa Rica	438	663	819	968	658	726	676	589	792	547
El Salvador	1,126	1,380	2,119	2,628	2,428	2,291	2,001	2,410	3,653	2,056
Guatemala	952	968	1,408	1,841	1,490	1,358	1,281	1,280	1,832	1,086
Honduras	768	1,063	1,219	1,400	964	1,229	1,167	1,259	1,306	1,248
Nicaragua	616	762	965	1,343	1,118	1,363	1,271	1,520	1,732	1,100
Panama	853	1,023	1,201	1,317	1,151	1,561	1,791	1,755	1,492	1,150
South America	10,688	13,092	15,227	16,925	13,945	16,972	16,503	19,548	20,928	19,982
Argentina	1,006	1,235	1,456	1,593	1,194	1,288	1,246	1,466	1,850	1,237
Bolivia	298	319	484	514	401	448	424	471	519	423
Brazil	409	488	655	615	466	553	564	674	683	679
Chile	760	915	1,213	1,242	955	1,040	887	866	920	713
Colombia	2,952	3,543	4,136	5,156	4,006	5,021	4,736	5,540	5,513	6,439
Ecuador	1,177	1,458	1,739	1,870	1,519	1,774	1,671	2,052	2,215	1,857
Guyana	2,217	2,844	2,628	2,784	2,694	3,535	3,654	4,306	4,826	4,717
Peru	1,217	1,451	1,969	2,180	1,844	2,255	2,267	2,829	3,088	2,633
Uruguay	328	406	458	337	379	406	381	433	400	371
Venezuela	234	326	348	468	373	490	521	751	747	730
Other South America	90	107	141	166	114	162	152	160	167	183
U.S. possessions	27	-	22	13	3	31	52	52	53	51
Stateless or not reported	1,715	1,979	2,850	3,102	1,484	863	624	14,181	5,789	244

- Represents zero.

NOTE: See Naturalizations section of the text for an explanation of the large number of naturalizations with unreported information for 1990-92.

**TABLE 49. PERSONS NATURALIZED BY SEX, MARITAL STATUS, AND MAJOR OCCUPATION GROUP
FISCAL YEARS 1987-92**

Sex, marital status, and occupation	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992
Total	227,008	242,063	233,777	270,101	308,058	240,252
Male	109,548	120,528	115,825	127,847	151,620	120,430
Single	28,521	32,287	31,960	38,723	46,383	31,596
Married	66,717	74,559	72,119	79,082	92,913	75,328
Widowed	710	888	865	1,054	1,353	1,391
Divorced	4,934	6,054	6,111	7,788	10,161	8,251
Separated ¹	7,743	6,665	4,736	531	491	236
Unknown	923	75	34	669	319	3,628
Female	108,583	119,599	117,837	127,096	150,140	114,273
Single	21,620	24,226	25,788	30,040	36,798	25,029
Married	69,664	78,248	76,760	82,822	96,610	72,841
Widowed	3,544	3,800	3,850	4,433	5,350	4,498
Divorced	6,171	7,392	7,548	8,452	10,570	8,153
Separated ¹	6,643	5,854	3,841	574	478	250
Unknown	941	79	50	775	334	3,502
Not reported	8,877	1,936	115	15,158	6,298	5,549
Major occupation group:						
Professional, technical, and kindred workers	25,292	27,764	21,404	23,876	25,479	23,456
Managers and administrators (except farm)	11,376	13,659	12,923	14,058	15,776	13,659
Sales workers	8,397	11,406	11,726	13,938	17,435	10,437
Clerical and kindred workers	24,235	30,935	25,371	25,421	40,778	29,759
Craftsmen and kindred workers	11,456	14,864	14,451	16,270	13,826	11,211
Operatives and laborers	18,830	24,538	26,940	29,105	21,136	20,602
Farming, forestry, and fishing workers	684	1,409	1,447	1,253	1,195	1,316
Service workers	32,258	33,020	29,332	31,655	57,643	21,889
Homemakers, children, and others with no occupation reported	94,480	84,468	90,183	114,525	114,790	107,923

¹ The number of naturalized persons who were separated is overstated in fiscal years 1987-89.

NOTE: See Naturalizations section of the text for an explanation of the large number of naturalizations with unreported information for 1990-92.

**TABLE 50. PERSONS NATURALIZED BY STATE OF RESIDENCE
FISCAL YEARS 1983-92**

State of residence	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992
Total	178,948	197,023	244,717	280,623	227,008	242,063	233,777	270,101	308,058	240,252
Alabama	452	926	609	664	506	646	653	590	798	598
Alaska	517	864	574	577	509	622	490	607	463	793
Arizona	2,328	2,524	2,576	3,121	2,788	2,136	2,562	2,152	2,090	3,037
Arkansas	248	290	456	605	540	417	374	388	413	380
California	33,411	40,490	70,519	105,284	82,607	65,397	50,286	61,736	125,661	52,411
Colorado	1,306	1,614	2,379	2,490	1,878	2,252	2,535	1,414	2,004	1,402
Connecticut	2,706	2,635	3,709	3,650	2,589	3,209	3,938	3,895	4,221	5,070
Delaware	260	227	291	258	329	347	365	301	310	289
District of Columbia	275	467	582	817	385	696	832	613	569	786
Florida	12,617	19,855	10,362	20,366	8,041	15,589	14,216	22,978	23,281	21,129
Georgia	1,654	2,819	1,804	1,834	1,856	2,104	3,235	2,952	3,414	2,299
Hawaii	6,668	6,448	4,291	4,760	4,070	3,763	6,426	5,077	3,955	4,475
Idaho	226	163	285	288	199	230	122	481	247	208
Illinois	12,385	4,730	10,389	18,606	9,809	6,330	13,761	19,868	11,637	10,891
Indiana	1,353	1,022	1,159	1,275	807	1,148	806	1,085	1,014	1,323
Iowa	672	564	745	715	229	454	655	609	489	374
Kansas	950	1,093	1,331	1,226	1,268	1,360	1,119	899	681	911
Kentucky	429	386	910	675	630	438	572	514	338	567
Louisiana	705	2,225	2,490	2,575	1,406	2,115	1,847	1,882	1,145	1,709
Maine	347	240	269	318	354	214	377	342	280	400
Maryland	3,880	5,254	6,116	5,116	4,180	3,578	3,884	5,114	3,663	4,620
Massachusetts	5,348	5,332	5,898	6,187	5,219	4,640	5,928	5,923	4,810	7,381
Michigan	5,251	3,374	5,582	3,758	3,869	3,764	2,588	5,295	4,282	2,616
Minnesota	1,953	1,941	2,106	2,295	1,623	1,107	2,045	2,126	1,862	1,850
Mississippi	208	302	432	381	239	259	423	301	300	315
Missouri	1,291	1,597	1,292	1,314	1,493	1,226	1,370	1,267	890	1,453
Montana	127	31	152	161	91	127	45	197	87	127
Nebraska	440	399	425	555	167	403	402	376	339	432
Nevada	935	1,181	1,489	1,254	1,302	1,228	1,382	1,209	1,026	1,533
New Hampshire	379	262	341	344	295	253	399	300	303	357
New Jersey	10,749	11,628	15,278	6,483	15,054	23,728	15,859	17,969	15,052	16,598
New Mexico	559	1,015	829	751	4	930	924	820	386	495
New York	32,410	35,049	37,250	39,571	32,320	38,457	41,922	44,619	44,808	43,447
North Carolina	1,166	1,532	1,626	1,702	1,208	1,609	1,644	1,362	1,856	2,172
North Dakota	166	160	203	165	137	212	186	132	163	119
Ohio	3,428	4,040	3,257	3,373	3,439	2,853	2,651	3,037	3,184	2,669
Oklahoma	1,183	782	1,819	1,284	571	1,793	1,300	1,167	1,458	876
Oregon	1,241	1,543	1,678	1,473	1,335	1,566	1,985	1,736	1,867	1,994
Pennsylvania	4,828	4,246	4,630	4,117	6,663	5,900	5,606	4,218	4,323	3,839
Rhode Island	991	971	1,113	1,476	1,310	1,219	1,025	1,970	927	1,043
South Carolina	253	1,021	1,289	558	484	1,112	1,028	761	713	670
South Dakota	98	124	78	168	69	96	144	87	117	62
Tennessee	627	680	846	1,033	911	1,004	1,015	1,002	1,043	979
Texas	11,091	9,553	19,206	13,439	13,266	18,625	17,372	24,529	16,266	17,631
Utah	582	1,001	793	1,335	875	1,152	787	866	585	649
Vermont	110	139	135	223	120	233	115	175	200	219
Virginia	2,206	4,038	5,147	4,892	3,335	5,000	6,799	5,606	5,353	4,662
Washington	3,360	5,399	4,349	2,684	3,261	4,915	4,485	3,519	3,289	4,307
West Virginia	293	217	278	235	241	267	199	176	261	137
Wisconsin	806	1,389	1,469	1,462	829	1,406	940	477	1,499	681
Wyoming	82	108	118	143	67	119	84	72	57	50
U.S. territories and possessions										
Guam	1,931	1,520	1,547	1,274	1,156	1,297	1,469	1,146	1,318	987
Northern Mariana Is.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	17	24
Puerto Rico	709	1,065	939	653	270	1,705	1,061	1,054	853	1,947
Virgin Islands	589	300	773	235	454	738	1,433	180	1,449	538
Other or unknown	169	248	504	425	351	75	107	2,930	442	3,721

- Represents zero.

NOTE: See Naturalizations section of the text for an explanation of the large number of naturalizations with unreported information for 1990-92.

**TABLE 51. PERSONS NATURALIZED BY SELECTED COUNTRY OF FORMER ALLEGIANCE
AND STATE OF RESIDENCE
FISCAL YEAR 1992**

State of residence	All countries	Canada	China, Mainland	Colombia	Cuba	Dominican Republic	Guyana	Haiti	India	Iran
Total	240,252	4,067	13,488	6,439	7,763	8,464	4,717	3,993	13,413	6,778
Alabama	598	22	18	4	1	2	6	2	61	38
Alaska	793	27	15	5	6	20	-	1	9	13
Arizona	3,037	109	124	33	9	4	4	-	125	120
Arkansas	380	14	8	1	5	2	1	-	13	15
California	52,411	535	4,362	262	242	31	63	34	1,678	2,491
Colorado	1,402	53	57	23	8	1	3	1	41	72
Connecticut	5,070	190	175	196	38	87	109	112	362	83
Delaware	289	8	12	4	1	-	3	4	47	10
District of Columbia	786	6	39	14	1	24	34	11	15	26
Florida	21,129	508	341	1,592	5,436	594	290	1,191	369	267
Georgia	2,299	53	46	60	21	13	24	13	199	110
Hawaii	4,475	34	289	2	-	-	-	2	11	8
Idaho	208	14	6	7	-	-	-	-	8	10
Illinois	10,891	103	539	164	210	33	9	45	1,131	163
Indiana	1,323	28	62	11	14	6	1	4	158	48
Iowa	374	8	8	4	2	1	-	1	34	11
Kansas	911	9	27	11	3	3	9	-	64	46
Kentucky	567	20	17	9	3	5	4	2	68	23
Louisiana	1,709	21	44	34	58	1	8	11	73	42
Maine	400	83	29	5	-	6	-	2	7	3
Maryland	4,620	58	246	46	21	44	117	42	439	300
Massachusetts	7,381	207	702	113	30	284	27	247	412	188
Michigan	2,616	126	86	11	10	4	7	2	230	71
Minnesota	1,850	63	57	15	2	2	36	3	68	45
Mississippi	315	10	12	2	3	-	6	1	30	9
Missouri	1,453	24	75	16	3	5	13	8	110	40
Montana	127	23	3	-	1	-	1	-	5	2
Nebraska	432	7	6	3	3	-	2	-	15	9
Nevada	1,533	28	80	14	51	3	1	6	22	45
New Hampshire	357	52	23	8	-	3	-	1	21	11
New Jersey	16,598	149	342	1,088	741	983	428	406	2,225	190
New Mexico	495	6	9	7	-	2	1	-	15	21
New York	43,447	375	3,724	1,810	309	4,709	3,304	1,660	2,103	608
North Carolina	2,172	70	59	37	15	17	11	10	237	81
North Dakota	119	16	7	1	-	-	4	-	7	-
Ohio	2,669	79	130	29	6	9	15	2	337	73
Oklahoma	876	19	36	11	2	2	-	3	73	65
Oregon	1,994	97	127	26	3	1	2	-	50	73
Pennsylvania	3,839	91	179	55	20	24	18	35	435	72
Rhode Island	1,043	19	44	70	5	107	3	17	27	8
South Carolina	670	26	56	11	3	5	3	2	62	22
South Dakota	62	3	2	-	1	-	-	1	3	2
Tennessee	979	47	24	10	3	2	3	1	104	58
Texas	17,631	200	482	269	87	34	49	21	1,139	648
Utah	649	31	32	8	2	3	3	1	13	31
Vermont	219	49	19	2	-	1	-	1	11	5
Virginia	4,662	43	159	73	14	25	15	12	293	251
Washington	4,307	186	368	15	9	3	3	1	127	133
West Virginia	137	3	2	5	-	-	1	-	28	7
Wisconsin	681	16	21	5	1	2	-	1	59	13
Wyoming	50	5	4	2	1	-	-	-	2	1
U.S. territories and possessions										
Guam	987	2	12	-	-	1	-	1	10	1
Northern Mariana Is.	24	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
Puerto Rico	1,947	4	55	73	210	1,208	2	1	5	2
Virgin Islands	538	-	-	-	1	34	3	2	11	-
Other or unknown	3,721	88	87	163	148	114	71	69	211	94

**TABLE 51. PERSONS NATURALIZED BY SELECTED COUNTRY OF FORMER ALLEGIANCE
AND STATE OF RESIDENCE
FISCAL YEAR 1992—Continued**

State of residence	Jamaica	Korea	Mexico	Pakistan	Philippines	Poland	Taiwan	United Kingdom	Vietnam	Other
Total	6,765	8,297	12,080	3,350	28,579	4,681	6,408	7,800	18,357	74,013
Alabama	8	42	8	9	24	5	24	27	34	263
Alaska	5	133	22	6	270	23	4	21	29	184
Arizona	7	97	840	26	263	52	65	114	248	797
Arkansas	-	16	9	8	37	13	14	19	69	136
California	108	1,780	4,283	460	12,263	366	2,354	1,757	7,169	12,173
Colorado	6	97	156	10	108	48	34	51	177	456
Connecticut	416	63	24	82	154	389	32	239	243	2,076
Delaware	13	13	3	4	23	5	21	21	9	88
District of Columbia	40	6	5	6	62	7	3	24	12	451
Florida	1,789	124	174	242	885	153	87	474	528	6,085
Georgia	72	179	40	39	111	25	93	92	183	926
Hawaii	3	321	18	2	3,131	2	52	73	175	352
Idaho	1	10	23	-	15	1	4	11	19	79
Illinois	66	523	1,321	266	1,289	1,036	183	179	505	3,126
Indiana	15	49	95	27	127	43	40	54	74	467
Iowa	1	44	14	3	28	7	8	4	64	132
Kansas	10	45	70	7	42	2	41	37	185	300
Kentucky	9	53	22	2	60	6	20	26	29	189
Louisiana	23	35	45	30	95	15	26	54	426	668
Maine	1	16	3	2	28	40	4	31	29	111
Maryland	178	307	22	108	381	64	186	180	268	1,613
Massachusetts	135	161	19	69	170	181	160	397	687	3,192
Michigan	19	96	53	47	155	111	44	79	138	1,327
Minnesota	8	60	36	20	97	48	26	74	314	876
Mississippi	2	8	5	2	44	-	8	22	79	72
Missouri	8	71	56	33	148	34	53	56	170	530
Montana	2	17	2	-	15	2	5	8	8	33
Nebraska	1	25	24	2	181	5	10	15	31	93
Nevada	8	64	154	6	418	21	38	65	70	439
New Hampshire	1	18	-	8	25	9	10	26	11	130
New Jersey	509	408	58	267	1,559	537	550	410	332	5,416
New Mexico	3	23	160	1	39	3	6	25	41	133
New York	2,772	987	147	716	1,559	756	822	1,458	593	15,035
North Carolina	41	107	52	35	151	32	67	110	201	839
North Dakota	2	11	3	-	20	1	1	5	8	33
Ohio	23	103	26	51	162	66	77	110	113	1,258
Oklahoma	7	38	65	19	55	5	14	21	158	263
Oregon	1	253	58	10	164	21	33	77	323	675
Pennsylvania	103	277	34	52	238	161	79	192	402	1,372
Rhode Island	5	6	5	4	37	17	1	16	22	630
South Carolina	5	34	3	9	85	9	24	37	58	216
South Dakota	-	9	1	1	8	1	-	-	1	29
Tennessee	3	61	19	14	64	12	40	52	63	399
Texas	136	610	4,137	408	1,036	118	699	417	2,652	4,489
Utah	-	17	54	9	37	16	15	29	72	276
Vermont	-	4	-	1	12	11	2	12	7	82
Virginia	50	324	24	144	699	30	85	139	478	1,804
Washington	17	330	81	28	790	81	124	225	585	1,201
West Virginia	1	6	1	3	17	-	5	2	4	52
Wisconsin	4	22	43	19	39	21	13	21	46	335
Wyoming	-	3	4	1	7	-	1	-	1	18
U.S. territories and possessions										
Guam	2	58	2	-	811	-	24	10	16	37
Northern Mariana Is.	-	2	-	-	19	-	-	-	-	2
Puerto Rico	-	3	29	1	7	1	5	16	-	325
Virgin Islands	7	-	2	1	1	-	-	64	2	410
Other or unknown	119	128	326	30	314	69	72	122	196	1,300

- Represents zero.

NOTE: See Naturalizations section of the text for an explanation of the large number of naturalizations with unreported information in 1992.

**TABLE 52. PERSONS NATURALIZED BY SELECTED COUNTRY OF FORMER ALLEGIANCE
AND SELECTED METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA OF RESIDENCE
FISCAL YEAR 1992**

Metropolitan statistical area ¹	All coun- tries	Canada	China, Main- land	Colom- bia	Cuba	Domin- ican Re- public	Guyana	Haiti	India	Iran
Total	240,252	4,067	13,488	6,439	7,763	8,464	4,717	3,993	13,413	6,778
New York, NY	36,292	167	3,444	1,525	275	4,478	3,139	1,513	1,392	322
Los Angeles-Long Beach, CA	12,363	108	746	104	142	7	23	7	283	958
Miami-Hialeah, FL	11,784	62	96	1,089	4,840	441	107	717	45	66
Chicago, IL	9,250	59	484	133	205	33	7	38	962	129
San Francisco, CA	7,580	67	1,773	17	9	2	3	3	78	176
Washington, DC-MD-VA	6,855	58	280	90	24	68	130	45	451	420
Houston, TX	6,231	51	247	148	39	10	15	9	466	221
Boston-Lawrence-Salem-Lowell-Brockton, MA	5,941	162	648	94	25	258	19	239	359	151
San Jose, CA	5,758	48	333	14	9	-	5	-	250	217
Oakland, CA	5,308	53	731	15	5	2	7	2	257	185
San Diego, CA	4,543	53	65	20	8	5	7	7	59	226
Newark, NJ	4,413	35	97	313	125	159	213	314	437	45
Dallas, TX	4,271	70	135	40	19	4	20	3	335	251
Bergen-Passaic, NJ	3,901	50	39	405	83	327	42	11	404	74
Nassau-Suffolk, NY	3,693	43	130	208	17	179	117	106	380	225
Honolulu, HI	3,575	21	281	2	-	-	-	2	10	4
Jersey City, NJ	3,280	4	35	235	493	325	98	21	402	10
Seattle, WA	3,105	88	328	10	6	2	2	1	106	123
Anaheim-Santa Ana, CA	3,020	28	60	27	10	1	6	1	109	193
Philadelphia, PA-NJ	2,926	56	142	44	13	27	15	39	329	51
Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood-Pompano Beach, FL	2,919	125	57	256	156	55	50	222	56	36
Middlesex-Somerset-Hunterdon, NJ	2,551	20	80	61	22	113	54	9	653	32
Sacramento, CA	2,175	26	233	1	2	1	1	-	98	68
Phoenix, AZ	1,882	86	102	27	6	3	3	-	91	99
Hartford-New Britain-Middletown-Bristol, CT	1,821	87	44	50	14	32	64	10	133	24
Atlanta, GA	1,757	43	37	49	19	8	21	13	140	92
Detroit, MI	1,756	86	52	5	3	1	3	2	147	36
Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk-Danbury, CT	1,753	51	49	101	16	36	4	89	118	31
Fort Worth-Arlington, TX	1,572	28	33	18	8	3	1	5	130	57
Riverside-San Bernardino, CA	1,565	35	35	12	12	3	-	3	68	44
Minneapolis-St. Paul, MN-WI	1,520	38	54	10	1	2	33	1	52	41
Portland, OR	1,408	52	85	13	3	-	1	-	22	62
Orlando, FL	1,399	42	39	72	47	41	54	48	61	62
West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Delray Beach, FL	1,291	59	42	74	118	15	18	128	43	16
San Juan, PR	1,120	2	20	25	116	766	-	1	2	1
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater, FL	1,063	60	36	35	135	14	13	7	36	31
New Orleans, LA	1,048	9	32	23	48	1	2	5	39	18
Las Vegas, NV	1,033	19	58	14	45	2	1	5	12	27
Providence-Pawtucket-Woonsocket, RI	966	14	41	70	5	103	3	16	26	8
Baltimore, MD	959	18	44	9	2	3	13	6	100	69
Denver, CO	958	33	39	8	6	-	1	-	31	46
New Haven-Waterbury-Meriden, CT	917	22	49	26	3	15	30	6	69	18
Vallejo-Fairfield-Napa, CA	880	4	17	2	3	-	2	1	17	13
Cleveland, OH	853	23	36	6	-	2	8	-	97	18
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News, VA	839	8	20	7	2	10	4	5	40	18
Stockton, CA	828	2	59	-	-	-	-	-	48	9
St. Louis, MO-IL	760	6	48	7	1	2	6	6	59	19
San Antonio, TX	745	3	18	17	1	3	1	1	20	32
Monmouth-Ocean, NJ	712	8	31	21	4	6	6	17	80	17
Fresno, CA	706	5	34	3	-	-	-	-	81	38
Other MSA	33,056	1,054	1,136	446	214	229	160	148	2,505	997
Non-MSA	12,023	481	303	182	169	424	52	58	658	175
Unknown	11,528	235	431	256	235	243	128	103	567	477

See footnotes at end of table.

**TABLE 52. PERSONS NATURALIZED BY SELECTED COUNTRY OF FORMER ALLEGIANCE
AND SELECTED METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA OF RESIDENCE
FISCAL YEAR 1992—Continued**

Metropolitan statistical area ¹	Jamaica	Korea	Mexico	Pakistan	Philippines	Poland	Taiwan	United Kingdom	Vietnam	Other
Total	6,765	8,297	12,880	3,350	28,579	4,681	6,408	7,800	18,357	74,013
New York, NY	2,485	726	100	562	1,255	515	637	1,145	368	12,244
Los Angeles-Long Beach, CA	23	741	1,071	77	2,458	78	769	341	1,050	3,377
Miami-Hialeah, FL	810	19	71	109	185	28	15	95	34	2,955
Chicago, IL	57	409	1,105	230	1,097	983	144	127	402	2,646
San Francisco, CA	4	88	118	34	2,445	35	199	455	639	1,435
Washington, DC-MD-VA	170	386	27	212	516	57	183	190	575	2,773
Houston, TX	65	114	795	224	412	29	214	166	1,299	1,707
Boston-Lawrence-Salem-Lowell-Brockton, MA	115	113	13	50	139	108	134	327	586	2,401
San Jose, CA	8	161	192	42	1,109	29	502	155	1,845	839
Oakland, CA	11	116	150	47	1,374	69	238	266	615	1,165
San Diego, CA	12	55	593	11	1,499	46	81	97	597	1,102
Newark, NJ	219	64	11	56	395	154	141	103	65	1,467
Dallas, TX	29	277	475	108	233	41	313	111	567	1,240
Bergen-Passaic, NJ	135	155	18	43	277	163	87	82	11	1,495
Nassau-Suffolk, NY	166	108	15	88	163	82	93	131	59	1,383
Honolulu, HI	3	309	16	1	2,346	-	48	69	165	298
Jersey City, NJ	18	40	8	60	420	52	30	28	51	950
Seattle, WA	6	201	24	24	540	59	115	170	456	844
Anaheim-Santa Ana, CA	5	163	167	44	338	24	170	77	929	668
Philadelphia, PA-NJ	107	211	20	42	261	109	52	122	302	984
Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood-Pompano Beach, FL	611	13	16	48	91	26	13	75	47	961
Middlesex-Somerset-Hunterdon, NJ	53	58	6	72	217	88	174	87	64	688
Sacramento, CA	5	56	120	63	363	20	50	86	415	567
Phoenix, AZ	5	56	277	22	189	45	52	68	167	584
Hartford-New Britain-Middletown-Bristol, CT	236	19	10	33	45	236	8	54	111	611
Atlanta, GA	53	116	22	30	59	21	81	67	148	738
Detroit, MI	12	33	24	35	105	85	16	46	42	1,023
Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk-Danbury, CT	116	24	7	23	33	50	8	106	67	824
Fort Worth-Arlington, TX	9	46	178	33	82	10	53	44	342	492
Riverside-San Bernardino, CA	9	64	211	19	349	8	59	32	130	472
Minneapolis-St. Paul, MN-WI	6	50	18	15	70	32	23	64	263	747
Portland, OR	1	148	12	6	124	15	25	57	283	499
Orlando, FL	103	19	15	30	97	10	16	48	149	446
West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Delray Beach, FL	123	7	23	14	33	27	9	55	36	451
San Juan, PR	-	3	9	1	1	1	4	8	-	160
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater, FL	37	11	13	5	71	26	1	46	124	362
New Orleans, LA	9	5	20	27	48	5	15	30	294	418
Las Vegas, NV	6	50	106	-	241	12	22	52	45	316
Providence-Pawtucket-Woonsocket, RI	4	6	4	4	24	14	1	16	19	588
Baltimore, MD	32	73	3	21	92	20	22	54	40	338
Denver, CO	3	63	112	6	70	40	19	24	146	311
New Haven-Waterbury-Meriden, CT	38	13	3	15	30	55	14	49	42	420
Vallejo-Fairfield-Napa, CA	6	15	47	10	537	7	15	23	24	137
Cleveland, OH	5	15	5	8	48	28	11	22	31	490
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News, VA	13	42	9	4	377	6	17	34	55	168
Stockton, CA	1	1	76	47	231	4	4	12	140	194
St. Louis, MO-IL	2	53	14	26	69	19	24	31	97	271
San Antonio, TX	4	30	301	9	59	11	21	13	34	167
Monmouth-Ocean, NJ	32	15	1	6	77	19	39	36	23	274
Fresno, CA	-	7	124	5	52	1	11	13	37	295
Other MSA	424	1,588	3,655	428	3,149	745	847	1,361	2,880	11,090
Non-MSA	141	592	1,593	105	2,419	143	187	480	543	3,318
Unknown	218	550	857	116	1,665	191	382	350	904	3,620

¹ Ranked by the number of persons naturalized. See Glossary for definition of metropolitan statistical area.

- Represents zero.

NOTE: See Naturalizations section of the text for an explanation of the large number of naturalizations with unreported information in 1992.

**TABLE 53. PERSONS NATURALIZED BY MAJOR OCCUPATION GROUP
AND REGION AND SELECTED COUNTRY OF FORMER ALLEGIANCE
FISCAL YEAR 1992**

Region and country of former allegiance	Total	Occupation									No occu- pation or not re- ported ¹
		Total	Profes- sional specialty	Exec- utive, admin- istrative, and man- agerial	Sales	Adminis- trative support	Precision produc- tion, craft, and repair	Opera- tors, fabri- cators, and laborers	Farming, forestry, and fishing	Service	
All countries	240,252	132,329	23,456	13,659	10,437	29,759	11,211	20,602	1,316	21,889	107,923
Europe	30,781	17,198	3,316	2,161	1,163	3,536	1,635	2,869	127	2,391	13,583
Albania	109	67	3	4	4	15	7	16	-	18	42
Austria	100	47	11	9	4	8	4	7	-	4	53
Belgium	151	91	25	16	6	13	4	13	-	14	60
Bulgaria	171	101	27	10	13	15	5	17	-	14	70
Czechoslovakia	676	418	87	33	26	48	62	81	5	76	258
Denmark	126	67	18	18	4	11	6	4	-	6	59
Finland	91	54	6	5	7	14	5	9	1	7	37
France	1,124	652	144	123	62	135	26	50	4	108	472
Germany	1,901	1,008	178	156	96	226	111	101	9	131	893
Greece	1,769	868	122	114	43	159	80	158	5	187	901
Hungary	608	360	80	25	24	51	53	51	2	74	248
Ireland	738	435	93	53	25	105	36	71	4	48	303
Italy	1,618	935	121	119	59	198	123	167	6	142	683
Netherlands	378	199	42	29	14	47	17	28	2	20	179
Norway	107	60	17	12	3	12	1	2	6	7	47
Poland	4,681	2,611	505	346	118	392	354	575	11	310	2,070
Portugal	1,884	1,383	182	60	76	180	149	519	25	192	501
Romania	2,457	1,203	263	89	59	245	132	229	8	178	1,254
Soviet Union	1,648	821	162	83	50	271	49	119	4	83	827
Spain	462	236	46	22	21	44	15	43	1	44	226
Sweden	186	104	20	19	10	19	7	19	2	8	82
Switzerland	310	154	40	35	8	25	9	15	3	19	156
United Kingdom	7,800	4,441	999	664	385	1,118	283	405	26	561	3,359
Yugoslavia	1,452	754	106	102	41	160	84	143	1	117	698
Other Europe	234	129	19	15	5	25	13	27	2	23	105
Asia	121,965	65,130	12,864	6,865	5,233	12,876	5,177	9,690	756	11,669	56,835
Afghanistan	1,047	597	81	68	85	127	39	89	-	108	450
Bangladesh	967	531	113	67	55	156	11	61	1	67	436
Burma	454	270	31	26	10	82	36	43	2	40	184
Cambodia	2,749	1,613	164	90	95	206	189	572	14	283	1,136
China, Mainland	13,488	6,971	872	568	432	1,665	671	800	28	1,935	6,517
Cyprus	170	88	20	11	6	20	9	7	2	13	82
India	13,413	7,569	2,476	1,069	675	1,590	278	945	29	507	5,844
Indonesia	309	175	54	23	6	45	8	14	1	24	134
Iran	6,778	4,140	1,308	665	472	644	200	317	11	523	2,638
Iraq	1,196	515	99	122	74	64	47	51	3	55	681
Israel	2,376	1,175	266	234	156	260	63	79	7	110	1,201
Japan	621	350	59	53	49	65	18	36	1	69	271
Jordan	2,297	1,084	186	272	143	141	56	119	2	165	1,213
Korea	8,297	3,717	428	683	398	707	268	417	15	801	4,580
Kuwait	299	173	48	43	23	20	7	13	-	19	126
Laos	3,052	1,891	159	68	104	231	256	737	29	307	1,161
Lebanon	2,881	1,527	408	237	180	186	86	214	11	205	1,354
Malaysia	388	221	71	28	16	52	9	5	1	39	167
Pakistan	3,350	1,631	335	268	194	384	78	212	4	156	1,719
Philippines	28,579	15,850	2,939	930	1,085	3,762	1,510	1,817	456	3,351	12,729
Saudi Arabia	94	42	11	6	7	6	2	1	1	8	52
Singapore	145	72	10	14	9	24	4	4	1	6	73
Sri Lanka	333	200	70	31	9	44	6	16	2	22	133
Syria	1,200	611	132	109	73	80	53	84	4	76	589
Taiwan	6,408	3,463	1,132	495	297	771	77	208	6	477	2,945
Thailand	962	559	82	57	45	85	57	74	4	155	403
Turkey	1,124	638	165	87	58	134	47	66	1	80	486
Vietnam	18,357	9,306	1,123	521	467	1,276	1,087	2,668	118	2,046	9,051
Yemen	528	90	5	14	4	37	3	14	1	12	438
Other Asia	103	61	17	6	6	12	2	7	1	10	42
Africa	9,628	6,270	1,426	808	536	1,226	308	994	29	943	3,358
Algeria	102	69	25	13	5	8	4	7	2	5	33
Cape Verde	226	189	22	1	9	16	15	107	1	18	37
Egypt	2,098	1,232	260	185	111	282	38	137	2	217	866
Ethiopia	1,505	1,121	188	96	112	207	50	260	8	200	384
Ghana	692	452	114	42	23	91	27	79	1	75	240

**TABLE 53. PERSONS NATURALIZED BY MAJOR OCCUPATION GROUP
AND REGION AND SELECTED COUNTRY OF FORMER ALLEGIANCE
FISCAL YEAR 1992—Continued**

Region and country of former allegiance	Total	Occupation									No occu- pation or not reported ¹
		Total	Profes- sional specialty	Exec- utive, admin- istrative, and man- agerial	Sales	Adminis- trative support	Precision produc- tion, craft, and repair	Opera- tors, fabri- cators, and laborers	Farming, forestry, and fishing	Service	
Kenya	237	143	35	26	14	32	10	16	-	10	94
Liberia	359	244	50	20	14	59	19	35	1	46	115
Libya	147	91	24	11	15	18	7	7	-	9	56
Morocco	396	233	31	38	17	55	12	17	2	61	163
Nigeria	1,862	1,230	372	164	94	221	64	156	3	156	632
Sierra Leone	187	141	31	21	4	27	6	31	1	20	46
Somalia	122	81	15	12	5	8	4	25	-	12	41
South Africa	650	388	105	75	57	81	17	28	4	21	262
Sudan	99	51	9	11	3	11	4	6	-	7	48
Tanzania	180	98	26	13	14	22	2	16	-	5	82
Uganda	118	77	20	11	3	24	3	5	-	11	41
Other Africa	648	430	99	69	36	64	26	62	4	70	218
Oceania	942	602	84	54	40	128	79	90	6	121	340
Australia	140	80	20	13	7	11	7	11	2	9	60
Fiji	398	264	31	15	20	73	32	39	-	54	134
New Zealand	110	71	17	12	4	12	3	9	3	11	39
Western Samoa	102	57	3	4	3	11	13	11	-	12	45
Other Oceania	192	130	13	10	6	21	24	20	1	35	62
North America	56,710	32,047	4,189	2,719	2,592	8,336	3,161	5,422	370	5,258	24,663
Canada	4,067	2,335	634	406	238	433	155	256	21	192	1,732
Mexico	12,880	6,835	531	557	489	956	970	1,847	261	1,224	6,045
Caribbean	32,272	18,809	2,524	1,411	1,556	5,788	1,594	2,758	73	3,105	13,463
Antigua-Barbuda	376	235	34	13	14	78	36	17	1	42	141
Bahamas, The	156	103	20	6	6	27	11	11	-	22	53
Barbados	669	342	30	20	22	140	39	47	3	41	327
Cuba	7,763	4,518	574	528	501	1,080	346	824	23	642	3,245
Dominica	308	175	18	12	19	44	23	30	-	29	133
Dominican Republic	8,464	4,599	459	299	472	1,585	353	752	15	664	3,865
Grenada	421	202	32	11	6	96	18	15	-	24	219
Haiti	3,993	2,474	258	97	133	625	167	512	14	668	1,519
Jamaica	6,755	4,316	787	289	272	1,427	391	404	11	735	2,449
St. Kitts and Nevis	307	189	20	13	17	41	43	12	3	40	118
St. Lucia	194	104	16	3	7	26	20	13	-	19	90
St. Vincent and Grenadines	254	121	16	7	7	64	8	4	-	15	133
Trinidad and Tobago	2,602	1,431	260	113	80	555	139	117	3	164	1,171
Central America	7,491	4,068	500	345	309	1,159	442	561	15	737	3,423
Belize	304	167	27	12	8	69	25	6	-	20	137
Costa Rica	547	280	39	27	19	75	26	43	2	49	267
El Salvador	2,056	1,145	120	84	75	301	124	181	4	256	911
Guatemala	1,086	548	55	60	36	130	62	117	2	86	538
Honduras	1,248	622	67	48	46	179	51	92	3	136	626
Nicaragua	1,100	681	104	76	76	198	46	62	2	117	419
Panama	1,150	625	88	38	49	207	108	60	2	73	525
South America	19,982	10,995	1,560	1,047	864	3,639	840	1,525	28	1,492	8,987
Argentina	1,237	739	141	91	68	173	69	83	1	113	498
Bolivia	423	257	48	33	27	65	14	25	-	45	166
Brazil	679	393	87	50	52	73	20	51	2	58	286
Chile	713	410	79	44	40	95	31	52	1	68	303
Colombia	6,439	3,541	472	351	300	988	270	641	7	512	2,898
Ecuador	1,857	1,041	102	102	70	393	90	160	3	121	816
Guyana	4,717	2,242	237	152	109	1,177	169	190	3	205	2,475
Paraguay	138	68	20	3	2	19	8	6	-	10	70
Peru	2,633	1,605	213	140	118	478	131	245	10	270	1,028
Uruguay	371	223	40	18	22	55	20	34	-	34	148
Venezuela	730	453	116	62	52	116	18	37	1	51	277
Other South America	45	23	5	1	4	7	-	1	-	5	22
Stateless	137	61	10	4	7	14	3	9	-	14	76
Not reported	107	26	7	1	2	4	8	3	-	1	81

¹ Includes homemakers, students, unemployed or retired persons, and others not reporting or with an unknown occupation.

- Represents zero.

NOTE: See Naturalizations section of the text for an explanation of the large number of naturalizations with unreported information in 1992.

**TABLE 54. PERSONS NATURALIZED IN FISCAL YEAR 1992 BY CALENDAR YEAR OF ENTRY
AND REGION AND SELECTED COUNTRY OF BIRTH**

Region and country of birth	Total	1992 and 1991	1990	1989	1988	1987	1986	1985	1984	1983	1982	1981	1980	Before 1980	Unknown or not reported
All countries	240,252	5,403	1,236	2,370	11,244	14,032	41,329	30,458	18,801	13,952	12,174	11,811	11,674	64,908	860
Europe	27,143	273	88	161	813	1,309	3,881	2,641	1,654	1,231	1,071	938	920	12,091	72
Belgium	142	1	-	1	5	12	17	18	5	8	5	4	5	61	-
Bulgaria	166	3	-	3	6	19	54	24	9	6	10	6	-	26	-
Czechoslovakia	677	-	-	2	14	53	224	127	52	34	20	18	19	110	4
Denmark	120	-	1	-	2	1	7	8	6	4	2	1	1	87	-
France	981	6	1	6	42	48	95	93	52	43	40	25	37	492	1
Germany	1,938	15	9	17	58	62	84	65	64	60	48	56	45	1,345	10
Greece	1,751	12	3	20	74	96	174	129	84	84	49	55	44	923	4
Hungary	616	1	4	1	28	45	150	85	48	36	8	17	13	177	3
Ireland	731	1	-	7	36	44	88	48	38	22	23	20	16	388	-
Italy	1,608	8	2	3	30	49	52	65	28	24	22	27	25	1,269	4
Netherlands	320	-	-	2	12	7	11	13	16	13	18	6	10	211	1
Norway	110	-	-	1	3	5	5	6	6	8	1	2	4	69	-
Poland	4,699	10	10	31	130	264	1,167	759	482	313	365	186	107	859	16
Portugal	1,802	5	2	5	27	37	83	86	59	51	39	68	89	1,249	2
Romania	2,489	182	41	14	49	181	811	497	247	133	71	69	53	136	5
Soviet Union	1,734	3	1	10	50	96	260	136	71	87	85	125	216	590	4
Spain	461	2	1	3	5	16	28	28	25	19	13	12	11	297	1
Sweden	184	-	2	2	3	2	10	10	11	7	4	5	5	122	1
Switzerland	304	1	1	2	12	14	23	29	13	13	10	4	6	175	1
United Kingdom	4,366	14	6	15	138	161	311	291	268	208	192	176	168	2,409	9
Yugoslavia	1,453	4	3	15	79	82	176	97	54	45	37	43	32	782	4
Other Europe	491	5	1	1	10	15	51	27	16	13	9	13	14	314	2
Asia	125,378	4,714	815	1,586	7,341	8,693	26,123	18,756	10,673	7,695	6,361	6,813	6,364	18,872	572
Afghanistan	1,052	-	-	1	8	47	180	175	152	164	139	109	36	40	1
Bangladesh	974	5	1	14	81	120	385	174	67	33	12	21	6	53	2
Burma	485	2	-	6	18	32	154	118	29	22	10	12	18	64	-
Cambodia	2,713	1	3	2	10	27	78	181	318	301	320	881	263	325	3
China, Mainland	13,616	12	17	165	886	1,102	3,786	2,420	1,161	804	559	386	348	1,937	33
Cyprus	171	-	-	3	10	21	34	27	19	6	4	4	2	41	-
Hong Kong	3,203	4	6	45	352	274	753	526	244	218	123	77	64	507	10
India	13,452	21	32	100	445	988	3,000	1,941	1,121	964	599	565	573	3,085	18
Indonesia	318	4	-	4	24	16	68	53	22	11	18	19	15	62	2
Iran	6,787	1	5	26	206	284	1,437	1,415	1,050	660	390	318	229	754	12
Iraq	1,203	1	3	10	60	80	198	157	90	99	101	65	86	249	4
Israel	2,250	7	12	42	208	214	602	328	167	141	100	73	67	282	7
Japan	634	10	4	5	16	21	35	32	22	21	25	18	23	400	2
Jordan	2,263	20	15	51	291	242	421	284	147	124	86	86	98	380	18
Korea	8,330	136	211	223	428	540	1,224	1,187	792	612	546	422	415	1,552	42
Kuwait	313	3	-	7	63	46	68	39	30	11	10	10	1	23	2
Laos	3,080	-	5	-	9	31	264	104	178	118	133	522	859	849	8
Lebanon	2,888	8	2	78	418	380	741	418	173	110	65	73	79	333	10
Malaysia	394	2	1	6	57	40	87	48	36	19	16	21	12	47	2
Pakistan	3,359	10	9	60	250	313	858	623	355	198	125	121	93	335	9
Philippines	28,587	4,324	250	534	2,728	2,744	6,504	3,948	1,807	1,132	888	656	505	2,235	332
Saudi Arabia	105	7	2	4	20	10	25	11	6	3	4	1	2	10	-
Singapore	153	-	-	1	14	13	32	19	13	11	9	5	7	28	1
Sri Lanka	332	-	1	4	25	20	80	57	26	23	12	17	5	61	1
Syria	1,222	4	7	25	157	129	303	174	91	55	46	56	45	125	5
Taiwan	6,275	13	10	55	335	524	1,972	1,489	538	505	343	85	90	307	9
Thailand	946	11	7	19	41	50	107	91	57	65	51	66	53	323	5
Turkey	1,148	2	4	30	89	90	198	115	111	57	62	63	42	282	3
Vietnam	18,422	16	20	22	65	260	2,437	2,553	1,831	1,187	1,547	2,049	2,318	4,094	23
Yemen	528	89	187	41	8	19	44	24	10	13	12	7	7	59	8
Other Asia	175	1	1	3	19	16	48	25	10	8	6	5	3	30	-
Africa	9,731	30	14	138	889	933	2,020	1,508	1,044	694	561	427	365	1,087	21
Algeria	103	1	2	3	7	5	12	10	12	9	8	4	4	26	-
Cape Verde	222	4	-	4	7	7	36	40	18	15	13	7	7	64	-
Egypt	2,115	9	1	41	314	321	520	301	149	110	55	58	43	190	3
Ethiopia	1,506	2	1	4	28	51	259	264	240	161	197	123	87	87	2
Ghana	710	1	1	6	56	48	145	103	87	58	31	26	28	117	3
Kenya	258	-	2	4	13	18	40	47	28	30	8	9	11	48	-
Liberia	361	3	-	3	19	26	60	67	35	21	27	19	18	63	-
Libya	145	-	1	1	5	10	37	36	17	11	6	1	7	13	-

**TABLE 54. PERSONS NATURALIZED IN FISCAL YEAR 1992 BY CALENDAR YEAR OF ENTRY
AND REGION AND SELECTED COUNTRY OF BIRTH—Continued**

Region and country of birth	Total	1992 and 1991	1990	1989	1988	1987	1986	1985	1984	1983	1982	1981	1980	Before 1980	Unknown or not reported
Morocco	422	2	3	21	85	58	90	48	30	16	7	17	9	34	2
Nigeria	1,847	1	1	20	176	190	341	310	216	141	118	77	73	179	4
Sierra Leone	192	-	-	3	16	14	31	34	30	13	9	11	10	21	-
Somalia	120	-	-	3	24	16	30	16	7	7	6	1	4	4	2
South Africa	657	2	-	8	57	72	190	85	55	41	29	30	19	68	1
Sudan	94	2	1	4	11	12	20	17	8	4	2	3	1	8	1
Tanzania	198	-	-	1	7	11	55	31	28	14	11	8	7	23	2
Uganda	131	-	-	-	5	10	25	20	19	10	6	6	8	21	1
Zimbabwe	96	1	-	-	7	5	23	14	10	4	5	6	3	18	-
Other Africa	554	2	1	12	52	59	106	65	55	29	23	21	26	103	-
Oceania	1,013	6	7	13	33	40	106	146	67	39	35	44	51	410	16
Australia	126	-	1	4	3	4	5	7	4	1	4	11	4	75	3
Fiji	399	-	-	2	10	18	62	101	40	23	15	16	27	85	-
French Polynesia	109	-	1	-	-	5	6	2	3	2	2	1	3	84	-
New Zealand	104	-	-	1	5	1	7	12	3	2	6	6	6	55	-
Western Samoa	102	2	1	2	5	5	12	3	8	3	6	6	3	41	5
Other Oceania	173	4	4	4	10	7	14	21	9	8	2	4	8	70	8
North America	56,905	227	173	248	1,289	1,937	5,799	5,115	3,688	3,085	3,288	2,711	3,197	26,012	136
Canada	4,025	25	11	16	90	129	196	194	160	135	138	123	136	2,656	16
Mexico	12,873	42	55	38	330	421	1,070	897	676	578	515	684	445	7,078	44
Caribbean	32,478	46	41	120	542	979	3,399	3,014	2,183	1,826	2,169	1,492	2,310	14,314	43
Antigua-Barbuda	375	-	-	1	5	9	34	40	42	50	84	19	14	76	1
Bahamas	165	1	1	-	4	6	20	21	12	6	22	3	6	62	1
Barbados	671	-	-	-	14	17	63	69	47	53	35	37	55	281	-
Cuba	7,750	2	3	3	20	44	192	274	175	192	223	149	1,160	5,303	10
Dominica	288	-	-	1	2	15	37	24	23	21	12	22	20	110	1
Dominican Republic	8,494	30	17	69	223	323	1,102	931	581	500	408	341	323	3,637	9
Grenada	420	-	-	-	4	13	57	56	47	36	29	25	40	113	-
Haiti	3,988	2	8	13	62	158	757	552	337	260	759	175	141	762	2
Jamaica	6,710	4	7	19	133	276	856	777	680	513	399	530	377	2,129	10
St. Kitts & Nevis	331	-	1	1	6	11	27	41	47	27	65	14	18	69	4
St. Lucia	195	-	-	-	3	9	31	16	25	15	12	14	15	55	-
St. Vincent & Grenadines	249	-	-	2	3	3	31	31	24	38	14	19	16	68	-
Trinidad & Tobago	2,588	5	4	8	57	90	174	173	130	104	88	131	117	1,503	4
Other Caribbean	254	2	-	3	6	5	18	9	13	11	19	13	8	146	1
Central America	7,495	114	65	74	325	406	1,131	1,008	666	545	464	411	304	1,950	32
Belize	305	-	-	2	12	23	43	33	35	30	34	18	6	68	1
Costa Rica	547	3	3	10	15	29	50	44	46	28	33	20	21	243	2
El Salvador	2,061	13	8	15	77	118	336	366	194	165	145	93	87	442	2
Guatemala	1,080	18	33	17	42	54	147	128	86	66	51	58	48	327	5
Honduras	1,249	29	9	14	56	67	208	151	102	93	76	66	44	327	7
Nicaragua	1,103	3	-	5	44	54	233	165	136	87	78	65	39	192	2
Panama	1,150	48	12	11	79	61	114	121	67	76	47	91	59	351	13
Other North America	34	-	1	-	2	2	3	2	3	1	2	1	2	14	1
South America	19,969	153	137	217	868	1,116	3,388	2,280	1,669	1,203	856	874	772	6,405	31
Argentina	1,242	1	3	6	56	65	160	109	80	63	52	33	52	560	2
Bolivia	417	1	3	7	14	28	71	56	57	26	21	24	18	91	-
Brazil	661	12	19	18	50	42	73	72	58	35	30	20	20	209	3
Chile	716	19	13	13	39	30	92	69	44	44	28	30	18	275	2
Colombia	6,451	45	42	61	207	260	665	654	523	342	287	289	267	2,803	6
Ecuador	1,855	2	-	12	45	59	161	148	120	101	72	57	80	996	2
Guyana	4,726	-	3	27	134	331	1,526	720	463	381	224	239	178	492	8
Paraguay	129	12	16	7	6	9	7	10	9	6	3	4	-	40	-
Peru	2,645	57	34	51	235	222	461	301	208	135	98	131	85	621	6
Uruguay	368	-	1	1	16	23	39	39	30	13	15	19	26	146	-
Venezuela	710	4	3	14	60	39	128	99	71	50	26	26	24	164	2
Other South America	49	-	-	-	6	8	5	3	6	7	-	2	4	8	-
Not reported	113	-	2	7	11	4	12	12	6	5	2	4	5	31	12

- Represents zero.

**TABLE 55. PERSONS NATURALIZED BY SELECTED COUNTRY OF FORMER ALLEGIANCE, AGE, AND SEX
FISCAL YEAR 1992**

Age and sex	All countries	Canada	China, Mainland	Colombia	Cuba	Dominican Republic	Guyana	Haiti	India	Iran
Total	240,252	4,067	13,488	6,439	7,763	8,464	4,717	3,993	13,413	6,778
Under 18 years	7,105	127	262	235	46	175	105	36	471	56
18-19 years	5,751	62	460	88	103	181	93	28	420	80
20-24 years	25,790	269	1,750	499	604	1,002	486	259	1,693	428
25-29 years	34,207	347	1,714	824	944	1,591	736	583	1,990	889
30-34 years	42,074	415	1,876	1,048	703	1,511	880	950	2,555	1,715
35-39 years	36,459	447	1,692	912	534	1,172	713	979	2,052	1,477
40-44 years	25,108	436	1,303	651	465	770	534	540	1,634	860
45-49 years	16,155	480	979	551	405	411	298	271	1,035	517
50-54 years	11,883	446	605	492	523	403	243	145	621	253
55-59 years	9,610	359	663	417	731	388	205	77	387	208
60-64 years	8,738	294	705	365	861	348	185	58	253	129
65-69 years	8,614	185	689	195	808	257	124	41	140	89
70-74 years	5,275	132	447	81	544	138	77	16	94	40
75-79 years	2,376	48	244	57	289	78	25	6	51	28
80 years and over	1,103	19	99	24	203	39	13	4	17	9
Not reported	4	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Male	120,430	1,680	5,688	2,998	4,014	3,627	2,168	2,137	7,158	4,338
Under 18 years	3,499	61	123	116	30	92	62	18	220	20
18-19 years	2,503	30	176	46	40	60	41	12	156	33
20-24 years	12,271	128	773	255	303	402	201	107	767	215
25-29 years	16,836	186	539	388	486	635	315	276	978	547
30-34 years	21,667	191	631	511	398	651	414	505	1,409	1,194
35-39 years	18,927	196	739	419	298	553	344	569	1,193	1,043
40-44 years	12,447	174	569	277	272	369	260	301	892	557
45-49 years	7,906	180	457	258	214	200	138	154	582	289
50-54 years	5,394	153	281	211	242	170	110	88	354	138
55-59 years	4,298	127	322	181	341	153	80	40	235	126
60-64 years	4,176	106	336	184	440	163	94	33	157	71
65-69 years	5,150	63	339	89	441	96	59	24	91	55
70-74 years	3,337	61	239	36	290	43	36	6	69	25
75-79 years	1,445	17	112	17	130	26	10	2	40	18
80 years and over	572	7	47	10	89	14	4	2	15	7
Not reported	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Female	114,273	2,329	7,335	3,413	3,718	4,787	2,487	1,819	5,903	2,245
Under 18 years	3,240	60	120	114	15	80	43	16	227	31
18-19 years	3,044	32	271	40	63	117	51	16	258	43
20-24 years	12,807	137	914	244	296	593	278	149	883	199
25-29 years	16,600	159	1,118	435	454	946	412	303	971	317
30-34 years	19,478	215	1,202	533	302	852	453	434	1,074	483
35-39 years	16,673	238	883	488	233	610	360	404	804	396
40-44 years	12,091	258	690	372	191	397	263	233	699	278
45-49 years	7,905	295	485	289	188	210	155	115	426	209
50-54 years	6,255	291	302	279	280	228	130	56	252	105
55-59 years	5,138	229	319	235	388	232	125	36	142	78
60-64 years	4,413	183	347	180	418	182	89	24	89	55
65-69 years	3,356	120	329	106	365	161	64	17	45	31
70-74 years	1,859	69	181	44	254	93	41	10	22	13
75-79 years	896	30	125	40	158	52	14	4	9	6
80 years and over	516	12	49	14	113	25	9	2	2	1
Not reported	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unknown sex	5,549	58	465	28	31	59	62	37	352	195
Percent distribution	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Male	50.1	41.3	42.2	46.6	51.7	42.9	46.0	53.5	53.4	64.0
Female	47.6	57.3	54.4	53.0	47.9	56.5	52.7	45.6	44.0	33.1
Unknown	2.3	1.4	3.4	.4	.4	.7	1.3	.9	2.6	2.9
Median age	35.7	44.2	36.9	37.9	50.9	34.3	35.4	35.6	34.2	35.7
Male	35.8	41.3	39.0	37.1	49.3	34.8	35.5	36.3	35.2	35.7
Female	35.6	46.1	35.3	38.5	52.5	33.9	35.3	34.8	32.6	35.6

**TABLE 55. PERSONS NATURALIZED BY SELECTED COUNTRY OF FORMER ALLEGIANCE, AGE, AND SEX
FISCAL YEAR 1992—Continued**

Age and sex	Jamaica	Korea	Mexico	Pakistan	Philippines	Poland	Taiwan	United Kingdom	Vietnam	Other
Total	6,765	8,297	12,880	3,350	28,579	4,681	6,408	7,800	18,357	74,013
Under 18 years	139	887	236	112	659	82	213	201	426	2,637
18-19 years	98	430	279	57	289	73	247	211	1,119	1,433
20-24 years	616	1,423	1,852	290	1,751	300	736	1,022	4,147	6,663
25-29 years	1,124	1,144	2,356	535	3,281	404	500	1,055	3,276	10,914
30-34 years	1,222	1,485	2,454	878	4,104	814	1,291	1,126	2,858	14,189
35-39 years	1,005	1,065	1,657	686	3,977	996	1,799	1,044	2,368	11,884
40-44 years	808	554	1,057	344	2,599	809	1,007	784	1,608	8,345
45-49 years	590	429	636	148	1,633	388	269	700	911	5,504
50-54 years	356	283	639	91	1,158	240	146	597	637	4,005
55-59 years	290	202	578	69	1,046	174	69	419	365	2,963
60-64 years	239	148	509	54	1,395	166	57	288	296	2,388
65-69 years	145	122	307	45	3,276	128	35	204	197	1,627
70-74 years	83	77	174	24	2,227	65	22	101	96	837
75-79 years	30	36	85	9	929	20	8	29	32	372
80 years and over	20	12	61	8	255	22	9	19	21	249
Not reported	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
Male	2,844	3,307	7,031	2,057	13,720	2,330	2,782	3,458	10,073	39,020
Under 18 years	59	382	111	53	312	44	104	95	200	1,392
18-19 years	39	215	114	29	126	34	125	103	496	628
20-24 years	257	676	874	154	791	137	368	491	2,135	3,237
25-29 years	479	398	1,362	303	1,243	193	166	514	1,977	5,851
30-34 years	503	427	1,517	550	1,362	414	444	532	1,700	8,314
35-39 years	423	363	940	474	1,393	543	826	509	1,301	6,801
40-44 years	332	208	580	216	974	414	462	312	819	4,429
45-49 years	277	208	336	87	641	205	129	267	500	2,784
50-54 years	161	136	291	57	435	106	65	217	371	1,808
55-59 years	113	107	273	38	384	80	27	152	206	1,313
60-64 years	109	71	277	36	671	61	22	106	177	1,062
65-69 years	44	51	181	30	2,608	45	18	75	112	729
70-74 years	28	38	106	17	1,815	37	14	39	42	396
75-79 years	14	19	42	6	774	10	7	12	21	168
80 years and over	6	8	27	7	191	7	5	4	16	106
Not reported	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
Female	3,847	4,560	5,674	1,224	14,307	2,325	3,254	4,201	7,438	33,416
Under 18 years	68	444	119	54	298	35	86	95	201	1,134
18-19 years	57	196	162	27	150	39	104	101	562	755
20-24 years	353	676	961	130	920	162	325	503	1,819	3,265
25-29 years	635	694	961	221	1,964	208	309	522	1,153	4,818
30-34 years	701	968	899	313	2,659	396	764	576	1,044	5,610
35-39 years	576	647	692	201	2,507	450	889	514	966	4,815
40-44 years	473	321	460	118	1,574	392	483	433	707	3,749
45-49 years	310	198	294	58	963	181	129	423	353	2,624
50-54 years	189	132	339	32	700	132	70	373	245	2,120
55-59 years	176	91	296	29	630	94	36	263	143	1,596
60-64 years	128	70	227	17	698	103	31	178	106	1,288
65-69 years	99	67	122	13	642	82	16	128	77	872
70-74 years	54	36	68	7	392	27	7	61	50	430
75-79 years	15	16	41	3	148	9	1	16	10	199
80 years and over	13	4	33	1	62	15	4	15	2	140
Not reported	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Unknown sex	74	430	175	69	552	26	372	141	846	1,577
Percent distribution	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Male	42.0	39.9	54.6	61.4	48.0	49.8	43.4	44.3	54.9	52.7
Female	56.9	55.0	44.1	36.5	50.1	49.7	50.8	53.9	40.5	45.1
Unknown	1.1	5.2	1.4	2.1	1.9	.6	5.8	1.8	4.6	2.1
Median age	35.8	30.9	33.5	33.9	38.4	38.3	35.5	36.4	30.4	35.5
Male	35.8	29.7	33.5	34.4	38.4	38.2	36.2	35.0	30.6	35.1
Female	35.9	31.4	33.5	33.0	37.5	38.5	35.1	38.0	29.9	36.1

- Represents zero.

NOTE: See Naturalizations section of the text for an explanation of the large number of naturalizations with unreported information in 1992.

**TABLE 56. PERSONS NATURALIZED BY AGE AND SEX
FISCAL YEARS 1983-92**

Age and sex	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992
Total	178,948	197,023	244,717	280,623	227,008	242,063	233,777	270,101	308,058	240,252
Under 18 years	7,031	8,198	9,470	10,440	7,701	6,916	6,336	6,539	8,345	7,105
18-19 years	3,233	3,809	5,511	7,380	6,065	5,819	5,783	6,453	8,529	5,751
20-24 years	21,706	24,677	31,526	38,736	30,919	31,885	29,799	31,778	36,753	25,790
25-29 years	26,327	28,883	37,789	46,155	37,886	39,715	37,723	40,288	45,079	34,207
30-34 years	32,832	33,283	42,292	49,878	40,829	44,002	42,938	46,984	54,872	42,074
35-39 years	28,581	30,373	37,595	41,401	33,857	36,381	35,795	40,927	48,707	36,459
40-44 years	18,613	20,268	23,463	26,000	21,757	24,776	24,710	27,745	33,381	25,108
45-49 years	13,025	15,041	17,847	18,630	14,426	15,873	15,368	16,877	20,622	16,155
50-54 years	9,091	10,517	12,419	13,387	10,631	11,521	11,099	12,785	15,492	11,883
55-59 years	6,735	7,994	9,627	9,965	7,689	8,251	7,863	9,439	11,779	9,610
60-64 years	4,885	5,998	7,355	7,781	6,296	6,777	6,479	7,638	9,596	8,738
65-69 years	3,193	3,683	4,632	5,149	4,215	4,667	4,695	5,522	7,323	8,614
70-74 years	2,120	2,446	2,977	3,262	2,603	2,725	2,610	2,970	4,052	5,275
75-79 years	974	1,203	1,524	1,646	1,351	1,636	1,558	1,679	2,049	2,376
80 years and over	567	562	680	807	778	1,118	1,012	1,231	1,173	1,103
Not reported	35	88	10	6	5	1	9	11,246	306	4
Male	83,446	92,416	115,114	133,982	109,548	120,528	115,825	127,847	151,620	120,430
Under 18 years	3,009	3,491	4,003	4,527	3,253	3,270	3,103	2,969	3,900	3,499
18-19 years	1,521	1,788	2,474	3,301	2,702	2,700	2,693	2,892	3,878	2,503
20-24 years	10,380	11,684	15,199	18,578	14,945	15,834	14,591	14,944	17,836	12,271
25-29 years	11,828	13,270	17,717	22,340	18,649	19,898	18,582	19,088	22,059	16,836
30-34 years	14,774	15,000	19,609	23,575	19,852	22,164	21,710	22,828	28,049	21,667
35-39 years	13,644	14,510	18,090	20,201	16,705	18,445	18,276	20,275	24,911	18,927
40-44 years	8,877	9,643	11,105	12,567	10,523	12,397	12,320	13,288	16,568	12,447
45-49 years	6,316	7,278	8,651	8,995	6,966	8,045	7,684	7,918	10,056	7,906
50-54 years	4,311	5,199	5,891	6,423	5,147	5,643	5,405	5,706	7,368	5,394
55-59 years	3,147	3,758	4,457	4,778	3,628	4,052	3,795	4,197	5,496	4,298
60-64 years	2,357	2,937	3,366	3,557	2,973	3,196	3,019	3,342	4,462	4,176
65-69 years	1,499	1,756	2,131	2,420	1,975	2,238	2,203	2,478	3,442	5,150
70-74 years	1,041	1,168	1,336	1,515	1,236	1,327	1,227	1,334	1,916	3,337
75-79 years	455	605	742	817	617	776	726	762	1,007	1,445
80 years and over	273	288	337	386	374	542	488	561	563	572
Not reported	14	41	6	2	3	1	3	5,265	109	2
Female	95,344	104,228	124,425	140,087	108,583	119,599	117,837	127,096	150,140	114,273
Under 18 years	4,014	4,694	5,344	5,717	3,972	3,605	3,232	3,018	3,747	3,240
18-19 years	1,711	2,009	2,919	3,982	3,206	3,102	3,089	3,126	4,463	3,044
20-24 years	11,309	12,953	15,823	19,364	14,930	15,829	15,193	14,859	18,183	12,807
25-29 years	14,483	15,541	19,444	22,894	17,914	19,521	19,121	18,805	22,104	16,600
30-34 years	18,040	18,229	21,899	25,179	19,494	21,501	21,208	21,636	25,815	19,478
35-39 years	14,904	15,812	18,777	20,211	15,750	17,613	17,502	18,602	22,907	16,673
40-44 years	9,725	10,582	11,856	12,733	10,283	12,155	12,379	13,050	16,196	12,091
45-49 years	6,700	7,737	8,766	9,095	6,783	7,696	7,676	8,083	10,207	7,905
50-54 years	4,774	5,303	6,186	6,576	5,008	5,759	5,686	6,370	7,865	6,255
55-59 years	3,578	4,215	4,892	4,923	3,757	4,137	4,065	4,724	6,106	5,138
60-64 years	2,521	3,049	3,734	4,024	3,076	3,502	3,454	3,860	4,990	4,413
65-69 years	1,687	1,921	2,301	2,589	2,088	2,383	2,492	2,730	3,777	3,356
70-74 years	1,078	1,274	1,493	1,650	1,274	1,379	1,381	1,455	2,061	1,859
75-79 years	515	594	688	770	678	850	831	829	1,009	896
80 years and over	292	272	301	377	369	567	523	624	590	516
Not reported	13	43	2	3	1	-	5	5,325	120	2
Not reported	158	379	5,178	6,554	6,877	1,936	115	15,158	6,298	5,549
Percent distribution	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Male	46.6	46.9	47.0	47.7	48.3	49.8	49.5	47.3	49.2	50.1
Female	53.3	52.9	50.8	49.9	47.8	49.4	50.4	47.1	48.7	47.6
Not reported	Z	.1	2.1	2.3	3.9	.8	Z	5.6	2.0	2.3
Median age	34.8	34.9	34.5	33.8	33.8	34.2	34.4	34.7	35.0	35.7
Male	35.0	35.3	34.6	33.9	33.9	34.2	34.4	34.7	35.0	35.8
Female	34.5	34.7	34.3	33.6	33.7	34.2	34.4	34.9	35.2	35.6

- Represents zero. Z Rounds to less than 0.05 percent.

**TABLE 57. NATURALIZATION RATES THROUGH FISCAL YEAR 1991 OF IMMIGRANTS
ADMITTED IN FISCAL YEAR 1977 BY MAJOR CLASS OF ADMISSION AND OCCUPATION**

Class of admission and occupation	Immigrants in 1977 ¹		
	Number admitted	Naturalizations through 1991	Rate ²
Total, all immigrants	352,071	136,136	38.7
Classes of admission:			
1st pref., Unmarried sons and daughters of U.S. citizens	1,366	604	44.2
2nd pref., Spouses and children of legal permanent residents	41,681	22,861	54.8
3rd pref., Professionals or highly skilled immigrants	10,339	6,804	65.8
4th pref., Married sons and daughters of U.S. citizens	2,902	1,155	39.8
5th pref., Siblings of U.S. citizens	48,527	21,416	44.1
6th pref., Needed skilled or unskilled workers	7,320	3,021	41.3
7th pref., Refugee conditional entrants	7,666	4,797	62.6
Nonpreference	57,962	19,612	33.8
Independent Western Hemisphere	24,128	5,416	22.4
Spouses of U.S. citizens	66,776	24,222	36.3
Children of U.S. citizens	3,855	1,297	33.6
Parents of U.S. citizens	21,033	4,458	21.2
Special immigrants	1,453	656	45.1
Cuban refugee adjustments	56,239	19,644	34.9
Other	824	173	21.0
Occupation:			
Professional specialty and technical occupations	41,981	22,700	54.1
Architects	401	205	51.1
Engineers, surveyors, and mapping scientists	5,110	3,080	60.3
Mathematical and computer scientists	851	473	55.6
Natural scientists	1,620	836	51.6
Physicians	7,006	4,101	58.5
Other health diagnosing occupations	1,936	1,205	62.2
Health assessment and treating occupations	6,347	3,705	58.4
Teachers (postsecondary)	1,439	715	49.7
Teachers (except postsecondary)	4,456	2,429	54.5
Counselors (educational and vocational)	59	28	47.5
Librarians, archivists, and curators	279	141	50.5
Social scientists and urban planners	607	276	45.5
Social, recreation, and religious workers	1,897	749	39.5
Lawyers and judges	393	147	37.4
Writers, artists, entertainers, and athletes	4,339	1,583	36.5
Professionals, unspecified	1,057	627	59.3
Technologists and technicians (health)	1,386	895	64.6
Technologists and technicians (except health)	2,798	1,505	53.8
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations	19,955	8,590	43.0
Sales occupations	5,520	2,352	42.6
Administrative support occupations	20,267	10,289	50.8
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations	21,237	7,638	36.0
Operator, fabricator, and laborer occupation	46,510	15,381	33.1
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations	7,500	1,620	21.6
Service occupations	25,084	9,223	36.8
No occupation	158,668	56,159	35.4
Homemakers	88,197	29,051	32.9
Unemployed or Retired	31,438	7,670	24.4
Students and/or children	39,033	19,438	49.8
Unknown or not reported	5,349	2,184	40.8

¹ Ages 16 and over.

² Naturalizations through 1991 divided by the number of immigrants admitted.

TABLE 58. NATURALIZATION RATES THROUGH FISCAL YEAR 1991 OF IMMIGRANTS ADMITTED IN FISCAL YEAR 1977 BY SELECTED COUNTRY OF BIRTH

Region and country of birth	Immigrants in 1977 ¹			Region and country of birth	Immigrants in 1977 ¹		
	Number admitted	Naturalizations through 1991	Rate ²		Number admitted	Naturalizations through 1991	Rate ²
All countries	352,071	136,136	38.7	Nigeria	570	151	26.5
Europe	54,868	14,959	27.3	South Africa	1,331	813	61.1
Austria	342	47	13.7	Tanzania	256	182	63.3
Belgium	300	58	19.3	Uganda	200	109	54.5
Czechoslovakia	504	243	48.2	Other Africa	1,275	601	47.1
Denmark	362	47	13.0	Oceania	2,927	617	21.1
Finland	231	29	12.6	Australia	1,016	69	6.8
France	1,283	326	25.4	Fiji	551	238	43.2
Germany	4,899	658	13.4	New Zealand	449	76	16.9
Greece	6,577	1,964	29.9	Tonga	349	82	23.5
Hungary	771	385	49.9	Western Samoa	369	117	31.7
Ireland	1,076	232	21.6	Other Oceania	193	35	18.1
Italy	5,843	885	15.1	North America	142,313	40,768	28.6
Netherlands	828	118	14.3	Canada	9,000	1,093	12.1
Norway	283	26	9.2	Mexico	30,967	5,005	16.2
Poland	3,468	1,417	40.9	Caribbean	89,885	29,838	33.2
Portugal	6,964	1,578	22.7	Anguilla	354	92	26.0
Romania	1,620	1,062	65.6	Antigua-Barbuda	614	257	41.9
Soviet Union	4,535	2,829	62.4	Bahamas	238	51	21.4
Spain	2,086	334	16.0	Barbados	2,134	826	38.7
Sweden	485	51	10.5	British Virgin Islands	367	55	15.0
Switzerland	485	130	26.8	Cuba	57,023	19,758	34.6
United Kingdom	8,982	1,523	17.0	Dominica	392	163	41.6
Yugoslavia	2,256	805	35.7	Dominican Republic	8,955	1,835	20.5
Other Europe	688	212	30.8	Grenada	1,023	419	41.0
Asia	119,226	66,136	55.5	Haiti	4,268	1,509	35.4
Bangladesh	460	299	65.0	Jamaica	7,896	2,968	37.6
Burma	776	505	65.1	St. Kitts-Nevis	699	287	41.1
China, Mainland	14,421	8,384	58.1	St. Lucia	408	168	41.2
Cyprus	410	200	48.8	St. Vincent & the Grenadines	456	179	39.3
Hong Kong	3,146	2,300	73.1	Trinidad & Tobago	4,516	1,131	25.0
India	15,033	7,484	49.8	Other Caribbean	542	140	25.8
Indonesia	658	311	47.3	Central America	12,381	4,813	38.9
Iran	3,404	1,625	47.7	Belize	660	229	34.7
Iraq	1,996	1,095	54.9	Costa Rica	1,221	395	32.4
Israel	2,078	1,250	60.2	El Salvador	3,402	1,357	39.9
Japan	3,602	497	13.8	Guatemala	2,825	1,029	36.4
Jordan	2,187	1,222	55.9	Honduras	1,228	534	43.5
Korea	19,824	10,768	54.3	Nicaragua	1,351	564	41.7
Lebanon	3,900	2,353	60.3	Panama	1,694	705	41.6
Macau	248	168	67.7	Other N. America	80	19	23.8
Malaysia	387	213	55.0	South America	25,024	9,585	38.3
Pakistan	2,563	1,513	59.0	Argentina	2,136	791	37.0
Philippines	31,686	19,242	60.7	Bolivia	576	286	49.7
Singapore	226	107	47.3	Brazil	1,128	237	21.0
Sri Lanka	314	163	51.9	Chile	2,047	816	39.9
Syria	1,342	795	59.2	Colombia	6,138	2,084	34.0
Taiwan	2,460	1,863	75.7	Ecuador	4,063	900	22.2
Thailand	3,009	1,067	35.5	Guyana	4,115	2,219	53.9
Turkey	1,546	536	34.7	Peru	3,158	1,579	50.0
Vietnam	2,724	1,719	63.1	Uruguay	947	446	47.1
Yemen (Sanaa)	284	147	51.8	Venezuela	485	131	27.0
Other Asia	542	310	57.2	Other S. America	231	96	41.6
Africa	7,713	4,071	52.8				
Cape Verde	647	218	33.7				
Egypt	1,964	1,259	64.1				
Ethiopia	294	158	53.7				
Ghana	392	196	50.0				
Kenya	418	236	56.5				
Morocco	366	168	45.9				

¹ Ages 16 and over.

² Naturalizations through 1991 divided by the number of immigrants admitted.

VI. ENFORCEMENT

This section covers actions by the Immigration and Naturalization Service to prevent illegal entry into the United States and to stop illegal activity by aliens already in the United States. The three most important of these activities are apprehensions, removals, and exclusions.

Apprehensions

Apprehensions are arrests of aliens who are in violation of the Immigration and Nationality Act. Apprehensions of deportable aliens increased dramatically during the 1970s, reaching a total of 8.3 million for the decade. Apprehensions continued to increase during the 1980s, reaching a high of 1.8 million in fiscal year 1986. Following passage of the Immigration Reform and Control Act of 1986, apprehensions declined sharply in 1987, returning to the levels of 1983-84. By 1989 the total fell below one million for the first time since 1982. Apprehensions increased sharply in 1990; however, the increases in 1991 and 1992 were small (Chart S). Although the INS completes Form I-213 for each apprehended alien, most of the information is not entered into an automated database. In addition, INS statistics on apprehensions are for events, not individuals. For example, if an alien has been apprehended three times during the fiscal year, that individual will appear three times in the apprehension statistics.

More than 1.2 million aliens were apprehended in the U.S. during 1992.

The INS began collecting and reporting the nationality of each apprehended alien in fiscal year 1987. The 1992 data include 164 nationalities. Aliens from Mexico dominated the statistics on apprehensions, accounting for 95.8 percent of the total. The next largest countries were El Salvador, the Dominican Republic, Canada, Guatemala, Honduras, Colombia, Jamaica, China, and Cuba.

INS' current data systems cannot link an apprehension to its final disposition (removal, adjustment of status, etc.). Therefore, analysts should use caution when comparing apprehension and removal data. An apprehended alien who chooses to use the available appeals procedures will spend at least several months and perhaps several years in the process before a final disposition of the case. In other words, aliens apprehended in any given fiscal year are quite likely to be expelled (or adjusted to legal status) in

some future fiscal year. An automated case tracking system will be required to link apprehensions with dispositions.

Removals

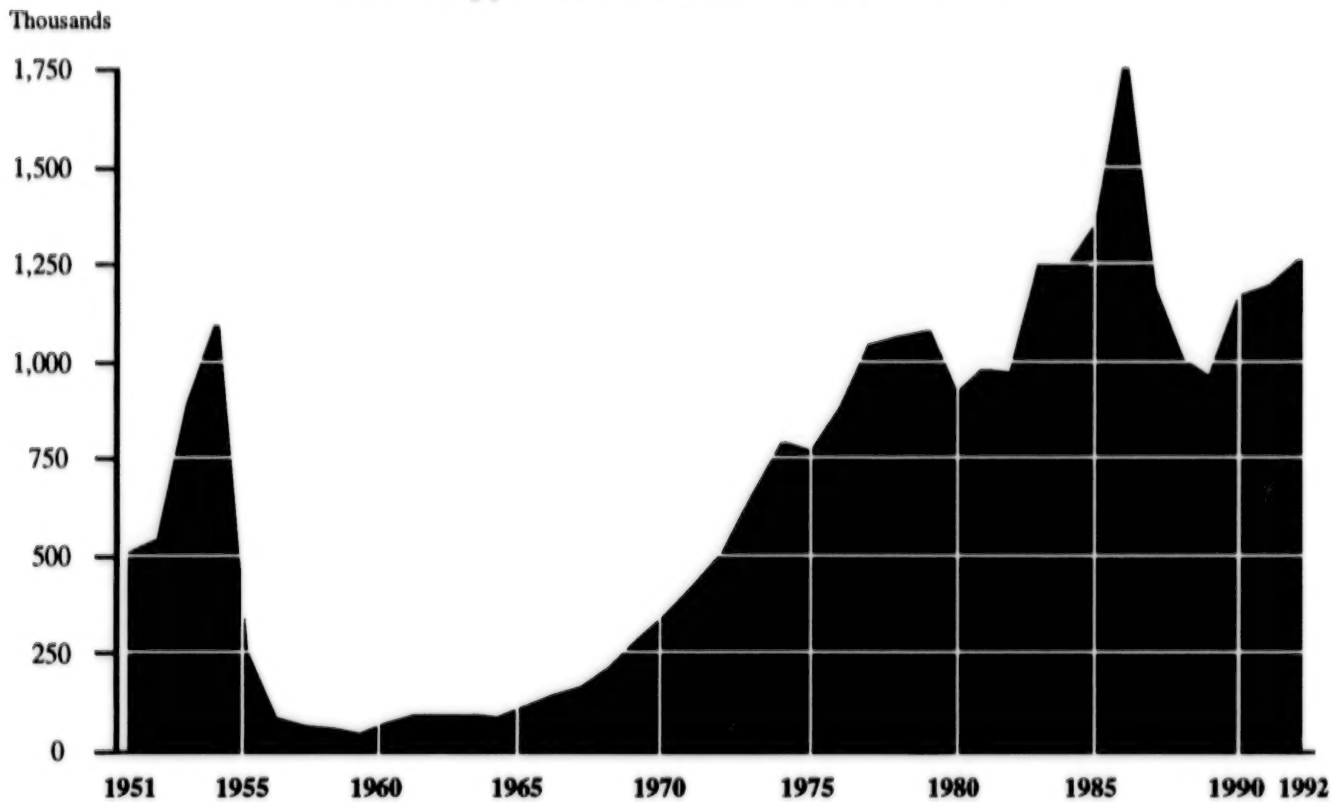
The INS has several options in removing an alien from the United States. The best known is deportation; however, most aliens are actually removed under a process called "voluntary departure with safeguards." Under this procedure an alien admits to illegal status and agrees to leave the United States. The alien further agrees to remain in custody until departure, which is observed by an officer of the INS. If the alien refuses the offer of voluntary departure, or if no such offer is made, the alien is entitled to a hearing and is placed under "docket control" (an INS office takes control of the processing of the case and a file is created on the alien). An officer documents the grounds for deportability and prepares a case that may eventually be argued before an immigration judge. During this process an alien may be offered voluntary departure; if accepted, the expulsion is known as a "required departure under docket control." In some cases the offer of voluntary departure will not or cannot be made; those cases may result in deportation. Other possible outcomes include adjustment to a legal status, a stay of deportation, or an alien who absconds. A deported alien may not be admitted to the United States for a period of five years after deportation unless the Attorney General grants a waiver of the prohibition. An apprehended alien who accepts the offer of voluntary departure and pays the expense of departing can be legally admitted in the future without penalty. Many of the tables in this *Statistical Yearbook* treat deportations and required departures separately. Since both are removals, this description will treat them together.

Removals under docket control
(fiscal year, actual)

1992	44,186
1991	35,144
1990	37,113
1989	42,984
1988	33,595
1987	37,364
1986	48,487
1985	60,792

The INS enumerates the third, and largest, category of expulsions, voluntary departure under safeguard, for workload management purposes. Little information is available for this group. About 99 percent of these removals are of Mexican nationals who are returned across the southern border soon after their apprehension.

Chart S
Aliens Apprehended: Fiscal Years 1951-92



Source: Table 59. See Glossary for fiscal year definitions.

The removal figures shown above would be much higher if statistics on all voluntary departures were included. For example, in 1992 voluntary departures under safeguard numbered about 1.1 million.

In 1992 the INS expelled aliens from 130 countries; 21 countries had more than 100 expulsions each. Mexican nationals accounted for 65.6 percent of all expulsions under docket control. The top 10 nationalities accounted for 90.2 percent of all removals.

Country	Number removed	Percent of total
All countries	44,186	100.0
Mexico	28,977	65.6
El Salvador	2,364	5.4
Honduras	1,979	4.5
Guatemala	1,706	3.9
Colombia	1,301	2.9
Dominican Republic	1,293	2.9
Jamaica	974	2.2
Nicaragua	612	1.4
Canada	359	.8
Poland	292	.7

The passage of the Immigration Reform and Control Act in 1986 helped the INS focus on the removal of those aliens determined to be the greatest threat to society. In 1986 the INS removed 1,015 aliens for criminal violations and 961 for narcotics violations. The two types of violations thus accounted for 4.1 percent of all expulsions. Most of the rest of the expelled aliens were charged with illegal entry or with violating the conditions of their alien status. The proportion of aliens removed who were charged with crimes or narcotics activity increased to 12 percent in 1987 and to 42 percent in 1992.

Fiscal year	Criminal and narcotics violations	Criminal and narcotics as percent of total
1992	18,582	42.1
1991	13,364	38.0
1990	8,944	24.1
1989	7,600	17.7
1988	5,993	17.8
1987	4,508	12.1
1986	1,976	4.1

Since 1986 the INS has devoted an increasing proportion of resources to drug interdiction at the border and to interagency cooperative task forces designed to eliminate trafficking in illegal drugs within the United States. The INS has improved its cooperation with other law enforcement agencies to ensure that aliens convicted of crimes and incarcerated are brought into deportation proceedings at the end of their prison sentence.

The data on removals under docket control reported in this and other *Statistical Yearbooks* should be used cautiously. One problem is the time lag in reporting expulsions. This time lag is different for deportations and required departures. Slightly more than 98 percent of the deportations reported in fiscal year 1992 actually occurred in that fiscal year; 1.0 percent were in fiscal year 1991 and the rest occurred earlier. Only 66 percent of the required departures reported in fiscal year 1992 actually took place in fiscal year 1992; 20 percent occurred in fiscal year 1991, 5 percent in fiscal year 1990, and the rest earlier. The reporting lag results primarily from a delay in receiving verification that an alien has left the country. The data in this *Yearbook* have been adjusted to reflect the actual year of removal. The data for each fiscal year require updating and cannot be considered complete for at least four years. For example, the removals reported during fiscal year 1992 that occurred in 1991 increased the number for fiscal year 1991 by almost 7 percent.

Another area of caution involves the types of data on removals that the INS collects. The INS originally designed these data sets for administrative use, hence their analytical value for other purposes is limited. The reason for removal (Tables 65 and 70) reflects only the final charge upheld against an alien. The INS pursues (or accepts) lesser charges when it is in the government's interest to do so. Large numbers of aliens are charged with illegal entry or violation of nonimmigrant status, but some

of those cases initially carried more serious charges (e.g., criminal or narcotics charges).

Finally, the destination and nationality of an expelled alien need not match. The inconsistency rate in fiscal year 1992 is 2 percent for deportations and 12 percent for required departures.

Exclusions

The Immigration and Naturalization Service has the initial responsibility for determining who may be admitted to the United States. The *Statistical Yearbook* includes detailed statistics for only those aliens who are denied entry after a formal exclusion hearing before an immigration judge. However, the overwhelming number of aliens who fail to gain admission are those who withdraw their application during the inspection process after the INS presents evidence that they are inadmissible to the United States. Large numbers of aliens withdraw during primary inspection and even larger numbers withdraw during secondary inspection.

In fiscal year 1992, 280,874 aliens withdrew during the primary inspection process. Another 632,624 aliens withdrew during secondary inspection. Only 20,633 aliens continued their cases before an immigration judge. The United States formally excluded 4,291 aliens (some of these aliens had hearings that began in a previous fiscal year).

The INS has detailed data for only those aliens who are formally excluded. These data are limited, with only country of birth and cause of exclusion being of general interest. Five countries accounted for nearly 55 percent of the 4,291 exclusions in 1992: Mexico (1,150), Canada (381), Haiti (280), the Dominican Republic (276), and Pakistan (272).

**TABLE 59. ALIENS APPREHENDED, DEPORTED, AND REQUIRED TO DEPART
FISCAL YEARS 1892-1992**

Year	Apprehended ¹	Aliens expelled		
		Total	Deported	Required to depart ²
1892-1992	29,521,639	27,331,451	1,098,991	26,232,460
1892-1900	NA	3,127	3,127	NA
1901-10	NA	11,558	11,558	NA
1911-20	NA	27,912	27,912	NA
1921-30	128,484	164,390	92,157	72,233
1931-40	147,457	210,416	117,086	93,330
1941-50	1,377,210	1,581,774	110,849	1,470,925
1951-60	3,598,949	4,013,547	129,887	3,883,660
1951	509,040	686,713	13,544	673,169
1952	543,535	723,959	20,181	703,778
1953	885,587	905,236	19,845	885,391
1954	1,089,583	1,101,228	26,951	1,074,277
1955	254,096	247,797	15,028	232,769
1956	87,696	88,188	7,297	80,891
1957	59,918	68,461	5,082	63,379
1958	53,474	67,742	7,142	60,600
1959	45,336	64,598	7,988	56,610
1960	70,684	59,625	6,829	52,796
1961-70	1,608,356	1,430,902	96,374	1,334,528
1961	88,823	59,821	7,438	52,383
1962	92,758	61,801	7,637	54,164
1963	88,712	76,846	7,454	69,392
1964	86,597	81,788	8,746	73,042
1965	110,371	105,406	10,143	95,263
1966	138,520	132,851	9,168	123,683
1967	161,608	151,603	9,260	142,343
1968	212,057	189,082	9,130	179,952
1969	283,557	251,463	10,505	240,958
1970	345,353	320,241	16,893	303,348
1971-80	8,321,498	7,478,574	231,762	7,246,812
1971	420,126	387,713	17,639	370,074
1972	505,949	467,193	16,266	450,927
1973	655,968	584,847	16,842	568,005
1974	788,145	737,564	18,824	718,740
1975	766,600	679,252	23,438	655,814
1976	875,915	793,092	27,998	765,094
1976, TQ	221,824	199,207	8,927	190,280
1977	1,042,215	897,243	30,228	867,015
1978	1,057,977	1,003,886	28,371	975,515
1979	1,076,418	992,025	25,888	966,137
1980	910,361	736,552	17,341	719,211
1981-90	11,883,328	10,177,936	211,936	9,966,000
1981	975,780	840,586	16,720	823,866
1982	970,246	827,073	14,518	812,555
1983	1,251,357	946,397	18,240	928,157
1984	1,246,981	927,460	17,627	909,833
1985	1,348,749	1,062,558	21,320	1,041,238
1986	1,767,400	1,608,325	22,190	1,586,135
1987	1,190,488	1,113,174	22,190	1,090,984
1988	1,008,145	934,482	22,919	911,563
1989	954,243	860,733	30,214	830,519
1990	1,169,939	1,057,148	25,998	1,031,150
1991-92	2,456,357	2,231,315	66,343	2,164,972
1991	1,197,875	1,088,999	28,549	1,060,450
1992	1,258,482	1,142,316	37,794	1,104,522

¹ Aliens apprehended were first recorded in 1925. Prior to 1960, data represent total aliens actually apprehended. Since 1960, figures are for total deportable aliens located, including nonwillful crewman violators.

² Aliens required to depart were first recorded in 1927.

NOTE: NA Not available. See Glossary for fiscal year definitions.

**TABLE 60. DEPORTABLE ALIENS LOCATED BY STATUS AT ENTRY
AND REGION AND SELECTED COUNTRY OF NATIONALITY
FISCAL YEAR 1992**

Region and country of nationality	All located	Visitor	Crew- man	Student	Temporary worker		Immigrant	Stow- away	TWOV ¹	Entry without inspection	Other
					Agriculture	Other					
All countries	1,258,482	15,755	1,111	1,240	259	300	9,800	404	60	1,225,993	3,560
Europe	3,089	1,721	168	64	5	29	367	6	4	463	262
Germany	246	135	6	4	-	2	44	-	-	34	21
Italy	160	76	11	4	-	1	41	1	2	13	11
Poland	533	386	19	5	1	5	25	-	-	73	19
Romania	157	112	2	-	-	-	4	4	-	31	4
Soviet Union	160	81	21	2	-	-	15	1	-	21	19
United Kingdom	680	390	14	14	2	15	80	-	1	60	104
Other Europe	1,153	541	95	35	2	6	158	-	1	231	84
Asia	6,071	2,100	369	658	11	150	663	10	8	1,595	507
China, Mainland	1,392	198	25	259	1	18	37	2	3	724	125
India	479	119	12	32	-	6	33	1	-	251	25
Iran	307	96	4	55	-	-	27	-	-	110	15
Israel	257	166	1	19	1	3	15	2	2	38	10
Japan	156	68	2	38	1	5	6	-	-	18	18
Jordan	237	117	-	67	1	-	38	-	-	9	5
Korea	216	86	11	16	-	6	57	-	-	19	21
Pakistan	434	204	9	30	1	1	37	1	1	133	17
Philippines	940	328	235	15	6	58	196	-	2	38	62
Sri Lanka	322	289	2	3	-	-	1	2	-	7	18
Vietnam	220	8	-	1	-	1	75	-	-	25	110
Other Asia	1,111	421	68	123	-	52	141	2	-	223	81
Africa	1,677	819	25	309	4	14	163	4	2	212	125
Nigeria	662	273	10	163	1	7	85	1	-	77	45
Somalia	205	159	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	33	10
Other Africa	810	387	15	143	3	7	78	3	2	102	70
Oceania	240	152	1	14	-	2	22	1	1	27	20
North America	1,242,737	9,655	444	117	229	98	7,972	216	42	1,221,474	2,490
Belize	223	47	-	3	-	-	32	-	1	135	5
Canada	6,569	2,261	8	12	6	14	89	-	-	3,998	181
Costa Rica	215	66	9	1	1	-	12	1	1	114	10
Cuba	965	36	-	4	1	6	176	7	1	193	541
Dominican Republic	7,361	246	43	6	4	11	853	141	-	5,950	107
El Salvador	7,433	115	7	3	-	2	112	-	-	7,167	27
Guatemala	5,614	151	19	3	1	1	48	1	-	5,377	13
Haiti	588	81	48	3	-	-	116	2	-	258	80
Honduras	4,186	181	194	11	2	1	56	3	3	3,713	22
Jamaica	1,805	423	61	12	112	19	787	47	5	230	109
Mexico	1,205,817	5,497	14	36	90	39	5,338	1	29	1,193,455	1,318
Nicaragua	852	93	13	3	-	-	37	-	-	702	4
Panama	231	67	5	6	-	-	76	11	-	54	12
Trinidad & Tobago	384	159	8	8	-	2	112	2	1	65	27
Other North America	494	232	15	6	12	3	128	-	1	63	34
South America	4,661	1,304	104	78	10	7	613	167	3	2,220	155
Brazil	350	226	-	9	1	1	13	-	-	88	12
Chile	184	98	12	4	3	2	8	2	-	50	5
Colombia	2,023	435	68	21	2	1	316	143	2	971	64
Ecuador	789	92	4	2	-	-	67	4	-	608	12
Guyana	209	31	8	2	-	1	123	5	-	33	6
Peru	592	171	8	9	1	-	45	5	-	325	28
Venezuela	221	104	3	19	-	-	15	5	1	65	9
Other South America	293	147	1	12	3	2	26	3	-	80	19
Unknown or not reported	7	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1

¹ TWOV represents transit without visa. See Glossary for definition.

- Represents zero.

**TABLE 61. ALIENS EXCLUDED BY CAUSE
FISCAL YEARS 1892-1984**

Year	Total	Subversive or anarchist	Criminal or narcotics violations	Immoral	Mental or physical defect	Likely to become public charge	Stowaway	Attempted entry without inspection or without proper docu- ments	Contract laborer	Unable to read (over 16 years of age)	Other
1892-1984	633,918	1,379	14,287	8,233	82,593	219,421	16,247	192,545	41,941	13,679	43,593
1892-1900	22,515	-	65	89	1,309	15,070	-	-	5,792	-	190
1901-10	108,211	10	1,681	1,277	24,425	63,311	-	-	12,991	-	4,516
1911-20	178,109	27	4,353	4,824	42,129	90,045	1,904	-	15,417	5,083	14,327
1921-30	189,307	9	2,082	1,281	11,044	37,175	8,447	94,084	6,274	8,202	20,709
1931-40	68,217	5	1,261	253	1,530	12,519	2,126	47,858	1,235	258	1,172
1941-50	30,263	60	1,134	80	1,021	1,072	3,182	22,441	219	108	946
1951-60	20,585	1,098	1,791	361	956	149	376	14,657	13	26	1,158
1961-70	4,831	128	383	24	145	27	175	3,706	-	2	241
1971-80	8,455	32	837	20	31	31	30	7,237	-	-	237
1971	655	11	49	1	11	2	21	536	-	-	24
1972	617	8	60	5	5	3	4	511	-	-	21
1973	504	2	58	1	5	6	-	415	-	-	17
1974	589	4	93	-	2	3	-	451	-	-	36
1975	994	-	91	3	4	5	1	854	-	-	36
1976	1,228	-	75	1	1	7	-	1,122	-	-	22
1976, TQ	318	-	23	-	-	-	-	288	-	-	7
1977	1,035	-	146	2	3	2	1	865	-	-	16
1978	906	1	81	3	-	1	-	798	-	-	22
1979	937	4	95	1	-	2	2	817	-	-	16
1980	672	2	66	3	-	-	1	580	-	-	20
1981-84	3,425	10	700	24	3	22	7	2,562	-	-	97
1981	659	5	152	4	-	-	-	486	-	-	11
1982	698	4	183	10	-	13	2	478	-	-	8
1983	979	1	205	8	-	6	2	728	-	-	29
1984	1,089	-	160	2	2	3	3	870	-	-	49

- Represents zero.

NOTE: From 1941-53, figures represent all exclusions at sea and air ports and exclusions of aliens seeking entry for 30 days or longer at land ports. After 1953, includes aliens excluded after formal hearings. See Glossary for fiscal year definitions.

**TABLE 62. ALIENS EXCLUDED BY CAUSE
FISCAL YEARS 1985-92**

Year	Total	Criminals	Narcotics	Related to criminal or narcotics violations	Attempted entry without inspection	Miscellaneous	Unknown
1985-92	24,369	1,480	3,664	4	17,772	1,226	223
1985	1,742	63	232	-	1,348	83	16
1986	2,248	50	216	-	1,880	94	8
1987	1,934	74	345	-	1,371	119	25
1988	2,676	87	389	-	2,033	154	13
1989	3,799	242	456	-	2,895	168	38
1990	3,642	205	556	-	2,653	202	26
1991	4,037	391	745	1	2,586	240	74
1992	4,291	368	725	3	3,006	166	23

- Represents zero.

NOTE: Data include aliens excluded after formal hearings. See Glossary for fiscal year definitions.

**TABLE 63. ALIENS EXCLUDED BY REGION AND SELECTED COUNTRY OF BIRTH
FISCAL YEARS 1987-92**

Region and country of birth	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992
All countries	1,934	2,676	3,799	3,642	4,037	4,291
Europe	74	103	146	144	156	143
Bulgaria	-	-	1	2	6	6
Italy	6	10	15	12	15	16
Poland	2	8	9	15	16	23
Portugal	5	20	15	12	16	12
United Kingdom	20	12	36	21	45	37
Yugoslavia	6	4	11	6	5	7
Other Europe	35	49	59	76	53	42
Asia	304	497	708	510	339	700
Bangladesh	52	64	106	49	31	51
China, Mainland	23	26	46	14	26	24
India	27	65	111	78	49	129
Israel	4	4	6	8	10	9
Japan	13	26	39	43	18	10
Jordan	2	7	5	10	3	7
Korea	5	9	7	18	8	10
Lebanon	5	22	14	17	13	11
Pakistan	55	114	181	123	57	272
Philippines	66	86	83	51	34	81
Singapore	-	4	10	4	3	8
Sri Lanka	5	15	27	44	36	53
Other Asia	47	55	73	51	51	35
Africa	141	119	144	138	117	230
Ghana	26	31	55	47	40	47
Guinea	-	1	-	2	1	9
Liberia	2	4	5	7	2	9
Niger	20	18	35	25	21	16
Nigeria	49	29	25	24	19	95
Other Africa	44	36	24	33	34	54
Oceania	12	15	11	11	21	18
North America	1,151	1,643	2,497	2,451	2,927	2,735
Canada	66	139	398	411	539	381
Mexico	421	476	596	654	1,097	1,150
Caribbean	618	954	1,395	1,247	1,108	872
Bahamas, The	8	8	12	6	10	7
Cuba	9	12	89	69	88	100
Dominica	15	8	22	17	21	12
Dominican Republic	149	281	382	342	410	276
Haiti	323	430	707	614	384	280
Jamaica	104	192	144	150	151	160
Trinidad & Tobago	5	8	12	18	33	23
Other Caribbean	5	15	27	31	11	14
Central America	46	68	107	139	183	331
Belize	8	4	11	7	8	9
Costa Rica	5	4	2	18	7	18
El Salvador	18	24	30	50	57	131
Guatemala	2	8	13	21	49	118
Honduras	8	11	32	22	46	39
Nicaragua	-	2	5	4	7	7
Panama	5	15	14	17	9	9
Other North America	-	6	1	-	-	1
South America	239	278	279	367	459	455
Bolivia	10	10	4	7	13	11
Brazil	10	27	28	96	109	110
Colombia	191	193	156	118	175	156
Ecuador	9	15	25	35	56	59
Guyana	6	5	32	55	40	31
Peru	4	11	13	20	28	68
Venezuela	1	5	7	8	6	8
Other South America	8	12	14	28	32	12
Unknown or not reported	13	21	14	21	18	10

- Represents zero.

**TABLE 64. ALIENS UNDER DOCKET CONTROL REQUIRED TO DEPART
BY REGION AND SELECTED COUNTRY OF NATIONALITY
FISCAL YEARS 1984-92**

Region and country of nationality	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992
All countries	38,169	39,472	26,297	15,174	10,676	12,770	11,115	6,595	6,392
Europe	2,648	2,426	1,685	981	775	972	821	718	543
Czechoslovakia	5	7	9	6	-	6	7	7	19
France	151	133	86	72	57	153	71	47	39
Germany	156	126	121	66	70	93	61	39	29
Ireland	61	77	47	39	41	57	67	37	37
Poland	355	277	232	174	118	118	199	258	208
United Kingdom	818	761	478	219	178	192	170	108	77
Yugoslavia	77	106	102	80	80	61	51	43	17
Other Europe	1,025	939	610	325	231	292	195	179	117
Asia	4,095	3,960	2,809	1,806	1,255	2,074	1,180	703	656
China, Mainland	507	555	305	154	95	107	41	39	70
India	457	504	321	193	129	120	61	42	36
Iran	323	309	294	211	77	140	61	52	40
Israel	134	144	110	72	60	90	58	41	40
Japan	375	377	204	164	157	251	234	108	52
Jordan	74	44	42	29	25	49	39	20	28
Korea	325	290	188	89	73	118	99	56	35
Lebanon	102	78	74	49	65	272	79	40	21
Pakistan	313	309	154	87	63	89	35	21	36
Philippines	628	592	547	381	243	318	223	114	164
Taiwan	172	158	149	85	69	76	27	24	20
Thailand	161	150	77	56	39	57	27	26	26
Other Asia	524	450	344	236	160	387	196	120	88
Africa	853	803	530	384	234	608	323	158	180
Nigeria	205	226	166	95	49	43	25	7	26
Somalia	10	5	6	26	26	301	98	48	40
Other Africa	638	572	358	263	159	264	200	103	114
Oceania	258	206	211	124	84	106	83	54	51
New Zealand	37	44	51	29	12	36	24	16	19
Other Oceania	221	162	160	95	72	70	59	38	32
North America	25,603	26,910	17,916	10,118	7,488	8,046	7,958	4,506	4,579
Canada	597	492	350	187	168	187	122	92	93
Mexico	16,233	14,753	9,903	4,871	4,147	4,376	4,864	2,398	2,811
Caribbean	4,769	6,929	3,336	983	490	469	430	419	360
Dominican Republic	1,535	2,108	993	291	228	186	235	230	242
Jamaica	1,251	1,290	601	234	103	133	106	90	66
Trinidad & Tobago	294	334	135	73	21	29	21	33	20
Other Caribbean	1,689	3,197	1,607	385	138	121	68	66	32
Central America	4,004	4,736	4,327	4,077	2,693	3,014	2,542	1,597	1,315
Costa Rica	173	149	89	47	27	34	20	29	23
El Salvador	1,978	2,439	2,417	2,514	1,509	1,367	1,032	542	457
Guatemala	918	1,127	1,035	946	786	1,001	823	377	324
Honduras	493	551	438	284	205	352	313	207	154
Nicaragua	219	234	232	216	129	203	285	389	328
Other Central America	223	236	116	70	37	57	69	53	29
South America	4,635	5,145	3,126	1,713	768	809	580	357	343
Argentina	155	184	103	45	26	30	28	33	30
Brazil	194	196	121	99	55	109	114	58	41
Colombia	2,165	2,490	1,546	798	341	272	208	107	117
Ecuador	608	694	377	192	82	75	44	31	32
Peru	557	455	362	271	137	163	75	59	48
Venezuela	155	93	53	37	26	41	36	20	26
Other South America	801	1,033	564	271	101	119	75	49	49
Stateless or not reported	77	22	20	48	62	155	170	99	40

- Represents zero.

**TABLE 65. ALIENS UNDER DOCKET CONTROL REQUIRED TO DEPART
BY CAUSE AND REGION AND SELECTED COUNTRY OF NATIONALITY
FISCAL YEAR 1992**

Region and country of nationality	Total	Convictions for criminal or narcotics violations	Related to criminal or narcotics violations	Entered without inspection	Violation of nonimmigrant status	Other	Unknown
All countries	6,392	261	44	4,437	1,305	226	119
Europe	543	9	2	162	340	21	9
Czechoslovakia	19	1	-	4	8	6	-
France	39	1	-	9	28	1	-
Germany	29	3	-	7	17	2	-
Ireland	37	-	-	9	28	-	-
Poland	208	-	-	67	136	4	1
United Kingdom	77	1	2	18	47	4	5
Yugoslavia	17	1	-	10	4	-	2
Other Europe	117	2	-	38	72	4	1
Asia	656	9	1	181	390	43	32
China, Mainland	70	-	-	19	31	4	16
India	36	1	-	9	24	1	1
Iran	40	-	-	17	21	1	1
Israel	40	1	-	20	19	-	-
Japan	52	-	-	15	30	6	1
Jordan	28	-	-	4	22	1	1
Korea	35	-	-	7	22	3	3
Lebanon	21	1	-	5	13	2	-
Pakistan	36	-	-	12	22	2	-
Philippines	164	4	-	41	102	9	8
Taiwan	20	-	-	7	13	-	-
Thailand	26	-	-	4	15	7	-
Other Asia	88	2	1	21	56	7	1
Africa	180	7	1	60	90	18	4
Nigeria	26	3	-	7	14	1	1
Somalia	40	-	-	14	14	12	-
Other Africa	114	4	1	39	62	5	3
Oceania	51	2	-	16	29	4	-
New Zealand	19	-	-	5	12	2	-
Other Oceania	32	2	-	11	17	2	-
North America	4,579	213	38	3,806	330	127	65
Canada	93	2	10	31	35	12	3
Mexico	2,811	140	22	2,344	173	99	33
Caribbean	360	44	2	238	48	10	18
Dominican Republic	242	24	-	199	10	5	4
Jamaica	66	14	2	15	23	2	10
Trinidad & Tobago	20	4	-	8	8	-	-
Other Caribbean	32	2	-	16	7	3	4
Central America	1,315	27	4	1,193	74	6	11
Costa Rica	23	1	-	16	5	-	1
El Salvador	457	12	4	416	18	1	6
Guatemala	324	4	-	307	12	-	1
Honduras	154	4	-	128	18	2	2
Nicaragua	328	2	-	312	13	-	1
Other Central America	29	4	-	14	8	3	-
South America	343	19	2	183	118	13	8
Argentina	30	-	-	10	20	-	-
Brazil	41	-	-	19	21	1	-
Colombia	117	13	2	71	25	3	3
Ecuador	32	2	-	22	7	-	1
Peru	48	2	-	32	10	3	1
Venezuela	26	2	-	7	15	1	1
Other South America	49	-	-	22	20	5	2
Stateless or not reported	40	2	-	29	8	-	1

- Represents zero.

NOTE: The category for mental or physical defects is not included as in previous *Yearbooks* since there were no required departures in this category in fiscal year 1989, 1990, or 1991.

**TABLE 66. ALIENS DEPORTED BY CAUSE
FISCAL YEARS 1908-82**

Year	Total	Subver- sive or anarchist	Crimi- nal viola- tions	Immo- ral	Narcot- ics viola- tions	Mental or physi- cal defect	Pre- viously ex- cluded or de- ported	Failed to maintain or comply with condi- tions of nonimmig- rant sta- tus	Entered without proper documents	Entered without inspection or by false statements	Public charge	Unable to read (over 16 years of age)	Other
1908-82	844,153	1,533	48,815	16,590	8,688	27,311	41,239	128,220	155,788	360,371	22,558	16,762	16,278
1908-10	6,888	-	236	784	-	3,228	-	-	-	1,106	474	-	1,060
1911-20	27,912	353	1,209	4,324	-	6,364	178	-	-	4,128	9,086	704	1,566
1921-30	92,157	642	8,383	4,238	374	8,936	1,842	5,556	31,704	5,265	10,703	5,977	8,537
1931-40	117,086	253	16,597	4,838	1,108	6,301	9,729	14,669	45,480	5,159	1,886	8,329	2,737
1941-50	110,849	17	8,945	759	822	1,560	17,642	13,906	14,288	50,209	143	1,746	812
1951-60	129,887	230	6,742	1,175	947	642	4,002	25,260	35,090	54,457	225	5	1,112
1961-70	96,374	15	3,694	397	1,462	236	3,601	31,334	11,831	43,561	8	-	235
1971-80	231,762	18	2,524	67	3,626	38	4,028	33,740	16,503	171,004	31	1	182
1971	17,639	2	286	9	232	7	476	4,140	2,979	9,483	4	-	21
1972	16,266	2	266	7	307	3	487	3,966	2,710	8,486	6	-	26
1973	16,842	7	226	7	395	7	594	3,989	2,247	9,342	4	-	24
1974	18,824	3	191	7	396	7	440	3,839	2,086	11,839	2	-	14
1975	23,438	-	225	4	583	6	526	3,649	1,896	16,529	1	-	19
1976	27,998	1	272	8	464	2	481	3,782	1,185	21,777	1	1	24
1976, TQ	8,927	-	83	2	110	-	141	1,007	271	7,304	3	-	6
1977	30,228	3	285	6	372	3	315	3,150	1,066	25,012	1	-	15
1978	28,371	-	220	4	314	1	236	2,543	871	24,165	5	-	12
1979	25,888	-	264	9	265	2	202	1,901	707	22,525	3	-	10
1980	17,341	-	206	4	188	-	130	1,774	485	14,542	1	-	11
1981-82	31,238	5	485	8	349	6	217	3,755	892	25,482	2	-	37
1981	16,720	1	200	4	161	1	122	1,959	474	13,781	2	-	15
1982	14,518	4	285	4	188	5	95	1,796	418	11,701	-	-	22

- Represents zero.

NOTE: Deportation statistics by cause were not available prior to fiscal year 1908. See Glossary for fiscal year definitions.

**TABLE 67. ALIENS DEPORTED BY CAUSE
FISCAL YEARS 1983-92**

Year	Total	Convictions for criminal or narcotics violations	Related to criminal or narcotics violations	Entered without inspections	Violation of non- immigrant status	Other	Unknown
1983-92	247,041	59,247	3,727	159,555	14,076	9,860	576
1983	18,240	864	93	14,325	1,958	994	6
1984	17,627	993	80	14,092	1,700	760	2
1985	21,320	1,544	150	16,932	1,914	774	6
1986	22,190	1,693	165	17,718	1,855	695	64
1987	22,190	4,082	265	15,730	1,265	846	2
1988	22,919	5,424	302	15,199	980	969	45
1989	30,214	6,990	340	20,495	1,219	1,093	77
1990	25,998	8,118	432	15,019	1,213	1,109	107
1991	28,549	12,451	711	13,067	1,027	1,156	137
1992	37,794	17,088	1,189	16,978	945	1,464	130

NOTE: Deportation statistics by cause were not available prior to fiscal year 1908. Due to an error in data processing, criminal and narcotic changes cannot be separated in this table as they were in previous Yearbooks.

**TABLE 68. ALIENS DEPORTED BY REGION AND SELECTED COUNTRY OF NATIONALITY
FISCAL YEARS 1984-92**

Region and country of nationality	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992
All countries	17,627	21,320	22,190	22,190	22,919	30,214	25,998	28,549	37,794
Europe	356	331	375	334	278	380	408	430	571
France	27	20	30	29	23	29	30	26	29
Germany	36	41	38	39	34	41	36	29	52
Greece	34	39	25	19	21	21	21	9	26
Italy	12	9	12	16	7	17	21	26	42
Poland	4	8	12	13	14	26	39	70	84
Portugal	11	8	32	17	6	21	16	25	39
United Kingdom	158	119	120	105	97	125	140	150	159
Yugoslavia	17	20	21	22	22	23	27	30	23
Other Europe	57	67	85	74	54	77	78	65	117
Asia	506	523	617	392	384	422	543	440	523
China	22	33	31	15	16	19	14	13	27
India	58	46	68	39	30	21	50	25	39
Iran	69	72	98	36	27	24	31	16	41
Israel	16	16	21	26	17	27	30	31	39
Jordan	19	23	28	23	25	26	26	11	34
Korea	44	40	29	15	35	37	20	18	24
Lebanon	20	17	22	21	22	18	27	20	26
Pakistan	47	35	64	42	35	40	41	32	39
Philippines	74	110	121	78	77	102	98	85	118
Other Asia	137	131	135	97	100	108	206	189	136
Africa	329	400	358	343	270	336	322	264	380
Niger	5	19	17	35	48	84	96	60	57
Nigeria	182	218	224	215	140	149	134	123	198
Other Africa	142	163	117	93	82	103	92	81	125
Oceania	67	79	63	45	27	33	31	35	39
North America	15,284	18,630	19,014	19,648	20,689	27,502	23,188	25,817	34,459
Canada	271	292	243	227	244	259	248	247	266
Mexico	10,214	11,681	10,989	13,049	12,909	14,965	14,719	19,663	26,166
Caribbean	624	575	650	722	1,148	1,517	2,129	1,688	2,390
Bahamas, The	9	15	26	20	39	36	40	37	60
Dominica	10	5	10	12	14	53	60	29	31
Dominican Republic	319	190	196	277	540	605	945	702	1,051
Haiti	39	62	145	98	151	133	212	168	161
Jamaica	154	219	217	252	326	561	737	602	908
Trinidad & Tobago	43	30	29	35	44	66	75	78	103
Other Caribbean	50	54	27	28	34	63	60	72	76
Central America	4,175	6,082	7,132	5,650	6,388	10,761	6,092	4,219	5,637
Belize	32	73	87	89	77	85	126	83	95
Costa Rica	55	51	55	42	44	45	32	41	41
El Salvador	2,661	3,218	3,477	2,502	2,775	3,966	2,457	1,483	1,907
Guatemala	862	1,760	2,259	1,857	2,076	3,518	1,636	1,053	1,382
Honduras	470	785	1,039	1,030	1,322	2,944	1,622	1,251	1,825
Nicaragua	57	145	166	87	35	120	117	238	284
Panama	38	50	49	43	59	83	102	70	103
South America	1,081	1,337	1,762	1,427	1,265	1,527	1,380	1,339	1,725
Argentina	34	30	49	24	29	29	31	23	33
Bolivia	48	56	54	52	22	29	14	23	23
Brazil	40	19	94	77	60	119	59	57	53
Chile	28	23	36	20	21	34	25	33	25
Colombia	614	852	1,127	962	847	971	949	905	1,184
Ecuador	138	144	167	106	88	100	76	94	104
Guyana	34	26	20	18	27	40	52	55	102
Peru	79	124	139	107	89	125	95	95	121
Venezuela	45	39	48	35	47	53	49	40	66
Other South America	21	24	28	26	35	27	30	14	14
Stateless or not reported	4	20	1	1	6	14	126	224	97

**TABLE 69. ALIENS DEPORTED BY REGION AND SELECTED COUNTRY TO WHICH DEPORTED
FISCAL YEARS 1984-92**

Region and country to which deported	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992
All countries	17,627	21,320	22,190	22,190	22,919	30,214	25,998	28,549	37,794
Europe	269	274	316	291	242	346	367	418	506
Germany	49	46	36	40	36	44	37	44	56
Greece	32	35	23	21	21	20	21	9	24
Italy	13	11	17	15	8	13	22	21	41
Poland	1	7	9	11	13	21	34	67	74
Portugal	9	8	26	16	3	18	17	26	37
United Kingdom	85	61	84	79	77	109	123	153	135
Other Europe	80	106	121	109	84	121	113	98	139
Asia	451	485	582	368	349	400	518	420	505
India	54	37	59	36	24	20	40	20	34
Iran	59	57	82	34	22	20	25	13	35
Israel	14	14	20	20	17	30	34	29	42
Jordan	17	24	27	24	26	26	25	10	32
Korea	40	35	27	16	36	36	19	17	26
Lebanon	10	16	18	17	19	13	21	15	25
Pakistan	34	33	61	40	32	40	44	31	41
Philippines	72	105	122	72	62	104	97	84	115
Other Asia	151	164	166	109	111	111	213	201	155
Africa	334	387	337	341	266	340	327	264	374
Niger	2	17	33	49	51	108	111	75	87
Nigeria	195	217	204	206	142	132	129	107	170
Other Africa	137	153	100	86	73	100	87	82	117
Oceania	74	87	70	51	39	40	43	45	52
North America	15,447	18,751	19,139	19,725	20,785	27,556	23,348	26,034	34,615
Canada	434	401	328	271	297	319	312	306	346
Mexico	10,221	11,762	11,084	13,139	12,983	15,006	14,814	19,888	26,353
Caribbean	591	542	648	722	1,148	1,507	2,146	1,705	2,416
Bahamas, The	10	17	25	19	39	34	37	38	62
Dominica	8	7	14	14	21	71	50	46	96
Dominican Republic	287	176	189	272	534	581	964	696	996
Haiti	35	54	133	98	156	131	214	167	160
Jamaica	149	206	227	253	313	552	739	601	906
Trinidad & Tobago	40	31	23	33	43	66	71	74	103
Other Caribbean	62	51	37	33	42	72	71	83	93
Central America	4,201	6,046	7,079	5,593	6,357	10,724	6,076	4,135	5,500
Belize	91	118	114	98	84	90	129	83	98
Costa Rica	48	44	52	44	47	46	31	36	44
El Salvador	2,638	3,170	3,478	2,488	2,759	3,956	2,466	1,440	1,857
Guatemala	881	1,745	2,214	1,819	2,052	3,508	1,624	1,028	1,333
Honduras	477	798	1,034	1,026	1,332	2,965	1,623	1,256	1,809
Nicaragua	45	135	144	74	29	84	103	227	265
Panama	21	36	43	44	54	75	100	65	94
South America	1,047	1,330	1,741	1,409	1,234	1,529	1,385	1,362	1,738
Argentina	39	30	46	23	19	29	28	22	33
Bolivia	49	51	54	50	22	29	16	20	23
Brazil	36	20	94	77	61	119	57	66	52
Chile	26	25	41	19	21	35	27	29	26
Colombia	610	860	1,125	961	861	997	967	931	1,203
Ecuador	129	140	161	103	84	97	76	95	103
Guyana	29	27	21	19	27	39	48	55	100
Peru	77	121	126	102	88	117	95	97	126
Venezuela	41	34	48	30	39	47	45	33	57
Other South America	11	22	25	25	12	20	26	14	15
Unknown or not reported	5	6	5	5	4	3	10	6	4

**TABLE 70. ALIENS DEPORTED BY CAUSE AND REGION AND SELECTED COUNTRY OF NATIONALITY
FISCAL YEAR 1992**

Region and country of nationality	Total	Convictions for criminal or narcotics violations	Related to criminal or narcotics violations	Entered without inspection	Violation of nonimmigrant status	Other	Unknown
All countries	37,794	17,088	1,189	16,978	945	1,464	130
Europe	571	206	14	132	190	26	3
France	29	8	-	5	16	-	-
Germany	52	17	2	8	18	6	1
Greece	26	16	1	2	4	3	-
Italy	42	23	-	5	14	-	-
Poland	84	6	-	16	58	3	1
Portugal	39	26	-	9	2	2	-
United Kingdom	159	62	8	30	51	7	1
Yugoslavia	23	6	-	15	2	-	-
Other Europe	117	42	3	42	25	5	-
Asia	523	197	7	100	167	42	10
China	27	7	-	16	3	-	1
India	39	9	1	11	13	5	-
Iran	41	14	2	4	21	-	-
Israel	39	19	-	6	13	1	-
Jordan	34	13	-	4	15	1	1
Korea	24	11	-	4	4	5	-
Lebanon	26	18	1	2	5	-	-
Pakistan	39	22	-	6	3	6	2
Philippines	118	34	2	20	45	11	6
Other Asia	136	50	1	27	45	13	-
Africa	380	202	5	47	107	18	1
Niger	57	18	1	9	25	3	1
Nigeria	198	132	4	21	33	8	-
Other Africa	125	52	-	17	49	7	-
Oceania	39	24	-	4	10	1	-
North America	34,459	15,401	1,113	16,173	347	1,316	109
Canada	266	111	53	46	27	28	1
Mexico	26,166	12,191	947	11,695	153	1,091	89
Caribbean	2,390	1,709	65	382	118	105	11
Bahamas, The	60	33	2	11	13	1	-
Dominica	31	17	-	9	1	4	-
Dominican Republic	1,051	742	18	216	23	48	4
Haiti	161	118	9	28	1	4	1
Jamaica	908	688	28	90	56	44	2
Trinidad & Tobago	103	63	4	18	14	2	2
Other Caribbean	76	48	4	10	10	2	2
Central America	5,637	1,390	48	4,050	49	92	8
Belize	95	55	3	27	7	1	2
Costa Rica	41	18	1	19	2	1	-
El Salvador	1,907	683	17	1,164	9	31	3
Guatemala	1,382	281	12	1,058	5	25	1
Honduras	1,825	223	10	1,550	13	28	1
Nicaragua	284	62	2	211	5	3	1
Panama	103	68	3	21	8	3	-
South America	1,725	1,021	47	472	120	58	7
Argentina	33	13	1	11	7	1	-
Bolivia	23	17	1	3	2	-	-
Brazil	53	14	1	21	16	1	-
Chile	25	12	-	7	4	2	-
Colombia	1,184	763	30	297	48	39	7
Ecuador	104	55	3	37	7	2	-
Guyana	102	73	6	10	4	9	-
Peru	121	44	2	54	18	3	-
Venezuela	66	28	2	21	14	1	-
Other South America	14	2	1	11	-	-	-
Stateless or not reported	97	37	3	50	4	3	-

- Represents zero.

**TABLE 71. ALIENS DEPORTED AND UNDER DOCKET CONTROL REQUIRED TO DEPART BY STATUS AT ENTRY
FISCAL YEARS 1987-92**

Status at entry	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992
Aliens deported:						
Total	22,190	22,919	30,214	25,998	28,549	37,794
Immigrant (except displaced person or refugee)	476	602	809	1,211	1,517	2,357
Displaced person or refugee	57	67	60	56	84	138
Foreign government official	8	6	27	15	8	18
Temporary visitor	1,443	1,309	1,582	1,579	1,596	2,066
Visitor for Business - visa waiver	-	-	-	1	2	1
Visitor for Pleasure - visa waiver	-	-	3	64	97	13
Transit alien	31	44	47	36	46	36
Crewman	108	66	93	151	101	131
Treaty trader or investor	3	2	4	5	16	10
Representative to international organization	2	1	-	3	2	3
Returning resident alien	4	1	2	4	-	-
Student - academic institution	228	179	225	179	170	276
Student - vocational	2	2	5	4	2	4
Entered without inspection	19,363	19,970	26,699	21,720	24,049	31,774
Other temporary worker or industrial trainee	48	54	92	101	52	97
Representative of foreign information media	3	5	9	2	1	3
Exchange visitor	7	6	8	6	9	13
Fiance(e)	4	2	6	5	8	15
Intracompany transferee	6	6	4	4	10	5
Other or unknown	397	597	539	852	779	834
Aliens under docket control required to depart:¹						
Total	15,174	10,676	12,770	11,115	6,595	6,392
Immigrant (except displaced person or refugee)	79	50	104	143	99	115
Displaced person or refugee	37	17	17	49	23	16
Foreign government official	25	6	11	13	7	5
Temporary visitor	3,361	2,143	3,049	2,153	1,599	1,370
Visitor for Business - visa waiver	-	-	-	1	-	-
Visitor for Pleasure - visa waiver	-	-	-	5	29	1
Transit alien	125	68	202	63	47	32
Crewman	122	41	153	106	51	37
Treaty trader or investor	40	29	33	22	25	7
Representative to international organization	22	3	3	4	2	-
Returning resident alien	2	-	-	-	-	-
Student - academic institution	537	399	496	299	168	141
Student - vocational	14	5	19	13	9	10
Entered without inspection	10,165	7,535	8,093	7,634	4,188	4,324
Other temporary worker or industrial trainee	137	57	147	100	69	101
Representative of foreign information media	1	1	2	3	-	-
Exchange visitor	98	55	67	64	41	41
Fiance(e)	13	15	18	20	11	19
Intracompany transferee	29	32	39	34	20	6
Other or unknown	367	220	317	389	207	167

¹ Excludes required departures of technical violators and direct departures under safeguards.

- Represents zero.

**TABLE 72. ALIENS DEPORTED AND REQUIRED TO DEPART BY REGION AND DISTRICT OFFICE
FISCAL YEAR 1992**

Region and district office	Total	Deported	Required to depart
All regions	1,142,316	37,794	1,104,522
Eastern Region	5,739	2,378	3,361
Baltimore, MD	247	192	55
Boston, MA	672	573	99
Buffalo, NY	434	258	176
Newark, NJ	284	204	80
New York, NY	995	772	223
Philadelphia, PA	219	91	128
Portland, ME	1,382	53	1,329
San Juan, PR	1,367	154	1,213
Washington, DC	139	81	58
Southern Region	430,030	13,627	416,403
Atlanta, GA	171	115	56
Dallas, TX	461	240	221
El Paso, TX	232,032	3,966	228,066
Harlingen, TX	86,261	3,208	83,053
Houston, TX	1,642	1,441	201
Miami, FL	975	630	345
New Orleans, LA	2,353	2,176	177
San Antonio, TX	106,135	1,851	104,284
Northern Region	6,723	4,223	2,500
Anchorage, AK	45	13	32
Chicago, IL	871	412	459
Cleveland, OH	86	28	58
Denver, CO	1,847	1,441	406
Detroit, MI	184	45	139
Helena, MT	364	12	352
Kansas City, MO	552	111	441
Omaha, NE	64	31	33
Portland, OR	573	550	23
St. Paul, MN	570	47	523
Seattle, WA	1,567	1,533	34
Western Region	699,824	17,566	682,258
Honolulu, HI	352	41	311
Los Angeles, CA	4,210	2,871	1,339
Phoenix, AZ	95,877	4,609	91,268
San Diego, CA	597,013	8,178	588,835
San Francisco, CA	2,372	1,867	505

**TABLE 73. SERVICE PARTICIPATION IN THE CONTROL OF MARIJUANA, NARCOTICS, AND DANGEROUS DRUG TRAFFIC
FISCAL YEARS 1984-92**

Year and seizure	Type of contraband							Total
	Marijuana (lbs.)	Heroin (oz.)	Opium (oz.)	Cocaine (oz.)	Hashish (oz.)	Dangerous drug pills (units)	Other	
1984:								
No. of seizures	1,104	24	2	155	79	97	40	1,501
Amount seized	37,700.7	412.9	27.7	3,605.8	77.8	46,065	X	X
Est. value of seizures (dollars)	29,592,892	11,061,697	23,232	12,532,267	41,606	31,199	1,124,084	54,406,977
1985:								
No. of seizures	1,853	33	4	169	200	151	47	2,457
Amount seized	72,469.9	371.4	34.9	22,142.9	92.4	13,290	X	X
Est. value of seizures (dollars)	49,883,060	4,093,249	17,325	75,822,274	69,761	15,111	169,248	130,070,028
1986:								
No. of seizures	2,377	71	3	291	391	238	110	3,481
Amount seized	143,232.8	990.4	65.1	44,200.5	460.7	160,392	X	X
Est. value of seizures (dollars)	91,173,982	59,758,294	1,529,600	111,111,329	182,965	267,252	180,581	264,204,003
1987:								
No. of seizures	4,003	83	3	511	279	312	201	5,392
Amount seized	225,946.7	1,327.4	184.1	209,259.8	115.6	654,437	X	X
Est. value of seizures (dollars)	188,351,449	27,261,814	103,300	435,983,013	28,312	2,525,201	7,423,275	661,676,364
1988:								
No. of seizures	4,190	126	3	676	259	231	339	5,824
Amount seized	333,790.1	1,307.0	19.8	236,520.4	107.9	104,043	X	X
Est. value of seizures (dollars)	250,444,625	40,370,058	250,800	505,038,974	39,634	145,194	7,245,615	803,534,900
1989:								
No. of seizures	5,920	368	13	1,609	181	224	441	8,756
Amount seized	556,864.7	23,767.6	231.3	641,487.5	79.0	6,113,197	X	X
Est. value of seizures (dollars)	442,913,841	193,443,462	216,803	1,346,492,775	101,486	1,896,080	2,870,994	1,987,935,441
1990:								
No. of seizures	4,759	577	X	1,847	X	164	388	7,735
Amount seized	441,125.9	6,193.0	X	832,419.0	X	73,249	X	X
Est. value of seizures (dollars)	335,137,424	56,229,417	X	1,334,308,733	X	230,468	13,527,003	1,739,433,045
1991:								
No. of seizures	4,983	403	X	1,624	X	133	289	7,432
Amount seized	388,104.3	3,717.3	X	877,419.5	X	160,431	X	X
Est. value of seizures (dollars)	330,633,986	31,734,541	X	1,224,947,975	X	380,698	5,783,668	1,593,480,868
1992:								
No. of seizures	6,162	285	X	1,265	X	93	276	8,081
Amount seized	587,512.5	6,859.6	X	796,681.0	X	362,199	X	X
Est. value of seizures (dollars)	552,035,249	70,081,917	X	1,008,758,349	X	2,763,233	2,215,141	1,635,853,889

NOTE: X Not applicable. Corrections to this table may have changed data when compared to previous *Yearbooks*. Starting in 1990, the reporting of opium seizures is combined with heroin, and hashish is combined with marijuana.

**TABLE 74. PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES AND ACCOMPLISHMENTS OF THE BORDER PATROL
FISCAL YEARS 1986-92**

Activities and accomplishments	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992
Persons apprehended	1,705,278	1,168,861	980,522	906,535	1,123,223	1,152,667	1,221,904
Deportable aliens located	1,692,544	1,158,030	969,214	891,147	1,103,353	1,132,933	1,199,560
Mexican aliens	1,635,702	1,123,725	928,278	830,985	1,054,849	1,095,122	1,168,946
Working in agriculture	80,922	15,862	3,333	2,592	4,661	4,707	5,488
Working in trades, crafts industry, and service	44,971	15,097	9,969	5,686	7,544	8,095	7,165
Welfare/seeking employment	1,419,542	996,873	838,242	727,400	865,739	978,807	1,065,159
Canadian aliens	6,235	4,814	4,237	5,297	5,746	6,666	6,167
All others	50,607	29,491	36,699	54,865	42,758	31,145	24,447
Smugglers of aliens located	19,275	11,560	10,373	13,794	21,901	18,826	17,237
Aliens located who were smuggled into the United States	114,665	59,268	50,122	50,638	71,049	64,170	69,538
Seizures (conveyances)	10,512	7,512	6,643	10,789	17,275	14,693	17,113
Value of seizures (dollars)	165,106,668	590,638,336	721,213,999	1,212,724,491	843,562,055	950,199,178	1,247,938,634
Narcotics	161,736,752	582,395,375	700,523,810	1,191,505,131	797,768,179	910,146,141	1,216,833,993
Other	3,369,916	8,242,961	20,690,189	21,219,360	45,793,876	40,053,037	31,104,641

NOTE: Data on aliens previously expelled, aliens located with previous criminal records, conveyances examined, and persons questioned shown in previous *Yearbooks* are not available starting with fiscal year 1990.

VII. ENTRIES

Individuals seeking entry into the United States are inspected at ports of entry by immigration officers who determine their admissibility. A total of 480 million entries were estimated to have occurred across U.S. borders during primary and secondary inspections in fiscal year 1992.⁶ About 87 percent of total admissions were granted at land ports of entry followed by 11 percent at air and 2 percent at sea ports of entry. Thirty-three percent of total admissions were granted by the INS Southern Region, while the Western Region followed at 28 percent. The Eastern Region admitted about 19.5 percent of the total and the Northern Region about 18.5 percent. Approximately 9.6 million admissions were performed at pre-inspection stations outside the United States.

Inspections

The inspection process involves all work performed in connection with the entry of aliens and U.S. citizens into the United States, including preinspection performed by the INS outside the United States. An inspector is responsible for determining the nationality of each applicant for admission. U.S. Citizens are automatically admitted upon verification of citizenship; aliens' documents are inspected to determine admissibility based on requirements of the U.S. immigration law.

The two main functions within the inspections operation are classified by the INS as primary and secondary inspections. Primary inspection is conducted to decide admissibility at initial contact with the applicant; the person is admitted when no further action or additional documentation is needed. Secondary inspection occurs when grounds for admissibility cannot be established during primary inspection. Approximately 11 million persons were admitted after secondary inspection in 1992. Those who do not meet requirements for admission are ultimately excluded or denied entry into the United States. An estimated 913 thousand aliens were denied entry during primary and secondary inspections in fiscal year 1992. (see Enforcement section for expulsion statistics).

⁶ An adjustment factor based on survey data was applied to estimates of passenger traffic at San Diego land ports of entry beginning in 1991. This resulted in an overall reduction of reported primary admissions for San Diego ports. Since survey data were not available for other INS land ports, there was no basis for adjusting their primary admission counts. A sampling methodology for obtaining more precise estimates of land passenger traffic is planned for 1994.

All individuals inspected fall into one of two categories, alien or U.S. citizen. Within these categories, statistics are maintained on border crossers, crewmen, and documented aliens. Border crossers are generally those aliens or U.S. citizens who enter the United States from Canada or Mexico for brief visits or in a commuter status. Crewmen include aliens or U.S. citizens who are employed on a vessel or aircraft operating between U.S. territories and foreign countries. Documented aliens are individuals entering the United States, generally from countries other than Canada or Mexico, who arrive with various kinds of supporting documents, such as legal permanent residence documents, refugee travel documents, or immigrant or nonimmigrant visas.

More than 314 million aliens were inspected at U.S. ports of entry during 1992.

Data Overview

Of the estimated 480 million primary, secondary, and deferred admissions in fiscal year 1992, 65 percent were estimated to be aliens and 35 percent U.S. citizens. Nearly 90 percent of the alien admissions (314 million) were border crossers, 1.4 percent were crewmen, and 9.7 percent were documented aliens. Of the 166 million U.S. citizen admissions, 85.7 percent were border crossers, 1.4 percent were crewmen, and 13 percent were entries from other than Canada or Mexico.

Texas and California accounted for 50 percent (244 million) of total admissions in 1992. San Diego Ports, California and El Paso, Texas ranked first and second at 55.9 and 33.5 million admissions, respectively (see Table 75). Chart T displays the top fifteen INS districts ranked by number of admissions; each district contains multiple ports of entry.

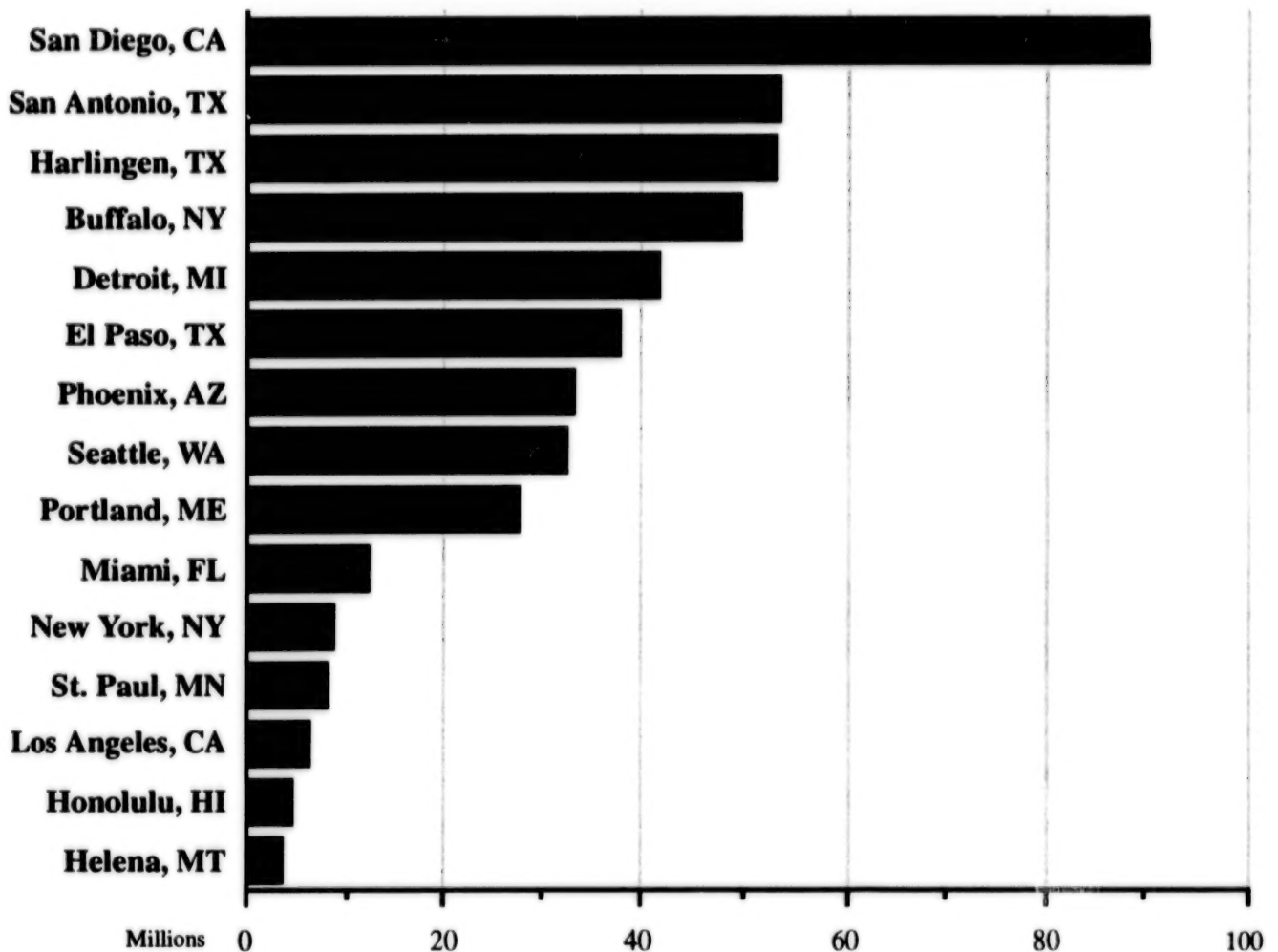
Data Collection

Data for inspections are compiled on the INS Report of Field Operations, a management report showing workload and resource summaries for most INS Headquarters and field activities. Data from the Report of Field Operations were also used to construct *Yearbook* tables on deportable aliens located (see Enforcement section).

The largest component of the estimated 480 million admissions in fiscal year 1992 is the number of aliens and U.S. citizens who entered the country at land border ports. The procedure for estimating total admissions at

Chart T

Estimated Total Inspection Admissions for Top Fifteen INS Districts: Fiscal Year 1992



Source: *Report of Field Operations, G-23*. NOTE: District data include all ports of entry that fall within respective district jurisdictions. The estimates of admissions through San Diego land ports were adjusted in 1992 to reflect revised person-per-vehicle ratios.

each land port of entry involves: 1) counting or estimating the number of vehicles entering; 2) deriving estimates of the ratios of passengers per vehicle and the proportions of aliens and U.S. citizens admitted; and 3) multiplying the ratios by the numbers of vehicles to estimate the total number of entries of aliens and U.S. citizens. The ratios used in the estimation are updated periodically at each port of entry. Information developed recently indicates that the ratios used during the past few years at some ports of entry have resulted in an overstatement of total numbers of entries into the United States.

The statistics on air and sea arrivals are obtained during the inspection process at international air and sea ports of entry. The master, captain, or agent of each aircraft or

vessel arriving in the United States presents an arrival manifest to an immigration officer. Arrival forms (I-94) are prepared on board by all passengers except: U.S. citizens, lawful permanent residents of the United States, and aliens with immigrant visas. Counts of aliens and citizens admitted are obtained from the I-94 forms and the arrival manifests. Inspection counts are also obtained for crew members of arriving aircraft and vessels. These counts are computed from crew lists (I-418 forms) that are maintained by the carriers.

Admissions of pedestrians are recorded directly at special pedestrian traffic lanes. Each person either presents a U.S. or foreign passport or makes an oral declaration of nationality; counts of aliens and citizens are recorded upon admission.

Limitations of Data

The error associated with estimating the total number and distribution of aliens and U.S. citizens inspected by the INS each year has not been determined. Caution must be used in the interpretation of these data. The admission figures for aliens and citizens should, at best, be considered estimates that contain unspecified measurement error most likely to result in substantial overestimates, particularly at high-volume land ports of entry, with the exception of the San Diego land ports (see Data Collection section).

The estimates of admissions through San Diego land ports were adjusted downward beginning in 1991 to reflect revised person-per-vehicle ratios based on survey data collected by the San Diego Port Director. Similar data were not collected for other INS land ports. Therefore,

1992 figures for alien and citizen admissions for most other ports of entry are likely to be overestimated. A methodology for obtaining more precise estimates of passenger traffic at all land ports of entry is being developed for implementation in fiscal year 1994.

Table 75 shows total INS admissions by state and port of entry in 1992. The table includes estimated total admissions granted for primary, secondary, and deferred inspections instead of just primary admissions as was shown in the 1986 through 1988 *Yearbooks*. Prior to fiscal year 1986, only border crossers were reported. Tables for border crossers and primary inspections in 1992, generally consistent with previous years (not included in this report), have been compiled for 1992 for use as reference tables (available upon request).

**TABLE 75. TOTAL ESTIMATED ALIENS AND CITIZENS
ADMITTED BY STATE AND PORT OF ENTRY
FISCAL YEAR 1992**

State and port	Total	Aliens	Citizens	State and port	Total	Aliens	Citizens
Total	480,522,083	314,275,438	166,246,645	Indiana	25,370	599	24,771
Alabama	13,367	12,755	612	Indianapolis	25,370	599	24,771
Mobile	13,367	12,755	612	Kentucky	1,668	225	1,443
Alaska	558,596	221,289	337,307	Louisville	1,668	225	1,443
Alcan	153,567	32,462	121,105	Louisiana	186,014	120,032	65,982
Anchorage	131,461	72,326	59,135	Baton Rouge	9,952	9,837	115
Dalton's Cache	57,692	21,228	36,464	Lake Charles	7,021	6,567	454
Ketchikan	60,920	21,435	39,485	New Orleans	169,041	103,628	65,413
Skagway	154,956	73,838	81,118	Maine	21,463,490	16,518,098	4,945,392
Arizona	33,007,094	21,801,525	11,205,569	Bangor	277,218	210,145	67,073
Douglas	4,809,738	2,926,284	1,883,454	Bridgewater	722,372	578,546	143,826
Lukeville	954,245	314,784	639,461	Calais	6,933,650	5,193,197	1,740,453
Mariposa	4,449,330	2,730,109	1,719,221	Coburn Gore	253,296	217,311	35,985
Naco	865,544	584,043	281,501	Fort Fairfield	1,208,909	929,560	279,349
Nogales	12,582,003	8,226,968	4,355,035	Fort Kent	1,366,783	900,131	466,652
Phoenix	49,952	12,056	37,896	Hamlin	974,934	942,640	32,294
Sasabe	54,173	34,294	19,879	Houlton	2,523,745	1,978,460	545,285
San Luis	9,183,266	6,943,955	2,239,311	Jackman	432,261	351,356	80,905
Tucson	58,843	29,032	29,811	Limestone	244,843	188,273	56,570
California	98,631,894	66,749,518	31,882,376	Lubec	937,518	621,498	316,020
Andrade	2,318,628	555,278	1,763,350	Madawaska	4,061,481	3,267,908	793,573
Calxico	31,837,713	24,225,587	7,612,126	Portland	114,630	45,186	69,444
Los Angeles	6,268,981	3,091,573	3,177,408	Van Buren	979,188	777,297	201,891
San Diego ports ¹	55,952,607	37,733,173	18,219,434	Vanceboro	432,662	316,590	116,072
San Francisco	2,253,965	1,143,907	1,110,058	Maryland	272,862	132,107	140,755
Colorado	101,462	40,963	60,499	Baltimore	272,862	132,107	140,755
Denver	101,462	40,963	60,499	Massachusetts	1,293,306	624,544	668,762
Connecticut	16,670	6,758	9,912	Boston	1,293,306	624,544	668,762
Hartford	16,670	6,758	9,912	Michigan	41,687,426	24,223,567	17,463,859
Delaware	43,816	894	42,922	Algonac	316,381	218,148	98,233
Dover AFB	43,816	894	42,922	Detroit	26,723,976	13,295,998	13,427,978
Washington, DC	1,127,370	576,559	550,811	Marine City	344,159	183,022	161,137
Florida	11,003,399	6,145,340	4,858,059	Port Huron	8,715,674	6,742,593	1,973,081
Jacksonville	26,339	14,570	11,769	Sault Sainte Marie	5,587,236	3,783,806	1,803,430
Key West	13,768	6,171	7,597	Minnesota	5,724,410	3,834,213	1,890,197
Miami	7,323,809	3,952,804	3,371,005	Baudette	546,729	341,057	205,672
Orlando	1,083,125	911,547	171,578	Duluth	4,711	2,654	2,057
Port Canaveral	781,438	270,336	511,102	Grand Portage	852,812	647,290	205,522
Port Everglades	1,286,515	762,652	523,863	International Falls	1,946,510	1,216,536	729,974
Tampa	277,919	150,053	127,866	Lancaster	157,039	136,811	20,228
West Palm Beach	210,486	77,207	133,279	Noyes	1,469,007	1,050,817	418,190
Georgia	1,187,169	515,738	671,431	Pine Creek	31,927	24,491	7,436
Atlanta	1,073,821	492,576	581,245	Roseau	127,927	90,965	36,962
Savannah	113,348	23,162	90,186	St. Paul	306,267	124,665	181,602
Hawaii	3,098,731	2,586,101	512,630	Warroad	281,481	198,927	82,554
Honolulu	3,098,731	2,586,101	512,630	Mississippi	5,956	5,908	48
Idaho	883,195	628,327	254,868	Gulfport	5,956	5,908	48
Eastport	416,461	285,190	131,271	Missouri	218,603	77,783	140,820
Porthill	466,734	343,137	123,597	Kansas City	7,459	888	6,571
Illinois	2,225,627	873,182	1,352,445	St. Louis	211,144	76,895	134,249
Chicago	2,225,627	873,182	1,352,445	Montana	2,662,940	1,783,415	879,525
				Del Bonita	73,057	64,482	8,575
				Helena	654	335	319
				Morgan	28,974	24,032	4,942

See footnotes at end of table.

**TABLE 75. TOTAL ESTIMATED ALIENS AND CITIZENS
ADMITTED BY STATE AND PORT OF ENTRY
FISCAL YEAR 1992—Continued**

State and port	Total	Aliens	Citizens	State and port	Total	Aliens	Citizens
Opheim	18,715	15,996	2,719	Northgate	96,156	69,999	26,157
Piegan	591,135	359,680	231,455	Portal	502,836	449,089	53,747
Raymond	149,058	91,566	57,492	Saries	25,355	20,000	5,355
Rooseville	490,874	332,155	158,719	Sherwood	96,384	86,586	9,798
Scobey	49,306	44,270	5,036	St. John	76,575	62,047	14,528
Sweetgrass	1,155,695	762,290	393,405	Walhalla	194,039	177,987	16,052
Turner	29,449	25,347	4,102	Westhope	74,093	63,979	10,114
Whitetail	17,888	16,511	1,377				
Wildhorse	36,390	27,084	9,306	Ohio	244,945	88,236	156,709
Willow Creek	21,745	19,667	2,078	Cincinnati	187,215	66,165	121,050
				Cleveland	37,196	13,196	24,000
Nebraska	4,919	780	4,139	Sandusky	15,368	4,786	10,582
Omaha	4,919	780	4,139	Toledo	5,166	4,089	1,077
Nevada	90,883	89,588	1,295	Oklahoma	3,902	315	3,587
Las Vegas	65,720	64,678	1,042	Oklahoma City	3,902	315	3,587
Reno	25,163	24,910	253				
				Oregon	215,679	129,615	86,064
New Hampshire	45,283	26,963	18,320	Astoria	6,132	5,920	212
Pittsburg	45,283	26,963	18,320	Coos Bay	3,675	3,615	60
				Portland	205,872	120,080	85,792
New Jersey	1,589,359	738,023	851,336				
Camden	33,558	10,987	22,571	Pennsylvania	642,189	203,348	438,841
Newark	1,555,801	727,036	828,765	Pittsburgh	148,223	73,546	74,677
				Philadelphia	493,966	129,802	364,164
New Mexico	831,373	440,632	390,741				
Albuquerque	744	31	713	Rhode Island	18,031	7,610	10,421
Columbus	830,629	440,601	390,028	Providence	18,031	7,610	10,421
New York	53,514,486	33,694,535	19,819,951	South Carolina	79,173	9,749	69,424
Albany	2,035	1,577	458	Charleston	79,173	9,749	69,424
Buffalo	10,821,374	3,460,526	7,360,848				
Buffalo	40	40	-	Tennessee	15,038	893	14,145
Peace Bridge	10,821,334	3,460,486	7,360,848	Memphis	15,038	893	14,145
Champlain	4,830,139	3,243,254	1,586,885				
Chateaugay	357,440	231,356	126,084	Texas	145,857,543	93,640,499	52,217,044
Fort Covington	590,142	380,133	210,009	Amistad Dam	127,203	45,237	81,966
Massena	4,130,642	2,829,223	1,301,419	Brownsville	23,515,539	16,306,121	7,209,418
Mooers	593,417	385,906	207,511	Corpus Christi	18,806	18,592	214
New York	8,144,204	4,711,670	3,432,534	Dallas	1,334,161	414,012	920,149
Niagara Falls	17,308,400	13,791,971	3,516,429	Del Rio	4,585,606	1,630,174	2,955,432
Ogdensburg	1,572,095	1,249,653	322,442	Eagle Pass	6,908,055	4,628,706	2,279,349
Rouses Point	1,668,581	1,091,243	577,338	El Paso	33,508,050	19,004,801	14,503,249
Thousand Islands	3,056,882	2,032,623	1,024,259	Port of El Paso	33,508,050	19,004,801	14,503,249
Trout River	439,135	285,400	153,735	Fabens	1,552,971	1,030,316	522,655
				Falcon Heights	631,150	409,918	221,232
North Carolina	288,726	93,812	194,914	Fort Hancock	298,826	182,444	116,382
Charlotte	155,797	59,931	95,866	Galveston	24,592	22,260	2,332
Raleigh-Durham	122,086	27,076	95,010	Harlingen	1,090	742	348
Wilmington	10,843	6,805	4,038	Hidalgo	18,160,017	12,170,801	5,989,216
				Houston	1,169,274	423,808	745,466
North Dakota	2,047,889	1,728,994	318,895	Laredo	41,721,225	29,852,800	11,868,425
Ambrose	31,524	27,547	3,977	Juarez-Lincoln Bridge	19,148,922	13,532,239	5,616,683
Antler	47,246	39,649	7,597	Laredo-Columbia Bridge	294,381	221,245	73,136
Carbury	50,177	45,815	4,362	Laredo	22,277,922	16,099,316	6,178,606
Dunseith	235,437	138,217	97,220	Los Ebanos	269,352	207,300	62,052
Fortuna	71,450	60,051	11,399	Port Arthur	12,777	10,982	1,795
Hannah	23,399	20,962	2,437	Presidio	1,433,620	878,603	555,017
Hansboro	30,407	24,002	6,405	Progreso	3,930,347	2,051,439	1,878,908
Maida	60,718	51,727	8,991	Rio Grande City	2,434,657	1,581,438	853,219
Minot	2,863	1,583	1,280	Roma	4,092,628	2,683,046	1,409,582
Neché	172,624	143,046	29,578	San Antonio	127,597	86,959	40,638
Noonan	256,606	246,708	9,898				

See footnotes at end of table.

**TABLE 75. TOTAL ESTIMATED ALIENS AND CITIZENS
ADMITTED BY STATE AND PORT OF ENTRY
FISCAL YEAR 1992—Continued**

State and port	Total	Aliens	Citizens	State and port	Total	Aliens	Citizens
Utah	13,507	913	12,594	Point Roberts	5,916,622	4,734,318	1,182,304
Salt Lake City	13,507	913	12,594	Port Angeles	52,535	30,643	21,892
Vermont	5,994,802	4,810,756	1,184,046	Seattle	597,382	288,250	309,132
Alburt Springs	167,961	160,056	7,905	Spokane	3,756	1,419	2,337
Alburt	164,217	151,801	12,416	Sumas	5,131,564	4,528,290	603,274
Beebe Plains	248,444	202,628	45,816	Tacoma	18,853	16,094	2,759
Beecher Falls	160,949	114,926	46,023	Wisconsin	15,584	2,250	13,334
Burlington	7,572	3,803	3,769	Milwaukee	15,584	2,250	13,334
Canaan	119,657	88,264	31,393	The Netherland Antilles	313,976	68,693	245,283
Derby Line	2,086,672	1,642,658	444,014	Aruba	313,976	68,693	245,283
East Richford	39,658	33,890	5,768	The Bahamas	1,342,064	386,690	955,374
Highgate Springs	1,304,042	888,600	415,442	Freeport	382,426	66,248	296,178
Morses Line	64,561	55,713	8,848	Nassau	800,124	243,591	556,533
North Troy	415,280	381,520	33,760	Paradise Island	179,514	76,851	102,663
Norton	396,782	356,584	40,198	Bermuda	422,826	55,022	367,804
Pinnacle Road	84,805	77,951	6,854	Hamilton	422,826	55,022	367,804
Richford	437,314	402,475	34,839	Canada	7,340,576	4,688,887	2,671,689
St. Albans	44,993	23,580	21,413	Calgary, Alberta	505,450	324,613	180,837
West Berkshire	251,895	226,307	25,588	Edmonton, Alberta	195,140	138,015	57,125
Virginia	49,996	27,129	22,867	Montreal, Quebec	1,227,303	790,099	437,204
Norfolk	49,996	27,129	22,867	Toronto, Ontario	3,166,293	2,287,145	879,148
Washington	29,546,428	23,492,644	6,053,784	Vancouver, B.C.	1,407,917	837,567	570,350
Bellingham	13,639	8,438	5,201	Victoria, B.C.	664,804	157,455	507,409
Blaine	7,759,506	5,826,602	1,932,904	Winnipeg, Manitoba	173,609	133,993	39,616
Boundary	117,262	107,582	9,680	Guam	1,300,451	890,354	410,097
Danville	326,096	281,910	44,186	Agana	1,300,451	890,354	410,097
Ferry	47,668	42,145	5,523	Ireland	322,877	121,264	201,613
Frontier	234,356	188,084	46,272	Shannon	322,877	121,264	201,613
Laurier	172,327	128,642	43,685	Puerto Rico	1,877,265	892,633	984,632
Longview	7,889	7,844	45	Mayaguez	14,701	8,377	6,324
Lynden	2,608,036	2,336,367	271,669	Ponce	13,906	11,796	2,110
Metaline Falls	152,842	116,451	36,391	San Juan	1,848,658	872,460	976,198
Nighthawk	31,080	26,621	4,459	Virgin Islands	1,051,878	485,171	566,707
Oroville	1,356,616	1,122,768	233,848	Charlotte Amalie	697,254	346,691	350,563
Pacific Highway	4,998,399	3,700,176	1,298,223	Christiansted	83,417	50,525	32,892
				Cruz Bay	271,207	87,955	183,252

¹ Otay Mesa, San Diego, San Ysidro, and Tecate were reorganized into "San Diego ports" in 1987. The estimates of admissions through San Diego land ports were adjusted to reflect revised person-per-vehicle ratios.

- Represents zero.

NOTE: Data include estimated total admissions for primary, secondary, and deferred inspection, and only primary admissions as was shown in previous Yearbooks starting in fiscal year 1986. Prior to fiscal year 1986, only border crossers were reported. Aliens in transit without a visa (TWOV) are excluded from these data. See Glossary for definition of TWOVs.

**TABLE 76. PROSECUTIONS, FINES, AND IMPRISONMENT FOR IMMIGRATION AND NATIONALITY VIOLATIONS
FISCAL YEARS 1986-92**

Action taken	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992
Prosecutions:							
Total disposed of	23,405	18,894	18,360	18,580	20,079	18,882	14,655
Convictions	15,259	11,996	12,208	12,561	12,719	11,509	9,865
Acquittals	148	245	115	105	50	80	57
Dismissals ¹	7,998	6,653	6,037	5,914	7,310	7,293	4,733
Prosecutions for immigration violations:							
Disposed of	22,751	18,200	17,590	17,992	19,351	18,297	14,138
Convictions	15,104	11,786	11,929	12,379	12,515	11,392	9,766
Acquittals	143	245	114	105	48	77	57
Dismissals ¹	7,504	6,169	5,547	5,508	6,788	6,828	4,315
Prosecution for nationality violations:							
Disposed of	654	694	770	588	728	585	517
Convictions	155	210	279	182	204	117	99
Acquittals	5	-	1	-	2	3	-
Dismissals ¹	494	484	490	406	522	465	418
Aggregate fines and imprisonment:							
Fines (dollars)	1,122,998	1,489,491	2,528,308	1,830,594	2,935,664	2,622,659	1,673,488
Immigration violations	1,117,025	1,462,941	2,523,933	1,828,694	2,872,279	2,508,084	1,670,839
Nationality violations	5,973	26,550	4,375	1,900	63,385	114,575	2,649
Imprisonment (years)	6,113	5,382	5,012	4,579	5,749	5,748	5,592
Immigration violations	6,046	5,196	4,946	4,558	5,642	5,610	5,550
Nationality violations	67	186	66	21	107	138	42

¹ Dismissed or otherwise closed.

- Represents zero.

**TABLE 77. CONVICTIONS FOR IMMIGRATION AND NATIONALITY VIOLATIONS
FISCAL YEARS 1986-92**

Violations	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992
All violations	15,259	11,996	12,208	12,561	12,719	11,509	9,865
Immigration violations	15,104	11,786	11,929	12,379	12,515	11,392	9,766
Entry of aliens illegally	11,030	8,190	7,379	7,659	8,162	7,214	6,341
Reentries of deported aliens	308	347	314	381	444	547	477
Bringing in, transporting, harboring, and inducing illegal entry of aliens	1,422	984	808	860	1,431	1,498	977
Fraud, misuse of visas, entry permits, and other entry documents	225	141	298	228	289	318	306
Fraud and false statements or entries	208	105	128	142	83	68	109
Alien registration or alien address violations	63	89	28	73	135	93	39
Producing, transferring, possessing, stealing using or selling false identification documents	279	332	295	370	597	602	497
Conspire to defraud U.S.	433	436	757	560	615	252	121
Producing, processing, selling of a controlled substance	NA	NA	NA	NA	190	466	498
Other violations	1,136	1,162	1,922	2,106	569	334	401
Nationality violations	155	210	279	182	204	117	99
False representation as citizens of the United States ..	133	200	248	156	137	69	59
False statements and procurement of citizenship or naturalization unlawfully	6	2	3	3	60	36	37
Reproduction and sale of citizenship and naturalization papers	16	8	28	23	7	12	3

NOTE: NA Not available.

**TABLE 78. WRITS OF HABEAS CORPUS, JUDICIAL REVIEW OF ORDERS OF DEPORTATION, AND DECLARATORY JUDGEMENTS IN EXCLUSION AND DEPORTATION CASES
FISCAL YEARS 1986-92**

Action taken	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992
Writs of habeas corpus:							
Total disposed of	1,297	697	198	254	150	397	331
Favorable to U.S. government	160	102	120	213	122	363	278
Unfavorable to U.S. government	14	21	8	8	12	15	12
Withdrawn or otherwise closed	1,123	574	70	33	16	19	41
Total pending end of year	726	203	184	125	294	248	388
Judicial review of orders of deportation (Section 106 INA):							
Total disposed of	377	328	208	355	264	392	608
Favorable to U.S. government	257	166	121	174	162	252	441
Unfavorable to U.S. government	40	19	13	9	29	35	57
Withdrawn or otherwise closed	80	143	74	172	73	105	110
Total pending end of year	970	878	818	671	709	593	708
Declaratory judgements:							
Total disposed of	174	265	383	305	170	191	182
Favorable to U.S. government	90	98	109	219	123	141	137
Unfavorable to U.S. government	28	90	11	11	12	13	21
Withdrawn or otherwise closed	56	77	263	75	35	37	24
Involving 8 U.S.C. 1503	25	81	202	17	6	4	19
Favorable to U.S. government	4	6	7	10	4	-	17
Unfavorable to U.S. government	8	67	1	-	-	1	1
Withdrawn or otherwise closed	13	8	194	7	2	3	1
Involving exclusion or deportation	149	184	181	288	164	187	163
Favorable to U.S. government	86	92	102	209	119	141	120
Unfavorable to U.S. government	20	23	10	11	12	12	20
Withdrawn or otherwise closed	43	69	69	68	33	34	23

- Represents zero.

**TABLE 79. PRIVATE IMMIGRATION AND NATIONALITY BILLS
INTRODUCED AND LAWS ENACTED
77TH THROUGH 103rd CONGRESS**

Congress	Bills introduced	Laws enacted
103rd	71	8
102nd	49	-
101st	127	7
100th	194	20
99th	347	15
98th	454	33
97th	728	42
96th	902	83
95th	1,024	138
94th	1,023	99
93rd	1,085	63
92nd	2,866	62
91st	6,266	113
90th	7,293	218
89th	5,285	279
88th	3,647	196
87th	3,592	544
86th	3,069	488
85th	4,364	927
84th	4,474	1,227
83rd	4,797	753
82nd	3,669	729
81st	2,811	505
80th	1,141	121
79th	429	14
78th	163	12
77th	430	22

- Represents zero.

VIII. PUBLIC USE TAPES

Information on aliens granted immigrant status may be purchased on magnetic tapes or diskettes from the National Technical Information Service (NTIS). These tapes contain information on immigrants admitted from fiscal years 1972-92. The data files are on seven tapes, each covering a three-year span. The variables included on the tape for fiscal years 1988-92 are:

- ◆ Port of entry
- ◆ Month of admission
- ◆ Year of admission
- ◆ Class of admission
- ◆ Age
- ◆ Country of birth
- ◆ Marital status
- ◆ Sex
- ◆ Nationality
- ◆ Occupation
- ◆ Type of case
- ◆ Country of chargeability
- ◆ Country of last permanent residence
- ◆ Nonimmigrant class of entry
- ◆ Nonimmigrant year of entry
- ◆ INS district of intended residence
- ◆ State and Zip code of intended residence

The source tape is formatted in EBCDIC character set and is available in 9 track 1,600 bpi or 6,250 bpi. Documentation is also included with the tapes for each year. Information on how to order the tapes or diskettes is available from the Computer Products Office of NTIS at (703) 487-4763.

The *Statistical Yearbook* may also be purchased from NTIS in paper copy or microfiche form beginning with fiscal year 1965. Prior to 1978, INS statistical data were included in the *Annual Report of the Immigration and Naturalization Service*. Those reports contain descriptions of INS' activities and accomplishments in addition to the statistical tables. To order, call NTIS at (703) 487-4650.

IX. DATA GAPS

Although a considerable amount of detailed information is available about immigrants, temporary visitors, and other categories of international migrants to the United States, significant gaps remain in our knowledge about immigration to the United States. In some areas these deficiencies persist because of the inherent difficulty in estimating the numbers, as is the case for emigration and illegal immigration. As a result, no information about either of these two categories is included in the *Statistical Yearbook* tables.

Emigration

The collection of statistics on emigration from the United States was discontinued in 1957; no direct measure of emigration has been available since then. Estimates compiled in this country and statistics collected in other countries indicate that emigration from the United States has increased steadily since the 1950s, exceeding 100,000 per year since 1970. These figures are consistent with U.S. historical experience; between 1900 and 1980, approximately 30 million immigrants were admitted, and an estimated 10 million foreign-born persons emigrated.⁷

The U.S. Bureau of the Census currently uses an annual emigration figure of 160,000, which includes both citizens and aliens, for computing national population estimates. However, statistics on U.S. residents migrating to other countries published by the United Nations and the Economic Commission for Europe show that emigration from the United States is likely to be well above 200,000 annually. Accurate, detailed, and timely figures are needed to develop and evaluate U.S. immigration policy, to derive accurate national and local population estimates, and to measure coverage of the decennial censuses.

Illegal Immigration

The annual INS *Statistical Yearbook* does not include statistics on the number of unauthorized immigrants entering or residing in the United States. This category could be broadly defined as any foreign-born person present in the United States who is in a deportable status, including, for example, a tourist who departed a day or two late. The term could be more narrowly defined to include

⁷ Warren, Robert and Ellen Percy Kraly, 1985, *The Elusive Exodus: Emigration from the United States*. Population Trends and Public Policy Occasional Paper No. 8, March, Population Reference Bureau: Washington, D.C.

only those who have established residence and intend to remain here permanently. Obviously, the size of this population would vary considerably depending on the definition used.

In 1989 the Urban Institute and the Rand Corporation conducted a thorough review of estimates of the illegal alien population and the assumptions used to derive them.⁸ The most reliable data available indicate that the resident illegal population was in the range of about 2.5 to 3.5 million in 1980. Statistics on the annual change in this population developed by the INS and the Census Bureau

indicate that the population grew to approximately 5 million at the beginning of 1987.

Following the passage of the Immigration Reform and Control Act in 1986, nearly 3 million illegal residents were granted temporary and then legal permanent residence; the INS estimate of the remaining illegal alien population in the fall of 1988 is just over 2 million. By October 1992, the resident illegal alien population is estimated to have grown to about 3.2 million. The estimates for 1988 and 1992 were derived from an analysis of data collected in the INS Nonimmigrant Information System, other INS statistics, and Census Bureau surveys that included information about the foreign-born population. The information on the foreign-born population collected in the 1990 census will be useful for developing additional estimates.

⁸ *Undocumented Migration to the United States: IRCA and the Experience of the 1980s*, edited by Frank D. Bean, Barry Edmonston, and Jeffrey S. Passel, The Urban Institute Press, 1990. See especially Chapter 1.

APPENDIXES

IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION LEGISLATION

IMMIGRATION LIMITS: FISCAL YEAR 1992

GLOSSARY

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IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION LEGISLATION

The following compilation of federal immigration and naturalization statutes in the United States provides an overview of the legislative history of immigration to the United States. It is not exhaustive either for the number of bills enacted or for the specific points of law within each bill. This review of the federal legislative process fosters a general understanding of the major issues as they developed in the area of immigration and naturalization in the United States. The dates of enactment and *Statutes-at-Large* reference numbers are presented in chronological order; they provide a basis for further inquiry for more detailed information.

ACT	MAJOR FEATURES
1. ACT OF MARCH 26, 1790 (1 <i>Statutes-at-Large</i> 103)	The first federal activity in an area previously under the control of the individual states, this act established a uniform rule for naturalization by setting the residence requirement at two years.
2. ACT OF JANUARY 29, 1795 (1 <i>Statutes-at-Large</i> 414)	Repealed the 1790 act, raised the residence requirement to five years and required a declaration of intention to seek citizenship at least three years before naturalization.
3. NATURALIZATION ACT OF JUNE 18, 1798 (1 <i>Statutes-at-Large</i> 566)	Provisions: a. Clerks of court must furnish information about each record of naturalization to the Secretary of State. b. Registry of each alien residing in the United States at that time, as well as those arriving thereafter. c. Raised the residence requirement for naturalization to fourteen years.
4. ALIENS ACT OF JUNE 25, 1798 (1 <i>Statutes-at-Large</i> 570)	Represented the first Federal law pertinent to immigration rather than naturalization. Provisions: a. Authorized the President to arrest and/or deport any alien whom he deemed dangerous to the United States. b. Required the captain of any vessel to report the arrival of aliens on board such vessel to the Collector, or other chief officer, of the Customs of the Port. This law expired two years after its enactment.
5. ALIEN ENEMY ACT OF JULY 6, 1798 (1 <i>Statutes-at-Large</i> 577)	Provided that in the case of declared war or invasion the President shall have the power to restrain or remove alien enemy males of fourteen years and upwards, but with due protection of their property rights as stipulated by treaty.
6. NATURALIZATION ACT OF APRIL 14, 1802 (2 <i>Statutes-at-Large</i> 153)	Provisions: a. Reduced the residence period for naturalization from fourteen to five years. b. Established basic requirements for naturalization, including good moral character, allegiance to the Constitution, a formal declaration of intention, and witnesses.

APPENDIX 1

IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION LEGISLATION

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| 7. STEERAGE ACT OF MARCH 2, 1819
(3 Statutes-at-Large 488) | First significant Federal law relating to immigration. Provisions: <ul style="list-style-type: none">a. Established the continuing reporting of immigration to the United States by requiring that passenger lists or manifests of all arriving vessels be delivered to the local Collector of Customs, copies transmitted to the Secretary of State, and the information reported to Congress.b. Set specific sustenance rules for passengers of ships leaving U.S. ports for Europe.c. Somewhat restricted the number of passengers on all vessels either coming to or leaving the United States. |
| 8. ACT OF MAY 26, 1824
(4 Statutes-at-Large 36) | Facilitated the naturalization of certain aliens who had entered the United States as minors, by setting a two-year instead of a three-year interval between declaration of intention and admission to citizenship. |
| 9. ACT OF FEBRUARY 22, 1847
(9 Statutes-at-Large 127) | "Passenger Acts," provided specific regulations to safeguard passengers on merchant vessels. Subsequently amended by the Act of March 2, 1847 expanding the allowance of passenger space. |
| 10. PASSENGER ACT OF MARCH 3, 1855
(10 Statutes-at-Large 715) | Provisions: <ul style="list-style-type: none">a. Repealed the Passenger Acts (see the 1847 act) and combined their provisions in a codified form.b. Reaffirmed the duty of the captain of any vessel to report the arrival of alien passengers.c. Established separate reporting to the Secretary of State distinguishing permanent and temporary immigration. |
| 11. ACT OF FEBRUARY 19, 1862
(12 Statutes-at-Large 340) | Prohibited the transportation of Chinese "coolies" on American vessels. |
| 12. ACT OF JULY 4, 1864
(13 Statutes-at-Large 385) | First Congressional attempt to centralize control of immigration. Provisions: <ul style="list-style-type: none">a. A Commissioner of Immigration was appointed by the President to serve under the authority of the Secretary of State.b. Authorized immigrant labor contracts whereby would-be immigrants would pledge their wages to pay for transportation. On March 30, 1868, the Act of July 4, 1864 was repealed. |
| 13. NATURALIZATION ACT OF JULY 14, 1870
(16 Statutes-at-Large 254) | Provisions: <ul style="list-style-type: none">a. Established a system of controls on the naturalization process and penalties for fraudulent practices.b. Extended the naturalization laws to aliens of African nativity and to persons of African descent. |
| 14. ACT OF MARCH 3, 1875
(18 Statutes-at-Large 477) | Established the policy of direct federal regulation of immigration by prohibiting for the first time entry to undesirable immigrants.
Provisions: <ul style="list-style-type: none">a. Excluded criminals and prostitutes from admission.b. Prohibited the bringing of any Oriental persons without their free and voluntary consent; declared the contracting to supply "coolie" labor a felony.c. Entrusted the inspection of immigrants to collectors of the ports. |
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IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION LEGISLATION

15. CHINESE EXCLUSION ACT OF MAY 6, 1882
(22 Statutes-at-Large 58)

Provisions:

- a. Suspended immigration of Chinese laborers to the United States for ten years.
- b. Permitted Chinese laborers already in the United States to remain in the country after a temporary absence.
- c. Provided for deportation of Chinese illegally in the United States.
- d. Barred Chinese from naturalization.
- e. Permitted the entry of Chinese students, teachers, merchants, or those "proceeding to the United States ... from curiosity."

On December 17, 1943, the Chinese exclusion laws were repealed.

16. IMMIGRATION ACT OF AUGUST 3, 1882
(22 Statutes-at-Large 214)

First general immigration law, established a system of central control of immigration through State Boards under the Secretary of the Treasury. Provisions:

- a. Broadened restrictions on immigration by adding to the classes of inadmissible aliens, including persons likely to become a public charge.
- b. Introduced a tax of 50 cents on each passenger brought to the United States.

17. ACT OF FEBRUARY 26, 1885
(23 Statutes-at-Large 332)

The first "Contract Labor Law," made it unlawful to import aliens into the United States under contract for the performance of labor or services of any kind. Exceptions were for aliens temporarily in the United States engaging other foreigners as secretaries, servants, or domestics; actors, artists, lecturers, and domestic servants; and skilled aliens working in an industry not yet established in the United States.

18. ACT OF FEBRUARY 23, 1887
(24 Statutes-at-Large 414)

Amended the Contract Labor Law to render it enforceable by charging the Secretary of the Treasury with enforcement of the act and providing that prohibited persons be sent back on arrival.

19. ACT OF MARCH 3, 1887
(24 Statutes-at-Large 476)

Restricted the ownership of real estate in the United States to American citizens and those who have lawfully declared their intentions to become citizens, with certain specific exceptions.

20. ACT OF OCTOBER 19, 1888
(25 Statutes-at-Large 566)

First measure since the Aliens Act of 1798 to provide for expulsion of aliens—directed the return within one year after entry of any immigrant who had landed in violation of the contract labor laws (see acts of February 26, 1885 and February 23, 1887).

21. IMMIGRATION ACT OF MARCH 3, 1891
(26 Statutes-at-Large 1084)

The first comprehensive law for national control of immigration. Provisions:

- a. Established the Bureau of Immigration under the Treasury Department to administer all immigration laws (except the Chinese Exclusion Act).
 - b. Further restricted immigration by adding to the inadmissible classes persons likely to become public charges, persons suffering from certain contagious disease, felons, persons convicted of other crimes or misdemeanors, polygamists, aliens assisted by others by payment of passage, and forbade the encouragement of immigration by means of advertisement.
 - c. Allowed the Secretary of the Treasury to prescribe rules for inspection along the borders of Canada, British Columbia, and Mexico so as not to obstruct or unnecessarily delay, impede, or annoy passengers in ordinary travel between these countries and the United States.
 - d. Directed the deportation of any alien who entered the United States unlawfully.
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APPENDIX 1

IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION LEGISLATION

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| 22. ACT OF MARCH 3, 1893
<i>(27 Statutes-at-Large 570)</i> | Provisions: <ul style="list-style-type: none">a. Added to the reporting requirements regarding alien arrivals to the United States such new information as occupation, marital status, ability to read or write, amount of money in possession, and facts regarding physical and mental health. This information was needed to determine admissibility according to the expanding list of grounds for exclusion.b. Established boards of special inquiry to decide the admissibility of alien arrivals. |
| 23. ACT OF APRIL 29, 1902
<i>(32 Statutes-at-Large 176)</i> | Extended the existing Chinese exclusion acts until such time as a new treaty with China was negotiated, and extended the application of the exclusion acts to insular territories of the United States, including the requirement of a certificate of residence, except in Hawaii. |
| 24. ACT OF FEBRUARY 14, 1903
<i>(32 Statutes-at-Large 825)</i> | Transferred the Bureau of Immigration to the newly-created Department of Commerce and Labor, and expanded the authority of the Commissioner-General of Immigration in the areas of rulemaking and enforcement of immigration laws. |
| 25. IMMIGRATION ACT OF MARCH 3, 1903
<i>(32 Statutes-at-Large 1213)</i> | An extensive codification of existing immigration law. Provisions: <ul style="list-style-type: none">a. Added to the list of inadmissible immigrants.b. First measure to provide for the exclusion of aliens on the grounds of proscribed opinions by excluding "anarchists, or persons who believe in, or advocate, the overthrow by force or violence the government of the United States, or of all government, or of all forms of law, or the assassination of public officials."c. Extended to three years after entry the period during which an alien who was inadmissible at the time of entry could be deported.d. Provided for the deportation of aliens who became public charges within two years after entry from causes existing prior to their landing.e. Reaffirmed the contract labor law (see the 1885 act). |
| 26. ACT OF APRIL 27, 1904
<i>(33 Statutes-at-Large 428)</i> | Reaffirmed and made permanent the Chinese exclusion laws. In addition, clarified the territories from which Chinese were to be excluded. |
| 27. NATURALIZATION ACT OF JUNE 29, 1906
<i>(34 Statutes-at-Large 596)</i> | Provisions: <ul style="list-style-type: none">a. Combined the immigration and naturalization functions of the federal government, changing the Bureau of Immigration to the Bureau of Immigration and Naturalization.b. Established fundamental procedural safeguards regarding naturalization, such as fixed fees and uniform naturalization forms.c. Made knowledge of the English language a requirement for naturalization. |
| 28. IMMIGRATION ACT OF FEBRUARY 20, 1907
<i>(34 Statutes-at-Large 898)</i> | A major codifying act that incorporated and consolidated earlier legislation: <ul style="list-style-type: none">a. Required aliens to declare intention of permanent or temporary stay in the United States and officially classified arriving aliens as immigrants and nonimmigrants, respectively.b. Increased the head tax to \$4.00 (established by the Act of August 3, 1882 and raised subsequently).c. Added to the excludable classes imbeciles, feeble-minded persons, persons |

IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION LEGISLATION

Immigration Act of February 20, 1907 — cont.

with physical or mental defects which may affect their ability to earn a living, persons afflicted with tuberculosis, children unaccompanied by their parents, persons who admitted the commission of a crime involving moral turpitude, and women coming to the United States for immoral purposes.

d. Exempted from the provisions of the contract labor law professional actors, artists, singers, ministers, professors, and domestic servants.

e. Extended from two to three years after entry authority to deport an alien who had become a public charge from causes which existed before the alien's entry.

f. Authorized the President to refuse admission to certain persons when he was satisfied that their immigration was detrimental to labor conditions in the United States. This was aimed mainly at Japanese laborers.

g. Created a Joint Commission on Immigration to make an investigation of the immigration system in the United States. The findings of this Commission were the basis for the comprehensive Immigration Act of 1917.

h. Reaffirmed the requirement for manifesting of aliens arriving by water and added a like requirement with regard to departing aliens.

29. **WHITE SLAVE TRAFFIC ACT OF
JUNE 25, 1910**
(36 Statutes-at-Large 825)

The Mann Act, prohibited the importation or interstate transportation of women for immoral purposes.

30. **ACT OF MARCH 4, 1913**
(37 Statutes-at-Large 737)

Divided the Department of Commerce and Labor into separate departments and transferred the Bureau of Immigration and Naturalization to the Department of Labor. It further divided the Bureau of Immigration and Naturalization into a separate Bureau of Immigration and Bureau of Naturalization, each headed by its own Commissioner.

31. **IMMIGRATION ACT OF FEBRUARY 5, 1917**
(39 Statutes-at-Large 874)

Codified all previously enacted exclusion provisions. In addition:

a. Excluded illiterate aliens from entry.

b. Expanded the list of aliens excluded for mental health and other reasons.

c. Further restricted the immigration of Asian persons, creating the "barred zone" (known as the Asia-Pacific triangle), natives of which were declared inadmissible.

d. Considerably broadened the classes of aliens deportable from the United States and introduced the requirement of deportation without statute of limitation in certain more serious cases.

32. **ACT OF MAY 22, 1918**
(40 Statutes-at-Large 559)

"Entry and Departure Controls Act," authorized the President to control the departure and entry in times of war or national emergency of any alien whose presence was deemed contrary to public safety.

33. **QUOTA LAW OF MAY 19, 1921**
(42 Statutes-at-Large 5)

The first quantitative immigration law. Provisions:

a. Limited the number of aliens of any nationality entering the United States to three percent of the foreign-born persons of that nationality who lived in the United States in 1910. Approximately 350,000 such aliens were permitted to enter each year as quota immigrants, mostly from Northern and Western Europe.

b. Exempted from this limitation aliens who had resided continuously for at least one year immediately preceding their application in one of the independent countries of the Western Hemisphere; nonimmigrant aliens such as government officials and their households, aliens in transit through the United States, and

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IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION LEGISLATION

Quota Law of May 19, 1921 — cont.

temporary visitors for business and pleasure; and aliens whose immigration is regulated by immigration treaty.

c. Actors, artists, lecturers, singers, nurses, ministers, professors, aliens belonging to any recognized learned profession, and aliens employed as domestic servants were placed on a nonquota basis.

34. **ACT OF MAY 11, 1922**
(42 Statutes-at-Large 540)

Extended the Act of May 19, 1921 for two years, with amendments:

a. Changed from one year to five-years the residency requirement in a Western Hemisphere country.

b. Authorized fines of transportation companies for transporting an inadmissible alien unless it was deemed that inadmissibility was not known to the company and could not have been discovered with reasonable diligence.

35. **IMMIGRATION ACT OF MAY 26, 1924**
(43 Statutes-at-Large 153)

The first permanent limitation on immigration, established the "national origins quota system." In conjunction with the Immigration Act of 1917, governed American immigration policy until 1952 (see the Immigration and Nationality Act of 1952).

Provisions:

a. Contained two quota provisions:

1. In effect until June 30, 1927—set the annual quota of any quota nationality at two percent of the number of foreign-born persons of such nationality resident in the continental United States in 1890 (total quota - 164,667).
2. From July 1, 1927 (later postponed to July 1, 1929) to December 31, 1952—used the national origins quota system: the annual quota for any country or nationality had the same relation to 150,000 as the number of inhabitants in the continental United States in 1920 having that national origin had to the total number of inhabitants in the continental United States in 1920.

Preference quota status was established for: unmarried children under 21; parents; spouses of U.S. citizens aged 21 and over; and for quota immigrants aged 21 and over who are skilled in agriculture, together with their wives and dependent children under age 16.

b. Nonquota status was accorded to: wives and unmarried children under 18 of U.S. citizens; natives of Western Hemisphere countries, with their families; nonimmigrants; and certain others. Subsequent amendments eliminated certain elements of this law's inherent discrimination against women but comprehensive elimination was not achieved until 1952 (see the Immigration and Nationality Act of 1952).

c. Established the "consular control system" of immigration by mandating that no alien may be permitted entrance to the United States without an unexpired immigration visa issued by an American consular officer abroad. Thus, the State Department and the Immigration and Naturalization Service shared control of immigration.

d. Introduced the provision that, as a rule, no alien ineligible to become a citizen shall be admitted to the United States as an immigrant. This was aimed primarily at Japanese aliens.

e. Imposed fines on transportation companies who landed aliens in violation of U.S. Immigration laws.

f. Defined the term "immigrant" and designated all other alien entries into the United States as "nonimmigrant" (temporary visitor). Established classes of admission for nonimmigrant entries.

IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION LEGISLATION

36.	ACT OF MAY 28, 1924 (43 Statutes-at-Large 240)	An appropriations law, provided for the establishment of the U.S. Border Patrol.
37.	ACT OF MARCH 31, 1928 (45 Statutes-at-Large 400)	Provided more time to work out computation of the quotas established by the Immigration Act of 1924 by postponing introduction of the quotas until July 1, 1929.
38.	ACT OF APRIL 2, 1928 (45 Statutes-at-Large 401)	Provided that the Immigration Act of 1924 was not to be construed to limit the right of American Indians to cross the border, but with the proviso that the right does not extend to members of Indian tribes by adoption.
39.	REGISTRY ACT OF MARCH 2, 1929 (45 Statutes-at-Large 1512)	Amended existing immigration law authorizing the establishment of a record of lawful admission for certain aliens not ineligible for citizenship when no record of admission for permanent residence could be found and the alien could prove entrance to the United States before July 1, 1924 (subsequently amended to June 3, 1921 by the Act of August 7, 1939—53 Statutes-at-Large 1243). Later incorporated into the Alien Registration Act of 1940.
40.	ACT OF MARCH 4, 1929 (45 Statutes-at-Large 1551)	Provisions: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. Added two deportable classes, consisting of aliens convicted of carrying any weapon or bomb and sentenced to any term of six months or more, and aliens convicted of violation of the prohibition law for which a sentence of one year or more is received. b. Made reentry of a previously deported alien a felony punishable by fine or imprisonment or both. c. Made entry by an alien at other than at a designated place or by fraud to be a misdemeanor punishable by fine or imprisonment or both. d. Deferred the deportation of an alien sentenced to imprisonment until the termination of the imprisonment.
41.	ACT OF FEBRUARY 18, 1931 (46 Statutes-at-Large 1171)	Provided for the deportation of any alien convicted of violation of U.S. laws concerning the importation, exportation, manufacture, or sale of heroin, opium, or coca leaves.
42.	ACT OF MARCH 17, 1932 (47 Statutes-at-Large 67)	Provisions: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. The contract labor laws were applicable to alien instrumental musicians whether coming for permanent residence or temporarily. b. Such aliens shall not be considered artists or professional actors under the terms of the Immigration Act of 1917, and thereby exempt from the contract labor laws, unless they are recognized to be of distinguished ability and are coming to fulfill professional engagements corresponding to such ability. c. If the alien qualifies for exemption under the above proviso, the Secretary of Labor later may prescribe such conditions, including bonding, as will insure the alien's departure at the end of his engagement.
43.	ACT OF MAY 2, 1932 (47 Statutes-at-Large 145)	Amended the Immigration Act of 1917, doubling the allocation for enforcement of the contract labor laws.

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IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION LEGISLATION

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| 44. ACT OF JULY 1, 1932
(47 Statutes-at-Large 524) | Amended the Immigration Act of 1924, providing that the specified classes of nonimmigrant aliens be admitted for a prescribed period of time and under such conditions, including bonding where deemed necessary, as would ensure departure at the expiration of the prescribed time or upon failure to maintain the status under which admitted. |
| 45. ACT OF JULY 11, 1932
(47 Statutes-at-Large 656) | Provided exemption from quota limits (i.e., give nonquota status) the husbands of American citizens, provided that the marriage occurred prior to issuance of the visa and prior to July 1, 1932. Wives of citizens were accorded nonquota status regardless of the time of marriage. |
| 46. ACT OF JUNE 15, 1935
(49 Statutes-at-Large 376) | Designated as a protection for American seamen, repealed the laws giving privileges of citizenship regarding service on and protection by American vessels to aliens having their first papers (i.e., having made declaration of intent to become American citizens). |
| 47. ACT OF MAY 14, 1937
(50 Statutes-at-Large 164) | Made deportable any alien who at any time after entering the United States:
a. was found to have secured a visa through fraud by contracting a marriage which subsequent to entry into the United States had been judicially annulled retroactively to the date of the marriage; or
b. failed or refused to fulfill his promises for a marital agreement made to procure his entry as an immigrant. |
| 48. ACT OF JUNE 14, 1940
(54 Statutes-at-Large 230) | Presidential Reorganization Plan, transferred the Immigration and Naturalization Service from the Department of Labor to the Department of Justice as a national security measure. |
| 49. ALIEN REGISTRATION ACT OF
 JUNE 28, 1940
(54 Statutes-at-Large 670) | Provisions:
a. Required registration of all aliens and fingerprinting those over 14 years of age.
b. Established additional deportable classes, including aliens convicted of smuggling, or assisting in the illegal entry of, other aliens.
c. Amended the Act of October 16, 1919, making past membership—in addition to present membership—in proscribed organizations and subversive classes of aliens grounds for exclusion and deportation.
d. Amended the Immigration Act of 1917, authorizing, in certain meritorious cases, voluntary departure in lieu of deportation, and suspension of deportation. |
| 50. ACT OF JULY 1, 1940
(54 Statutes-at-Large 711) | Amended the Immigration Act of 1924, requiring aliens admitted as officials of foreign governments to maintain their status or depart. |
| 51. NATIONALITY ACT OF OCTOBER 14, 1940
(Effective January 13, 1941 as
54 Statutes-at-Large 1137) | Codified and revised the naturalization, citizenship, and expatriation laws to strengthen the national defense. The naturalization and nationality regulations were rewritten and the forms used in naturalization proceedings were revised. |
| 52. PUBLIC SAFETY ACT OF JUNE 20, 1941
(55 Statutes-at-Large 252) | Directed a consular officer to refuse a visa to any alien seeking to enter the United States for the purpose of engaging in activities which would endanger the safety of the United States. |

IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION LEGISLATION

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| <p>53. ACT OF JUNE 21, 1941
(55 Statutes-at-Large 252)</p> | <p>Extended the Act of May 22, 1918—gave the President power, during a time of national emergency or war, to prevent departure from or entry into the United States.</p> |
| <p>54. ACT OF DECEMBER 8, 1942
(56 Statutes-at-Large 1044)</p> | <p>Amended the Immigration Act of 1917, altering the reporting procedure in suspension of deportation cases to require the Attorney General to report such suspensions to Congress on the first and fifteenth of each month that Congress is in session.</p> |
| <p>55. ACT OF APRIL 29, 1943
(57 Statutes-at-Large 70)</p> | <p>Provided for the importation of temporary agricultural laborers to the United States from North, South, and Central America to aid agriculture during World War II. This program was later extended through 1947, then served as the legal basis of the Mexican "Bracero Program," which lasted through 1964.</p> |
| <p>56. ACT OF DECEMBER 17, 1943
(57 Statutes-at-Large 600)</p> | <p>Amended the Alien Registration Act of 1940, adding to the classes eligible for naturalization Chinese persons or persons of Chinese descent. A quota of 105 per year was established (effectively repealing the Chinese Exclusion laws—see the Act of May 6, 1882).</p> |
| <p>57. ACT OF FEBRUARY 14, 1944
(58 Statutes-at-Large 11)</p> | <p>Provided for the importation of temporary workers from countries in the Western Hemisphere pursuant to agreements with such countries for employment in industries and services essential to the war efforts. Agreements were subsequently made with British Honduras, Jamaica, Barbados, and the British West Indies.</p> |
| <p>58. WAR BRIDES ACT OF
DECEMBER 28, 1945
(59 Statutes-at-Large 659)</p> | <p>Waived visa requirements and provisions of immigration law excluding physical and mental defectives when they concerned members of the American armed forces who, during World War II, had married nationals of foreign countries.</p> |
| <p>59. G.I. FIANCEES ACT OF JUNE 29, 1946
(60 Statutes-at-Large 339)</p> | <p>Facilitated the admission to the United States of fiance(e)s of members of the American armed forces.</p> |
| <p>60. ACT OF JULY 2, 1946
(60 Statutes-at-Large 416)</p> | <p>Amended the Immigration Act of 1917, granting the privilege of admission to the United States as quota immigrants and eligibility for naturalization races indigenous to India and persons of Filipino descent.</p> |
| <p>61. ACT OF AUGUST 9, 1946
(60 Statutes-at-Large 975)</p> | <p>Gave nonquota status to Chinese wives of American citizens.</p> |
| <p>62. ACT OF JUNE 28, 1947
(51 Statutes-at-Large 190)</p> | <p>Extended by six months the Attorney General's authority to admit alien fiance(e)s of veterans as temporary visitors pending marriage.</p> |
| <p>63. ACT OF MAY 25, 1948
(62 Statutes-at-Large 268)</p> | <p>Amended the Act of October 16, 1918, providing for the expulsion and exclusion of anarchists and similar classes, and gave the Attorney General similar powers to exclude as the Secretary of State had through the refusal of immigration visas.</p> |

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| 64. DISPLACED PERSONS ACT
 OF JUNE 25, 1948
<i>(62 Statutes-at-Large 1009)</i> | First expression of U.S. policy for admitting persons fleeing persecution. Permitted the admission of up to 205,000 displaced persons during the two-year period beginning July 1, 1948 (chargeable against future year's quotas). Aimed at reducing the problem created by the presence in Germany, Austria, and Italy of more than one million displaced persons. |
| 65. ACT OF JULY 1, 1948
<i>(62 Statutes-at-Large 1206)</i> | Amended the Immigration Act of 1917. Provisions:
a. Made available suspension of deportation to aliens even though they were ineligible for naturalization by reason of race.
b. Set condition for suspension of deportation that an alien shall have proved good moral character for the preceding five years, and that the Attorney General finds that deportation would result in serious economic detriment to a citizen or legal resident and closely related alien, or the alien has resided continuously in the United States for seven years or more. |
| 66. CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY ACT
 OF JUNE 20, 1949
<i>(63 Statutes-at-Large 208)</i> | Authorized the admission of a limited number of aliens in the interest of national security. Provided that whenever the Director of the Central Intelligence Agency, the Attorney General, and the Commissioner of Immigration determine that the entry of a particular alien into the United States for permanent residence is in the national security or essential to the furtherance of the national intelligence mission, such alien and his immediate family may be given entry into the United States for permanent residence without regard to their admissibility under any laws and regulations or to their failure to comply with such laws and regulations pertaining to admissibility. The number was not to exceed 100 persons per year. |
| 67. AGRICULTURAL ACT OF OCTOBER 31, 1949
<i>(63 Statutes-at-Large 1051)</i> | Facilitated the entry of seasonal farm workers to meet labor shortages in the United States. Further extension of the Mexican Bracero Program. |
| 68. ACT OF JUNE 16, 1950
<i>(64 Statutes-at-Large 219)</i> | Amended the Displaced Persons Act of 1948. Provisions:
a. Extended the act to June 30, 1951 and its application to war orphans and German expellees and refugees to July 1, 1952.
b. Increased the total of persons who could be admitted under the act to 415,744. |
| 69. ACT OF JUNE 30, 1950
<i>(64 Statutes-at-Large 306)</i> | Provided relief to the sheepherding industry by authorizing that, during a one-year period, 250 special quota immigration visas be issued to skilled sheepherders chargeable to oversubscribed quotas. |
| 70. ACT OF AUGUST 19, 1950
<i>(64 Statutes-at-Large 464)</i> | Made spouses and minor children of members of the American armed forces, regardless of the alien's race, eligible for immigration and nonquota status if marriage occurred before March 19, 1952. |
| 71. INTERNAL SECURITY ACT
 OF SEPTEMBER 22, 1950
<i>(64 Statutes-at-Large 987)</i> | Amended various immigration laws with a view toward strengthening security screening in cases of aliens in the United States or applying for entry.
Provisions:
a. Present and former membership in the Communist party or any other totalitarian party or its affiliates was specifically made a ground for inadmissibility. |

IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION LEGISLATION

Internal Security Act of
September 22, 1950 — cont.

b. Aliens in the United States who, at the time of their entry or by reason of subsequent actions, would have been inadmissible under the provisions of the Internal Security Act, were made deportable regardless of the length of their residence in the United States.

c. The discretion of the Attorney General in admitting otherwise inadmissible aliens temporarily, and in some instances permanently, was curtailed or eliminated.

d. The Attorney General was given authority to exclude and deport without a hearing an alien whose admission would be prejudicial to the public interest if the Attorney General's finding was based on confidential information the disclosure of which would have been prejudicial to the public interest of the United States.

e. The Attorney General was given authority to supervise deportable aliens pending their deportation and also was given greater latitude in selecting the country of deportation. However, deportation of an alien was prohibited to any country in which the alien would be subject to physical persecution.

f. Any alien deportable as a subversive criminal, or member of the immoral classes who willfully failed to depart from the United States within six months after the issuance of the deportation order was made liable to criminal prosecution and could be imprisoned for up to ten years.

g. Every alien residing in the United States subject to alien registration was required to notify the Commissioner of Immigration and Naturalization of his address within ten days of each January 1st in which he resided in the United States.

72. **ACT OF MARCH 28, 1951**
(65 Statutes-at-Large 28)

Provisions:

a. Gave the Attorney General authority to amend the record of certain aliens who were admitted only temporarily because of affiliations other than Communist.

b. Interpreted the Act of October 16, 1918 regarding exclusion and expulsion of aliens to include only voluntary membership or affiliation with a Communist organization and to exclude cases where the person in question was under sixteen years of age, or where it was for the purpose of obtaining employment, food rations, or other necessities.

73. **ACT OF JULY 12, 1951**
(65 Statutes-at-Large 119)

Amended the Agricultural Act of 1949, serving as the basic framework under which the Mexican Bracero Program operated until 1962. Provided that:

a. The U.S. government establish and operate reception centers at or near the Mexican border; provide transportation, subsistence, and medical care from the Mexican recruiting centers to the U.S. reception centers; and guarantee performance by employers in matters relating to transportation and wages, including all forms of remuneration.

b. U.S. employers pay the prevailing wages in the area; guarantee the workers employment for three-fourths of the contract period; and provide workers with free housing and adequate meals at a reasonable cost.

74. **ACT OF MARCH 20, 1952**
(66 Statutes-at-Large 26)

Provisions:

a. Amended the Immigration Act of 1917, making it a felony to bring in or willfully induce an alien unlawfully to enter or reside in the United States. However, the usual and normal practices incident to employment were not deemed to constitute harboring.

b. Defined further the powers of the Border Patrol, giving officers of the Immigration and Naturalization Service authority to have access to private lands, but not dwellings, within 25 miles of an external boundary for the purpose of patrolling the border to prevent the illegal entry of aliens.

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IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION LEGISLATION

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| 75. ACT OF APRIL 9, 1952
<i>(66 Statutes-at-Large 50)</i> | Added the issuance of 500 immigration visas to sheepherders. |
| 76. IMMIGRATION AND NATIONALITY ACT
 OF JUNE 27, 1952 (INA)
<i>(66 Statutes-at-Large 163)</i> | <p>Brought into one comprehensive statute the multiple laws which, before its enactment, governed immigration and naturalization in the United States. In general, perpetuated the immigration policies from earlier statutes with the following significant modifications:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">a. Made all races eligible for naturalization, thus eliminating race as a bar to immigration.b. Eliminated discrimination between sexes with respect to immigration.c. Revised the national origins quota system of the Immigration Act of 1924 by changing the national origins quota formula: set the annual quota for an area at one-sixth of one percent of the number of inhabitants in the continental United States in 1920 whose ancestry or national origin was attributable to that area. All countries were allowed a minimum quota of 100, with a ceiling of 2,000 on most natives of countries in the Asia-Pacific triangle, which broadly encompassed the Asian countries.d. Introduced a system of selected immigration by giving a quota preference to skilled aliens whose services are urgently needed in the United States and to relatives of U.S. citizens and aliens.e. Placed a limit on the use of the governing country's quota by natives of colonies and dependent areas.f. Provided an "escape clause" permitting the immigration of certain former voluntary members of proscribed organizations.g. Broadened the grounds for exclusion and deportation of aliens.h. Provided procedures for the adjustment of status of nonimmigrant aliens to that of permanent resident aliens.i. Modified and added significantly to the existing classes of nonimmigrant admission.j. Afforded greater procedural safeguards to aliens subject to deportation.k. Introduced the alien address report system whereby all aliens in the United States (including most temporary visitors) were required annually to report their current address to the INS.l. Established a central index of all aliens in the United States for use by security and enforcement agencies.m. Repealed the ban on contract labor (see Act of March 30, 1868) but added other qualitative exclusions. |
| 77. REFUGEE RELIEF ACT OF AUGUST 7, 1953
<i>(67 Statutes-at-Large 400)</i> | Authorized the issuance of special nonquota visas allowing 214,000 aliens to become permanent residents of the United States, in addition to those whose admission was authorized by the Immigration and Nationality Act of 1952. |
| 78. ACT OF SEPTEMBER 3, 1954
<i>(68 Statutes-at-Large 1145)</i> | <p>Provisions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">a. Made special nonquota immigrant visas available to certain skilled sheepherders for a period of up to one year.b. Exempted from inadmissibility to the United States aliens who had committed no more than one petty offense. |
| 79. ACT OF SEPTEMBER 3, 1954
<i>(68 Statutes-at-Large 1146)</i> | Provided for the expatriation of persons convicted of engaging in a conspiracy to overthrow or levy war against the U.S. government. |

IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION LEGISLATION

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| <p>80. ACT OF JULY 24, 1957
(71 Statutes-at-Large 311)</p> | <p>Permitted enlistment of aliens into the regular Army.</p> |
| <p>81. ACT OF AUGUST 30, 1957
(71 Statutes-at-Large 518)</p> | <p>Exempted aliens who were survivors of certain deceased members of the U.S. armed forces from provisions of the Social Security Act which prohibited the payment of benefits to aliens outside the United States.</p> |
| <p>82. REFUGEE-ESCAPEE ACT OF SEPTEMBER 11, 1957
(71 Statutes-at-Large 639)</p> | <p>Provisions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. Addressed the problem of quota oversubscription by removing the "mortgaging" of immigrant quotas imposed under the Displaced Persons Act of 1948 and other subsequent acts. b. Provided for the granting of nonquota status to aliens qualifying under the first three preference groups on whose behalf petitions had been filed by a specified date. c. Facilitated the admission into the United States of stepchildren, illegitimate children, and adopted children. d. Conferred first preference status on spouse and children of first preference immigrants if following to join the immigrant. e. Set an age limit of fourteen for the adoption of orphans to qualify for nonquota status and further defined which orphans were eligible under the act. f. Gave the Attorney General authority to admit certain aliens formerly excludable from the United States. |
| <p>83. ACT OF JULY 25, 1958
(72 Statutes-at-Large 419)</p> | <p>Granted admission for permanent residence to Hungarian parolees of at least two years' residence in the United States, on condition that the alien was admissible at time of entry and still admissible.</p> |
| <p>84. ACT OF AUGUST 21, 1958
(72 Statutes-at-Large 699)</p> | <p>Amended the Immigration and Nationality Act of 1952, authorizing the Attorney General to adjust nonimmigrant aliens from temporary to permanent resident status subject to visa availability.</p> |
| <p>85. ACT OF SEPTEMBER 22, 1959
(73 Statutes-at-Large 644)</p> | <p>Facilitated the entry of fiance(e)s and relatives of alien residents and citizens of the United States by reclassifying certain categories of relatives into preference portions of the immigration quotas. This was designed to assist in reuniting families both on a permanent basis, through the amendments to the Immigration and Nationality Act of 1952, and through temporary programs.</p> |
| <p>86. ACT OF JULY 14, 1960
(74 Statutes-at-Large 504)</p> | <p>"Fair Share Refugee Act." Provisions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. Authorized the Attorney General to parole up to 500 alien refugee-escapees and make them eligible for permanent residence. b. Amended the Act of September 2, 1958 to extend it to June 30, 1962. c. Amended the Act of September 11, 1957, which provided special nonquota immigrant visas for adopted or to-be-adopted orphans under 14 years of age, extending it to June 30, 1961. d. Amended the Immigration and Nationality Act of 1952, adding possession of marijuana to the sections concerning excludable and deportable offenses. e. Made alien seamen ineligible for adjustment from temporary to permanent resident status. |

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IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION LEGISLATION

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| 87. ACT OF AUGUST 17, 1961
<i>(75 Statutes-at-Large 364)</i> | Provided that, in peacetime, no volunteer is to be accepted into the Army or Air Force unless the person is a citizen or an alien admitted for permanent residence. |
| 88. ACT OF SEPTEMBER 26, 1961
<i>(75 Statutes-at-Large 650)</i> | <p>An omnibus bill liberalizing the quota provisions of the Immigration and Nationality Act of 1952. Provisions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">a. Eliminated the ceiling of 2,000 on the aggregate quota of the Asia-Pacific triangle.b. Provided that whenever one or more quota areas have a change of boundaries which might lessen their aggregate quota, they were to maintain the quotas they had before the change took place.c. Codified and made permanent the law for admission of adopted children.d. Established a single statutory form of judicial review of orders of deportation.e. Insured a minimum quota of 100 for newly independent nations.f. Called for the omission of information on race and ethnic origin from the visa application.g. Strengthened the law against the fraudulent gaining of nonquota status by marriage.h. Authorized the Public Health Service to determine which diseases are dangerous and contagious in constituting grounds for exclusion. |
| 89. ACT OF OCTOBER 24, 1962
<i>(76 Statutes-at-Large 1247)</i> | <p>Provisions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">a. Granted nonquota immigrant visas for certain aliens eligible for fourth preference (i.e., brothers, sisters, and children of citizens) and for first preference (i.e., aliens with special occupational skills).b. Called for a semimonthly report to Congress from the Attorney General of first preference petitions approved.c. Created a record of lawful entry and provided for suspension of deportation for aliens who have been physically present in the United States for at least seven years in some cases and ten years in others. |
| 90. ACT OF DECEMBER 13, 1963
<i>(77 Statutes-at-Large 363)</i> | Extended the Mexican Bracero Program one additional year to December 31, 1964. |
| 91. IMMIGRATION AND NATIONALITY ACT
AMENDMENTS OF OCTOBER 3, 1965
<i>(79 Statutes-at-Large 911)</i> | <p>Amended and supplemented the Immigration and Nationality Act of 1952. Provisions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">a. Abolished the national origins quota system (see the Immigration Act of 1924 and the Immigration and Nationality Act of 1952), eliminating national origin, race, or ancestry as a basis for immigration to the United States.b. Established allocation of immigrant visas on a first come, first served basis, subject to a seven-category preference system for relatives of U.S. citizens and permanent resident aliens (for the reunification of families) and for persons with special occupational skills, abilities, or training (needed in the United States).c. Established two categories of immigrants not subject to numerical restrictions:<ul style="list-style-type: none">1. Immediate relatives (spouses, children, parents) of U.S. citizens, and2. Special immigrants: certain ministers of religion; certain former employees of the U.S. government abroad; certain persons who lost citizenship (e.g., by marriage or by service in foreign armed forces); and certain foreign medical graduates.d. Maintained the principle of numerical restriction, expanding limits to world coverage by limiting Eastern Hemisphere immigration to 170,000 and placing a ceiling on Western Hemisphere immigration (120,000) for the first time. However, neither the preference categories nor the 20,000 per-country limit were applied to |

IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION LEGISLATION

Immigration and Nationality Act
Amendments of October 3, 1965 — cont.

92. **FREEDOM OF INFORMATION ACT
OF JULY 4, 1966**
(80 Statutes-at-Large 250)

the Western Hemisphere.

e. Introduced a prerequisite for the issuance of a visa of an affirmative finding by the Secretary of Labor that an alien seeking to enter as a worker will not replace a worker in the United States nor adversely affect the wages and working conditions of similarly employed individuals in the United States.

Provisions:

a. Established that the record of every proceeding before the INS in an individual's case be made available to the alien or his attorney of record.

b. Required that public reading rooms be established in each Central and District office of the INS, where copies of INS decisions could be made available to the public.

Effective July 4, 1967.

93. **ACT OF NOVEMBER 2, 1966**
(80 Statutes-at-Large 1161)

Authorized the Attorney General to adjust the status of Cuban refugees to that of permanent resident alien, chargeable to the 120,000 annual limit for the Western Hemisphere.

94. **ACT OF NOVEMBER 6, 1966**
(80 Statutes-at-Large 1322)

Clarified and amended the Immigration and Nationality Act of 1952. Provisions:

a. Extended derivative citizenship to children born on or after December 24, 1952 of civilian U.S. citizens serving abroad.

b. Provided that time spent abroad by U.S. citizens (or their dependent children) in the employ of the U.S. Government or certain international organizations could be treated as physical presence in the United States for the purpose of transmitting U.S. citizenship to children born abroad.

95. **ACT OF DECEMBER 18, 1967**
(81 Statutes-at-Large 661)

Amended the Immigration and Nationality Act of 1952, facilitating the expeditious naturalization of certain noncitizen employees of U.S. nonprofit organizations.

96. **ACT OF JUNE 19, 1968**
(82 Statutes-at-Large 197)

Omnibus crimes control and safe streets legislation, declared it illegal for aliens who are illegally in the country and for former citizens who have renounced their citizenship to receive, possess, or transport a firearm.

97. **ACT OF OCTOBER 24, 1968**
(82 Statutes-at-Large 1343)

Amended the Immigration and Nationality Act of 1952, providing for expeditious naturalization of noncitizens who have rendered honorable services in the U.S. armed forces during the Vietnam conflict, or in other periods of military hostilities.

98. **ACT OF APRIL 7, 1970**
(84 Statutes-at-Large 116)

Amended the Immigration and Nationality Act of 1952. Provisions:

a. Created two new classes of nonimmigrant admission—fiance(e)s of U.S. citizens and intracompany transferees.

b. Modified the H1 temporary worker class of nonimmigrant admission (workers of distinguished merit and ability).

c. Altered the provisions of the law regarding the two-year residence requirement, making it easier for nonimmigrants who have been in the United States as exchange visitors to adjust to a different nonimmigrant status or to permanent resident status.

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| 99. ACT OF AUGUST 10, 1971
<i>(85 Statutes-at-Large 302)</i> | Amended the Communications Act of 1934, providing that lawful permanent resident aliens be permitted to operate amateur radio stations in the United States and hold licenses for their stations. |
| 100. ACT OF SEPTEMBER 28, 1971
<i>(85 Statutes-at-Large 348)</i> | Amended the Selective Service Act of 1967. Provisions:
a. Registration for the selective service shall not be applicable to any alien admitted to the United States as a nonimmigrant as long as he continues to maintain a lawful nonimmigrant status in the United States.
b. No alien residing in the United States for less than one year shall be inducted for training and service into the U.S. armed forces. |
| 101. ACT OF OCTOBER 27, 1972
<i>(86 Statutes-at-Large 1289)</i> | Amended the Immigration and Nationality Act of 1952, reducing restrictions relating to residence requirements requisite to retention of U.S. citizenship acquired by birth abroad through a U.S. citizen parent and an alien parent. |
| 102. SOCIAL SECURITY ACT AMENDMENTS
 OF OCTOBER 30, 1972
<i>(86 Statutes-at-Large 1329)</i> | Amended the Social Security Act, providing that Social Security numbers be assigned to aliens at the time of their lawful admission to the United States for permanent residence or temporarily to engage in lawful employment. |
| 103. ACT OF OCTOBER 20, 1974
<i>(88 Statutes-at-Large 1387)</i> | Repealed the "Coolie Trade" legislation of 1862. Such legislation, passed to protect Chinese and Japanese aliens from exploitation caused by discriminatory treatment from immigration laws then in effect, had become virtually inoperative because most of the laws singling out oriental peoples had been repealed or modified. |
| 104. INDOCHINA MIGRATION AND REFUGEE
 ASSISTANCE ACT OF MAY 23, 1975
<i>(89 Statutes-at-Large 87)</i> | Established a program of domestic resettlement assistance for refugees who have fled from Cambodia and Vietnam. |
| 105. ACT OF JUNE 21, 1976
<i>(90 Statutes-at-Large 691)</i> | Made Laotians eligible for programs established by the Indochina Migration and Refugee Assistance Act of 1975. |
| 106. ACT OF OCTOBER 12, 1976
<i>(90 Statutes-at-Large 2243)</i> | Placed restrictions on foreign medical school graduates (both immigrants and nonimmigrants) coming to the United States for practice or training in the medical profession. Effective January 10, 1977. |
| 107. IMMIGRATION AND NATIONALITY ACT
 AMENDMENTS OF OCTOBER 20, 1976
<i>(90 Statutes-at-Large 2703)</i> | Amended the Immigration and Nationality Act of 1952. Provisions:
a. Applied the same 20,000 per-country limit to the Western Hemisphere as applied to the Eastern Hemisphere.
b. Slightly modified the seven-category preference system and applied it to the Western Hemisphere.
c. Amended the 1966 act, providing that Cuban refugees who are adjusted to permanent resident status will not be charged to any numerical limitation, provided they were physically present in the United States on or before the effective date of these amendments. |
| 108. ACT OF OCTOBER 20, 1976
<i>(90 Statutes-at-Large 2706)</i> | Denied unemployment compensation to aliens not lawfully admitted for permanent residence or otherwise permanently residing in the United States under color of law. Effective January 1, 1978. |

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| 109. ACT OF AUGUST 1, 1977
<i>(91 Statutes-at-Large 394)</i> | Amended the Immigration and Nationality Act of 1952 to ease restrictions on foreign medical school graduates, e.g., exempted aliens who are of national or international renown in the field of medicine and exempted certain alien physicians already in the United States from the examination requirement. (See Act of October 12, 1976.) |
| 110. ACT OF OCTOBER 28, 1977
<i>(91 Statutes-at-Large 1223)</i> | Provisions:
a. Permitted adjustment to permanent resident status for Indochinese refugees who are natives or citizens of Vietnam, Laos, or Cambodia, were physically present in the United States for at least two years, and were admitted or paroled into the United States during specified periods of time.
b. Extended the time limit during which refugee assistance may be provided to such refugees |
| 111. ACT OF OCTOBER 5, 1978
<i>(92 Statutes-at-Large 907)</i> | Amended the Immigration and Nationality Act of 1952 by combining the separate ceilings for Eastern and Western Hemisphere immigration into one worldwide limit of 290,000. |
| 112. ACT OF OCTOBER 5, 1978
<i>(92 Statutes-at-Large 917)</i> | Amended the Immigration and Nationality Act of 1952. Provisions:
a. Made several changes pertaining to the adoption of alien children, including permission for U.S. citizens to petition for the classification of more than two alien orphans as immediate relatives.
b. Eliminated the requirement of continuous residence in the United States for two years prior to filing for naturalization. |
| 113. ACT OF OCTOBER 7, 1978
<i>(92 Statutes-at-Large 963)</i> | Amended the Immigration and Nationality Act of 1952, making permanent the President's authority to regulate the entry of aliens and to require U.S. citizens to bear valid passports when entering or leaving the United States. Provisions:
a. Called for unrestricted use of passports to and in any country other than a country with which the United States is at war, where armed hostilities are in progress, or where there is imminent danger to the public health or the physical safety of U.S. travelers.
b. Declared it the general policy of the United States to impose restrictions on travel within the United States by citizens of another country only when the government of that country imposes restrictions on travel of U.S. citizens within that country. |
| 114. ACT OF OCTOBER 14, 1978
<i>(92 Statutes-at-Large 1263)</i> | Required any alien who acquires or transfers any interest in agricultural land to submit a report to the Secretary of Agriculture within 90 days after acquisition or transfer. |
| 115. ACT OF OCTOBER 30, 1978
<i>(92 Statutes-at-Large 2065)</i> | Amended the Immigration and Nationality Act of 1952, providing for the exclusion and expulsion of aliens who persecuted others on the basis of race, religion, national origin, or political opinion under the direction of the Nazi government of Germany or its allies. |
| 116. ACT OF NOVEMBER 2, 1978
<i>(92 Statutes-at-Large 2479)</i> | Amended the Immigration and Nationality Act of 1952, providing for the seizure and forfeiture of vessels, vehicles, and aircraft used in smuggling aliens or knowingly transporting aliens to the United States illegally. An exception was made where the owner or person in control did not consent to the illegal act. |
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| 117. PANAMA CANAL ACT OF
SEPTEMBER 27, 1979
(93 Statutes-at-Large 452) | Allowed admission as permanent residents to certain aliens with employment on or before 1977 with the Panama Canal Company, the Canal Zone government, or the U.S. government in the Canal Zone, and their families. |
| 118. REFUGEE ACT OF MARCH 17, 1980
(94 Statutes-at-Large 102) | Amended and supplemented the Immigration and Nationality Act of 1952, to provide the first permanent and systematic procedure for the admission and effective resettlement of refugees of special humanitarian concern to the United States.
Provisions: <ul style="list-style-type: none">a. Eliminated refugees as a category of the preference system.b. Set the worldwide ceiling of immigration to the United States at 270,000, exclusive of refugees.c. Established procedures for annual consultation with Congress on numbers and allocations of refugees to be admitted in each fiscal year, as well as procedures for responding to emergency refugee situations.d. Defined the term "refugee" (to conform to the 1967 United Nations Protocol on Refugees) and made clear the distinction between refugee and asylee status.e. Established a comprehensive program for domestic resettlement of refugees.f. Provided for adjustment to permanent resident status of refugees who have been physically present in the United States for at least one year and of asylees one year after asylum is granted. |
| 119. REFUGEE EDUCATION ASSISTANCE ACT
OF OCTOBER 10, 1980
(94 Statutes-at-Large 1799) | Established a program of formula grants to State education agencies for basic education of refugee children. Also provided for services to Cuban and Haitian entrants identical to those for refugees under the Refugee Act of 1980. |
| 120. ACT OF JUNE 5, 1981
(95 Statutes-at-Large 14) | Supplemental appropriations and rescissions bill, reduced previously-appropriated funds for migration and refugee assistance, including funds provided for reception and processing of Cuban and Haitian entrants. |
| 121. ACT OF AUGUST 13, 1981
(95 Statutes-at-Large 357) | Federal appropriations bill for fiscal year 1982, also contained items restricting the access of aliens to various publicly-funded benefits. Immigration-related provisions: <ul style="list-style-type: none">a. Precluded the Secretary of HUD from making financial assistance available to any alien unless that alien is a resident of the United States by virtue of admission or adjustment as a permanent resident alien, refugee or asylee, parolee, conditional entrant, or pursuant to withholding of deportation. Alien visitors, tourists, diplomats, and students were specifically excluded.b. Severely restricted eligibility of aliens to Aid to Families with Dependent Children. |
| 122. IMMIGRATION AND NATIONALITY ACT
AMENDMENTS OF DECEMBER 20, 1981
(95 Statutes-at-Large 1611) | "INS Efficiency Bill," amended the Immigration and Nationality Act of 1952 and the Act of November 2, 1978. Provisions: <ul style="list-style-type: none">a. Authorized INS to seize vehicles without having to establish whether the owner was involved in the illegal activity in question.b. Eliminated the requirement that the government bear administrative and incidental expenses where an innocent owner is involved.c. Eliminated the requirement that the INS satisfy any valid lien or other third party interest in a vehicle without expense to the interest holder.d. Eliminated the required annual notification by aliens of their current address. |
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| <p>123. ACT OF SEPTEMBER 30, 1982
(96 Statutes-at-Large 1157)</p> | <p>Allowed admission as permanent residents to certain nonimmigrant aliens residing in the Virgin Islands.</p> |
| <p>124. ACT OF OCTOBER 2, 1982
(96 Statutes-at-Large 1186)</p> | <p>Greatly limited the categories of aliens to whom the Legal Services Corporation may provide legal assistance.</p> |
| <p>125. ACT OF OCTOBER 22, 1982
(96 Statutes-at-Large 1716)</p> | <p>Amended the Immigration and Nationality Act of 1952, providing that children born of U.S. citizen fathers in Korea, Vietnam, Laos, Kampuchea, or Thailand after 1950 and before enactment may come to the United States as immediate relatives or as first or fourth preference immigrants.</p> |
| <p>126. IMMIGRATION REFORM AND CONTROL
ACT OF NOVEMBER 6, 1986 (IRCA)
(100 Statutes-at-Large 3359)</p> | <p>Comprehensive immigration legislation.</p> <p>Provisions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. Authorized legalization (i.e., temporary and then permanent resident status) for aliens who had resided in the United States in an unlawful status since January 1, 1982 (entering illegally or as temporary visitors with authorized stay expiring before that date or with the Government's knowledge of their unlawful status before that date) and are not excludable. b. Created sanctions prohibiting employers from knowingly hiring, recruiting, or referring for a fee aliens not authorized to work in the United States. c. Increased enforcement at U.S. borders. d. Created a new classification of seasonal agricultural worker and provisions for the legalization of certain such workers. e. Extended the registry date (i.e., the date from which an alien has resided illegally and continuously in the United States and thus qualifies for adjustment to permanent resident status) from June 30, 1948 to January 1, 1972. f. Authorized adjustment to permanent resident status for Cubans and Haitians who entered the United States without inspection and had continuously resided in country since January 1, 1982. g. Increased the numerical limitation for immigrants admitted under the preference system for dependent areas from 600 to 5,000 beginning in fiscal year 1988. h. Created a new special immigrant category for certain retired employees of international organizations and their families and a new nonimmigrant status for parents and children of such immigrants. i. Created a nonimmigrant visa waiver pilot program allowing certain aliens to visit the United States without applying for a nonimmigrant visa. j. Allocated 5,000 nonpreference visas in each of fiscal years 1987 and 1988 for aliens born in countries from which immigration was adversely affected by the 1965 act. |
| <p>127. IMMIGRATION MARRIAGE FRAUD
AMENDMENTS OF NOVEMBER 10, 1986
(100 Statutes-at-Large 3537)</p> | <p>Provisions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. Stipulated that aliens deriving their immigrant status based on a marriage of less than two years are conditional immigrants. To remove conditional status, the alien must apply within 90 days after their second-year anniversary of receiving conditional status. b. Required alien fiance(e)s of U.S. citizens to have met their citizen petitioner in person within two years of the date the petition was filed. |

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IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION LEGISLATION

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| 128. AMERASIAN HOMECOMING ACT OF
DECEMBER 22, 1987
<i>(101 Statutes-at-Large 1329)</i> | An appropriations law providing for admission of children born in Vietnam between specified dates to Vietnamese mothers and American fathers, together with their immediate relatives. They are admitted as nonquota immigrants but receive refugee program benefits. |
| 129. ACT OF SEPTEMBER 28, 1988
<i>(102 Statutes-at-Large 1876)</i> | United States/Canada Free Trade Agreement Implementation Act. Provisions: <ul style="list-style-type: none">a. Facilitates temporary entry on a reciprocal basis between the United States and Canada.b. Establishes procedures for the temporary entry (not to exceed one year) into the United States of Canadian citizen professional business persons to render services for remuneration.c. No nonimmigrant visa, prior petition, labor certification, or prior approval is required, but appropriate documentation must be presented to the inspecting officer establishing Canadian citizenship and professional engagement in one of the occupations listed in the qualifying occupation schedule. |
| 130. ACT OF NOVEMBER 15, 1988
<i>(102 Statutes-at-Large 3908)</i> | Amended the Immigration and Nationality Act of 1952, providing for the extension of stay for certain nonimmigrant H-1 nurses. |
| 131. FOREIGN OPERATIONS ACT OF
NOVEMBER 21, 1989
<i>(103 Statutes-at-Large 1195)</i> | An appropriations law, providing for adjustment to permanent resident status for Soviet and Indochinese nationals who were paroled into the United States between certain dates after denial of refugee status. |
| 132. ACT OF DECEMBER 18, 1989
<i>(103 Statutes-at-Large 2099)</i> | Amended the Immigration and Nationality Act of 1952 as the "Immigration Nursing Relief Act of 1989." Provisions: <ul style="list-style-type: none">a. Adjustment from temporary to permanent resident status, without regard to numerical limitation, of certain nonimmigrants who were employed in the United States as registered nurses for at least three years and meet established certification standards.b. Establishment of a new nonimmigrant category for the temporary admission of qualified registered nurses. |
| 133. IMMIGRATION ACT OF NOVEMBER 29, 1990
<i>(104 Statutes-at-Large 4978)</i> | A major overhaul of immigration law, amended the Immigration and Nationality Act. Provisions: <ul style="list-style-type: none">a. Increased total immigration under an overall flexible cap of 675,000 immigrants beginning in fiscal year 1995, preceded by a 700,000 level during fiscal year 1992 through 1994. The 675,000 level to consist of: 480,000 family-sponsored immigrants; 140,000 employment-based immigrants; and 55,000 "diversity immigrants."b. Revised all grounds for exclusion and deportation, significantly rewriting the political and ideological grounds. For example, repealed the bar against the admission of communists as nonimmigrants and limited the exclusion of aliens on foreign policy grounds.c. Authorized the Attorney General to grant temporary protected status to undocumented alien nationals of designated countries subject to armed conflict or natural disasters.d. Revised and established new nonimmigrant admission categories:<ul style="list-style-type: none">1. Redefined the H-1(b) temporary worker category and limited number of aliens who may be issued visas or otherwise provided nonimmigrant status under this category to 65,000 annually. |

IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION LEGISLATION

Immigration Act of
November 29, 1990 — cont.

2. Limited number of H-2(b) temporary worker category aliens who may be issued visas or otherwise provided nonimmigrant status to 66,000 annually.
 3. Created new temporary worker admission categories, some with annual caps on number of aliens who may be issued visas or otherwise provided nonimmigrant status.
 - e. Revised, and extended the Visa Waiver Pilot Program through fiscal year 1994.
 - f. Revised naturalization authority and requirements:
 1. Transferred the exclusive jurisdiction to naturalize aliens from the Federal and State courts to the Attorney General.
 2. Amended the substantive requirements for naturalization: State residency requirements revised and reduced to 3 months; added another ground for waiving the English language requirement; lifted the permanent bar to naturalization for aliens who applied to be relieved from U.S. military service on grounds of alienage who previously served in the service of the country of the alien's nationality.
 - g. Revised enforcement activities. For example:
 1. Broadened the definition of "aggravated felony" and imposed new legal restrictions on aliens convicted of such crimes.
 2. Revised employer sanctions provisions of the Immigration Reform and Control Act of 1986.
 3. Authorized funds to increase Border Patrol personnel by 1,000.
 4. Revised criminal and deportation provisions.
 - h. Recodified the 32 grounds for exclusion into nine categories, including revising and repealing some of the grounds (especially health grounds).
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APPENDIX 2

IMMIGRATION LIMITS: FISCAL YEAR 1992

The Immigration Act of 1990 (P.L. 101-649) restructured the immigrant categories of admission and made other modifications to the Immigration and Nationality Act (see Appendix 1, item 133 for details). This appendix describes the revised immigration limits in effect as of fiscal year 1992.

Preference Limits

The Immigration Act of 1990 divided the preference classes into two general categories: family-sponsored and employment-based. Limits on the number of visas issued in these two categories are determined annually. The worldwide level for family-sponsored preferences is calculated as:

	465,000 (480,000 beginning in 1995)
minus	the number of aliens who were issued visas or adjusted to legal permanent residence in the previous fiscal year as
	1) immediate relatives of U.S. citizens,
	2) children born subsequent to the issuance of a visa to an accompanying parent, and
	3) children born abroad to lawful permanent residents on temporary trips abroad,
plus	certain unused preferences in the previous fiscal year (set to 0 in 1992).

The 1990 Act specifies that the family-sponsored limit may not go below a minimum of 226,000 in any year. The number of legal permanent residents admitted in fiscal year 1991 under the categories described above was 241,886. Since the calculated limit of 223,114 ($465,000 - 241,886 = 223,114$) is below the minimum, the family-sponsored preference limit in fiscal year 1992 was set to 226,000. The number of admissions under comparable preferences in fiscal year 1991 totaled 216,088.

The limits for each of the family-sponsored preferences and their descriptions are shown in table A. The family relations qualifying for immigration under the 1990 Act are the same as under previous law, except that the reference numbers have changed. The first and second family-sponsored preference categories use the same numbering system as in 1991. Family-sponsored third preference is the same as the fourth preference in 1991, and family-sponsored fourth preference is the same as fifth preference in 1991.

The employment-based preference limit for 1992 is set at 140,000—a substantial increase above 1991 when 59,525 were admitted as employment-related immigrants. The limit may be adjusted above or below 140,000 in the future if visas in certain other categories are unused. The new employment-based preferences and their limits are described in table A. They are not comparable to the employment-related preferences (third and sixth) used in 1991.

The per-country limit for independent countries is set to 7 percent of the total family and employment limits, while dependent areas are limited to 2 percent of the total. The 1992 limit for independent foreign states is 25,620 (7 percent of 366,000) and the limit for dependencies is 7,320 (2 percent of 366,000). In 1991, the independent country limit was 20,000 and the dependency limit was 5,000. The Immigration Act of 1990 also specified that the number of preference visas issued to Hong Kong be set at 10,000 annually for the period 1991-93.

Other Limits

Spouses and children of aliens legalized under the provisions of the Immigration Reform and Control Act of 1986 (IRCA) are allowed to immigrate to the United States beginning in fiscal years 1992 and ending in 1994. The number of visas issued annually is limited to 55,000 minus the amount that immediate relative immigrants exceed 239,000 in the previous year. For fiscal year 1992, the limit is 54,255 ($55,000 - (239,745 - 239,000) = 54,255$).

Aliens from countries "adversely affected" by the Immigration and Nationality Act Amendments of 1965 are limited to 40,000 annually in fiscal years 1992, 1993, and 1994. A total of 34 countries were identified as being adversely affected by the 1965 immigration amendments as evidenced by a decrease in total immigration after the amendments went into effect. A minimum of 40 percent of the 120,000 visas issued over the 3-year period are reserved for natives of Ireland.

The limit on the number of annual asylee adjustments is set to 10,000; however, asylees who applied for adjustment before June 1, 1990 are exempt from the limit. This new limitation became effective in fiscal year 1991. The limit on asylee adjustments prior to 1991 was 5,000.

A total of 1,000 visas may be issued in fiscal years 1992 and 1993 to displaced Tibetans residing in India and Nepal and their spouses and children. Displaced Tibetans were also eligible to receive visas in fiscal year 1991 but none were issued.

IMMIGRATION LIMITS: FISCAL YEAR 1992

A total of 12,000 visas may be issued annually during fiscal years 1991-93 to employees of certain businesses operating in Hong Kong and their spouses and children. If the full number of visas is not issued in any year, the shortfall is added to the number of visas to be issued in the succeeding year. The number of such visas issued in 1991 was 2,632, so the 1992 limit was 21,368 ($12,000 + (12,000 - 2,632) = 21,368$). These visas will be valid until January 1, 2002. Only 289 persons immigrated under these provisions in fiscal years 1991 and 1992 even though 5,224 visas were issued.

Table A
Immigration Limits: Fiscal Year 1992

PREFERENCE	DESCRIPTION	LIMIT
Family-sponsored preferences		226,000
First	Unmarried sons and daughters of U.S. citizens and their children.	23,400 ¹
Second	Spouses, children, and unmarried sons and daughters of permanent resident aliens. Spouses and children receive at least 77 percent of the visas issued. The remaining visas are issued to unmarried sons and daughters (at least 21 years of age).	114,200 ²
Third	Married sons and daughters of U.S. citizens and their spouses and children.	23,400 ²
Fourth	Brothers and sisters of U.S. citizens (at least 21 years of age) and their spouses and children.	65,000 ²
Employment-based preferences		140,000
First	Priority workers and their spouses and children. Priority workers are (1) persons of extraordinary ability, (2) outstanding professors and researchers, and (3) certain multinational executives and managers.	40,040 ³
Second	Professionals with advanced degrees or aliens of exceptional ability and their spouses and children.	40,040 ²
Third	Skilled workers, professionals (without advanced degrees), needed unskilled workers, and their spouses and children. The number of unskilled workers is limited to 10,000.	40,040 ²
Fourth	Special immigrants and their spouses and children. The number of certain religious workers is limited to 5,000.	9,940
Fifth	Employment creation ("Investors") and their spouses and children.	9,940
Other numerically limited immigrants specified in the Immigration Act of 1990	Spouses and children of aliens legalized under the Immigration Reform and Control Act (IRCA) of 1986.	54,255
	Aliens from countries "adversely affected" by the Immigration and Nationality Act Amendments of 1965 and their spouses and children.	40,000
	Displaced Tibetans and their spouses and children.	1,000 ⁴
	Asylees and their spouses and children.	10,000
	Employees of certain U.S. businesses operating in Hong Kong and their spouses and children.	21,368

¹ Plus unused family 4th preference visas. ² Numbers not used in higher preferences may be used in these categories. ³ Plus unused employment 4th and 5th preference visas. ⁴ The 1,000 visas may be used over the 3-year period from 1991-93.

APPENDIX 3

GLOSSARY

Acquired Citizenship — Citizenship conferred at birth on children born abroad to a U.S. citizen parent(s).

Adjustment to Immigrant Status — Procedure allowing certain aliens already in the United States to apply for immigrant status. Aliens admitted to the United States in a nonimmigrant or other category may have their status changed to that of lawful permanent resident if they are eligible to receive an immigrant visa and one is immediately available. In such cases, the alien is counted as an immigrant as of the date of adjustment, even though the alien may have been in the United States for an extended period of time.

Adversely Affected — See Nonpreference Category.

Agricultural Workers — As a nonimmigrant class of admission, an alien coming temporarily to the United States to perform agricultural labor or services, as defined by the Secretary of Labor. This nonimmigrant category was established as a separate class of admission by the Immigration Reform and Control Act of 1986.

Alien — Any person not a citizen or national of the United States.

Amerasian Act — Public Law 97-359 (Act of 10/22/82) provides for the immigration to the United States of certain Amerasian children. In order to qualify for benefits under this law, an alien must have been born in Cambodia, Korea, Laos, Thailand, or Vietnam after December 31, 1950 and before October 22, 1982, and have been fathered by a U.S. citizen.

Amerasian (Vietnam) — Additional immigrant visas are being issued to Amerasians under Public Law 100-202 (Act of 12/22/87), which provides for the admission of aliens born in Vietnam between January 1, 1962 and January 1, 1976 if the alien was fathered by a U.S. citizen. Spouses, children and parents or guardians may accompany the alien.

Apprehension — The arrest of a deportable alien by the Immigration and Naturalization Service. Each apprehension of the same alien in a fiscal year is counted separately.

Area Control — Enforcement operations conducted by the Immigration and Naturalization Service's Investigations Division to locate and apprehend aliens illegally in the United States. Area Control focused on aliens in places of employment where illegal aliens were concentrated. This enforcement technique declined in importance in the mid-1980s as the INS shifted its emphasis to employer sanctions (see Employer Sanctions).

Asylee — An alien in the United States or at a port of entry unable or unwilling to return to his or her country of nationality, or to seek the protection of that country because of persecution or a well-founded fear of persecution. Persecution or the fear thereof may be based on the alien's race, religion, nationality, membership in a particular social group, or political opinion. For persons with no nationality, the country of nationality is considered to be the country in which the alien last habitually resided. Asylees are eligible to adjust to lawful permanent resident status after one year of continuous presence in the United States. These immigrants are limited to 10,000 adjustments per fiscal year.

Beneficiaries — Those aliens who receive immigration benefits from petitions filed with the U.S. Immigration and Naturalization Service. Beneficiaries generally derive privilege or status as a result of their relationship (including that of employer-employee) to a U.S. citizen or lawful permanent resident.

Border Crosser — An alien or citizen resident of the United States reentering the country after an absence of less than six months in Canada or Mexico, *or* a nonresident alien entering the United States across the Canadian border for stays of no more than six months or across the Mexican border for stays of no more than 72 hours, *or* a U.S. citizen residing in Canada or Mexico who enters the United States frequently for business or pleasure, *or* an individual entering the U.S. on any flight originating in Canada or Mexico.

Border Patrol Sector — Any one of 21 geographic areas into which the United States is divided for the Immigration and Naturalization Service's Border Patrol activities.

GLOSSARY

Business Nonimmigrant — An alien coming temporarily to the United States to engage in commercial transactions which do not involve gainful employment in the United States, *i.e.*, engaged in international commerce on behalf of a foreign firm, not employed in the U.S. labor market, and receives no salary from U.S. sources.

Certificate of Citizenship — Identity document proving U.S. citizenship. Certificates of citizenship are issued to derivative citizens and to persons who acquired U.S. citizenship (see definitions for Acquired and Derivative Citizenship).

Child — An unmarried person under 21 years of age who is: a legitimate child; a stepchild provided that the child was *under 18 years of age* at the time that the marriage creating the stepchild status occurred; a legitimated child provided that the child was legitimate while in the legal custody of the legitimating parent; a child adopted while *under 16 years of age* who has resided since adoption in the legal custody of the adopting parents for at least 2 years; or an orphan, *under 16 years of age*, who has been adopted abroad by a U.S. citizen or has an immediate-relative visa petition submitted in his/her behalf and is coming to the United States for adoption by a U.S. citizen.

Conditional Immigrant — See Immigration Marriage Fraud Amendments of 1986.

Country of Former Allegiance — The previous country of citizenship of a naturalized U.S. citizen or of a person who derived U.S. citizenship.

Country of Last Residence — The country in which the alien habitually resided prior to entering the United States.

Crewman — A foreign national serving in any capacity on board a vessel or aircraft. Crewmen are admitted for twenty-nine days, with no extensions. Crewmen required to depart on the same vessel on which they arrived are classified as D-1s. Crewmen who depart on a vessel different than the one on which they arrived are classified as D-2s. Although these aliens are nonimmigrants, crewmen are not included in nonimmigrant admission data.

Crewman Technical (or Nonwillful) Violator — Any crewman who through no fault of his or her own remains in the United States more than 29 days (*e.g.*, a crewman hospitalized beyond the 29-day admission period).

Cuban/Haitian Entrant — Status accorded 1) Cubans who entered the United States illegally between April 15, 1980 and October 10, 1980 and 2) Haitians who entered the country illegally before January 1, 1981. Cubans and Haitians meeting these criteria who have continuously resided in the United States since before January 1, 1982, and who were known to the INS before that date, may adjust to permanent residence under a provision of the Immigration Control and Reform Act of 1986.

Deferred Enforced Departure — See Extended Voluntary Departure.

Deferred Inspection — See Parolee.

Departure Under Safeguards — The departure of an illegal alien from the United States which is physically observed by an Immigration and Naturalization Service official.

Dependent — Spouse, unmarried dependent child under 21 years of age, unmarried dependent child under 25 years of age who is in full-time attendance at a postsecondary educational institution, or unmarried child who is physically or mentally disabled.

Deportable Alien — An alien in the United States subject to any of the 5 grounds of deportation specified in the Immigration and Nationality Act. This includes any alien illegally in the United States, regardless of whether the alien entered the country illegally or entered legally but subsequently violated the terms of his or her visa.

Deportation — The formal removal of an alien from the United States when the presence of that alien is deemed inconsistent with the public welfare. Deportation is ordered by an immigration judge without any punishment being imposed or contemplated. Data for a fiscal year cover the deportations verified during that fiscal year. Airlines, ship companies, or port officials provide the Immigration and Naturalization Service with the departure data on aliens who are deported.

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Derivative Citizenship — Citizenship conveyed to children through the naturalization of parents or, under certain circumstances, to spouses of citizens at or during marriage or to foreign-born children adopted by U.S. citizen parents, provided certain conditions are met.

District — Any one of thirty-three geographic areas into which the United States and its territories are divided for the Immigration and Naturalization Service's field operations or one of three overseas offices located in Rome, Bangkok, or Mexico City. Operations are supervised by a district director located at a district office within the district's geographic boundaries.

Diversity Transition — A transition towards the permanent diversity program in fiscal year 1995, allocating 40,000 visas annually during the period 1992-94 to nationals of certain countries identified as having been "adversely affected" by the Immigration and Nationality Act Amendments of 1965 (P.L. 89-236). At least 40 percent of the visas must be allocated to natives of Ireland.

Employer Sanctions — The employer sanctions provision of the Immigration Reform and Control Act of 1986 prohibits employers from hiring, recruiting, or referring for a fee aliens known to be unauthorized to work in the United States. Violators of the law are subject to a series of civil fines or criminal penalties when there is a pattern or practice of violations.

Exchange Visitor — An alien coming temporarily to the United States as a participant in a program approved by the Secretary of State for the purpose of teaching, instructing or lecturing, studying, observing, conducting research, consulting, demonstrating special skills, or receiving training.

Exclusion — The formal denial of an alien's entry into the United States. The exclusion of the alien is made by an immigration judge after an exclusion hearing. Data for a fiscal year cover the exclusions verified during that fiscal year. Airlines, ship companies, or port officials provide the Immigration and Naturalization Service with the departure data on aliens who are excluded.

Exempt from Direct Numerical Limitations — Those aliens accorded lawful permanent residence who are exempt from the provisions of the preference system set forth in immigration law. Exempt categories include immediate relatives of U.S. citizens, refugees, special immigrants, and certain other groups of immigrants.

Extended Voluntary Departure (EVD) — A special temporary provision granted administratively to designated national groups physically present in the United States because the U.S. State Department judged conditions in the countries of origin to be "unstable" or "uncertain" or to have shown a pattern of "denial of rights." Aliens in EVD status are temporarily allowed to remain in the United States until conditions in their home country change. Certain aliens holding EVD status from Afghanistan, Ethiopia, Poland, and Uganda, who resided in the United States since July 1, 1984, were eligible to adjust to temporary and then to permanent resident status under the legalization program. The term "deferred enforced departure" (DED) has replaced EVD in general use.

Fiance(e)s of U.S. Citizen — A nonimmigrant alien coming to the United States to conclude a valid marriage with a U.S. citizen within ninety days after entry.

Files Control Office — An Immigration and Naturalization Service field office—either a district (including INS overseas offices) or a suboffice of that district—where alien case files are maintained and controlled.

Fiscal Year — Currently, the twelve-month period beginning October 1 and ending September 30. Historically, until 1831 and from 1843-49, the twelve-month period ending September 30 of the respective year; from 1832-42 and 1850-67, ending December 31 of the respective year; from 1868-1976, ending June 30 of the respective year. The transition quarter (TQ) for 1976 covers the three-month period, July-September 1976.

Foreign Government Official — As a nonimmigrant class of admission, an alien coming temporarily to the United States who has been accredited by a foreign government to function as an ambassador, public minister, career diplomatic or consular officer, other accredited official, or an attendant, servant or personal

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employee of an accredited official, and all above aliens' spouses and unmarried minor (or dependent) children.

Foreign Information Media Representative — As a nonimmigrant class of admission, an alien coming temporarily to the United States as a bona fide representative of foreign press, radio, film, or other foreign information media and the alien's spouse and unmarried minor (or dependent) children.

Foreign Medical School Graduate — An immigrant who has graduated from a medical school or has qualified to practice medicine in a foreign state, who was licensed and practicing medicine on January 9, 1978, and who entered the United States as a nonimmigrant on a temporary worker or exchange visitor visa before January 10, 1978.

Foreign State of Chargeability — The independent country to which an immigrant entering under the preference system is accredited. No more than 7 percent of the family-sponsored and employment-based visas may be issued to natives of an independent country in a fiscal year. Dependencies of independent countries cannot exceed 2 percent of the family-sponsored and employment-based visas issued. Since these limits are based on visa issuance rather than entries into the United States, and immigrant visas are valid for 4 months, there is not total correspondence between these two occurrences. Chargeability is usually determined by country of birth. Exceptions are made to prevent the separation of family members when the limitation for the country of birth has been met.

General Naturalization Provisions — The basic requirements for naturalization that every applicant must meet, unless a member of a special class. General provisions require an applicant to be at least 18 years of age, a lawful permanent resident with five years of continuous residence in the United States, and to have been physically present in the country for half that period.

Geographic Area of Chargeability — Any one of five regions — Africa, East Asia, Latin America and the Caribbean, Near East and South Asia, and the former Soviet Union and Eastern Europe — into which the world is divided for the initial admission of refugees to the

United States. Annual consultations between the Executive Branch and the Congress determine the ceiling on the number of refugees who can be admitted to the United States from each area. In fiscal year 1987, an unallocated reserve was incorporated into the admission ceilings, conditioned upon private sector funding.

Hemispheric Ceilings — Statutory limits on immigration to the United States in effect from 1968 to October 1978. Mandated by the Immigration and Nationality Act Amendments of 1965, the ceiling on immigration from the Eastern Hemisphere was set at 170,000, with a per-country limit of 20,000. Immigration from the Western Hemisphere was held to 120,000, without a per-country limit until January 1, 1977. The Western Hemisphere was then made subject to a 20,000 per country limit. Effective October 1978, the separate hemisphere limits were abolished in favor of a worldwide limit of 290,000. This limit was lowered to 280,000 for fiscal year 1980, and to 270,000 for fiscal years 1981-91.

Immediate Relatives — Certain immigrants who because of their close relationship to U.S. citizens are exempt from the numerical limitations imposed on immigration to the United States. Immediate relatives are: spouses of citizens, children (under 21 years of age) of citizens, parents of citizens 21 years of age or older, and orphans adopted by citizens who are at least 21 years of age.

Immigrant — An alien admitted to the United States as a lawful permanent resident. Immigrants are those persons lawfully accorded the privilege of residing permanently in the United States. They may be issued immigrant visas by the Department of State overseas or adjusted to permanent resident status by the Immigration and Naturalization Service in the United States.

Immigration Act of 1990 — Public Law 101-649 (Act of November 29, 1990), which increased total immigration to the United States under an overall flexible cap, revised all grounds for exclusion and deportation, authorized temporary protected status to aliens of designated countries, revised and established new nonimmigrant admission categories; revised and extended the Visa Waiver Pilot Program; and revised naturalization authority and requirements.

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Immigration Marriage Fraud Amendments of 1986 — Public Law 99-639 (Act of 11/10/86), which was passed in order to deter immigration-related marriage fraud. Its major provision stipulates that aliens deriving their immigrant status based on a marriage of less than two years are conditional immigrants. To remove their conditional status the immigrants must apply at an Immigration and Naturalization Service office during the 90-day period before their second-year anniversary of receiving conditional status. If the aliens cannot show that the marriage through which the status was obtained was and is a valid one, their conditional immigrant status is terminated and they become deportable.

Immigration Reform and Control Act (IRCA) of 1986 — Public Law 99-603 (Act of 11/6/86), which was passed in order to control and deter illegal immigration to the United States. Its major provisions stipulate legalization of undocumented aliens, legalization of certain agricultural workers, sanctions for employers who knowingly hire undocumented workers, and increased enforcement at U.S. borders.

Industrial Trainee — See Temporary Worker.

International Representative — As a nonimmigrant class of admission, an alien coming temporarily to the United States as a principal or other accredited representative of a foreign government (whether officially recognized or not recognized by the United States) to an international organization, an international organization officer or employee, and all above aliens' spouses and unmarried minor (or dependent) children.

Intracompany Transferee — An alien, employed by an international firm or corporation, who seeks to enter the United States temporarily in order to continue to work for the same employer, or a subsidiary or affiliate, in a capacity that is primarily managerial, executive, or involves specialized knowledge.

IRCA — See Immigration Reform and Control Act of 1986.

Labor Certification — Requirement falling on certain persons whose immigration to the United States is based on job skills nonimmigrant temporary workers

(H categories) coming to perform services unavailable in the United States. Labor certification is awarded by the Secretary of Labor when there are insufficient numbers of U.S. workers available to undertake the employment sought by an applicant and when the alien's employment will not have an adverse effect on the wages and working conditions of U.S. workers similarly employed. Determination of labor availability in the United States is made at the time of a visa application and at the location where the applicant wishes to work.

Legalization Dependents — A maximum of 55,000 visas will be issued to spouses and children of aliens legalized under the provisions of the Immigration Reform and Control Act of 1986 in each of fiscal years 1992-94. The number of visas issued annually may be below the limit of 55,000 (see Appendix 2).

Legalized Aliens — Certain illegal aliens who were eligible to apply for temporary resident status under the legalization provision of the Immigration Reform and Control Act of 1986. To be eligible, aliens must have continuously resided in the United States in an unlawful status since January 1, 1982, not be excludable, and have entered the United States either 1) illegally before January 1, 1982 or 2) as temporary visitors before January 1, 1982, with their authorized stay expiring before that date or with the Government's knowledge of their unlawful status before that date. Legalization consists of two stages—temporary and then permanent residency. In order to adjust to permanent status aliens must have had continuous residence in the United States, be admissible as an immigrant, and demonstrate at least a minimal understanding and knowledge of the English language and U.S. history and government.

Median Age — The age which divides the population into two equal-sized groups, one younger and one older than the median.

Medical and Legal Parolee — See Parolee.

Metropolitan Statistical Areas (MSAs) — The general concept of an MSA is one of a large population nucleus together with adjacent communities which have a high degree of social and economic integration with that nucleus. Tabulations in the *Statistical Yearbook* include

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Metropolitan Statistical Areas (MSAs), Primary Metropolitan Statistical Areas (PMSAs), and New England County Metropolitan Areas (NECMAs). MSAs and PSAs are defined by the Office of Management and Budget. PMSAs are components of larger metropolitan complexes called Consolidated Metropolitan Statistical Areas (CMSAs), which are not displayed in the *Yearbook*.

Nationality — The country of a person's citizenship. For nonimmigrant data, citizenship refers to the alien's reported country of citizenship.

NATO Official — As a nonimmigrant class of admission, an alien coming temporarily to the United States as a member of the armed forces or as a civilian employed by the armed forces on assignment with a foreign government signatory to NATO (North Atlantic Treaty Organization), and the alien's spouse and unmarried minor (or dependent) children.

Naturalization — The conferring, by any means, of citizenship upon a person after birth.

Naturalization Court — Any court authorized to award U.S. citizenship. Jurisdiction for naturalization has been conferred upon the following courts: U.S. District Courts of all states, the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico; the District Courts of Guam and the Virgin Islands; and state courts. Generally, naturalization courts are authorized to award citizenship only to those persons who reside within their territorial jurisdiction.

Naturalization Petition — The form used by a lawful permanent resident to apply for U.S. citizenship. The petition is filed with a naturalization court through the Immigration and Naturalization Service.

New Arrival — A lawful permanent resident alien who enters the United States at a port of entry. The alien is generally required to present an immigrant visa issued outside the United States by a consular officer of the Department of State. Three classes of immigrants, however, need not have an immigrant visa to enter the United States—children born abroad to lawful permanent resident aliens, children born subsequent to the issuance of an immigrant visa to accompanying parents, and American Indians born in Canada.

Nonimmigrant — An alien who seeks temporary entry to the United States for a specific purpose. The alien must have a permanent residence abroad (for most classes of admission) and qualify for the nonimmigrant classification sought. The nonimmigrant classifications are: foreign government officials, visitors for business and for pleasure, aliens in transit through the United States, treaty traders and investors, students, international representatives, temporary workers and trainees, representatives of foreign information media, exchange visitors, fiance(e)s of U.S. citizens, intracompany transferees, and NATO officials. Most nonimmigrants can be accompanied or joined by spouses and unmarried minor (or dependent) children. Although refugees, parolees, withdrawals, and stowaways are considered nonimmigrants upon arrival to the United States, these classes, as well as crewmen, are not included in nonimmigrant admission data. See other sections of Glossary for detailed descriptions of classes of nonimmigrant admission.

Nonpreference Category — Nonpreference visas are available to qualified applicants not entitled to one under the other preferences until the category was eliminated by the Immigration Act of 1990. Nonpreference visas had not been available since September 1978 because of high demand in the preference categories. An additional 5,000 nonpreference visas were available in each of fiscal years 1987 and 1988 under a provision of the Immigration Reform and Control Act of 1986. This program was extended into 1989, 1990, and 1991 with 15,000 visas issued each year. Aliens born in countries from which immigration was adversely affected by the Immigration and Nationality Act Amendments of 1965 (Public Law 89-236) were eligible for the special nonpreference visas.

Nursing Relief Act of 1989 — Public Law 101-238 (Act of 12/18/89), provides for the adjustment of certain nonimmigrants who as of September 1, 1989, had H-1 nonimmigrant status as registered nurses; who had been employed in that capacity for at least 3 years; and whose continued nursing employment meets certain labor certification requirements. It also provides for a 5-year pilot program for admission of nonimmigrant nurses under the H-1A category.

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Occupation — For an alien entering the United States or adjusting without a labor certification, occupation refers to the employment held in the country of last or legal residence or in the United States. For an alien with a labor certification, occupation is the employment for which certification has been issued. Labor certification would be issued to third, sixth, and nonpreference immigrants or to nonimmigrant temporary workers (H-2s) performing labor or services unavailable in the United States.

Orphan — For immigration purposes, a child whose parents have died or disappeared, or who has been abandoned or otherwise separated from both parents. An orphan may also be a child whose sole surviving parent is incapable of providing that child with proper care and who has, in writing, irrevocably released the child for emigration and adoption. In order to qualify as an immediate relative, the orphan must be under the age of sixteen at the time a petition is filed on his or her behalf. To enter the United States, an orphan must have been adopted abroad by a U.S. citizen or be coming to the United States for adoption by a citizen.

Panama Canal Act Immigrants — Three categories of special immigrants established by Public Law 96-70 (Act of 9/27/79): 1) certain former employees of the Panama Canal Company or Canal Zone Government, their spouses and children; 2) certain former employees of the U.S. government in the Panama Canal Zone, their spouses and children; and 3) certain former employees of the Panama Canal Company or Canal Zone Government on April 1, 1979, their spouses and children. The Act provides for admission of a maximum of 15,000 immigrants, at a rate of no more than 5,000 each year. They are not, however, subject to the worldwide limitation.

Parolee — An alien, appearing to be inadmissible to the inspecting officer, allowed to enter the United States under emergency (humanitarian) conditions or when that alien's entry is determined to be in the public interest. Parole does not constitute a formal admission to the United States and confers temporary admission status only, requiring parolees to leave when the conditions supporting their parole cease to exist. Although these aliens are technically considered nonimmigrants upon

arrival, parolees are not included in nonimmigrant admission data. Types of parolees include:

- 1) *Deferred inspection* — Parole may be granted to an alien who appears not to be clearly admissible to the inspecting officer. An appointment will be made for the alien's appearance at another Service office where more information is available and the inspection can be completed.
- 2) *Advance parole* — authorized at an INS District office in advance of alien's arrival.
- 3) *Port of entry parole* — authorized at the port upon alien's arrival.
- 4) *Humanitarian parole* — authorized at INS headquarters, e.g., granted to an alien who has a serious medical condition which would make detention or immediate return inappropriate.
- 5) *Public interest parole* — authorized at INS headquarters, e.g., granted to an alien who is a witness in legal proceedings or is subject to prosecution in the United States.
- 6) *Overseas parole* — authorized at an INS District or suboffice while the alien is still overseas.

Per-Country Limit — The maximum number of family-sponsored and employment-based preference visas that can be issued to any country in a fiscal year. The limits are calculated each fiscal year depending on the total number of family-sponsored and employment-based visas available. No more than 7 percent of the visas may be issued to natives of an independent country in a fiscal year; dependencies of independent countries cannot exceed 2 percent. The total limit on preference immigration in fiscal year 1992 was 366,000, therefore, natives of independent countries were issued no more than 25,620 visas, and natives of their dependencies no more than 7,320 of that total. The per-country limit for Hong Kong is set at 10,000 annually for the period 1991-93. The per-country limit does not indicate, however, that a country is entitled to the maximum number of visas each year, just that it cannot receive more than that number. Because of the combined workings of the preference system and per-country limits, most countries do not reach this level of visa issuance.

Port of Entry — Any location in the United States or its territories which is designated as a point of entry for

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aliens and U.S. citizens. All district and files control offices are also considered ports since they become locations of entry for aliens adjusting to immigrant status.

Preinspection — Complete immigration inspection of airport passengers before departure from a foreign country. No further immigration inspection is required upon arrival in the United States other than submission of INS Form I-94 for nonimmigrant aliens.

Preference System (prior to fiscal year 1992) — The six categories among which 270,000 immigrant visa numbers are distributed each year during the period 1981-91. This preference system was amended by the Immigration Act of 1990, effective fiscal year 1992. (See Preference System (Immigration Act of 1990).) The six categories were: unmarried sons and daughters (over 21 years of age) of U.S. citizens (20 percent); spouses and unmarried sons and daughters of aliens lawfully admitted for permanent residence (26 percent); members of the professions or persons of exceptional ability in the sciences and arts (10 percent); married sons and daughters of U.S. citizens (10 percent); brothers and sisters of U.S. citizens over 21 years of age (24 percent); and needed skilled or unskilled workers (10 percent). A nonpreference category, historically open to immigrants not entitled to a visa number under one of the six preferences just listed, has had no numbers available beginning in September 1978.

Preference System (Immigration Act of 1990) — The nine categories among which the family-sponsored and employment-based immigrant visas are distributed beginning in fiscal year 1991. The family-sponsored preferences are: 1) unmarried sons and daughters of U.S. citizens; 2) spouses, children, and unmarried sons and daughters of permanent resident aliens; 3) married sons and daughters of U.S. citizens; 4) brothers and sisters of U.S. citizens. The employment-based preferences are: 1) priority workers (persons of extraordinary ability, outstanding professors and researchers, and certain multinational executives and managers); 2) professionals with advanced degrees or aliens with exceptional ability; 3) skilled workers, professionals (without advanced degrees), and needed unskilled workers; 4) special immigrants; and 5) employment creation immigrants

(investors). The number of visas issued annually may vary; they are described in Appendix 2.

Principal Alien — The alien from whom another alien derives a privilege or status under immigration law or regulations (usually spouses and minor children).

Refugee — Any person who is outside his or her country of nationality who is unable or unwilling to return to that country because of persecution or a well-founded fear of persecution. Persecution or the fear thereof may be based on the alien's race, religion, nationality, membership in a particular social group, or political opinion. People with no nationality must be outside their country of last habitual residence to qualify as a refugee. Refugees are exempt from numerical limitation (though worldwide ceilings by geographic area are set annually by the President) and are eligible to adjust to lawful permanent residence after one year of continuous presence in the United States. Although these aliens are considered nonimmigrants when initially admitted to the United States, refugees are not included in nonimmigrant admission data.

Refugee Approvals — The number of refugees approved for admission to the United States during a fiscal year. Refugee approvals are made by Immigration and Naturalization Service officers in overseas offices.

Refugee Arrivals — The number of refugees the Immigration and Naturalization Service initially admits to the United States through ports of entry during a fiscal year.

Refugee Authorized Admissions — The maximum number of refugees allowed to enter the United States in a given fiscal year. As set forth in the Refugee Act of 1980 (Public Law 96-212) the annual figure is determined by the President after consultations with Congress.

Refugee-Parolee — A qualified applicant for conditional entry, between February 1970 and April 1980, whose application for admission to the United States could not be approved because of inadequate numbers of seventh preference visas. As a result, the applicant was paroled into the United States under the parole authority granted the Attorney General.

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Region — Any one of four areas of the United States into which the Immigration and Naturalization Service divides jurisdiction for administrative purposes—Eastern Region, Southern Region, Northern Region, and Western Region.

Registry Date — Aliens who have continuously resided in the United States in an unlawful status since January 1, 1972 are eligible to adjust to legal permanent resident status under the registry provision. Before the date was amended by the Immigration Reform and Control Act of 1986, aliens had to have been in the country continuously since June 30, 1948 to qualify.

Required Departure — The directed departure of an alien from the United States without an order of deportation. The departure may be voluntary or involuntary on the part of the alien, and may or may not have been preceded by a hearing before an immigration judge. Data for a fiscal year cover the required departures verified in that fiscal year. Airlines, ship companies, or port officials provide the Immigration and Naturalization Service with the departure data on aliens required to depart.

Special Agricultural Workers (SAW) — Aliens who performed labor in perishable agricultural commodities for a specified period of time and were admitted for temporary and then permanent residence under a provision of the Immigration Reform and Control Act of 1986. Up to 350,000 aliens who worked at least 90 days in each of the 3 years preceding May 1, 1986 were eligible for Group I temporary resident status. Eligible aliens who qualified under this requirement but applied after the 350,000 limit was met and aliens who performed labor in perishable agricultural commodities for at least 90 days during the year ending May 1, 1986 were eligible for Group II temporary resident status. Adjustment to permanent resident status is essentially automatic for both groups; however, aliens in Group I were eligible on December 1, 1989 and those in Group II were eligible one year later on December 1, 1990.

Special Immigrants — Certain categories of immigrants who were exempt from numerical limitation before fiscal year 1992 and subject to limitation under the employment-based fourth preference in 1992: persons who lost citizenship by marriage; persons who lost citizenship by serving in foreign armed forces; ministers

of religion, their spouses and children; certain employees and former employees of the U.S. Government abroad, their spouses and children; Panama Canal Act immigrants; certain foreign medical school graduates, their spouses and children; certain retired employees of international organizations, their spouses and children; juvenile court dependents; certain aliens serving in the U.S. Armed Forces, their spouses and children; and religious workers, their spouses and children.

Special Naturalization Provisions — Provisions covering special classes of persons who may be naturalized even though they do not meet all the general requirements for naturalization. Such special provisions allow: 1) wives or husbands of U.S. citizens to be naturalized in three years instead of the prescribed five years; 2) a surviving spouse of a U.S. citizen who served in the armed forces to file in any naturalization court instead of where he/she resides; 3) children of U.S. citizen parents to be naturalized without meeting the literacy or civics requirements or taking the oath, if too young to understand the meaning. Other classes of persons who may qualify for special consideration are former U.S. citizens, servicemen, seamen, and employees of organizations promoting U.S. interests abroad.

Stateless — Having no nationality.

Stowaway — An alien coming to the United States surreptitiously on an airplane or vessel without legal status of admission. Such an alien is subject to denial of formal admission and return to the point of embarkation by the transportation carrier.

Student — As a nonimmigrant class of admission, an alien coming temporarily to the United States to pursue a full course of study in an approved program in either an academic (college, university, seminary, conservatory, academic high school, elementary school, other institution, or language training program) or a vocational or other recognized nonacademic institution.

Subject to Direct Numerical Limitations — Condition imposed on immigration to the United States under the family-sponsored and employment-based preferences. The number of aliens accorded lawful permanent resident status under direct numerical limitations may vary by year. See Appendix 2 for a discussion of the limits.

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Suspension of Deportation — A discretionary benefit adjusting an alien's status from that of deportable alien to one lawfully admitted for permanent residence. Application for suspension of deportation is made during the course of a deportation hearing before an immigration judge.

Temporary Protected Status (TPS) — Establishes a legislative base to the administrative practice of allowing a group of persons temporary refuge in the United States. Under a provision of the Immigration Act of 1990, the Attorney General may designate nationals of a foreign state to be eligible for TPS with a finding that conditions in that country pose a danger to personal safety due to ongoing armed conflict or an environmental disaster. Grants of TPS are initially made for periods of 6 to 18 months and may be extended depending on the situation. The legislation designated El Salvador as the first country to qualify for this program. Deportation proceedings are suspended against aliens while they are in Temporary Protected Status.

Temporary Worker — An alien worker coming to the United States to work for a temporary period of time. The Immigration Reform and Control Act of 1986, the Immigration Nursing Relief Act of 1989, and the Immigration Act of 1990 revised existing classes and created new classes of nonimmigrant admission. Nonimmigrant worker classes of admission are as follows:

- 1) H-1A—registered nurses;
- 2) H-1B—workers with "specialty occupations" admitted on the basis of professional education, skills, and/or equivalent experience;
- 3) H-2A—temporary agricultural workers coming to the United States to perform agricultural services or labor of a temporary or seasonal nature when services are unavailable in the United States;
- 4) H-2B—temporary non-agricultural workers coming to the United States to perform temporary services or labor if unemployed persons capable of performing the service or labor cannot be found in the United States;
- 5) H-3—aliens coming temporarily to the United States as trainees, other than to receive graduate medical education or training;
- 6) O-1, O-2, O-3—Temporary workers with extra-

ordinary ability or achievement in the sciences, arts, education, business, or athletics; those entering solely for the purpose of accompanying and assisting such workers; and their spouses and children;

7) P-1, P-2, P-3, P-4—Athletes and entertainers at an internationally recognized level of performance; artists and entertainers under a reciprocal exchange program; artists and entertainers under a program that is "culturally unique;" and their spouses and children;

8) Q—Participants in international cultural exchange programs;

9) R-1, R-2—Temporary workers to perform work in religious occupations and their spouses and children.

Transit Alien — An alien in immediate and continuous transit through the United States, with or without a visa, including, 1) aliens who qualify as persons entitled to pass in transit to and from the United Nations Headquarters District and foreign countries and 2) foreign government officials and their spouses and unmarried minor (or dependent) children in transit.

Transition Quarter — The three-month period—July 1 through September 30, 1976—between fiscal year 1976 and fiscal year 1977. At that time, the fiscal year definition shifted from July 1-June 30 to October 1-September 30.

Transit Without Visa (TWOV) — A transit alien traveling without a nonimmigrant visa under section 238 of the immigration law. An alien admitted under agreements with a transportation line, which guarantees his immediate and continuous passage to a foreign destination. (See Transit Alien.)

Treaty Trader or Investor — As a nonimmigrant class of admission, an alien coming temporarily to the United States, under the provisions of a treaty of commerce and navigation between the United States and the foreign state of such alien, to carry on substantial trade or to direct the operations of an enterprise in which he has invested a substantial amount of capital, and the alien's spouse and unmarried minor (or dependent) children.

Underrepresented Countries, Natives of — The Immigration Amendments of 1988, Public Law 101-658 (Act of 11/5/88) allows for 10,000 visas to be

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issued to natives of underrepresented countries in each of fiscal years 1990 and 1991. Underrepresented countries are defined as countries which received less than 25 percent of the maximum allowed under the country limitations (20,000 for independent countries and 5,000 for dependencies) in fiscal year 1988.

United States-Canada Free Trade Agreement — Public Law 100-449 (Act of 9/28/88) established a special, reciprocal trading relationship between the United States and Canada. It provided two new classes of nonimmigrant admission for temporary visitors to the United States—Canadian citizen business persons and their spouses and unmarried minor children. Entry is facilitated for visitors seeking classification as visitors for business, treaty traders or investors, intracompany transferees, or other business people engaging in activities at a professional level. Such visitors are not required to obtain nonimmigrant visas, prior petitions, labor certifications, or prior approval but must satisfy the inspecting officer they are seeking entry to engage in activities at a professional level and that they are so qualified.

Visa Waiver Pilot Program — Allows citizens of certain selected countries, traveling temporarily to the United States under the nonimmigrant admission classes of visitors for pleasure and visitors for business, to enter the United States without obtaining nonimmigrant visas. Admission is for no more than 90 days. The program was instituted by the Immigration Reform and Control Act of 1986 and extended through 1994 by the Immigration Act of 1990. As of the Act of 1990, 21 countries were authorized to participate.

Withdrawal — An alien's voluntary removal of an application for admission to the United States in lieu of an exclusion hearing before an immigration judge. Although these aliens are technically considered nonimmigrants when applying for entry, withdrawals are not included in the nonimmigrant admission data.

Worldwide Ceiling — The numerical limit imposed on immigration visa issuance worldwide beginning in fiscal year 1979 and ending in fiscal year 1991. The ceiling in 1991 was 270,000 visa numbers. Prior to enactment of Public Law 96-212 on March 17, 1980, the worldwide ceiling was 290,000.

DATA SOURCES

DATA SERIES

FORM NUMBER AND TITLE

Immigrants

- ◆ New arrivals (except children born subsequent to issuance of immigrant visa to accompanying alien parents; children born to lawful permanent resident aliens during temporary visits abroad; and American Indians born in Canada)

OF-155 — (State Dept.) Immigrant Visa and Alien Registration

OF-230 — (State Dept.) Application for Immigrant Visa and Alien Registration

- ◆ Adjustments (and special new arrival cases listed above)

I-181 — Memorandum of Creation of Record of Lawful Permanent Residence

Naturalizations

N-400 — Application to File Petition for Naturalization

N-402 — Application to File Petition for Naturalization in Behalf of Child

N-405 — Petition for Naturalization

N-480 — Naturalization Petitions Recommended to be Granted

Nonimmigrants

I-94 — Arrival / Departure Record

I-94W — Visa Waiver Arrival / Departure Form

Deportations

I-154 — Deportation Docket Control Card

Required Departures

I-154 — Deportation Docket Control Card

I-161 — Record of Required Departure Authorized Prior to OSC Issuance

Exclusions

I-259 — Notice to Detain, Deport, Remove, or Present Aliens

I-275 — Notice of Withdrawal of Application for Admission to the United States

I-295 — Notice of Decision (of Immigration Judge)

I-296 — Notice of Alien Ordered Excluded by Immigration Judge

Performance Analysis

G-23 — Report of Field Operations

Refugees

G-319 — Report of Applicants for Refugee Status under Section 207, INA

I-94 — Arrival/Departure Record

I-590 — Registration for Classification as Refugee

Asylees

I-589 — Request for Asylum in the United States

Apprehensions

I-213 — Record of Deportable Alien

APPENDIX 5

TABLE GENEALOGY

1992

IMMIGRANTS

1. Immigration to the United States (historical ¹)
2. Immigration by region and country of last residence (historical ¹)
3. Immigrants admitted by region and country of birth (historical ¹)
4. Immigrants admitted by class of admission
5. Immigrants admitted by region of birth and type and class of admission
6. Immigrants admitted by class of admission and foreign state of chargeability
7. Immigrants admitted by type of admission and country of birth
8. Immigrants admitted by class of admission and country of birth
9. Immigrants admitted by class of admission and country of last permanent residence
10. Immigrants adjusted to permanent resident status by status at entry and country of birth
11. Immigrants admitted in current fiscal year by calendar year of entry, type of admission, and country of birth
12. Immigrants admitted by age, and sex (historical ¹)
13. Immigrants admitted by country of birth, age, and sex
14. Immigrants admitted by marital status, age, and sex
15. Immigrant- orphans adopted by U.S. citizens by sex, age, and country of birth
16. Immigrant new arrivals by port of entry and country of birth
17. Immigrants admitted by country of birth and state of intended residence
18. Immigrants admitted by state of intended residence (historical ¹)
19. Immigrants admitted by country of birth and metropolitan statistical area of intended residence
20. Immigrant beneficiaries of occupational preferences admitted by type of admission and occupation
21. Immigrants admitted by occupation group and country of birth
22. Immigrant conditional status removals and terminations under the Marriage Fraud Amendments by country of birth

REFUGEES, ASYLEES

23. Refugee-status applications (historical ¹)
24. Refugee-status applications by geographic area and country of chargeability
25. Refugee approvals and admissions by geographic area of chargeability
26. Refugee arrivals into the United States by nationality (historical ¹)
27. Refugees granted permanent resident status in current fiscal year by calendar year of entry and country of birth
28. Asylum cases filed with INS District Directors and Asylum Officers (historical ¹)
29. Number of individuals granted asylum by INS District Directors and Asylum Officers by nationality: (historical ¹)

TABLE GENEALOGY

1991	1990	1989	1988	1987	1986	1985	1984	1983	1982
<u>IMMIGRANTS</u>									
1	1	1	1	1	1	IMM 1.1	IMM 1.1	IMM 1.1	IMM 1.1
2	2	2	2	2	2	IMM 1.2	IMM 1.2	IMM 1.2	IMM 1.2
3	3	3	3	3	3	IMM 1.3	IMM 1.3	IMM 1.3	IMM 1.3
NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
4	4	4	4	4	4	IMM 1.5	IMM 1.5	IMM 1.5	IMM 1.5
5	5	5	5	5	5	IMM 2.1	IMM 2.1	IMM 2.1	IMM 2.1
6	6	6	6	6	6	IMM 2.2	IMM 2.2	IMM 2.2	IMM 2.2
7	7	7	7	7	7	IMM 2.3	IMM 2.3	IMM 2.3	IMM 2.3
8	8	8	8	8	8	IMM 2.4	IMM 2.4	IMM 2.4	IMM 2.4
9	9	9	9	9	9	IMM 3.2	IMM 3.2	IMM 3.2	IMM 3.2
10	10	10	10	10	10	IMM 3.3	IMM 3.3	IMM 3.3	IMM 3.3
11	11	11	11	11	11	IMM 4.1	IMM 4.1	IMM 4.1	IMM 4.1
12	12	12	12	12	12	IMM 4.3	IMM 4.3	IMM 4.3	IMM 4.3
13	13	13	13	13	13	IMM 4.2 ¹	IMM 4.2 ¹	IMM 4.2 ¹	IMM 4.2
14	14	14	14	14	14	IMM 2.5 ³	IMM 2.5 ³	IMM 2.5 ³	IMM 2.5
15	15	15	15	15	15	IMM 5.1 ⁴	IMM 5.1 ⁴	NA	NA
16	16	16	16	16	16	NA	NA	IMM 5.3	IMM 5.3
17	17	17	17	17	17	IMM 5.2	IMM 5.2	IMM 5.2	IMM 5.2
18	18	18	18	18	NA	IMM 5.3	IMM 5.3	NA	NA
19	19	19	19	19	19	IMM 6.6	IMM 6.6	IMM 6.6	IMM 6.6
20	20	20	20	20	18	IMM 6.1	IMM 6.1	IMM 6.1	IMM 6.1
21	21	21	21	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
<u>REFUGEES, ASYLEES</u>									
24	24	24	23	23	20	NA	NA	NA	NA
25	25	25	24	24	21	REF 1.3	REF 1.3	REF 1.3	REF 1.3
26	26	26	25	25	22	REF 1.1	REF 1.1	REF 1.1	REF 1.1
27	27	27	26	26	23	REF 2.2	REF 2.2	REF 2.2	REF 2.2
28	28	28	27	27	24	REF 5.2	REF 5.2	REF 5.2	NA
NA	29 ⁵	31 ⁵	30 ⁵	30 ⁵	27 ⁵	NA	NA	NA	NA
NA	30 ⁵	32 ⁵	31 ⁵	31 ⁵	28 ⁵	NA	NA	NA	NA

APPENDIX 5

TABLE GENEALOGY

1992

REFUGEES, ASYLEES

- 30. Asylum cases filed with INS District Directors and Asylum Officers by selected nationality
- 31. Asylum cases filed with INS Asylum Officers by asylum office and state of residence
- 32. Refugees and asylees granted permanent resident status by enactment (historical ¹)
- 33. Refugees and asylees granted permanent resident status by country of birth (historical ¹)
- 34. Refugees and asylees granted permanent resident status by age and sex (historical ¹)
- 35. Refugees and asylees granted permanent resident status by country of birth (historical ¹)
- 36. Refugees and asylees granted permanent resident status by state of residence (historical ¹)
- 37. Refugees and asylees granted permanent resident status by country of birth and metropolitan statistical area of residence

NONIMMIGRANTS

- 38. Nonimmigrants admitted by class of admission and country of last residence (historical ¹)
- 39. Nonimmigrants admitted by class of admission and country of citizenship
- 40. Nonimmigrants admitted by detailed class of admission
- 41. Nonimmigrants admitted as temporary workers, exchange visitors, and intracompany transferees by country of citizenship
- 42. Nonimmigrants admitted by port of entry and country of citizenship
- 43. Nonimmigrants admitted by age and country of citizenship
- 44. Nonimmigrants admitted by class of admission and state of intended residence

NATURALIZATIONS

- 45. Petitions for naturalization filed, persons naturalized, and petitions for naturalization denied (historical ¹)
- 46. Persons naturalized by general and special naturalization provisions (historical ¹)
- 47. Persons naturalized by naturalization provisions and country of former allegiance
- 48. Persons naturalized by country of former allegiance (historical ¹)
- 49. Persons naturalized by sex, marital status, and major occupation (historical ¹)
- 50. Persons naturalized by state of residence (historical ¹)
- 51. Persons naturalized by country of former allegiance and state of residence
- 52. Persons naturalized by country of former allegiance and metropolitan area of residence
- 53. Persons naturalized by major occupation and country of former allegiance
- 54. Persons naturalized in current fiscal year by calendar year of entry and country of birth
- 55. Persons naturalized by country of former allegiance, age, and sex

TABLE GENEALOGY

1991	1990	1989	1988	1987	1986	1985	1984	1983	1982
<u>REFUGEES, ASYLEES</u>									
NA	31 ^s	33 ^s	32 ^s	32 ^s	29 ^s	NA	NA	NA	NA
NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
29	33	38	37	37	34	REF 4.1	REF 4.1	REF 4.1 ^s	REF 4.1 ^s
30	34	39	38	38	35	REF 4.2 ^s	REF 4.2 ^s	REF 4.2 ^s	REF 4.2 ^s
31	35	,	,	,	,	,	,	,	NA
32	36	40	39	39	36	REF 4.3	REF 4.3	NA	NA
33	37	41	40	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
34	38	42	41	40	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
<u>NONIMMIGRANTS</u>									
35	39	43	42	41	37	NIM 1.0	NIM 1.0	NIM 1	NIM 1
36	40	44	43	42	38	NIM 1.1	NIM 1.1	NIM 1.1	NA
37	41	45	44	43	39	NIM 2.1	NIM 2.1	NIM 2.1	NA
38	42	46	45	44	40	NIM 5.1	NIM 5.1	NA	NA
39	43	47	46	45	41	NIM 3.1	NIM 3.1	NIM 3.1	NA
40	44	48	47	46	42	NIM 4.1	NIM 4.1	NIM 4.1	NA
NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
<u>NATURALIZATIONS</u>									
41	45	49	48	47	43	NAT 1.1	NAT 1.1	NAT 1.1	NAT 1.1
42	46	50	49	48	44	NAT 1.2	NAT 1.2	NAT 1.2	NAT 1.2
43	47	51	50	49	45	NAT 2.1	NAT 2.1	NAT 2.1	NAT 2.1
44	48	52	51	50	46	NAT 1.3	NAT 1.3	NAT 1.3	NAT 1.3
45	49	53	52	51	47	NAT 3.3	NAT 3.3	NAT 3.3	NAT 3.3
46	50	54	53	52	48	NAT 4.1	NAT 4.1	NAT 4.1	NAT 4.1
47	51	55	54	53	49	NAT 4.2	NAT 4.2	NAT 4.2	NAT 4.2
48	52	56	55	54	NA	NAT 4.3	NAT 4.3	NA	NAT 4.3
49	53	57	56	55	50	NAT 5.1	NAT 5.1	NAT 5.1	NAT 5.1
50	54	58	57	56	51	NAT 5.2	NAT 5.2	NAT 5.2	NAT 5.2
51	55	59	58	57	52	NAT 3.2	NAT 3.2	NAT 3.2	NAT 3.2

APPENDIX 5

TABLE GENEALOGY

1992

NATURALIZATIONS

- 56. Persons naturalized by age, and sex (historical ¹)
- 57. Naturalization rates through fiscal year 1990 of immigrants admitted in fiscal year 1977 by major class of admission and occupation
- 58. Naturalization rates through fiscal year 1990 of immigrants admitted in fiscal year 1977 by country of birth

ENFORCEMENT

- 59. Aliens apprehended, deported, and required to depart (historical ¹)
- 60. Deportable aliens located by status at entry and country of nationality
- 61. Aliens excluded by cause (historical ¹)
- 62. Aliens excluded by cause (historical ¹)
- 63. Aliens excluded by country of birth (historical ¹)
- 64. Aliens under docket control required to depart by country of nationality (historical ¹)
- 65. Aliens under docket control required to depart by cause and country of nationality
- 66. Aliens deported by cause (historical ¹)
- 67. Aliens deported by cause (historical ¹)
- 68. Aliens deported by country of nationality (historical ¹)
- 69. Aliens deported by country to which deported (historical ¹)
- 70. Aliens deported by cause and country of nationality
- 71. Aliens deported and under docket control required to depart by status at entry (historical ¹)
- 72. Aliens deported and required to depart by region and district office
- 73. Service participation in the control of marijuana, narcotics, and dangerous drug traffic (historical ¹)
- 74. Principal activities and accomplishments of the Border Patrol (historical ¹)

ENTRIES, LITIGATION, LEGAL ACTIVITY

- 75. Total estimated aliens and citizens by state and port of entry
- 76. Prosecutions, fines, and imprisonment for immigration and nationality violations (historical ¹)
- 77. Convictions for immigration and nationality violations (historical ¹)
- 78. Writs of habeas corpus, judicial review of orders of deportation, and declaratory judgments in exclusion and deportation cases (historical ¹)
- 79. Private immigration and nationality bills introduced and laws enacted by Congress

¹ Historical tables show data for a number of years, which may vary in each edition of the *Yearbook*. ² Data not shown by age; shown by major occupation group. ³ Data not shown by sex and age; shown by adoption category. ⁴ Data not shown by country of birth. ⁵ Excludes cases filed with Asylum Officers; Asylum Offices established for fiscal year 1992. ⁶ Data shown for refugees only.

TABLE GENEALOGY

1991	1990	1989	1988	1987	1986	1985	1984	1983	1982
NATURALIZATIONS									
52	56	60	59	58	53	NAT 3.1	NAT 3.1	NAT 3.1	NAT 3.1
53	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
54	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
ENFORCEMENT									
55	57	61	60	59	54	ENF 1.1	ENF 1.1	ENF 1.1	ENF 1.1
56	58	62	61	60	55	ENF 1.2	ENF 1.2	ENF 1.2	ENF 1.2
57	59	63	62	61	56	ENF 2.1	ENF 2.1	ENF 2.1	ENF 2.1
57	59	63	62	61	56	ENF 2.1	ENF 2.1	ENF 2.1	ENF 2.1
58	60	64	63	62	57	ENF 2.2 ^a	ENF 2.2 ^a	ENF 2.2 ^a	ENF 2.2 ^a
59	61	65	64	63	58	NA	NA	NA	NA
60	62	66	65	64	59	ENF 3.2	ENF 3.2	ENF 3.2	ENF 3.2
61	63	67	66	65	60	ENF 4.3	ENF 4.3	ENF 4.3	ENF 4.3
61	63	67	66	65	60	ENF 4.3	ENF 4.3	ENF 4.3	ENF 4.3
62	64	68	67 ⁹	66 ⁹	61 ⁹	NA	NA	NA	NA
63	65	69	68	67	62	ENF 4.4	ENF 4.4	ENF 4.4	ENF 4.4
64	66	70	69	68	63	ENF 4.2	ENF 4.2	ENF 4.2	ENF 4.2
65	67	71	70	69	64	ENF 4.6	ENF 4.6	ENF 4.6	ENF 4.6
66	68	72	71	70	65	ENF 4.8	ENF 4.8	ENF 4.8	ENF 4.8
67	69	73	72	71	66	ENF 5.1	ENF 5.1	ENF 5.1	ENF 5.1
68	70	74	73	72	67	ENF 5.2	ENF 5.2	ENF 5.2	ENF 5.2
ENTRIES, LITIGATION, LEGAL ACTIVITY									
69	71	75	74 ¹⁰	73 ¹⁰	68 ¹⁰	ENT 1 ¹⁰	ENT 1 ¹⁰	NA	ENT 1 ¹⁰
70	72	76	75	74	69	LIT 1	LIT 1	LIT 1	LIT 1
71	73	77	76	75	70	LIT 2	LIT 2	LIT 2	LIT 2
72	74	78	77	76	71	LIT 3	LIT 3	LIT 3	LIT 3
73	75	79	78	77	NA	LEG 1	LEG 1	LEG 1	LEG 1

⁷ Data shown for asylees only for 1983-85 (REF 7.1), 1986 (31), 1987-88 (34), and 1989 (35). Data shown for refugees only for 1983-85 (REF 5.1), 1986 (25), 1987-88 (28), and 1989 (29). Data shown by selected country of birth. ^a Data shown by cause and for current year only. ⁹ Data are for calendar year. ¹⁰ Definitions of "admissions" and "entries" have changed somewhat for this table. See table and text in each edition of the *Yearbook* for explanation. NA Not available.

END

11/01/94